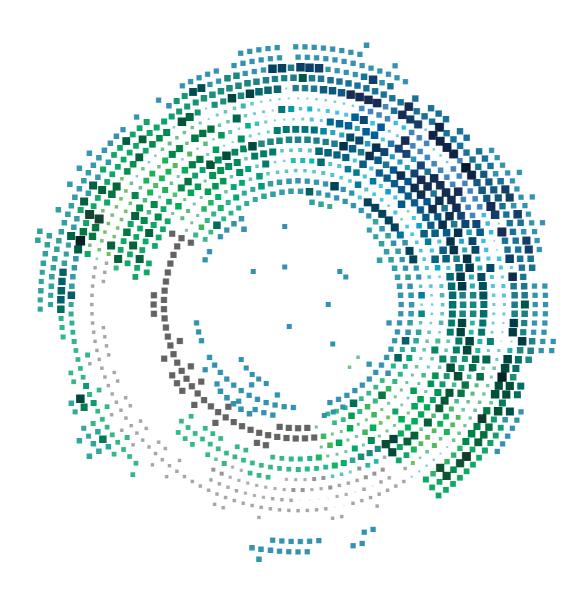
Deloitte.



MAN-J Holding ApS

Ålekæret 20 3450 Allerød CVR No. 38395823

Annual report 2020

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 26.04.2021

John Peter Boesen

Chairman of the General Meeting

Contents

Entity details	2
Statement by Management	3
Independent auditor's report	4
Management commentary	7
Income statement for 2020	8
Balance sheet at 31.12.2020	9
Statement of changes in equity for 2020	11
Notes	12
Accounting policies	13

Entity details

Entity

MAN-J Holding ApS Ålekæret 20 3450 Allerød

CVR No.: 38395823

Date of foundation: 30.01.2017

Registered office: Allerød

Financial year: 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020

Executive Board

John Peter Boesen

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Weidekampsgade 6 2300 Copenhagen S

Statement by Management

The Executive Board has today considered and approved the annual report of MAN-J Holding ApS for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2020 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Allerød, 26.04.2021

Executive Board

John Peter Boesen

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of MAN-J Holding ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of MAN-J Holding ApS for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2020 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 26.04.2021

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No. 33963556

Michael Thorø Larsen

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne35823

Management commentary

Primary activities

The Company's main activity is to engage in acquisition and sale of businesses and associated transactions at the discretion of the executive board. The Company shall further function as holding company for companies functioning as manager of alternative investment funds pursuant to the Act on Managers of Alternative Investment Funds.

Description of material changes in activities and finances

The development in the financial year's activities and finances is as expected.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

Income statement for 2020

		2020	2019
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Other external expenses	1	(8,750)	(17,693)
Gross profit/loss		(8,750)	(17,693)
Income from financial assets		1,650,000	460,000
Other financial income		133,233	82,382
Other financial expenses		(39,417)	(25,882)
Profit/loss before tax		1,735,066	498,807
Tax on profit/loss for the year		(18,714)	(2,475)
Profit/loss for the year		1,716,352	496,332
Proposed distribution of profit and loss:			
Ordinary dividend for the financial year		113,000	110,600
Retained earnings		1,603,352	385,732
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		1,716,352	496,332

Balance sheet at 31.12.2020

Assets

		2020	2019
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Investments in associates		58,023	58,023
Receivables from associates		3,413,011	2,556,449
Other investments		205,000	205,000
Financial assets		3,676,034	2,819,472
Fixed assets		3,676,034	2,819,472
Cash		864,773	56,958
Current assets		864,773	56,958
Assets		4,540,807	2,876,430

Equity and liabilities

		2020	2019
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Contributed capital		50,000	50,000
Retained earnings		3,727,308	2,123,956
Proposed dividend		113,000	110,600
Equity		3,890,308	2,284,556
Convertible and dividend-yielding debt instruments		539,580	513,886
Non-current liabilities other than provisions	2	539,580	513,886
Bank loans		0	57,820
Payables to shareholders and management		80,738	8,943
Income tax payable		21,189	2,475
Other payables		8,992	8,750
Current liabilities other than provisions		110,919	77,988
Liabilities other than provisions		650,499	591,874
Equity and liabilities		4,540,807	2,876,430

Contingent liabilities

Statement of changes in equity for 2020

	Contributed capital	Retained earnings	Proposed dividend	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity beginning of year	50,000	2,123,956	110,600	2,284,556
Ordinary dividend paid	0	0	(110,600)	(110,600)
Profit/loss for the year	0	1,603,352	113,000	1,716,352
Equity end of year	50,000	3,727,308	113,000	3,890,308

MAN-J Holding ApS | Notes

Notes

1 Other external expenses

The Company has no employees.

Management has not received remuneration.

2 Non-current liabilities other than provisions

	Due after	
	more than 12	Outstanding
	months	after 5 years
	2020	2020
	DKK	DKK
Convertible and dividend-yielding debt instruments	and dividend-yielding debt instruments 539,580	539,580
	539,580	539,580

3 Contingent liabilities

There is a remaining loan commitment to associate enterprises of DKK 1,8m. There are no guarantees or other contingent liabilities of the Company.

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

Reporting currency is Danish kroner (DKK).

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Income statement

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities.

Income from other fixed asset investments

Income from other fixed asset investments comprises gains in the form of interest, dividends, etc on fixed asset investments which are not investments in group enterprises or associates.

Other financial income

Other financial income comprises interest income, including interest income on receivables from associates.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to John Peter Boesen.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

Balance sheet

Investments in associates

Investments in associates are measured at cost. Investments are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value, less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

Other investments

Other investments are measured at cost. Investments are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Cash

Cash comprises cash in bank deposits.

Dividend

Dividend is recognised as a liability at the time of adoption at the general meeting. Proposed dividend for the financial year is disclosed as a separate item in equity. Extraordinary dividend adopted in the financial year is recognised directly in equity when distributed and disclosed as a separate item in Management's proposal for distribution of profit/loss.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

Tax receivable or payable

Current tax receivable or payable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax computed on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.