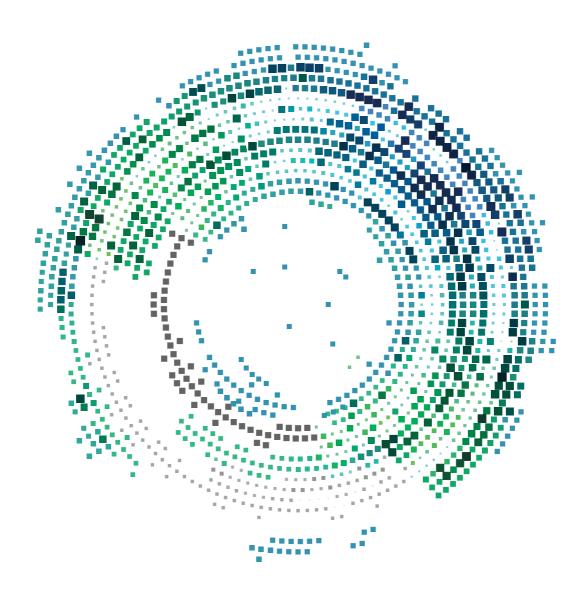
# Deloitte.



# Twentythree Holding ApS

Sortedam Dossering 7 2200 København N CVR No. 38261339

# Annual report 2021

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 07.07.2022

Chairman of the General Meeting

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# **Entity details**

# **Entity**

Twentythree Holding ApS Sortedam Dossering 7 2200 København N

Business Registration No.: 38261339

Registered office: Copenhagen

Financial year: 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021

# **Executive Board**

Steffen Fagerström Christensen Thomas Madsen-Mygdal

# **Auditors**

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Weidekampsgade 6 2300 Copenhagen S

# **Statement by Management**

The Executive Board has today considered and approved the annual report of Twentythree Holding ApS for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2021 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 07.07.2022

**Executive Board** 

Steffen Fagerström Christensen

**Thomas Madsen-Mygdal** 

# Independent auditor's report

# To the shareholders of Twentythree Holding ApS

# **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Twentythree Holding ApS for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2021 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

## **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

## Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

## Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 07.07.2022

# **Deloitte**

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No. 33963556

# Bjørn Winkler Jakobsen

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne32127

# **Management commentary**

# **Primary activities**

The primary acitivity of TwentyThree Holding ApS is to own subsidiary shares in TwentyThree ApS and other related activities.

# **Description of material changes in activities and finances**

Loss of the year amounts to DKK 728k, which was expected by management. As of 31 December 2021 total assets amounts to DKK 10,396k with an equity of DKK 1,02k.

## **Events after the balance sheet date**

Subsequent to the balance sheet date, the COVID-19 outbreak has had a major impact on all markets of TwentyThree. However, at the moment revenue has not been impacted significantly, as the activity of TwentyThree is to supply tools for visual communication, of which there have been an increased demand during the outbreak, due to the need to communicate remotely. Expectations for 2022 are therefore still positive and Management expects that TwentyThree will experience growth in revenue.

No other events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

# **Income statement for 2021**

		2021	2020
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Gross profit/loss		(7,500)	(7,500)
Financial expenses from group enterprises		(926,781)	(834,939)
Profit/loss before tax		(934,281)	(842,439)
Tax on profit/loss for the year	1	206,000	185,000
Profit/loss for the year		(728,281)	(657,439)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss			
Retained earnings		(728,281)	(657,439)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		(728,281)	(657,439)

# **Balance sheet at 31.12.2021**

# **Assets**

		2021	2020
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Investments in group enterprises		9,550,000	9,550,000
Deferred tax		846,000	640,000
Financial assets	2	10,396,000	10,190,000
Fixed assets		10,396,000	10,190,000
Assets		10,396,000	10,190,000

# **Equity and liabilities**

		2021	2020
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Contributed capital		50,000	50,000
Retained earnings		952,053	1,680,334
Equity		1,002,053	1,730,334
Payables to group enterprises		9,386,447	8,452,166
Non-current liabilities other than provisions	3	9,386,447	8,452,166
Trade payables		7,500	7,500
Current liabilities other than provisions		7,500	7,500
Liabilities other than provisions		9,393,947	8,459,666
Equity and liabilities		10,396,000	10,190,000
Contingent liabilities	4		
Assets charged and collateral	5		

# Statement of changes in equity for 2021

	Contributed capital DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	50,000	1,680,334	1,730,334
Profit/loss for the year	0	(728,281)	(728,281)
Equity end of year	50,000	952,053	1,002,053

# **Notes**

# 1 Tax on profit/loss for the year

	2021	2020
	DKK	DKK
Change in deferred tax	(206,000)	(185,000)
	(206,000)	(185,000)

## 2 Financial assets

	Investments in group	
	enterprises	Deferred tax
	DKK	
Cost beginning of year	9,550,000	640,000
Additions	0	206,000
Cost end of year	9,550,000	846,000
Carrying amount end of year	9,550,000	846,000

			Equity		
Investments in		Corporate interest		Equity	Profit/loss
subsidiaries	Registered in	form	%	DKK	DKK
Twentythree ApS	Denmark	ApS	100	(1.824.358)	1,701,250

# 3 Non-current liabilities other than provisions

	Due after more than 12 months
	2021
	DKK
Payables to group enterprises	9,386,447
	9,386,447

# **4 Contingent liabilities**

The Entity participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement where Bootstrapping ApS serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities, and for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed entities. The jointly taxed entities' total known net liability under the joint taxation arrangement is disclosed in the administration company's financial statements.

# **5** Assets charged and collateral

The entity has provided an unlimited guarantee for all debt in TwentyThree ApS to Vækstfonden. As of 31.12.2020 total debt is DKK 4.000.000.

# **Accounting policies**

# **Reporting class**

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of a few provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

#### **Consolidated financial statements**

Referring to section 110 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no consolidated financial statements have been prepared.

## **Recognition and measurement**

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

#### **Income statement**

## **Gross profit or loss**

Gross profit or loss comprises external expenses.

# Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including administrative costs.

## Financial expenses from group enterprises

Financial expenses from group enterprises comprise interest expenses etc from payables to group enterprises.

## Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Entity is jointly taxed with all Danish group enterprises. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

## **Balance sheet**

# Investments in group enterprises

Investments in group enterprises are measures at cost and are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

#### **Deferred** tax

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

# Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.