# Money Holdco K/S

c/o M7 Real Estate ApS Borgergade 2, 6., 1300 Copenhagen K

CVR no. 38 13 58 64

Annual report 2018

Approved at the Company's annual general meeting on 12 April 2019

Chairman:





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## Statement by the Executive Board

Today, the Executive Board has discussed and approved the annual report of Money Holdco K/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2018.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and the Company at 31 December 2018 and of the results of the Group's and the Company's operations and of the consolidated cash flows for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2018.

Further, in my opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the development in the Group's and the Company's operations and financial matters and the results of the Group's and the Company's operations and financial position.

I recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Copenhagen, 12 April 2019 Executive Board:

Mette Seifert Managing Director



## Independent auditor's report

#### To the shareholders of Money Holdco K/S

#### Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements of Money Holdco K/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2018, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies, for the Group and the Parent Company, and a consolidated cash flow statement. The consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and the Parent Company at 31 December 2018, and of the results of the Group's and Parent Company's operations as well as the consolidated cash flows for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2018 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements and the parent Company financial statements" (herinafter collectively referred to as "the financial statements") section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Independence

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these rules and requirements.

## Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Group's and the Parent Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Group or the Parent Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

## Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.



## Independent auditor's report

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of Internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's and the Parent Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's and the Parent Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and the Parent Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

## Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Money Holdco K/S Annual report 2018



## Independent auditor's report

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Copenhagen, 12 April 2019 ERNST & YOUNG Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab CVR no. 30 70 02 28

Henrik Reedtz

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne24830



## Management's review

Company details

Name

Address, Postal code, City

Money Holdco K/S c/o M7 Real Estate ApS

Borgergade 2, 6., 1300 Copenhagen K

CVR no. Established Financial year

38 13 58 64 21 October 2016

1 January - 31 December

**Executive Board** 

Mette Seifert, Managing Director

Auditors

Ernst & Young Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

Osvald Helmuths Vej 4, P.O. Box 250, 2000 Frederiksberg,

Denmark

## Financial highlights for the Group

DKKt	2018	2016/17
DAKE	12 months	15 months
Key figures		
Gross margin	92,321	50,258
Operating profit/loss	110,295	217,828
Net financials	-20,479	-15,216
Profit/loss for the year	85,970	172,948
Total assets	830,908	986,630
Equity	311,638	343,668
Financial ratios		
Return on assets	12.1%	22.1%
Current ratio	101.7%	66.3%
Equity ratio	37.5%	34.8%
Return on equity	26.2%	50.3%
Average number of employees	0	0



### Management's review

## **Business review**

The Group's primary activity is to own and carry on letting real property.

#### Financial review

The income statement for 2018 shows a profit of DKK 85,970 thousand against a profit of DKK 172,948 thousand last year, and the group's balance sheet at 31 December 2018 shows equity of DKK 311,638 thousand.

In the financial year, Money Holdco K/S sold two of its subsidiaries, realising a gain in the amount of DKK 17.5 million.

Management considers the Group's financial performance in the year satisfactory.

## Events after the balance sheet date

No events materially affecting the Group's and the Company's financial position have occurred subsequent to the financial year-end.

#### Outlook

The Company expects a positive result in 2019 due to expected sale of subsidiaries.



## Income statement

		Group		Parent o	company
Note	DKK	2018 12 months	2016/17 15 months	2018 12 months	2016/17 15 months
2	Gross margin Staff costs	92,321,294 0	50,258,373 0	-3,485,059 0	-3,837,778 0
	Operating profit/loss before fair value	02.224.204	50.050.000		
	adjustments Fair value adjustment of	92,321,294	50,258,373	-3,485,059	-3,837,778
	investment property	17,973,466	167,569,310	0	0
	Profit/loss before net financials Income from investments	110,294,760	217,827,683	-3,485,059	-3,837,778
	in group enterprises	0	0	110,050,918	3,763,020
3	Financial income Financial expenses	2,985,174 -23,464,232	5,521,919 -20,737,712	7,761,985 -8,023,954	8,128,561 -8,668,969
5	Profit/loss before tax Tax for the year	89,815,702 -3,845,364	202,611,890 -29,664,133	106,303,890 631,820	-615,166 0
	Profit/loss for the year	85,970,338	172,947,757	106,935,710	-615,166



## Balance sheet

		Grd	oup	Parent o	company
Note	DKK	2018	2016/17	2018	2016/17
	ASSETS Fixed assets				10
6	Property, plant and equipment				
7	Investment property	747,790,000	933,725,000	0	0
		747,790,000	933,725,000	0	0
8	Investments Investments in group				
	entities	0	0	139,184,916	153,744,025
		0	0	139,184,916	153,744,025
	Total fixed assets	747,790,000	933,725,000	139,184,916	153,744,025
	Non-fixed assets Receivables				
	Trade receivables Receivables from group	552,524	352,805	568,755	16,324
	entities Corporation tax	0	0	99,698,055	123,566,747
	receivable	0	0	631,820	0
	Other receivables Prepayments	287,055 1,266,170	1,880,174 651,675	287,055	0
		2,105,749	2,884,654	101,185,685	123,583,071
	Cash	81,012,178	50,019,877	1,821,217	1,434,630
	Total non-fixed assets	83,117,927	52,904,531	103,006,902	125,017,701
	TOTAL ASSETS	830,907,927	986,629,531	242,191,818	278,761,726



## Balance sheet

		Group		Group Parent company	
Note	DKK	2018	2016/17	2018	2016/17
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Equity	475 740 004			
	Limited partner capital Retained earnings	175,719,936 135,918,095	175,719,936 167,947,757	175,719,936 -16,679,456	175,719,936 -5,615,166
	Total equity Provisions	311,638,031	343,667,693	159,040,480	170,104,770
9	Deferred tax	19,410,980	24,755,504	0	0
	Total provisions	19,410,980	24,755,504	0	0
10	Liabilities other than provisions Non-current liabilities other than provisions				
	Mortgage debt	331,314,889	427,431,324	0	0
	Other credit institutions	83,066,230	106,691,500	83,066,230	106,691,500
	Deposits	3,710,008	4,334,433	0	0
		418,091,127	538,457,257	83,066,230	106,691,500
10	Current liabilities other than provisions Short-term part of long- term liabilities other				
	than provisions	5,807,644	9,680,500	0	0
	Trade payables	4,322,707	10,119,321	85,108	1,965,456
	Payables to group entities Corporation tax payable	67,091,718 3,575,223	55,040,627 4,908,629	0	0
	Other payables	970,497	0	0	0
		81,767,789	79,749,077	85,108	1,965,456
	Total liabilities other than provisions	499,858,916	618,206,334	83,151,338	108,656,956
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	830,907,927	986,629,531	242,191,818	278,761,726

Accounting policies
Collateral
Interest rate risks
Related parties



## Statement of changes in equity

			Group	
Note	DKK	Limited partner capital	Retained earnings	Total
	Equity at 1 January 2018 Transfer through appropriation of profit Dividend distributed	175,719,936 0 0	167,947,757 85,970,338 -118,000,000	343,667,693 85,970,338 -118,000,000
	Equity at 31 December 2018	175,719,936	135,918,095	311,638,031
Note	DKK	Limited partner capital	Parent company Retained earnings	Total
14	Equity at 1 January 2018 Transfer, see "Appropriation of profit/loss" Proposed extraordinary dividend	175,719,936 0	-5,615,166 106,935,710	170,104,770 106,935,710
	recognised under equity	0	-118,000,000	-118,000,000
	Equity at 31 December 2018	175,719,936	-16,679,456	159,040,480



## Cash flow statement

		Group	
Note	DKK	2018 12 months	2016/17 15 months
15	Profit/loss for the year Adjustments	85,970,338 -57,734,650	172,947,757 -140,161,938
16	Cash generated from operations (operating activities) Changes in working capital	28,235,688 -4,047,213	32,785,819 7,234,668
	Cash generated from operations (operating activities) Income taxes paid	24,188,475 -4,908,629	40,020,487
	Cash flows from operating activities	19,279,846	40,020,487
	Additions of property, plant and equipment Disposals of property, plant and equipment	-56,413 241,956,763	-784,159,621 21,766,952
	Cash flows to investing activities	241,900,350	-762,392,669
	Dividends paid Proceeds of long-term liabilities Proceeds of debt to credit institutions Proceeds of debt, group enterprises Repayments, long-term liabilities Repayments, debt to credit institutions Cash capital increase Other cash flows from financing activities	-118,000,000 0 0 12,051,091 -624,425 -123,614,561 0	-5,000,000 4,334,433 453,426,406 161,732,127 0 -8,783,276 175,719,936 -9,037,567
	Cash flows from financing activities	-230,187,895	772,392,059
	Net cash flow Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January	30,992,301 50,019,877	50,019,877 0
17	Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December	81,012,178	50,019,877



## Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Accounting policies

The annual report of Money Holdco K/S for 2018 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions in the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to medium-sized reporting class C entities.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

#### Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

#### Consolidated financial statements

#### Control

The consolidated financial statements comprise the Parent Company and subsidiaries controlled by the Parent Company.

Control means a parent company's power to direct a subsidiary's financial and operating policy decisions. Besides the above power, the parent company should also be able to yield a return from its investment.

In assessing if the parent company controls an entity, de facto control is taken into consideration as well.

The existence of potential voting rights which may currently be exercised or converted into additional voting rights is considered when assessing if an entity can become empowered to direct another entity's financial and operating decisions.

## Preparation of consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements are prepared as a consolidation of the Parent Company's and the individual subsidiaries' financial statements, which are prepared according to the Group's accounting policies. On consolidation, intra-group income and expenses, shareholdings, intra-group balances and dividends and realised and unrealised gains on intra-group transactions are eliminated. Unrealised gains on transactions with associates are eliminated in proportion to the Group's interest in the entity. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains if they do not reflect impairment.

In the consolidated financial statements, the accounting items of subsidiaries are recognised in full. Non-controlling interests' share of the profit/loss for the year and of the equity of subsidiaries which are not wholly-owned are included in the Group's profit/loss and equity, respectively, but are disclosed separately.

Acquisitions and disposals of non-controlling interests which are still controlled are recognised directly in equity as a transaction between shareholders.

Investments in associates and joint ventures are recognised in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method.

The Group's activities in joint operations are recognised on a line-by-line basis.

## Derivative financial instruments

On initial recognition, derivative financial instruments are recognised at cost in the balance sheet and are subsequently measured at fair value. Positive and negative fair values of derivative financial instruments are included in "Other receivables" and "Other payables", respectively.



### Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Investment property

On initial recognition, investment property is measured at cost. Investment property is subsequently measured at fair value, and the value adjustment for the year is recognised in the income statement under the item "Fair value adjustment of investment property". The fair value is based on the expected future cash flows for the investment property.

#### Income statement

#### Revenue

The Company has chosen IAS 11/IAS 18 as interpretation for revenue recognition.

Rental income receiveables from operating leases are recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the agreed consideration excluding VAT and taxes charged on behalf of third parties. All discounts and rebates granted are recognised in revenue.

#### Gross margin

The items revenue, other operating income, expenses, property and external expenses have been aggregated into one item in the income statement called gross margin in accordance with section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### Other operating income

Other operating income comprise items of a secondary nature relative to the Company's core activities, including gains on the sale of fixed assets.

#### Property expenses

Property expenses include expenses relating to renting out the Company's investment property, including expenses relating to running and maintaining such property.

### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include the year's expenses relating to the Company's core activities, including expenses relating to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, etc.

### Profit from investments in subsidiaries

The item includes dividend received from subsidiaries in so far as the dividend does not exceed the accumulated earnings in the subsidiary in the period of ownership.

#### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts that relate to the financial reporting period. The items comprise interest income and expenses, e.g. from group entities and associates, declared dividends from other securities and investments, financial expenses relating to finance leases, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses relating to other securities and investments, exchange gains and losses and amortisation of financial assets and liabilities.



#### Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Tax

The limited partnership company is not separately liable to tax, but is recognised in the tax base of the partner. Therefore, no separate tax has been recognised or provided for in the financial statements.

Tax for the year for the group includes current tax on the year's expected taxable income and the year's deferred tax adjustments. The portion of the tax for the year that relates to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the portion that relates to transactions taken to equity is recognised in equity.

The Company and its Danish group entities are jointly taxed. The total Danish income tax charge is allocated between profit/loss making Danish entities in proportion to their taxable income (full absorption).

Jointly taxed entities entitled to a tax refund are reimbursed by the management company based on the rates applicable to interest allowances, and jointly taxed entities which have paid too little tax pay a surcharge according to the rates applicable to interest surcharges to the management company.

## Balance sheet

#### Property, plant and equipment

On initial recognition, investment property is measured at cost. Investment property is subsequently measured at fair value, and the value adjustment for the year is recognised in the income statement under the item "Fair value adjustment of investment property". The fair value is based on the expected future cash flows for the investment property.

Gains or losses are calculated as the difference between the selling price less selling costs and the carrying amount at the date of disposal. Gains and losses from the disposal of property, plant and equipment are recognised in the income statement as other operating income or other operating expenses.

#### Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries and associates are measured at cost. Dividends received that exceed the accumulated earnings in the subsidiary or the associate during the period of ownership are treated as a reduction in the cost of acquisition.

### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

The Company has chosen IAS 39 as interpretation for impairment of financial receivables.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable has been impaired, an impairment loss is recognised on an individual basis.

Receivables in respect of which there is no objective evidence of individual impairment are tested for objective evidence of impairment on a portfolio basis. The portfolios are primarily based on the debtors' domicile and credit ratings in line with the Company's risk management policy. The objective evidence applied to portfolios is determined based on historical loss experience.



#### Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

Impairment losses are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of the receivables and the present value of the expected cash flows, including the realisable value of any collateral received. The effective interest rate for the individual receivable or portfolio is used as discount rate.

#### Prepayments

Prepayments recognised under "Assets" comprise prepaid expenses regarding subsequent financial reporting years.

#### Cash

Cash comprises cash and short term securities which are readily convertible into cash and subject only to minor risks of changes in value.

#### Income taxes

Current tax payables and receivables for the Group are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated income tax charge for the year, adjusted for prior-year taxes and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax base of assets and liabilities. However, deferred tax is not recognised on temporary differences relating to goodwill which is not deductible for tax purposes and on office premises and other items where temporary differences, apart from business combinations, arise at the date of acquisition without affecting either profit/loss for the year or taxable income. Where alternative tax rules can be applied to determine the tax base, deferred tax is measured based on Management's Intended use of the asset or settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax assets are recognised at the expected value of their utilisation; either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity. Changes in deferred tax due to changes in the tax rate are recognised in the income statement.

## Cash flow statement

The cash flow statement shows the Company's net cash flows broken down according to operating, investing and financing activities, the year's changes in cash and cash equivalents as well as the cash and cash equivalents at the beginning and the end of the year.

Cash flows from operating activities are calculated as the profit/loss for the year adjusted for non-cash operating items, changes in working capital and paid corporate income tax.

Cash flows from investing activities comprise payments in connection with acquisitions and disposals of entities and activities and of intangible assets, property, plant and equipment and investments.

Cash flows from financing activities comprise changes in the size or composition of the Company's share capital and related expenses as well as raising of loans, repayment of interest bearing debt and payment of dividends to shareholders.

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash, short-term bank loans and short-term securities which are readily convertible into cash and which are subject only to insignificant risks of changes in value.

#### Financial ratios

Financial ratios are calculated in accordance with the Danish Finance Society's guidelines.



Notes to the financial statements

## 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2 Staff costs

Group

The group has no employees.

## Parent company

The parent Mompany has no employees.

	Group		Parent company	
DKK	2018 12 months	2016/17 15 months	2018 12 months	2016/17 15 months
Financial income Interest receivable, group				
entities Fair value adjustments of	0	0	5,979,517	8,128,561
financial instruments	0	1,604,883	0	0
Other financial income	2,985,174	3,917,036	1,782,468	0
	2,985,174	5,521,919	7,761,985	8,128,561
Financial expenses				
Interest expenses, group entities Fair value adjustments of	0	8,373,220	5,321,208	8,373,220
financial instruments	2,157,505	0	0	188,261
Other financial expenses	21,306,727	12,364,492	2,702,746	107,488
	23,464,232	20,737,712	8,023,954	8,668,969
Tax for the year Estimated tax charge for the				
year	3,579,073	4,908,629	-631,820	0
year	266,291	24,755,504	0	0
	3,845,364	29,664,133	-631,820	0
	Financial income Interest receivable, group entities Fair value adjustments of financial instruments Other financial income  Financial expenses Interest expenses, group entities Fair value adjustments of financial instruments Other financial expenses  Tax for the year Estimated tax charge for the year Deferred tax adjustments in the	Pokk 12 months  Financial income Interest receivable, group entities 0  Fair value adjustments of financial instruments 0 Other financial income 2,985,174  Financial expenses Interest expenses, group entities 5air value adjustments of financial instruments 0  Fair value adjustments of financial instruments 2,157,505 Other financial expenses 21,306,727 23,464,232  Tax for the year Estimated tax charge for the year 3,579,073 Deferred tax adjustments in the year 266,291	## Post of Control of	DKK    2018   2016/17   2018   15 months   15 months   12 months

### Parent company

The estimated tax charge for the year includes tax refunds received, totalling DKK 631 thousand, between the jointly taxed entities Money Propco III ApS and Money Propco Vi ApS, which have been sold in the financial year.

Group



## Consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements 1 January - 31 December

## Notes to the financial statements

### 6 Property, plant and equipment

	огоар
DKK	Investment property
Cost at 1 January 2018 Additions Disposals	933,725,000 56,413 -153,081,998
Cost at 31 December 2018	780,699,415
Revaluations at 1 January 2018 Value adjustments for the year Reversal of accumulated revaluation of disposals	0 17,973,586 -50,883,001
Revaluations at 31 December 2018	-32,909,415
Carrying amount at 31 December 2018	747,790,000

#### 7 Investment property

#### Group

### Valuation method and techniques

The fair value of investment properties is determined using a DCF model. The calculation is based on the budgeted net earnings for the coming 10 years.

## Key assumptions for determining fair value

The Company's investment properties comprise a mix of office and residential properties. The investment properties are measured at fair value using the DCF model.

The required rates of return applied are in the interval 4.0-10.5%.

The market rents applied are in the interval DKK 76-7,870 thousand.

The CAPEX applied are in the interval 80-2.315 kr. pr. sq/m.

#### Fair value estimation

In addition, the following assumptions are applied in the fair value measurement:

- Adjustment is made of the existing rent to expected market rent
- Correction is made in regard to idle leases and the expected rental period
- Estimates are made of the properties' own share of operating expenses and heating costs.

An external valuation expert has assisted with the valuation of all properties.



## Notes to the financial statements

## 8 Investments

	Parent company
ркк	Investments in group entitles
Cost at 1 January 2018 Disposal	153,744,025 -14,559,109
Cost at 31 December 2018	139,184,916
Carrying amount at 31 December 2018	139,184,916

## Parent company

#### Subsidiaries

Money Propco K/S	K/S	Copenhagen	100.00%
Money Propco I ApS	ApS	Copenhagen	100.00%
Money Propco II ApS	ApS	Copenhagen	100.00%
Money Propco IV ApS	ApS	Copenhagen	100.00%
Komplementar Money I ApS	ApS	Copenhagen	100.00%

		Group		Parent c	ompany
	DKK	2018	2016/17	2018	2016/17
9	Deferred tax				
	Deferred tax at 1 January Deferred tax on sold properties Deferred tax for the year	24,755,504 -5,452,265 107,741	0 0 24,755,504	0 0 0	0 0
	Deferred tax at 31 December	19,410,980	24,755,504	0	0
	Deferred tax relates to:				
	Investments	19,410,980	24,755,504	0	0
		19,410,980	24,755,504	0	0
	,		the same of the sa	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	

## 10 Non-current liabilities other than provisions

Group			
Total debt at 31/12 2018	Repayment, next year	Long-term portion	Outstanding debt after 5 years
337,122,533	5,807,644	331,314,889	0
83,066,230	0	83,066,230	0
3,710,008	0	3,710,008	3,710,008
423,898,771	5,807,644	418,091,127	3,710,008
	31/12 2018 337,122,533 83,066,230 3,710,008	Total debt at 31/12 2018 Repayment, next year 337,122,533 5,807,644 83,066,230 0 3,710,008 0	Total debt at 31/12 2018 Repayment, next year portion 937,122,533 5,807,644 331,314,889 83,066,230 0 83,710,008 0 3,710,008



#### Notes to the financial statements

	Parent company			
DKK	Total debt at 31/12 2018	Repayment, next year	Long-term portion	Outstanding debt after 5 years
Other credit institutions	83,066,230	0	83,066,230	0
	83,066,230	0	83,066,230	0

#### 11 Collateral

#### Group

Land and buildings at a carrying amount of DKK 747,790 thousand at 31 December 2018 have been put up as security for debt to mortgage credit institutions, totalling DKK 339,122 thousand.

#### Parent company

The Parent Company has not placed any assets or other as security for loans at 31 December 2018.

### 12 Interest rate risks

### Fair values, Group

The fair value and assumptions of the financial Instruments deviates which are recognised in the Group's balance sheet at 31 December 2018 are specified below.

## Interest structure agreement

The Company has entered into an interest structure agreement with Danske Bank.

The interest rate floor and cap agreement has been entered into for the purpose of hedging the interest rate risk associated with mortgage debt with a nominal amount of DKK 445 million. The notional amount of the agreement is DKK 267 million and the termination date is set to 31 December 2022.

An agreement of interest rate has been made with the following intervals:

- Interest rate floor at 0.0%
- Interest rate cap at 0.75%.

The fair value was calculated by Danske Bank based on the agreement's discounted cashflow using the market interest at 31 December 2018.

The fair value of the interest structure agreements amounts to DKK -62 thousand at 31 December 2018. The fair value of the interest structure agreements has been recognised as other receivables.



## Notes to the financial statements

## 13 Related parties

#### Parent company

Money Holdco  $\mathrm{K/S^{\prime}}$  related parties comprise the following:

## Significant influence

Related party	Domicile	Basis for significant influence	
Tempus Holdings 10 Sarl	Luxembourg	Controlling interest	

## Transactions with related parties

The Company solely discloses related party transactions that have not been carried out on an arm's length basis, cf. section 98c(7) of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

All transactions have been carried out on an arm's length basis.

		Parent company	
	DKK	2018 12 months	2016/17 15 months
14	Appropriation of profit/loss Recommended appropriation of profit/loss Proposed dividend recognised under equity Extraordinary dividend distributed in the year Retained earnings/accumulated loss	0 118,000,000 -11,064,290 106,935,710	5,000,000 5,000,000 -10,615,166 -615,166
		Group	
	DKK	2018 12 months	2016/17 15 months
	Adjustments Fair value adjustment of investment property Gain/loss on the sale of non-current assets Financial expenses Tax for the year Deferred tax	-17,973,466 -48,422,886 4,816,338 3,579,073 266,291 -57,734,650	-167,569,310 -3,763,020 1,506,259 4,908,629 24,755,504 -140,161,938
16	Changes in working capital		
	Change in receivables Change in trade and other payables	778,905 -4,826,118	-2,884,654 10,119,322
		-4,047,213	7,234,668
17	Cash and cash equivalents at year-end		Participation of the Control of the
	Cash according to the balance sheet	81,012,178	50,019,877
		81,012,178	50,019,877