

[jo:ga] ApS

Griffenfeldsgade 7 A, st. tv.

2200 København N

Business Registration No 38322494

Annual report

1. januar 2022 - 31. december 2022

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report
on 4. juli 2023

Peder Andreas Bang
Chairman of the General Meeting

Contents

Entity details	2
Statement by Management on the annual report	3
Independent auditor's extended review report	4
Management commentary	7
Income statement for 2022	8
Assets as at 31.12.2022	9
Liabilities and equity as at 31.12.2022	10
Statement in changes of equity	11
Notes	12
Accounting policies	15

Entity details

Entity

[jo:ga] ApS
Griffenfeldsgade 7 A, st. tv.
2200 København N

Registered in: København
Central Business Registration No (CVR): 38322494
Financial year: 1. januar 2022 - 31. december 2022

Board of Directors

Peder Andreas Bang
Klaus Vesti Andersen

Auditors

Dansk Revision Søborg
Statsautoriseret revisionsaktieselskab
Generatorvej 8D
2860 Søborg

Statement by Management on the annual report

The Board of Directors have today considered and approved the annual report of [jo:ga] ApS for the financial year 1. januar 2022 - 31. december 2022.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31. december 2019 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 1. januar 2022 - 31. december 2022.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

København, 4. juli 2023

Direktionen:

Peder Andreas Bang

Klaus Vesti Andersen

Independent auditor's extended review report

To the shareholders of [jo:ga] ApS

Conclusion

We have performed an extended review of the financial statements of [jo:ga] ApS for the financial year 1. januar 2022 - 31. december 2022, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on our extended review, in our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31. december 2022 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 1. januar 2022 - 31. december 2022 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for conclusion

We conducted our extended review in accordance with the assurance engagement standard for small enterprises as issued by the Danish Business Authority and the standard on extended review of financial statements prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act as issued by FSR – Danish Auditors. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the extended review of the financial statements". We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our conclusion.

Significant uncertainty regarding continued operations

We draw attention to note 5 in the accounts, which states that the company's continued operations are dependent on the company's financing via bank connection, debt instruments, etc. can be maintained and that the funding can be expanded either by increasing the credit facilities, or by adding the necessary liquidity in other ways, as the need arises. In addition, it is a prerequisite that the company's earnings will be improved in the future.

On that basis, the management's assessment that the company has sufficient credit facilities available to continue its operations as a going concern in 2022.

In addition, the management has assumed that the shareholders or others by additional debt financing will provide the necessary liquidity, as the need arises, which will ensure that the company can continue its operations in the coming year. In this connection, the management has attached crucial importance to the fact that in recent years the shareholders have provided the liquidity that has been needed.

Based on the above, the financial statements have been prepared on the assumption of the company's continued operations.

Independent auditor's extended review report

Highlighting of matters in the accounts

We draw attention to note 6 in the accounts, which describes the significant uncertainty associated with the recognition and measurement of receivables from group enterprises and receivables from scheme in relation to Covid-19.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the extended review of the financial statements

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the financial statements. This requires that we plan and perform procedures to obtain limited assurance about our conclusion on the financial statements and that we also perform specifically required supplementary procedures for the purpose of obtaining additional assurance about our conclusion.

An extended review consists of making inquiries, primarily of management and, if appropriate, of other entity personnel, performing analytical and the specifically required supplementary procedures as well as evaluating the evidence obtained.

The procedures performed in an extended review are less in scope than in an audit, and accordingly we do not express an audit opinion on the financial statements.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our extended review of the financial statements our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the extended review or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Independent auditor's extended review report

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Søborg, 4. juli 2023

Dansk Revision Søborg

Statsautoriseret revisionsaktieselskab, CVR-nr. 14649905

Michael Wienberg
Registreret revisor
mne18012

Management commentary

Primary activities

The company's activity consists of teaching in yoga centers.

Uncertainty connected with recognition and measurement

The company has receivables of TDKK 2,079 from group enterprises whose equity is negative. It is the management's expectation that the equity in these companies will be reestablished via their own operations. If the reestablishment of the equity in the companies is not possible, it will affect the valuation of the company's receivables.

Receivable compensation has been recognized in relation to the schemes of TDKK 2,179. This receivables cannot be measured precisely, as adjustments have been made to the receivable based on the expectation of the Danish Business Authority's final statement and payment.

Development in activities and finance

The revenue in jo:ga is increased by 53% compared to 2021 and the operating profit is improved with more than 7 million compared to 2021 (before support schemes). The operations before depreciations were I 2022 still negative, but we expect positive operations in all of 2023. In the first half of 2023, we have a positive result on the operation in jo:ga.

The company has lost more than 50% of its contributed capital. Management has launched initiatives to reestablish the contributed capital through the Company's operations. Management expects the contributed capital to be reestablished through operating profits over the next few years.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

Expected development

It is expected that the result for the coming year will be significantly improved when the implementation of various savings in several areas of the company is affected 100%. At the same time, it is expected that the membership base and revenue will grow again in 2023.

		2022	2021
Note	Income statement	DKK	1.000 DKK
The period 1. januar - 31. december			
	Gross profit/loss	6.550.895	4.437
1	Staff costs	-5.802.411	-7.456
	Depreciation and amortisation of non-current assets	-3.278.397	-3.764
	Impairment of receivables	0	-311
	Income or loss before net financials	-2.529.913	-7.094
2	Financial expenses	-2.938.301	-847
	Profit before tax	-5.467.784	-7.941
3	Tax on the income or loss for the year	-2.669.168	1.676
	Net income or loss for the year	-8.136.952	-6.265
Proposal for distribution of net income			
	Retained earnings	-8.136.952	-6.265
	Total distribution of net income	-8.136.952	-6.265

Note	Balance	2022 DKK	2021 1.000 DKK
Assets as at 31. december			
	Leasehold improvements	4.529.015	7.807
	Property, plant and equipment	4.529.015	7.807
	Other receivables	403.916	345
	Fixed asset investments	403.916	345
	Fixed assets	4.932.931	8.153
	Trade receivables	241.500	6
	Receivables from group enterprises	2.078.636	2.079
	Receivables from associates	1.875	43
	Deferred tax	0	2.669
	Other receivables	2.179.190	77
	Prepayments	32.607	298
	Receivables	4.533.807	5.171
	Cash	103.843	55
	Total current assets	4.637.650	5.227
	Total assets	9.570.581	13.380

Note	Balance	2022 DKK	2021 1.000 DKK
Liabilities and equity as at 31. december			
	Contributed capital	50.000	50
	Retained earnings	-29.616.105	-21.479
	Equity	-29.566.105	-21.429
	Bank loans	691.474	810
	Payables to group enterprises	28.689.143	21.513
4	Non-current liabilities other than provisions	29.380.617	22.323
	Current portion of long-term liabilities other than provisions	737.000	805
	Bank loans	4.792.049	6.292
	Prepayments received from customers	383.367	584
	Trade payables	2.343.574	2.081
	Other payables	1.262.268	2.490
	Deposits	199.488	196
	Payables to shareholders	38.323	37
	Current liabilities other than provisions	9.756.069	12.486
	Liabilities other than provisions	39.136.685	34.809
	Equity and liabilities	9.570.581	13.380
5	Uncertainty of going concern		
6	Uncertainty connected with recognition and measurement		
7	Contingent liabilities		
8	Charges and securities		
9	Special items regarding Covid-19 compensation		

Statement in changes of equity

Equity	Contri- buted ca- pital	Retained earnings	Total
	1.000 DKK	1.000 DKK	1.000 DKK
The period 1. januar - 31. december			
Equity begining of year	50	-21.479	-21.429
Profit/loss for the year	0	-8.137	-8.137
Equity end of year	50	-29.616	-29.566

Notes

1 Staff costs

Pay and remuneration	5.556.046	7.101
Pensions	90.259	157
Social security contributions and staff costs	119.970	133
Other staff costs	36.136	65
Staff costs	5.802.411	7.456

The average number of employees in the financial year is 12 (last year 12).

2 Financial expenses

Interest, group enterprises	2.512.071	420
Other financial costs	426.231	428
Financial expenses	2.938.301	847

3 Tax on the income or loss for the year

Adjustment of deferred tax	2.669.168	-1.676
Tax on the income or loss for the year	2.669.168	-1.676

4 Liabilities other than provisions

Outstanding after 5 years	0	0
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5 Uncertainty of going concern

The company's continued operations are dependent on the company's financing via bank connection, etc. can be maintained and that the funding can be expanded either by increasing the credit facilities, or by adding the necessary liquidity in other ways, as the need arises. The management has assumed that the shareholders or others by additional debt financing will provide the necessary liquidity, as the need arises, which will ensure that the company can continue its operations in the coming year. In this connection, the management has attached crucial importance to the fact that in recent years the shareholders have provided the liquidity that has been needed, and that the company's operations and earnings are expected to improve significantly.

Based on the above, the financial statements have been prepared on the assumption of the company's continued operations.

Notes

6 Uncertainty connected with recognition and measurement

The company has receivables of TDKK 2,079 from group enterprises whose equity is negative. It is the management's expectation that the equity in these companies will be reestablished via their own operations. If the reestablishment of the equity in the companies is not possible, it will affect the valuation of the company's receivables.

Receivable compensation has been recognized in relation to the schemes of TDKK 2,179. This receivables cannot be measured precisely, as adjustments have been made to the receivable based on the expectation of the Danish Business Authority's final statement and payment.

7 Contingent liabilities

The Company has entered into non-terminable lease agreements. The total rental obligations amounts to DKK 12,493 thousand at financial year-end.

The Company has guaranteed for banking arrangements of the group company ARCA ApS. At 31 December 2022, the total bank arrangement amounted to DKK 11,755 thousand.

The Company has guaranteed for banking arrangements of the associated company OurTribe ApS. At 31 December 2022, the total bank agreement amounted to DKK 7 thousand.

The Company has guaranteed for banking arrangements of the associated company OurTribe GmbH.

The Company is jointly registered for VAT with the sister company ARCA ApS, thus the Company is jointly and severally liable for VAT obligations.

The Entity participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement where OurTribe ApS serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities, and for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed entities. The jointly taxed entities' total known net liability under the joint taxation arrangement is disclosed in the administration company's financial statements.

8 Charges and securities

As security for engagement with the company's bank connection, a registered company mortgage of TDKK 5,000 is registered with deposit in simple claims, trade receivables, inventories, intangible assets

Notes

and property, plant and equipment and company mortgage of TDKK 2,102 with deposit in the compensation scheme for fixed costs and scheme for temporary salary compensation for repatriates.

9 Special items regarding Covid-19 compensation

In the gross profit for 2022, the company has included Covid-19 compensation from the compensation scheme for fixed costs of TDKK 2,102.

Receivables include Covid-19 compensations of TDKK 2,179.

Receivable compensation relates to compensation which the management assesses that the company is entitled to, but which has not yet been paid by the authorities.

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Accounting policies

Income statement

Revenue

Revenue from the sale of services is recognised in the income statement when delivery is made to the buyer. Revenue is recognised net of VAT, duties and sales discounts and is measured at fair value of the consideration fixed.

Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprises revenue, cost of sales and external expenses.

Other operating income

Other operating income includes accounting items of a secondary nature in relation to the company's main activity. Covid-19 compensations are recognized with the part relating to the financial year when the conditions for obtaining compensation have been met and the company has applied or has planned to apply for compensation before the expiry of the application deadline.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs, etc. This item also includes writedowns of receivables recognised in current assets.

Cost of sales

Cost of sales comprises goods consumed in the financial year measured at cost, adjusted for ordinary inventory writedowns.

Staff costs

Staff costs comprise salaries and wages as well as social security contributions, pension contributions, etc for entity staff.

Other financial income

Other financial income comprises interest income.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, net capital or exchange losses on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortization of financial liabilities as well as tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

Accounting policies

The Entity is jointly taxed with all Danish group enterprises. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

Accounting policies

Balance sheet

Property, plant and equipment

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition and preparation costs of the asset until the time when it is ready to be put into operation.

The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life. Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Leasehold improvements	5 years
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For leasehold improvements and assets subject to finance leases, the depreciation period cannot exceed the contract period.

Estimated useful lives and residual values are reassessed annually.

Items of property, plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

Accounting policies

Joint taxation contributions receivable or payable

Current joint taxation contributions payable or joint taxation contributions receivable are recognised in the balance sheet, calculated as tax computed on the taxable income for the year, which has been adjusted for prepaid tax. For tax losses, joint taxation contributions receivable are only recognised if such losses are expected to be used under the joint taxation arrangement.

Prepayments received from customers

Prepayments received from customers comprise amounts received from customers prior to delivery of the goods agreed or completion of the service agreed.