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### **Euro Economics VI ApS**

Amaliegade 22, 1. 1256 1256 Copenhagen CVR No. 38133365

### Annual report 2020

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 02.07.2021

#### **Claus Molbech Bendtsen**

Chairman of the General Meeting

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## **Entity details**

#### **Entity**

Euro Economics VI ApS Amaliegade 22, 1. 1256 1256 Copenhagen

CVR No.: 38133365

Date of foundation: 25.10.2016 Registered office: Copenhagen

Financial year: 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020

#### **Executive Board**

Claus Molbech Bendtsen, adm. dir.

#### **Auditors**

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab City Tower, Værkmestergade 2 8000 Aarhus C

## **Statement by Management**

Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of Euro Economics VI ApS for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2020 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020.

I believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 02.07.2021

**Executive Board** 

**Claus Molbech Bendtsen** 

adm. dir.

# Independent auditor's extended review report

#### To the shareholders of Euro Economics VI ApS

#### Conclusion

We have performed an extended review of the financial statements of Euro Economics VI ApS for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on our extended review, in our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at. 31.12.2020 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **Basis for conclusion**

We conducted our extended review in accordance with the assurance engagement standard for small enterprises as issued by the Danish Business Authority and the standard on extended review of financial statements prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act as issued by FSR - Danish Auditors. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the extended review of the financial statements" section. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our conclusion.

#### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the extended review of the financial statements

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the financial statements. This requires that we plan and perform procedures to obtain limited assurance about our conclusion on the financial statements and that we also perform specifically required supplementary procedures for the purpose of obtaining additional assurance about our conclusion.

An extended review consists of making inquiries, primarily of management and, if appropriate, of other entity

personnel, performing analytical and the specifically required supplementary procedures as well as evaluating the evidence obtained.

The procedures performed in an extended review are less in scope than in an audit, and accordingly we do not express an audit opinion on the financial statements.

#### Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our extended review of the financial statements our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the extended review or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Aarhus, 02.07.2021

#### **Deloitte**

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No. 33963556

#### **Morten Gade Steinmetz**

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne34145

## **Management commentary**

#### **Primary activities**

The Company's activity consists of acquiring and operating real estate.

#### **Development in activities and finances**

Loss for the year of DKK 8.169k is considered as expected.

The Company has lost all its share capital and the Company expects to be able to reestablish the entire share capital through its own earnings in the coming years. Management believes that the Company through its own earnings, can maintain capital reserves for continued operations. Until the Mother Company will support The Company financially.

#### Uncertainty relating to recognition and measurement

The Company's investment properties are measured at fair value. The fair value of the investment properties are recognized at DKK DKK 133.000k. Revaluations and impairment losses of investment properties are based on accounting judgements based on market value calculations of the net rent.

The required rate of return is set so that it is considered to reflect the market's actual required rate of return on similiar properties. There is uncertainty related to determining the required rate of return and an increase in thes of 0.5 percentage points will reduce the fair value by approx. DKK 17,2m as per the mentioning in the annual report's notes for investment properties.

#### **Events after the balance sheet date**

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

## **Income statement for 2020**

		2020	2019
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Gross profit/loss		(2,794,053)	(1,755,529)
Fair value adjustments of investment property		0	61,503
Operating profit/loss		(2,794,053)	(1,694,026)
Other financial income		0	22,184
Financial expenses from group enterprises		(5,882,819)	(7,212,061)
Other financial expenses		(1,059,217)	(51,911)
Profit/loss before tax		(9,736,089)	(8,935,814)
Tax on profit/loss for the year	2	1,567,196	1,961,000
Profit/loss for the year		(8,168,893)	(6,974,814)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss			
Retained earnings		(8,168,893)	(6,974,814)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		(8,168,893)	(6,974,814)

## Balance sheet at 31.12.2020

#### **Assets**

		2020	2019
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Investment property		133,000,000	133,000,000
Property, plant and equipment	3	133,000,000	133,000,000
Fixed assets		133,000,000	133,000,000
Receivables from group enterprises		0	37,000
Deferred tax		3,788,000	2,398,804
Other receivables		7,118,335	655,770
Receivables		10,906,335	3,091,574
Cash		5,051	0
Current assets		10,911,386	3,091,574
Assets		143,911,386	136,091,574

#### **Equity and liabilities**

		2020	2019
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Contributed capital		50,000	50,000
Retained earnings		(18,553,263)	(10,384,370)
Equity		(18,503,263)	(10,334,370)
Mortgage debt		2,863,200	2,971,873
Non-current liabilities other than provisions	4	2,863,200	2,971,873
Current portion of non-current liabilities other than provisions	4	108,672	108,105
Bank loans		0	169,727
Deposits		40,500	38,500
Prepayments received from customers		2,000	10,500
Trade payables		1,652,760	1,485,215
Payables to group enterprises		148,868,849	141,294,030
Other payables		8,878,668	347,994
Current liabilities other than provisions		159,551,449	143,454,071
Liabilities other than provisions		162,414,649	146,425,944
Equity and liabilities		143,911,386	136,091,574
Going concern	1		
Contingent liabilities	5		
Assets charged and collateral	6		
Group relations	7		

## Statement of changes in equity for 2020

	Contributed capital DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	50,000	(10,384,370)	(10,334,370)
Profit/loss for the year	0	(8,168,893)	(8,168,893)
Equity end of year	50,000	(18,553,263)	(18,503,263)

## **Notes**

#### 1 Going concern

The Company has lost all its share capital and the Company expects to be able to reestablish the entire share capital through its own earnings in the coming years. Management believes that the Company, through its own earnings, can maintain capital reserves for continued operations. Until the The Mother Company will support The Company financially.

#### 2 Tax on profit/loss for the year

	2020	2019
	DKK	DKK
Current tax	0	(190,000)
Change in deferred tax	(1,567,196)	(1,776,000)
Adjustment concerning previous years	0	5,000
	(1,567,196)	(1,961,000)

#### 3 Property, plant and equipment

	Investment
	property
	DKK
Cost beginning of year	132,803,404
Cost end of year	132,803,404
Fair value adjustments beginning of year	196,596
Fair value adjustments end of year	196,596
Carrying amount end of year	133,000,000

As described under accounting policies, investment properties are measured at fair value using the return-based model. The average required rate of return of the Company's properties is 3.30% at 31.12.2020 as last year. An increase of the required rate of return of 0.5 percentage points would reduce the total fair value by DKK 17.2m. A reduction of the required rate of return of 0.5 percentage points would increase the value by DKK 23.3m.

The size of the properties is 1,754 m2. The properties are situated in Copenhagen. The actual rent per m2 of properties amounts to DKK 2.754 ,against DKK 2.636 last year. The property has undergone improvements and is valued from a normalized operation.

The fair value of the Company's investment properties amounts to DKK 133.000 at the balance sheet date there has been no change in the fair value.

No external valuation expert has been engaged to determine the fair value.

#### 4 Non-current liabilities other than provisions

			Due after	
	Due within 12	Due within 12	more than 12	Outstanding
	months	months	months	after 5 years
	2020	2019	2020	2020
	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Mortgage debt	108,672	108,105	2,863,200	2,421,536
	108,672	108,105	2,863,200	2,421,536

#### **5 Contingent liabilities**

The Entity participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement where Euro Economics ApS serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities, and for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed entities. The jointly taxed entities' total known net liability under the joint taxation arrangement is disclosed in the administration company's financial statements.

#### 6 Assets charged and collateral

Mortgage debt is secured by way of mortgage on properties.

The carrying amount of mortgaged properties is DKK 133,000k.

The Company guarantees for all mortgage debt of the group enterprises below:

Euro Economics ApS - Central Business Registration No 32763138

Euro Economics I ApS - Central Business Registration No 36730862

Euro Economics II ApS - Central Business Registration No 36074698

Euro Economics III ApS - Central Business Registration No 3278882

Euro Economics IV ApS - Central Business Registration No 37362670

Euro Economics V ApS - Central Business Registration No 37546208

Euro Economics VII ApS - Central Business Registration No 38428276

Euro Economics VIII ApS - Central Business Registration No 38472739

Euro Economics IX ApS - Central Business Registration No 38667629

Euro Economics X ApS - Central Business Registration No 20805285

Euro Economics XI ApS - Central Business Registration No 40304118

Euro Economics XII ApS - Central Business Registration No 40475370

#### **7 Group relations**

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the largest group:

Euro Economics ApS

Amaliegade 22, 1

1256 København K

Central Business Registration No 32763138

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the smallest group:

Euro Economics ApS

Amaliegade 22, 1

1256 København K

Central Business Registration No 32763138

Copies of the consolidated financial statements of Euro Economics ApS may be ordered at the following address: Amaliegade 22, 1 1256 København K

## **Accounting policies**

#### **Reporting class**

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

#### **Recognition and measurement**

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

#### **Income statement**

#### Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprises revenue, other operating income, cost of raw materials and consumables and external expenses.

#### Revenue

Revenue consists of rental income from renting of tenency to businesses and private. Rental income is recognized in the income statement according to the maturity principle.

#### Fair value adjustments of investment property

Fair value adjustments of investment property comprise adjustments for the financial year of the Entity's investment properties measured at fair value at the balance sheet date.

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs, etc. This item also includes writedowns of receivables recognised in current assets.

#### Other financial income

Other financial income comprises dividends etc received on other investments, interest income, including

interest income on receivables from group enterprises, net capital or exchange gains on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets, and tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

#### Financial expenses from group enterprises

Financial expenses from group enterprises comprise interest expenses etc from payables to group enterprises.

#### Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, etc.

#### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Entity is jointly taxed with all Danish group enterprises. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

#### **Balance sheet**

#### Investment property

On initial recognition, investment properties are measured at cost consisting of the acquisition price of the properties plus directly related acquisition costs.

Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at fair value which is equivalent to the amount at which the individual property may be sold to an independent buyer at the balance sheet date.

Fair value is determined by applying the yield-based model as the calculated value in use of expected cash flows from each property. The calculation is based on budgeted net earnings for the next year that has been adjusted to normal earnings, and using a required yield rate that reflects current market yield rates for similar properties. The value is adjusted for factors not reflected in normal earnings, for example, actual vacancy rate, major refurbishments etc.

The financial year's adjustments of the properties' fair value are recognised in the income statement.

#### **Receivables**

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

#### **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value is calculated based on the planned use of each asset. However, no deferred tax is recognised for amortisation of goodwill disallowed for tax purposes and temporary differences arising at the date of acquisition that do not result from a business combination and that do not have any effect on profit or loss or on taxable income.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

#### Cash

Cash comprises bank deposits.

#### Mortgage debt

At the time of borrowing, mortgage debt to mortgage credit institutions is measured at cost which corresponds to the proceeds received less transaction costs incurred. Mortgage debt is subsequently measured at amortised cost. This means that the difference between the proceeds at the time of borrowing and the nominal repayable amount of the loan is recognised in the income statement as a financial expense over the term of the loan applying the effective interest method.

#### Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

#### **Prepayments received from customers**

Prepayments received from customers comprise amounts received from customers prior to delivery of the goods agreed or completion of the service agreed.