## **Deloitte.**



#### MAN-J Holding ApS

Klaksvigsgade 12, 5. th 2300 København S CVR No. 38395823

#### Annual report 2023

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 07.06.2024

John Peter Boesen Chairman of the General Meeting

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## **Entity details**

#### Entity

MAN-J Holding ApS Klaksvigsgade 12, 5. th 2300 København S

Business Registration No.: 38395823 Date of foundation: 30.01.2017 Registered office: København Financial year: 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023

#### **Executive Board**

John Peter Boesen

#### **Auditors**

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Weidekampsgade 6 2300 Copenhagen S

## **Statement by Management**

The Executive Board has today considered and approved the annual report of MAN-J Holding ApS for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2023 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023.

I believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

I recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Allerød, 07.06.2024

**Executive Board** 

John Peter Boesen

## Independent auditor's report

#### To the shareholders of MAN-J Holding ApS

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of MAN-J Holding ApS for the financial year 01.01.2023 -31.12.2023, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2023 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence
  that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
  material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
  involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in
  preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material
  uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to
  continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to
  draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such
  disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence
  obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the
  Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required by relevant law and regulations.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements in the relevant law and regulations. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 07.06.2024

**Deloitte** Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No. 33963556

**Michael Thorø Larsen** State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne35823

## **Management commentary**

#### **Primary activities**

The Company's main activity is to engage in acquisition and sale of businesses and associated transactions at the discretion of the executive board. The Company shall further function as holding company for companies functioning as manager of alternative investment funds pursuant to the Act on Managers of Alternative Investment Funds.

#### Description of material changes in activities and finances

The development in the financial year's activities and finances is as expected.

#### Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

## **Income statement for 2023**

		2023	2022
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Other external expenses		(30,150)	(25,951)
Gross profit/loss		(30,150)	(25,951)
Income from investments in associates		23,602,240	0
Income from financial assets		1,000,000	900,000
Other financial income		397,197	38,564
Other financial expenses		(459,089)	(41,045)
Profit/loss before tax		24,510,198	871,568
Tax on profit/loss for the year		0	(713)
Profit/loss for the year		24,510,198	870,855
Proposed distribution of profit and loss:			
Ordinary dividend for the financial year		61,000	58,900
Extraordinary dividend distributed in the financial year		10,000,000	0
Retained earnings		14,449,198	811,955
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		24,510,198	870,855

## Balance sheet at 31.12.2023

#### Assets

		2023	2022
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Investments in group enterprises		25,000	0
Receivables from group enterprises		30,374	0
Investments in associates		91,087	58,023
Receivables from associates	1,	,853,441	553,535
Investments in participating interests		205,000	205,000
Financial assets	2,	,204,902	816,558
Fixed assets	2,	,204,902	816,558
Income tax receivable		6,000	20,000
Receivables		6,000	20,000
Cash	19,	,580,801	6,409,749
Current assets	19.	,586,801	6,429,749
Assets	21,	,791,703	7,246,307

#### **Equity and liabilities**

		2023	2022
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Contributed capital		50,000	50,000
Retained earnings		20,924,856	6,475,658
Proposed dividend		61,000	58,900
Equity		21,035,856	6,584,558
Convertible and dividend-yielding debt instruments		623,743	594,042
Non-current liabilities other than provisions		623,743	594,042
Payables to owners and management		101,954	58,957
Other payables		30,150	8,750
Current liabilities other than provisions		132,104	67,707
Liabilities other than provisions		755,847	661,749
Equity and liabilities		21,791,703	7,246,307
Employees	1		
Contingent liabilities	2		

# Statement of changes in equity for 2023

	Contributed capital DKK	Retained earnings	Proposed extraordinary dividend	Proposed dividend	Total
Equity beginning of year	50,000	<b>DKK</b> 6,475,658	<b>DКК</b> 0	<b>DKK</b> 58,900	<b>DKK</b> 6,584,558
Ordinary dividend paid	0	0	0	(58,900)	(58,900)
Extraordinary dividend paid	0	0	(10,000,000)	0	(10,000,000)
Profit/loss for the year	0	14,449,198	10,000,000	61,000	24,510,198
Equity end of year	50,000	20,924,856	0	61,000	21,035,856

## Notes

#### **1 Employees**

The Company has no employees.

Management has not received remuneration.

#### 2 Contingent liabilities

There is a remaining loan commitment to associate enterprises of DKK 1,9 m. There are no guarantees or other contingent liabilities of the Company.

## **Accounting policies**

#### **Reporting class**

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of a few provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

#### **Consolidated financial statements**

Referring to section 110 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no consolidated financial statements have been prepared.

#### **Recognition and measurement**

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

#### **Income statement**

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities.

#### Income from investments in associates

Income from investments in associates comprises dividends etc. received from the individual associates in the financial year.

#### Income from other fixed asset investments

Income from other fixed asset investments comprises gains in the form of interest, dividends, etc on fixed asset investments which are not investments in group enterprises or associates.

#### Other financial income

Other financial income comprises interest income, including interest income on receivables from associates.

#### Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to John Peter Boesen.

#### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

#### **Balance sheet**

#### Investments in group enterprises

Investments in group enterprises are measured at cost. Investments are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

#### Investments in associates

Investments in associates are measured at cost. Investments are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

#### Investments in participating interests

Investments in participating interests are measured at cost. Investments are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value, less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

#### Tax payable or receivable

Current tax payable or receivable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax computed on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.

#### Cash

Cash comprises cash in bank deposits.

#### Dividend

Dividend is recognised as a liability at the time of adoption at the general meeting. Proposed dividend for the financial year is disclosed as a separate item in equity. Extraordinary dividend adopted in the financial year is recognised directly in equity when distributed and disclosed as a separate item in Management's proposal for distribution of profit/loss.

#### **Other financial liabilities**

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.