



CHRISTENSEN
KJÆRULFF

PERSONLIGT ENGAGEMENT

STATSAUTORISERET
REVISIONSAKTIESELSKAB

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Hafnia Bunkers ApS

Tuborg Boulevard 5, 2900 Hellerup

Company reg. no. 38 40 55 43

Annual report

1 January - 31 December 2019

The annual report has been submitted and approved by the general meeting on the 4 March 2020.

Anders Engholm Madsen
Chairman of the meeting

Notes:

- To ensure the greatest possible applicability of this document, British English terminology has been used.
- Please note that decimal points have not been used in the usual English way. This means that for instance USD 146.940 means the amount of USD 146,940, and that 23,5 % means 23.5 %.



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Management's report

The managing director has today presented the annual report of Hafnia Bunkers ApS for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2019.

The annual report has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

I consider the accounting policies used appropriate, and in my opinion the annual accounts provide a true and fair view of the company's assets and liabilities and its financial position at 31 December 2019 and of the company's results of its activities in the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2019.

I am of the opinion that the management's review includes a fair description of the issues dealt with.

The annual report is recommended for approval by the general meeting.

Hellerup, 3 March 2020

Managing Director

Anders Engholm Madsen



Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Hafnia Bunkers ApS

Opinion

We have audited the annual accounts of Hafnia Bunkers ApS for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2019, which comprise accounting policies used, profit and loss account, balance sheet and notes. The annual accounts are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the annual accounts give a true and fair view of the company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2019 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2019 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with international standards on auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the below section "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the annual accounts". We are independent of the company in accordance with international ethics standards for accountants (IESBA's Code of Ethics) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these standards and requirements. We believe that the audit evidence obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

The management's responsibilities for the annual accounts

The management is responsible for the preparation of annual accounts that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. The management is also responsible for such internal control as the management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of annual accounts that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the annual accounts, the management is responsible for evaluating the company's ability to continue as a going concern, and, when relevant, disclosing matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting when preparing the annual accounts, unless the management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or if it has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the annual accounts

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the annual accounts as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report including an opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with international standards on auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements may arise due to fraud or error and may be considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions made by users on the basis of the annual accounts.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with international standards on auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional evaluations and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:



Independent auditor's report

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement in the annual accounts, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures in response to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting a misstatement resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of the internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used by the management and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the management's preparation of the annual accounts being based on the going concern principle and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may raise significant doubt about the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the annual accounts or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the annual accounts, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the annual accounts reflect the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in the internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management's review

The management is responsible for the management's review.

Our opinion on the annual accounts does not cover the management's review, and we do not express any kind of assurance opinion on the management's review.

In connection with our audit of the annual accounts, our responsibility is to read the management's review and in that connection consider whether the management's review is materially inconsistent with the annual accounts or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or whether it otherwise appears to contain material misstatement.



Independent auditor's report

Furthermore, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we believe that the management's review is in accordance with the annual accounts and that it has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Acts. We did not find any material misstatement in the management's review.

Copenhagen, 3 March 2020

Christensen Kjarulff

Statsautoriseret Revisionsaktieselskab
Company reg. no. 15 91 56 41

Iver Haugsted

State Authorised Public Accountant
mne10678



Company data

The company

Hafnia Bunkers ApS
Tuborg Boulevard 5
2900 Hellerup

Company reg. no. 38 40 55 43
Established: 9 February 2017
Domicile: Gentofte
Financial year: 1 January - 31 December
3rd financial year

Managing Director

Anders Engholm Madsen

Auditors

Christensen Kjarulff
Statsautoriseret Revisionsaktieselskab
Store Kongensgade 68
1264 København K

Parent company

Hafnia Management A/S



Management's review

The principal activities of the company

The company's principal activities consist of commercial activities within the product tankers market.

The company's activities have been sold effectively from 31 May 2019. As of the balance date the company is without commercial activities.

Unusual matters

None.

Uncertainties as to recognition or measurement

None.

Development in activities and financial matters

The gross profit for the year is USD 655.643 against USD 411.281 last year. The results from ordinary activities after tax are USD 522.392 against USD 323.148 last year. The management consider the results satisfactory.

The result is affected by sale of the activity in Hafnia Bunkers ApS by USD 200.000.



Profit and loss account 1 January - 31 December

All amounts in USD.

<u>Note</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Gross profit	655.643	411.281
Other financial income	14.083	3.465
2 Other financial costs	<u>0</u>	<u>-474</u>
Results before tax	669.726	414.272
Tax on ordinary results	<u>-147.334</u>	<u>-91.124</u>
Results for the year	<u>522.392</u>	<u>323.148</u>
 Proposed distribution of the results:		
Extraordinary dividend adopted during the financial year	200.000	0
Allocated to results brought forward	<u>322.392</u>	<u>323.148</u>
Distribution in total	<u>522.392</u>	<u>323.148</u>



Balance sheet 31 December

All amounts in USD.

Assets			
<u>Note</u>		<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Current assets			
Trade debtors		<u>0</u>	<u>215.951</u>
Debtors in total		<u>0</u>	<u>215.951</u>
Available funds		<u>833.110</u>	<u>238.611</u>
Current assets in total		<u>833.110</u>	<u>454.562</u>
Assets in total		<u>833.110</u>	<u>454.562</u>



Balance sheet 31 December

All amounts in USD.

Equity and liabilities			
<u>Note</u>		<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Equity			
3	Contributed capital	7.144	7.144
4	Results brought forward	676.385	353.993
	Equity in total	683.529	361.137
Liabilities			
	Trade creditors	2.247	2.301
	Corporate tax	147.334	91.124
	Short-term liabilities in total	149.581	93.425
	Liabilities in total	149.581	93.425
	Equity and liabilities in total	833.110	454.562
1	Special items		
5	Contingencies		



Notes

All amounts in USD.

1. Special items

Special items include significant income and expenses of a special nature in proportion to the enterprise's ordinary operating activities, such as the cost of extensive structuring of processes and fundamental structural adjustments and any gains and losses related and which over time have a significant impact. Special items also include other significant amounts of non-recurring nature.

As mentioned in the management's review, the results for the year are affected by a number of factors that differ from what the management consider a part of the operating profit.

Special items for the year are specified below, showing where these are recognised in the income profit and loss account.

Income:

Sale of activity	200.000	0
	<u>200.000</u>	<u>0</u>

Special items are recognised in the following items in the annual accounts:

Other operating income	200.000	0
Results of special items, net	<u>200.000</u>	<u>0</u>

<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
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2. Other financial costs

Financial costs, group enterprises	0	474
	<u>0</u>	<u>474</u>

<u>31/12 2019</u>	<u>31/12 2018</u>
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3. Contributed capital

Contributed capital 1 January 2019	7.144	7.144
	<u>7.144</u>	<u>7.144</u>



Notes

All amounts in USD.

	<u>31/12 2019</u>	<u>31/12 2018</u>
4. Results brought forward		
Results brought forward 1 January 2019	353.993	30.845
Profit or loss for the year brought forward	322.392	323.148
Extraordinary dividend adopted during the financial year	200.000	0
Distributed extraordinary dividend adopted during the financial year.	<u>-200.000</u>	<u>0</u>
	<u>676.385</u>	<u>353.993</u>

5. Contingencies

Joint taxation

Hafnia Mangement A/S, company reg. no 32 66 62 21 being the administration company, the company is subject to the Danish scheme of joint taxation and, as from the financial year 2012, unlimited jointly and severally liable with the other jointly taxed companies for the total corporation tax.

As from 1 July 2012, the company is unlimited jointly and severally liable with the other jointly taxed companies for any obligation to withhold tax on interest, royalties and dividends.

The jointly taxed enterprises' total, known net liability to the Danish tax authorities appears from the annual accounts of the administration company.

Any subsequent adjustments of corporate taxes or withheld taxes etc. may cause changes in the company's liabilities.

Komplmentaranpartsselskabet Straits Tankers has withdrawn from joint taxation as of 31 May 2019, as from the time of withdrawal from the joint taxation, the company is not liable for any tax claims against the other jointly taxed companies.



Accounting policies used

The annual report for Hafnia Bunkers ApS is presented in accordance with those regulations of the Danish Financial Statements Act concerning companies identified as class B enterprises.

The accounting policies used are unchanged compared to last year.

The annual accounts are presented in American dollars (USD) due to the fact that USD is the primary currency within the international shipping business. As per 31.12.2019 the exchange rate was DKK 6,6759 (per 31.12.2018 the exchange rate was DKK 6,5194)

Recognition and measurement in general

Income is recognised in the profit and loss account concurrently with its realisation, including the recognition of value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. Likewise, all costs, these including depreciation, amortisation, writedown, provisions, and reversals which are due to changes in estimated amounts previously recognised in the profit and loss account are recognised in the profit and loss account.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when the company is liable to achieve future, financial benefits and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the company is liable to lose future, financial benefits and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

At the first recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Later, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

At recognition and measurement, such predictable losses and risks are taken into consideration, which may appear before the annual report is presented, and which concerns matters existing on the balance sheet date.

The profit and loss account

Gross profit

The gross profit comprises the net turnover and external costs.

The net turnover comprises the value of services provided during the year, including outlay for customers less VAT and price reductions directly associated with the sale.

The turnover is recognised in the profit and loss account when the sale has been completed. This is generally considered to be the case when:

- The service has been provided before the end of the financial year
- There is a binding sales agreement
- The sales price has been determined
- The payment has been received, or it can with reasonable assurance be expected to be received.



Accounting policies used

Hereby, it is ensured that recognition does not take place until the total income and costs as well as the scope of completion on the balance sheet date can be determined reliably, and when it is likely that the economic benefits, including payments, will be received by the enterprise.

Other operating income comprise accounting items of secondary nature in proportion to the principal activities of the enterprise, including gains on disposal of intangible and tangible fixed assets.

Other external costs comprise costs for administration.

Net financials

Net financials comprise interest, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses concerning financial assets and liabilities, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities, additions and reimbursements under the Danish tax prepayment scheme, etc. Financial income and expenses are recognised in the profit and loss account with the amounts that concerns the financial year.

Tax of the results for the year

The tax for the year comprises the current tax for the year and the changes in deferred tax, and it is recognised in the profit and loss account with the share referring to the results for the year and directly in the equity with the share referring to entries directly on the equity.

The company is subject to the Danish legislation concerning compulsory joint taxation with the Danish group enterprises.

The current Danish corporate tax is allocated among the jointly taxed companies in proportion to their respective taxable income (full allocation with reimbursement of tax losses).

The balance sheet

Debtors

Debtors are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to face value. In order to meet expected losses, writedown takes place at the net realisable value.

Available funds

Available funds comprise cash at bank and in hand.

Corporate tax and deferred tax

Current tax receivable and tax liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet at the amount calculated on the basis of the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on previous years' taxable income and prepaid taxes. Tax receivable and tax liabilities are set off to the extent that legal right of set-off exists and if the items are expected to be settled net or simultaneously.



Accounting policies used

According to the rules of joint taxation, Hafnia Bunkers ApS is unlimited, jointly and severally liable towards the Danish tax authorities for the total corporation tax, including withholding tax on interest, royalties and dividends, arising within the jointly taxed group of companies.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of all temporary differences in assets and liabilities with a balance sheet focus.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax losses eligible for carry-over, are recognised at the value at which they are expected to be realisable, either by settlement against tax of future earnings or by set-off in deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax unit.

Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rules and tax rates applying under the legislation on the balance sheet date and prevailing when the deferred tax is expected to be released as current tax.

Liabilities

Other liabilities are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

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Anders Engholm Madsen

Direktør

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Iver Haugsted

Statsautoriseret revisor

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Anders Engholm Madsen

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