

Recipo A/S

Vesterbrogade 149, 1620 København V

Annual report for 2019

CVR no. 38 26 61 87

Adopted at the annual general meeting on 14 May 2020

chairman: Lili-Ann Tapper Tullborg

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Statement by management on the annual report

The Board of directors and Executive board have today discussed and approved the annual report of Recipo A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2019 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019.

In our opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

Management recommends that the annual report should be approved by the company in general meeting.

Copenhagen, 14 May 2020

Executive board

Bodil Anette Stenholt
CEO

Board of directors

Vebjørn Eilertsen

Anders Eril Ola Andersson

Lili-Ann Tapper Tullborg

Josef Joakim Tapper

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of Recipo A/S

Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2019, and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of Recipo A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("financial statements").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Statement on management's review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Independent auditor's report

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

Independent auditor's report

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Copenhagen, 14 May 2020

PricewaterhouseCoopers
Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
CVR no. 33 77 12 31

Flemming Eghoff
State Authorised Public Accountant
MNE no. mne30211

Company details

The company

Recipo A/S
Vesterbrogade 149
1620 København V

CVR no.: 38 26 61 87

Reporting period: 1 January - 31 December 2019

Domicile: Copenhagen

Board of directors

Vebjørn Eilertsen
Anders Eiril Ola Andersson
Lili-Ann Tapper Tullborg
Josef Joakim Tapper

Executive board

Bodil Anette Stenholt, CEO

Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers
Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Strandvejen 44
2900 Hellerup

Management's review

Business review

Processing of waste to secondary raw materials and separation and sorting non-hazardous waste.

Unusual matters

The company's financial position at 31 December 2019 and the results of its operations for the financial year ended 31 December 2019 are not affected by any unusual matters.

Financial review

The company's income statement for the year ended 31 December 2019 shows a profit of DKK 429.096, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2019 shows equity of DKK 3.328.321.

Significant events occurring after the end of the financial year

The Company's outlook for the future will not be negatively affected by the COVID-19 outbreak and the measures taken by governments in most of the world to mitigate the impacts of the outbreak, see also subsequent events disclosures in note 1.

Income statement

1 January - 31 December

| | Note | 2019 DKK | 2018 DKK |
|---|------|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| Gross profit | | 2.221.617 | 4.287.375 |
| Staff costs | 2 | <u>-1.343.985</u> | <u>-734.623</u> |
| Profit/loss before amortisation/depreciation and impairment losses | | 877.632 | 3.552.752 |
| Depreciation, property, plant and equipment | | <u>-330.211</u> | <u>-288.891</u> |
| Profit/loss before net financials | | 547.421 | 3.263.861 |
| Financial income | | 367.072 | 61.822 |
| Financial costs | 3 | <u>-360.537</u> | <u>-280.165</u> |
| Profit/loss before tax | | 553.956 | 3.045.518 |
| Tax on profit/loss for the year | 4 | <u>-124.860</u> | <u>-679.106</u> |
| Profit/loss for the year | | <u>429.096</u> | <u>2.366.412</u> |
| Retained earnings | | <u>429.096</u> | <u>2.366.412</u> |
| | | <u>429.096</u> | <u>2.366.412</u> |

Balance sheet 31 December

| | <u>Note</u> | <u>2019</u> DKK | <u>2018</u> DKK |
|--|-------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Assets | | | |
| Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment | | 1.293.709 | 987.706 |
| Leasehold improvements | | <u>76.032</u> | <u>97.881</u> |
| Tangible assets | | <u>1.369.741</u> | <u>1.085.587</u> |
| Total non-current assets | | <u>1.369.741</u> | <u>1.085.587</u> |
| Trade receivables | | 4.769.927 | 4.844.702 |
| Other receivables | | 1.064.369 | 830.025 |
| Deferred tax asset | 5 | 0 | 8.236 |
| Prepayments | | <u>7.255</u> | <u>398.025</u> |
| Receivables | | <u>5.841.551</u> | <u>6.080.988</u> |
| Cash at bank and in hand | | <u>3.911.740</u> | <u>8.993.421</u> |
| Total current assets | | <u>9.753.291</u> | <u>15.074.409</u> |
| Total assets | | <u>11.123.032</u> | <u>16.159.996</u> |

Balance sheet 31 December

| | <u>Note</u> | <u>2019</u> DKK | <u>2018</u> DKK |
|---|-------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Equity and liabilities | | | |
| Share capital | | 500.000 | 500.000 |
| Retained earnings | | <u>2.828.321</u> | <u>2.399.225</u> |
| Equity | | <u>3.328.321</u> | <u>2.899.225</u> |
| Provision for deferred tax | 5 | <u>16.986</u> | <u>0</u> |
| Total provisions | | <u>16.986</u> | <u>0</u> |
| Other payables | | <u>27.286</u> | <u>0</u> |
| Total non-current liabilities | 6 | <u>27.286</u> | <u>0</u> |
| Trade payables | | 1.313.667 | 2.284.931 |
| Payables to group entities | | 6.104.370 | 9.497.986 |
| Corporation tax | | 99.638 | 466.906 |
| Other payables | | <u>232.764</u> | <u>1.010.948</u> |
| Total current liabilities | | <u>7.750.439</u> | <u>13.260.771</u> |
| Total liabilities | | <u>7.777.725</u> | <u>13.260.771</u> |
| Total equity and liabilities | | <u>11.123.032</u> | <u>16.159.996</u> |
| Subsequent events | 1 | | |
| Rent and lease liabilities | 7 | | |
| Related parties and ownership structure | 8 | | |

Statement of changes in equity

| | <u>Share capital</u> | <u>Retained earnings</u> | <u>Total</u> |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Equity at 1 January 2019 | 500.000 | 2.399.225 | 2.899.225 |
| Net profit/loss for the year | 0 | 429.096 | 429.096 |
| Equity at 31 December 2019 | <u>500.000</u> | <u>2.828.321</u> | <u>3.328.321</u> |

Notes

1 Subsequent events

The implications of COVID-19 with many governments across the world deciding to "close down their countries" will have great impact on the global economy. Management considers the implications of COVID-19 a subsequent event occurred after the balance sheet date (31 December 2019), which is therefore a non-adjusting event to the Company. The Company's activities are determined by EU-law (The WEEE Directive) where Recipo A/S offers a solution to the practical and administrative tasks in collecting and handling of electronic waste associated with the producer responsibility. Therefore, it is Managements assessment that Covid-19 will not have a significant impact on the result for 2020 and therefore consider that the going concern assumption is fulfilled.

| | <u>2019</u> DKK | <u>2018</u> DKK |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| 2 Staff costs | | |
| Wages and salaries | 1.284.042 | 702.860 |
| Pensions | 52.800 | 25.760 |
| Other social security costs | 4.884 | 1.958 |
| Other staff costs | <u>2.259</u> | <u>4.045</u> |
| | <u>1.343.985</u> | <u>734.623</u> |
| | | |
| Average number of employees | <u>1</u> | <u>1</u> |
| | | |
| 3 Financial costs | | |
| Financial expenses, group entities | 263.691 | 209.331 |
| Other financial costs | 46.041 | 33.067 |
| Exchange loss | 37.672 | 37.232 |
| Percentage surcharge, corporation tax | <u>13.133</u> | <u>535</u> |
| | <u>360.537</u> | <u>280.165</u> |

Notes

| | <u>2019</u> DKK | <u>2018</u> DKK |
|---|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| 4 Tax on profit/loss for the year | | |
| Current tax for the year | 99.638 | 466.906 |
| Deferred tax for the year | <u>25.222</u> | <u>212.200</u> |
| | <u>124.860</u> | <u>679.106</u> |
| | | |
| Tax on profit/loss for the year is calculated as follows: | | |
| Calculated 22% tax on profit/loss for the year before tax | 121.870 | 670.014 |
| | | |
| Tax effect of: | | |
| Tax on non-deductible expenses and non-taxable income | <u>2.990</u> | <u>9.092</u> |
| | <u>124.860</u> | <u>679.106</u> |
| | | |
| 5 Provision for deferred tax | | |
| Provision for deferred tax at 1 January 2019 | -8.236 | -220.436 |
| Deferred tax recognised in income statement | <u>25.222</u> | <u>212.200</u> |
| Provision for deferred tax at 31 December 2019 | <u>16.986</u> | <u>-8.236</u> |
| | | |
| Transferred to deferred tax asset | <u>0</u> | <u>8.236</u> |
| | <u>16.986</u> | <u>0</u> |
| | | |
| Deferred tax asset | | |
| Calculated tax asset | <u>0</u> | <u>8.236</u> |
| Carrying amount | <u>0</u> | <u>8.236</u> |
| | | |
| 6 Long term debt | | |
| Other payables | | |
| Between 1 and 5 years | <u>27.286</u> | <u>0</u> |
| Non-current portion | 27.286 | 0 |
| Other short-term other debt | <u>232.764</u> | <u>1.010.948</u> |
| Current portion | <u>232.764</u> | <u>1.010.948</u> |
| | <u>260.050</u> | <u>1.010.948</u> |

Notes

| | <u>2019</u> DKK | <u>2018</u> DKK |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 7 Rent and lease liabilities | | |
| Operating lease liabilities. | | |
| Total future lease payments: | | |
| Within 1 year | 2.178.219 | 2.179.446 |
| Between 1 and 5 years | <u>2.345.086</u> | <u>3.127.429</u> |
| | <u>4.523.305</u> | <u>5.306.875</u> |

8 Related parties and ownership structure

Ownership structure

According to the company's register of shareholders, the following shareholder holds at least 5% of the votes or at least 5% of the share capital:

Recipo AB, box 7019, 10386 Stockholm

Accounting policies

The annual report of Recipo A/S for 2019 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act concerning reporting class B entities as well as selected provisions as regards larger entities.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those of last year.

The annual report for 2019 is presented in DKK

Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any installments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

Income statement

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and at the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. If foreign currency transactions are considered cash flow hedges, the value adjustments are taken directly to equity.

Gross profit

In pursuance of section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company does not disclose its revenue.

Accounting policies

Gross profit reflects an aggregation of revenue and other operating income less handling and other external expenses.

Turnover

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the agreed consideration, excluding VAT and other indirect taxes. Revenue is net of all types of discounts granted.

Handling costs

Expenses incurred in relation to generation of turnover.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses related to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

Staff costs

Staff expenses comprise wages and salaries as well as payroll expenses.

Depreciation property, plant and equipment

Depreciation property, plant and equipment comprise the year's depreciation of property, plant and equipment.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

Balance sheet

Tangible assets

Items of plant and machinery and fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The depreciable amount is cost less the expected residual value at the end of the useful life.

Cost comprises the purchase price and any costs directly attributable to the acquisition until the date when the asset is available for use.

Straight-line depreciation is provided on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

| | Useful life |
|--|-------------|
| Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment | 3-5 years |
| Leasehold improvements | 5 years |

Accounting policies

Assets costing less than DKK 13.800 are expensed in the year of acquisition.

The useful life and residual value of the company's property, plant and equipment is reassessed annually.

Gains or losses from the disposal of property, plant and equipment are recognised in the income statement as other operating income or other operating expenses, respectively.

Prepayments

Prepayments recognised under 'Current assets' comprises expenses incurred concerning subsequent financial years.

Equity

Dividends

Proposed dividends are disclosed as a separate item under equity. Dividends are recognised as a liability when declared by the annual general meeting of shareholders.

Income tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities and their tax base, calculated on the basis of the planned use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax losses allowed for carry forward, are measured at the value to which the asset is expected to be realised, either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity. Any deferred net tax assets are measured at net realisable value.

Liabilities

Liabilities, which include trade payables, payables to group entities and other payables, are measured at amortised cost, which is usually equivalent to nominal value

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Bodil Stenholt

Direktør

På vegne af: Recipo A/S

Serienummer: CVR:38266187-RID:59880029

IP: 87.59.xxx.xxx

2020-05-14 11:56:21Z



Vebjørn Eilertsen

Bestyrelsesmedlem

På vegne af: Recipo A/S

Serienummer: 9578-5998-4-993240

IP: 46.9.xxx.xxx

2020-05-15 05:40:51Z



JOSEF TAPPER

Bestyrelsesmedlem

På vegne af: Recipo A/S

Serienummer: 19800818xxxx

IP: 217.210.xxx.xxx

2020-05-15 06:35:45Z



LILI-ANN TAPPER TULLBORG

Bestyrelsesformand

På vegne af: Recipo A/S

Serienummer: 19580220xxxx

IP: 185.205.xxx.xxx

2020-05-15 09:41:28Z



Anders Erik Ola Andersson

Bestyrelsesmedlem

På vegne af: Recipo A/S

Serienummer: 19651027xxxx

IP: 81.230.xxx.xxx

2020-05-19 08:10:48Z



Flemming Vang Eghoff

Statsautoriseret revisor

På vegne af: PwC

Serienummer: PID:9208-2002-2-972902279007

IP: 83.136.xxx.xxx

2020-05-19 08:53:02Z



LILI-ANN TAPPER TULLBORG

Dirigent

På vegne af: Recipo A/S

Serienummer: 19580220xxxx

IP: 185.205.xxx.xxx

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