

VATTENFALL



Vattenfall Vindkraft Kriegers Flak P/S

Exnersgade 2, 6700 Esbjerg

CVR no. 38 27 55 77

Annual Report 2016/2017

(21 December 2016 – 31 December 2017)

Approved at the annual general meeting of shareholders on 31 May 2018.

Chairman:

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to be 'H. H. L. L.', written over a horizontal dotted line.

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Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today discussed and approved the annual report of Vattenfall Vindkraft Kriegers Flak P/S for the first financial period 21 December 2016 - 31 December 2017.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at 31 December 2017 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial period 21 December 2016 - 31 December 2017.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Esbjerg 31 May 2018.

Executive Board:

Niels Bjært
CEO

Board of Directors:

Michael Thorndahl Simmelsgaard
Chairman

Jonas Von Mansfeld

Felix Peter Würtenberger

Independent auditors' report

To the shareholders of Vattenfall Vindkraft Kriegers Flak P/S

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Vattenfall Vindkraft Kriegers Flak P/S for the first financial period 21 December 2016 – 31 December 2017, which comprise income statement, balance sheet and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2017 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial period 21 December 2016 – 31 December 2017 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these rules and requirements.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

Independent auditor's report

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- ▶ Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- ▶ Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- ▶ Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- ▶ Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant

Independent auditors' report

doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Copenhagen, 31 May 2018.
ERNST & YOUNG
Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab
CVR no. 30 70 02 28



Karsten Bøgel
State Authorised Public Accountant
MNE-nr. mne27849

Management's review

Business review

The Company's activity is to develop, construct, run and own energy production plants and develop energy production together with other related activities.

Financial review

The company have lost more than 50% of the share capital and is subject to the loss of capital rules in the Danish Companies Act § 119. It has been decided on an extraordinary general meeting to re-establish the share capital in 2018.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events materially affecting the Company's financial position have occurred subsequent to the financial period-end.

Financial statements for the period 21 December 2016 - 31 December 2017

Income statement

Note	DKK'000	2017
	Gross profit	-328
	Financial income	42
	Financial expenses from group enterprises	-170
	Financial expenses	-5
	Net profit/loss for the period	-461
	Proposed profit appropriation/distribution of loss	
	Retained earnings/accumulated loss	-461
		-461

Financial statements for the period 21 December 2016 - 31 December 2017

Balance sheet

Note	DKK'000	<u>2017</u>
	ASSETS	
	Non-current assets	
3	Property, plant and equipment	
	Property, plant and equipment under construction	192.673
	Total property, plant and equipment	<u>192.673</u>
	Total non-current assets	<u>192.673</u>
	Current assets	
	Receivables	
	Other receivables	2.742
	Total receivables	<u>2.742</u>
	Total current assets	<u>2.742</u>
	TOTAL ASSETS	<u>195.415</u>

Financial statements for the period 21 December 2016 - 31 December 2017

Balance sheet

Note	DKK'000	<u>2017</u>
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	
4	Equity	
	Share capital	500
	Retained earnings	-461
	Total equity	<u>39</u>
	Liabilities	
	Current liabilities	
	Trade payable	47.617
	Payable to group enterprises	147.442
	Other payable	317
	Total current liabilities	<u>195.376</u>
	Total liabilities	<u>195.376</u>
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	<u>195.415</u>

- 1 Accounting policies
- 2 Employee costs
- 5 Related parties

Financial statements for the period 21 December 2016 - 31 December 2017 Notes to the financial statements

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Accounting policies

Vattenfall Vindkraft Kriegers Flak P/S' annual report for 2017 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions which apply to reporting class B entities under the Danish Financial Statements Act and elective choice of certain provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

There is no comparative figures as this is the Company's first financial year.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and the date of payment are recognized in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivables and payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognized in the most recent financial statements is recognized in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Income statement

Gross profit

Gross profit includes costs for other external costs.

Other external costs

Other external costs includes expenses that cannot be capitalized on the project.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognized in the income statements at the amounts that concern the financial period. The items comprise interest income and expenses, realized and unrealized capital gains and losses on transactions denominated in foreign currencies as well as amortization of financial assets and liabilities.

Tax

The limited partnership company is tax transparent and therefore is not independently taxable of its income. The individual partners in the company is therefore responsible for the tax. As a result of this, there is no current or deferred tax is recognized in the financial statements

Balance sheet

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment in the course of construction are recognized as property, plant and equipment in the course of construction in the balance sheet until the application date. After the application date, these assets are transferred to the relevant financial statement items under property, plant and equipment.

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost includes the acquisition price and costs directly related to the acquisition until the time at which the asset is ready for use. Subsequent costs, for example the replacement of components of property, plant and equipment, are recognized in the carrying amount of the asset, when it is probable that the cost will result in future economic benefits for the entity.

As regards self-developed assets, the cost includes the cost of materials and labour, etc. directly relating to the development.

Also, the cost of self-developed assets includes interest expenses in the production period regarding loans to finance the development.

The depreciation basis is calculated taking into account the residual value of the asset and reduced by any write-downs. The depreciation period and residual value are determined at the time of acquisition and are reviewed annually

Impairment tests are conducted of property, plant and equipment when there are indications of impairment. Impairment tests are conducted in respect of individual assets or groups of assets. The assets are written down to the higher of the value in use and net realizable value (recoverable amount) of the asset or group of assets if this is lower than the carrying amount.

Financial statements for the period 21 December 2016 - 31 December 2017
Notes to the financial statements

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortized cost, which is usually equivalent to the nominal value. Write-down is made of the value for anticipated bad debt losses.

Liabilities

Financial liabilities comprising trade payables, amounts owed to group entities as well as other payables are recognized at the date of borrowing at cost. In subsequent periods, financial liabilities are measured at net realizable value.

Other liabilities are measured at net realizable value.

Financial statements for the period 21 December 2016 - 31 December 2017
Notes to the financial statements

2 Employee costs

The Company has no employees.

3 Property, plant and equipment

	Property, plant and equipment under construction DKK 000'
Cost at 21 December 2016	0
Additions	192.673
Cost at 31 December 2017	192.673
Impairment losses and depreciations at 21 December 2016	0
Depreciations	0
Impairment losses and depreciations 31 December 2017	0
Carrying amount at 31 December 2017	192.673

4 Equity

The company have lost more than 50% of the share capital and is subject to the loss of capital rules in the Danish Companies Act § 119. It has been decided on an extraordinary general meeting to re-establish the share capital in 2018.

5 Related parties

Vattenfall Vindkraft Kriegers Flak P/S' related parties comprise the following:

Parties exercising control

Vattenfall Vindkraft Kriegers Flak Holding A/S, CVR.nr.: 38 27 23 65, Exnersgade 2, 6700 Esbjerg, Denmark, which exercises control.

Information about consolidated financial statements

Parent	Domicile	Requisitioning of the parent company's consolidated financial statements
Vattenfall AB	Stockholm, Sweden	Vattenfall AB SE-169 92 Stockholm, Sweden https://corporate.vattenfall.com/investors/financial-reports/