

GG Development 8 ApS

Østergade 1, 1.

1100 København K

Business Registration No

38240552

Annual report 2018

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 24.05.2019

Chairman of the General Meeting

Name: Thomas Færch

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Entity details

Entity

GG Development 8 ApS
Østergade 1, 1.
1100 København K

Central Business Registration No (CVR): 38240552

Registered in: København

Financial year: 01.01.2018 - 31.12.2018

Executive Board

Thomas Færch, CEO

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Weidekampsgade 6
Postboks 1600
0900 København C

Statement by Management on the annual report

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of GG Development 8 ApS for the financial year 01.01.2018 - 31.12.2018.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2018 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2018 - 31.12.2018.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 24.05.2019

Executive Board

Thomas Færch
CEO

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of GG Development 8 ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of GG Development 8 ApS for the financial year 01.01.2018 - 31.12.2018, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2018 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2018 - 31.12.2018 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Independent auditor's report

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Independent auditor's report

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 24.05.2019

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Central Business Registration No (CVR) 33963556

Lars Andersen
State Authorised Public Accountant
Identification No (MNE) mne27762

Management commentary

Primary activities

The principle activities of the company are commerce with real estate or real estate companies and related activities

Development in activities and finances

The result from ordinary activities after tax is a profit DKK 140.940 against a loss of DKK 13.162 last year. The management consider the result satisfactory.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

Income statement for 2018

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2018 DKK</u>	<u>2016/17 DKK</u>
Gross profit/loss		250.490	(16.874)
Other financial expenses	2	(69.798)	0
Profit/loss before tax		180.692	(16.874)
Tax on profit/loss for the year	3	(39.752)	3.712
Profit/loss for the year		140.940	(13.162)
Proposed distribution of profit/loss			
Retained earnings		140.940	(13.162)
		140.940	(13.162)

Balance sheet at 31.12.2018

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2018 DKK</u>	<u>2016/17 DKK</u>
Deferred tax		0	2.748
Fixed asset investments	4	<u>0</u>	<u>2.748</u>
Fixed assets		<u>0</u>	<u>2.748</u>
Work in progress		161.684.557	142.235.814
Inventories	5	<u>161.684.557</u>	<u>142.235.814</u>
Trade receivables		72.890	63.635
Other receivables		851.525	746.439
Prepayments		45.947	0
Receivables		<u>970.362</u>	<u>810.074</u>
Cash	6	<u>139.836</u>	<u>21.778</u>
Current assets		<u>162.794.755</u>	<u>143.067.666</u>
Assets		<u>162.794.755</u>	<u>143.070.414</u>

Balance sheet at 31.12.2018

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2018 DKK</u>	<u>2016/17 DKK</u>
Contributed capital		350.000	350.000
Retained earnings		<u>29.827.778</u>	<u>29.686.838</u>
Equity		<u>30.177.778</u>	<u>30.036.838</u>
Deferred tax		<u>37.004</u>	<u>0</u>
Provisions		<u>37.004</u>	<u>0</u>
Loans raised by the issuance of bonds		0	110.399.000
Trade payables		570.448	565.307
Payables to group enterprises		131.945.025	2.053.631
Other payables		<u>64.500</u>	<u>15.638</u>
Current liabilities other than provisions		<u>132.579.973</u>	<u>113.033.576</u>
Liabilities other than provisions		<u>132.579.973</u>	<u>113.033.576</u>
Equity and liabilities		<u>162.794.755</u>	<u>143.070.414</u>
Staff costs	1		
Contingent liabilities	7		
Assets charged and collateral	8		
Group relations	9		

Statement of changes in equity for 2018

	Contributed capital DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	350.000	29.686.838	30.036.838
Profit/loss for the year	0	140.940	140.940
Equity end of year	350.000	29.827.778	30.177.778

Notes

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2016/17</u>
1. Staff costs		
Average number of employees	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2016/17</u>
	<u>DKK</u>	<u>DKK</u>
2. Other financial expenses		
Other interest expenses	<u>69.798</u>	<u>0</u>
	<u>69.798</u>	<u>0</u>
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2016/17</u>
	<u>DKK</u>	<u>DKK</u>
3. Tax on profit/loss for the year		
Current tax	0	(964)
Change in deferred tax	<u>39.752</u>	<u>(2.748)</u>
	<u>39.752</u>	<u>(3.712)</u>
		<u>Deferred</u>
		<u>tax</u>
		<u>DKK</u>
4. Fixed asset investments		
Cost beginning of year		2.748
Disposals		<u>(2.748)</u>
Cost end of year		<u>0</u>
Carrying amount end of year		<u>0</u>

5. Inventories

Inventories includes capitalized interest expenses and financing costs of DKK 22.120.800 (2017: DKK 10.655.126).

6. Cash

Cash includes DKK 139.836 where the use is restricted to specific purposes, such as interest payments, project development or construction or pledged as security.

7. Contingent liabilities

The Entity participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement where Gefion Group A/S serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act,

Notes

the Entity is therefore liable for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities. The jointly taxed entities' total known net liability under the joint taxation arrangement is disclosed in the administration company's financial statements.

8. Assets charged and collateral

As security for bond debt in the Parent company DKK 147.748.141, an owner's mortgage in the amount of DKK 122.000.000 has been granted on work in progress representing a book value of DKK 161.684.557 at 31 December 2018.

9. Group relations

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the largest group:

Gefion Group A/S, Copenhagen

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the smallest group:

Gefion Group A/S, Copenhagen

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

Income statement

Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprises external expenses.

Other operating income

Other operating income comprises income of a secondary nature as viewed in relation to the Entity's primary activities.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for administration.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, net capital or exchange losses on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial liabilities as well as tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Company is subject to the Danish legislation concerning compulsory joint taxation with the Danish group enterprises.

Balance sheet

Inventories

Work in progress consist of real property projects.

The project portfolio is recognized on the basis of the direct cost attributable to the projects, including interest during project period. Where considered necessary, the projects have been written down to a lower value, and capitalized amounts are subjected to impairment tests on a continuous basis to ensure that the assets are written down to the extent that the carrying amount exceeds the estimated net realised value.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

Accounting policies

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value is calculated based on the planned use of each asset or the planned settlement of each liability.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.