

# **April Coffee Roasters ApS**

**Refhalevej 164A, 1432 København K**

**Company reg. no. 38 10 86 46**

## **Annual report**

**1 January - 31 December 2018**

The annual report was submitted and approved by the general meeting on the 31 May 2019.

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**Patrik Rolf Karlsson**  
Chairman of the meeting

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Notes:

- To ensure the greatest possible applicability of this document, British English terminology has been used.
- Please note that decimal points have not been used in the usual English way. This means that for instance DKK 146.940 means the amount of DKK 146,940, and that 23,5 % means 23.5 %.

## **Management's report**

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The managing director has today presented the annual report of April Coffee Roasters ApS for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2018.

The annual report has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

I consider the accounting policies used appropriate, and in my opinion the annual accounts provide a true and fair view of the company's assets and liabilities and its financial position at 31 December 2018 and of the company's results of its activities in the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2018.

I am of the opinion that the management's review includes a fair description of the issues dealt with.

The annual report is recommended for approval by the general meeting.

København K, 29 May 2019

**Managing Director**

Patrik Rolf Karlsson

## **Independent auditor's report**

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### **To the shareholders of April Coffee Roasters ApS**

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the annual accounts of April Coffee Roasters ApS for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2018, which comprise accounting policies used, profit and loss account, balance sheet and notes. The annual accounts are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the annual accounts give a true and fair view of the company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2018 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2018 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with international standards on auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the below section "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the annual accounts". We are independent of the company in accordance with international ethics standards for accountants (IESBA's Code of Ethics) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these standards and requirements. We believe that the audit evidence obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **The management's responsibilities for the annual accounts**

The management is responsible for the preparation of annual accounts that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. The management is also responsible for such internal control as the management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of annual accounts that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the annual accounts, the management is responsible for evaluating the company's ability to continue as a going concern, and, when relevant, disclosing matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting when preparing the annual accounts, unless the management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or if it has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### **Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the annual accounts**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the annual accounts as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report including an opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with international standards on auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements may arise due to fraud or error and may be considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions made by users on the basis of the annual accounts.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with international standards on auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional evaluations and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

## **Independent auditor's report**

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- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement in the annual accounts, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures in response to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting a misstatement resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of the internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used by the management and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the management's preparation of the annual accounts being based on the going concern principle and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may raise significant doubt about the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the annual accounts or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the annual accounts, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the annual accounts reflect the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in the internal control that we identify during our audit.

### **Statement on the management's review**

The management is responsible for the management's review.

Our opinion on the annual accounts does not cover the management's review, and we do not express any kind of assurance opinion on the management's review.

In connection with our audit of the annual accounts, our responsibility is to read the management's review and in that connection consider whether the management's review is materially inconsistent with the annual accounts or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or whether it otherwise appears to contain material misstatement.

## **Independent auditor's report**

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Furthermore, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we believe that the management's review is in accordance with the annual accounts and that it has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Acts. We did not find any material misstatement in the management's review.

Copenhagen, 29 May 2019

### **Grant Thornton**

State Authorised Public Accountants  
Company reg. no. 34 20 99 36

### **Claus Carlsen**

State Authorised Public Accountant  
mne23451

## Company data

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### **The company**

April Coffee Roasters ApS  
Refhalevej 164A  
1432 København K

Company reg. no. 38 10 86 46  
Established: 14 October 2016  
Financial year: 1 January - 31 December

### **Managing Director**

Patrik Rolf Karlsson

### **Auditors**

Grant Thornton, Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab  
Stockholmsgade 45  
2100 København Ø

## **Management's review**

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### **The principal activities of the company**

The company's main business is to shake and sell coffee and related business.

### **Development in activities and financial matters**

The gross profit for the year is DKK 919.576 against DKK 628.689 last year. The results from ordinary activities after tax are DKK 101.899 against DKK 241.929 last year. The management consider the results satisfactory.

## Accounting policies used

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The annual report for April Coffee Roasters ApS is presented in accordance with those regulations of the Danish Financial Statements Act concerning companies identified as class B enterprises.

The accounting policies used are unchanged compared to last year, and the annual accounts are presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

### Recognition and measurement in general

Income is recognised in the profit and loss account concurrently with its realisation, including the recognition of value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. Likewise, all costs, these including depreciation, amortisation, writedown, provisions, and reversals which are due to changes in estimated amounts previously recognised in the profit and loss account are recognised in the profit and loss account.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when the company is liable to achieve future, financial benefits and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the company is liable to lose future, financial benefits and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

At the first recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Later, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain fixed asset investments and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, by which method a fixed, effective interest is recognised during the useful life of the asset or the liability. Amortised cost is recognised as the original cost with deduction of any payments and additions/deductions of the accrued amortisation of the difference between cost and nominal amount. In this way capital losses and capital profits are spread over the useful life.

At recognition and measurement, such predictable losses and risks are taken into consideration, which may appear before the annual report is presented, and which concerns matters existing on the balance sheet date.

## The profit and loss account

### Gross profit

The gross profit comprises the net turnover, changes in inventories of finished goods and work in progress, work performed for own purposes and capitalised, other operating income, and external costs.

The net turnover is recognised in the profit and loss account if delivery and risk transfer to the buyer have taken place before the end of the year, and if the income can be determined reliably and is expected to be received. The net turnover is recognised exclusive of VAT and taxes and with the deduction of any discounts granted in connection with the sale.

## **Accounting policies used**

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Costs of sales includes costs for the purchase of raw materials and consumables less discounts and changes in inventories.

Other external costs comprise costs for distribution, sales, advertisement, administration, premises, loss on debtors, and operational leasing costs.

### **Staff costs**

Staff costs include salaries and wages including holiday allowances, pensions and other costs for social security etc. for staff members. Staff costs are less public reimbursements.

### **Net financials**

Net financials include interest income and expenses. Financial income and expenses are recognised in the profit and loss account with the amounts that concerns the financial year.

Interest and other costs concerning loans for financing the production of intangible and tangible fixed assets and concerning the production period are not recognised in the cost of the fixed asset.

### **Tax of the results for the year**

The tax for the year comprises the current tax for the year and the changes in deferred tax, and it is recognised in the profit and loss account with the share referring to the results for the year and directly in the equity with the share referring to entries directly on the equity.

## **The balance sheet**

### **Inventories**

Inventories are measured at cost on basis of measured average prices. In case the net realisable value is lower than the cost, writedown takes place at this lower value.

The cost for trade goods, raw materials, and consumables comprises the acquisition cost with the addition of the delivery costs.

### **Debtors**

Debtors are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to face value. In order to meet expected losses, writedown takes place at the net realisable value.

### **Available funds**

Available funds comprise cash at bank and in hand.

### **Liabilities**

Other liabilities are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

## Profit and loss account 1 January - 31 December

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All amounts in DKK.

<u>Note</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
<b>Gross profit</b>	<b>919.576</b>	<b>628.689</b>
1 Staff costs	-738.021	-297.026
<b>Operating profit</b>	<b>181.555</b>	<b>331.663</b>
Other financial income	113	1.095
Other financial costs	-45.823	-20.165
<b>Results before tax</b>	<b>135.845</b>	<b>312.593</b>
Tax on ordinary results	-33.946	-70.664
<b>Results for the year</b>	<b>101.899</b>	<b>241.929</b>
<b>Proposed distribution of the results:</b>		
Allocated to results brought forward	101.899	241.929
<b>Distribution in total</b>	<b>101.899</b>	<b>241.929</b>

**Balance sheet 31 December**

All amounts in DKK.

<b>Assets</b>		
<u>Note</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
<b>Fixed assets</b>		
Deposits	3.000	3.000
Financial fixed assets in total	3.000	3.000
<b>Fixed assets in total</b>	<b>3.000</b>	<b>3.000</b>
<b>Current assets</b>		
Raw materials and consumables	152.464	183.313
Inventories in total	152.464	183.313
Trade debtors	308.936	277.394
Other debtors	50.579	33.216
Debtors in total	359.515	310.610
Available funds	499.068	343.623
<b>Current assets in total</b>	<b>1.011.047</b>	<b>837.546</b>
<b>Assets in total</b>	<b>1.014.047</b>	<b>840.546</b>

**Balance sheet 31 December**

All amounts in DKK.

<b>Equity and liabilities</b>			
<u>Note</u>		<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
<b>Equity</b>			
2	Contributed capital	186.250	186.250
3	Results brought forward	343.830	241.931
	<b>Equity in total</b>	<b><u>530.080</u></b>	<b><u>428.181</u></b>
<b>Liabilities</b>			
	Trade creditors	304.861	306.470
	Corporate tax	33.946	70.664
	Other debts	145.160	35.231
	Short-term liabilities in total	<u>483.967</u>	<u>412.365</u>
	<b>Liabilities in total</b>	<b><u>483.967</u></b>	<b><u>412.365</u></b>
	<b>Equity and liabilities in total</b>	<b><u>1.014.047</u></b>	<b><u>840.546</u></b>

## Notes

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All amounts in DKK.

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
<b>1. Staff costs</b>		
Salaries and wages	607.190	289.790
Other costs for social security	7.668	5.396
Other staff costs	<u>123.163</u>	<u>1.840</u>
	<b><u>738.021</u></b>	<b><u>297.026</u></b>
Average number of employees	<u>2</u>	<u>1</u>
<b>2. Contributed capital</b>		
Contributed capital 1 January 2018	<u>186.250</u>	<u>186.250</u>
	<b><u>186.250</u></b>	<b><u>186.250</u></b>
<b>3. Results brought forward</b>		
Results brought forward 1 January 2018	241.931	0
Profit or loss for the year brought forward	<u>101.899</u>	<u>241.931</u>
	<b><u>343.830</u></b>	<b><u>241.931</u></b>

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## Patrik Rolf Karlsson

Direktør og dirigent

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