

# Vattenfall Vindkraft Vesterhav Nord Holding A/S

Exnersgade 2, 6700 Esbjerg CVR no. 38 27 24 11

**Annual Report 2018** 

Approved at the annual general meeting of shareholders on 22 May 2019  $\,$ 

Chairman:

# **Contents**

Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board	
Independent auditors' report	3
Management's review	5
Financial statements for the year 1 January - 31 December	6
Income statement	6
Balance sheet	7
Notes to the financial statements	9

# Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today discussed and approved the annual report of Vattenfall Vindkraft Vesterhav Nord Holding A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2018.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at 31 December 2018 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2018.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Esbjerg, 22 May 2019 Executive Board:		
Jacob Nørgaard Andersen CEO		
Board of Directors:		
Michael Thorndahl Simmelsgaard Chairman	Jonas Von Mansfeld	Jacob Nørgaard Andersen
Hans Werner Woltmann		

### Independent auditors' report

#### To the shareholders of Vattenfall Vindkraft Vesterhav Nord Holding A/S

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Vattenfall Vindkraft Vesterhav Nord Holding A/S for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2018, which comprise income statement, balance sheet and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2018 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2018 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these rules and requirements.

#### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

#### Independent auditor's report

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.

## Independent auditors' report

- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Copenhagen, 22 May 2019 ERNST & YOUNG Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab CVR no. 30 70 02 28

Karsten Bøgel State Authorised Public Accountant mne27849

# Management's review

# **Business review**

The Company's activity is to own shares in Vattenfall Vindkraft Vesterhav Nord P/S.

# Events after the balance sheet date

 $No\ events\ materially\ affecting\ the\ Company's\ financial\ position\ have\ occurred\ subsequent\ to\ the\ financial\ year-end.$ 

# Financial statements for the year 1 January - 31 December

# Income statement

Note	DKK'000	2018	2017
4	Gross loss	-19 -737	<b>-12</b> -395
4	Income from investments in group entities Financial income from group entities Financial expenses	3 0	0 -1
	Result before tax Tax on profit/loss for the year	- <b>753</b> 166	<b>-408</b> 90
	Net profit/loss for the year	-587	-318
	Proposed profit appropriation/distribution of loss Retained earnings/accumulated loss	-587	-318
		-587	-318

# Financial statements for the year 1 January - 31 December

# **Balance sheet**

Note	DKK'000	2018	2017
4	ASSETS Fixed assets Financial assets Investments in group entities	49,368	105
	Total financial assets	49,368	105
	Total fixed assets	49,368	105
5	Non-fixed assets Receivables Receivables from group entities Deferred tax	76 166	0 90
	Total receivables	242	90
	Total non-fixed assets	242	90
	TOTAL ASSETS	49,610	195

# Financial statements for the year 1 January - 31 December

# **Balance sheet**

Note DKK'000	2018	2017
EQUITY AND LIABLITIES		
Equity		
Share capital	502	500
Share premium	49,998	0
Retained earnings	-905	-318
Total equity	49,595	182
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Payables to group entities	0	1
Other payable	15	12
Total current liabilities	15	13
Total liabilities	15	13
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	49,610	195

- Accounting policies
  Recognition and measurement uncertainties
  Employee costs
  Contingent liabilities
  Related parties
- 2 3 6

# 1 Accounting policies

Vattenfall Vindkraft Vesterhav Nord Holding A/S¹ annual report for 2018 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions which apply to reporting class B entities under the Danish Financial Statements Act and elective choice of certain provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The financial statement is reported after same accounting policies as last year.

In accordance with section 110 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the Company has not prepared consolidated financial statements.

#### Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and the date of payment are recognized in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivables and payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognized in the most recent financial statements is recognized in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

#### Income statement

#### **Gross loss**

Gross loss includes costs for other external costs.

#### Other external costs

Other external costs includes other external expenses.

#### Income from investment in group companies

The proportionate share of the profit/loss after tax of the individual subsidiaries is recognized in the income statement after full elimination of intra-group profits/losses.

#### Financial income and expenses

The proportionate share of the profit/loss after tax of the individual subsidiaries is recognized in the income statement after full elimination of intra-group profits/losses.

### Tax

Tax for the year includes current tax on the year's expected taxable income and the year's deferred tax adjustments. The portion of the tax for the year that relates to the profit/loss for the year is recognized in the income statement, whereas the portion that relates to transactions taken to equity is recognized in equity.

The company and its Danish group entities are jointly taxed. The Danish income tax charge is allocated between profit making and loss making Danish entities in proportion to their taxable income.

Jointly taxed entities entitled to a tax refund reimbursed by the management company based on the rates applicable to interest allowances, and jointly taxed entities which have paid too little tax pay a surcharge according to the rates applicable to interest surcharges to the management company.

## **Balance sheet**

# Investments in group entities

On initial recognition, equity investments in group entities are measured at cost.

Investments in group entities are measured, using the equity method, at the companies' proportionate share of such enterprises' equity plus goodwill and less intra-group profits. Investment in enterprises with negative net asset values are measured at DKK 0 (nil), and any receivables from such associates are written down by the parent company's share of the negative net asset values. If the negative equity value exceeds the receivable, the balance is recognised under provisions to the

extent the parent company has a legal or constructive obligation to cover a deficit in the enterprise.

Equity investments in subsidiaries are measured at net asset value and are subject to impairment test requirements if there is any indication of impairment.

Net revaluations of investments in subsidiaries are taken to the net revaluation reserve according to the equity method to the extent the carrying amount exceeds the costs.

#### Impairment of non-current assets

The carrying amount of investments in subsidiaries is tested annually for impairment.

Impairment tests are conducted on assets or groups of assets when there is evidence of impairment. Assets are written down to the lower of the carrying amount and the recoverable amount.

The recoverable amount is the higher of the net selling price of an asset and its value in use. The value in use is calculated as the net present value of the expected net cash flows from the use of the asset or the group of assets and the expected net cash flows from the disposal of the asset or the group of assets after the end of the useful life.

Previously recognised impairment losses are reversed when the reason for recognition no longer exists. Impairment losses on goodwill are not reversed.

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortized cost, which is usually equivalent to the nominal value. Write-down is made of the value for anticipated bad debt losses.

#### **Corporation tax**

Current tax payable and receivable is recognised in the balance sheet as tax computed on the expected taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income of prior years and for prepaid tax.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax base of assets and liabilities. Where alternative tax rules can be applied to determine the tax base, deferred tax is measured based on Management's intended use of the asset or settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carry-forward, are measured at the value at which they are expected to be utilized, either through elimination against tax on future earnings or through a set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax unit. Any deferred net asset are measured at net realizable values.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Changes in deferred tax due to changes in the tax rate are recognised in the income statement.

#### Liabilities

Financial liabilities comprising trade payables, amounts owed to group entities as well as other payables are recognized at the date of borrowing at cost. In subsequent periods, financial liabilities are measured at net realizable value.

Other liabilities are measured at net realizable value.

#### 2 Recognition and measurement uncertainties

As far as the investment in group entities is concerned, the subsidiary is affected by a decision by the Energy Board of Appeal of December 20, 2018, according to which the Danish Energy Agency has required that Vattenfall initiate a new environmental impact assessment (EIA) process for the two Vesterhav projects. As a consequence of the new EIA process, Vattenfall expects that the realization of the Vesterhav projects will be delayed by approximately 3 years and has accordingly filed requests for extension of time under the signed Concession Agreements with the Danish Energy Agency. Vattenfall does not expect that the delay will compromise the realization or the profitability of the projects.

# 3 Employee costs

The Company has no employees in 2018 and 2017.

### 4 Investment in group entities

	group entitles DKK 000'
Cost at 1 January 2018 Additions	500 50,000
Cost at 31 December 2018	50,500
Value adjustments at 1 January 2018 Profit/loss for the year	-395 -737
Value adjustments at 31 December 2018	-1,132
Carrying amount at 31 December 2018	49,368

	Result		Equity
Name and domicile	Interest	DKK'000	DKK'000
Vattenfall Vindkraft Vesterhav Nord P/S	100 %	-737	49,368

### 5 Receivables from group entities

Included in receivables from group entities is a group cash-pool receivable of DKK 76 thousand.

# 6 Contingent liabilities

The Company is jointly taxed with other Danish group entities and is jointly liable with other jointly taxed group entities for payment of income taxes as well as withholding taxes on interest, royalties and dividends.

# 7 Related parties

Vattenfall Vindkraft Vesterhav Nord Holding A/S¹ related parties comprise the following:

# Parties exercising control

Vattenfall Vindkraft A/S, CVR.nr.: 31 59 75 44, Jupitervej 6, 6000 Kolding, Denmark, which exercises control.

#### Information about consolidated financial statements

Parent Vattenfall AB	B Stockholm, Sweden	Requisitioning of the parent company's consolidated financial statements  Vattenfall AB  SE-169 92 Stockholm,  Sweden	
		https://corporate.vattenfall.com/investors/financial-reports/	

