



MicroWise ApS

Kaarsbergsvej 2
8400 Ebeltoft
CVR No. 38301284

Annual report 2022

The Annual General Meeting adopted the
annual report on 26.06.2023

Jone Birger Jacobsen

Chairman of the General Meeting

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Entity details

Entity

MicroWise ApS
Kaarsbergsvej 2
8400 Ebeltoft

Business Registration No.: 38301284
Registered office: Syddjurs
Financial year: 01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022

Board of Directors

Jone Birger Jacobsen
Per Ove Poulsen
Nicholas David Blackburn

Executive Board

Pia Bodil Haecky

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Papirfabrikken 26
8600 Silkeborg

Statement by Management

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of MicroWise ApS for the financial year 01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2022 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Ebeltoft, 26.06.2023

Executive Board

Pia Bodil Haecky

Board of Directors

Jone Birger Jacobsen

Per Ove Poulsen

Nicholas David Blackburn

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of MicroWise ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of MicroWise ApS for the financial year 01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2022 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Ebeltoft, 26.06.2023

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR No. 33963556

Rasmus Villadsen Madsen

State Authorised Public Accountant

Identification No (MNE) mne45822

Management commentary

Primary activities

The company's principal activity is to conduct business with devices for controlling living organisms in water samples and related activity.

Development in activities and finances

The year's result was a profit of 70.265 DKK. compared to a profit of 234.673 DKK last year, which is considered satisfactory.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

Income statement for 2022

	Notes	2022 DKK	2021 DKK
Gross profit/loss	1	316,767	437,704
Staff costs	2	(117,362)	(33,346)
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses		(79,049)	(56,963)
Other operating expenses		0	(26,280)
Operating profit/loss		120,356	321,115
Other financial income		507	14
Other financial expenses		(26,218)	(16,081)
Profit/loss before tax		94,645	305,048
Tax on profit/loss for the year	3	(24,380)	(70,375)
Profit/loss for the year		70,265	234,673
Proposed distribution of profit and loss			
Retained earnings		70,265	234,673
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		70,265	234,673

Balance sheet at 31.12.2022

Assets

	Notes	2022 DKK	2021 DKK
Acquired patents		379,594	292,833
Intangible assets	4	379,594	292,833
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		19,210	4,774
Property, plant and equipment	5	19,210	4,774
Deposits		0	3,550
Financial assets		0	3,550
Fixed assets		398,804	301,157
Raw materials and consumables		788,676	287,288
Inventories		788,676	287,288
Receivables from participating interests		0	3,023
Other receivables		633,535	211,339
Prepayments		701,146	225,459
Receivables		1,334,681	439,821
Cash		586,002	575,686
Current assets		2,709,359	1,302,795
Assets		3,108,163	1,603,952

Equity and liabilities

	Notes	2022 DKK	2021 DKK
Contributed capital		152,667	66,667
Retained earnings		375,888	219,623
Equity		528,555	286,290
Deferred tax		8,000	5,439
Other provisions		347,753	39,868
Provisions		355,753	45,307
Other payables		619,231	0
Non-current liabilities other than provisions	6	619,231	0
Current portion of non-current liabilities other than provisions	6	246,000	0
Bank loans		31,923	0
Prepayments received from customers		456,886	273,274
Trade payables		352,237	203,525
Payables to participating interests		380,520	499,193
Payables to owners and management		110,107	205,805
Income tax payable		16,566	68,728
Other payables		10,385	21,830
Current liabilities other than provisions		1,604,624	1,272,355
Liabilities other than provisions		2,223,855	1,272,355
Equity and liabilities		3,108,163	1,603,952
Unrecognised rental and lease commitments	7		

Statement of changes in equity for 2022

	Contributed capital DKK	Share premium DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	66,667	0	219,623	286,290
Increase of capital	86,000	86,000	0	172,000
Transferred from share premium	0	(86,000)	86,000	0
Profit/loss for the year	0	0	70,265	70,265
Equity end of year	152,667	0	375,888	528,555

Notes

1 Gross profit/loss

Gross profit includes other operating income of 450,587 kr.

Other operating income includes grants received from the Environmental Protection Agency.

2 Staff costs

	2022 DKK	2021 DKK
Wages and salaries	45,078	33,177
Other social security costs	26,171	169
Other staff costs	46,113	0
	117,362	33,346
Average number of full-time employees	1	1

3 Tax on profit/loss for the year

	2022 DKK	2021 DKK
Current tax	18,566	68,728
Change in deferred tax	2,561	1,647
Adjustment concerning previous years	3,253	0
	24,380	70,375

4 Intangible assets

	Acquired patents DKK
Cost beginning of year	426,943
Additions	160,487
Cost end of year	587,430
Amortisation and impairment losses beginning of year	(134,110)
Amortisation for the year	(73,726)
Amortisation and impairment losses end of year	(207,836)
Carrying amount end of year	379,594

5 Property, plant and equipment

	Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment DKK
Cost beginning of year	24,557
Additions	19,759
Cost end of year	44,316
Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of year	(19,783)
Depreciation for the year	(5,323)
Depreciation and impairment losses end of year	(25,106)
Carrying amount end of year	19,210

6 Non-current liabilities other than provisions

	Due within 12 months 2022 DKK	Due after more than 12 months 2022 DKK
Other payables	246,000	619,231
	246,000	619,231

7 Unrecognised rental and lease commitments

	2022 DKK	2021 DKK
Liabilities under rental or lease agreements until maturity in total	54,600	0

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of a few provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year, however with some reclassifications.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Income statement

Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprises revenue, changes in inventories of finished goods and work in progress, other operating income, cost of raw materials and consumables and external expenses.

Revenue

Revenue from the sale of manufactured goods and goods for resale is recognised in the income statement when delivery is made and risk has passed to the buyer. Revenue is recognised net of VAT, duties and sales discounts and is measured at fair value of the consideration fixed.

Other operating income

Other operating income comprises income of a secondary nature as viewed in relation to the Entity's primary activities.

Cost of sales

Cost of sales comprises goods consumed in the financial year measured at cost, adjusted for ordinary inventory writedowns.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs, etc.

Property costs

Property costs include costs incurred to operate the Entity's properties in the financial year, including repair and maintenance costs, property tax and electricity, water and heating, which are not charged directly from the lessee.

Staff costs

Staff costs comprise salaries and wages, and social security contributions, pension contributions, etc. for entity staff.

Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses

Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses relating to property, plant and equipment and intangible assets comprise depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses for the financial year, and gains and losses from the sale of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

Other operating expenses

Other operating expenses comprise expenses of a secondary nature as viewed in relation to the Entity's primary activities.

Other financial income

Other financial income comprises interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises etc.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises etc.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

Balance sheet**Intellectual property rights etc.**

Intellectual property rights etc. comprise acquired intellectual property rights and prepayments for intangible assets.

Intellectual property rights acquired are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation. Patents are amortised on a straight-line basis over their remaining duration, and licences are amortised over the term of the agreement.

Intellectual property rights etc. are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Property, plant and equipment

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Land is not depreciated.

Cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition and preparation costs of the asset until the time when it is ready to be put into operation.

Interest expenses on loans for the financing of the manufacture of property, plant and equipment are included in cost if they relate to the manufacturing period. All other finance costs are recognised in the income statement.

The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life. Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

	Useful life
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	3

Estimated useful lives and residual values are reassessed annually.

Items of property, plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost using the FIFO method and net realisable value.

Cost consists of purchase price plus delivery costs. Cost of manufactured goods and work in progress consists of costs of raw materials, consumables, direct labour costs and indirect production costs.

The net realisable value of inventories is calculated as the estimated selling price less completion costs and costs incurred to execute sale.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

Other provisions

Other provisions comprise expected costs for ongoing projects as well as provisions for repayment of subsidies received.

Other provisions are recognised and measured as the best estimate of the expenses required to settle the liabilities at the balance sheet date. Provisions that are estimated to mature more than one year after the balance sheet date are measured at their discounted value.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

Prepayments received from customers

Prepayments received from customers comprise amounts received from customers prior to delivery of the goods agreed or completion of the service agreed.

Tax receivable or payable

Current tax receivable or payable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax computed on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.