# **REVINORD**



# **Quattrolifts Europe ApS**

CVR-nr. 38069462

Gødding Møllevej 3

7183 Randbøl

Annual Report 2020/21

**Chamber of Commerce** 

The Annual Report has been approved at the annual Shareholders meeting

The 22. november 2021

Chairmann: Ricardo Carlei



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## Statement by the Executive

Today the Board of Executives have discussed and approved the Annual Report for the period 1. juli 2020 - 30. juni 2021 for Quattrolifts Europe ApS.

The Annual Report has been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position and of the result of the Company's operations.

The Managements Review contains, in our opinion, a fair statement about the conditions the review contains.

Audit of the annual report has been deselected. The Company comply with the terms.

We recommend approval of the annual report at the annual general meeting.

Randbøl, den 22. november 2021

Board of Executives

Ricardo Carlei

## Auditor's report on compilation of the annual accounts

To the shareholders of Quattrolifts Europe ApS

We have compiled the annual accounts of Quattrolifts Europe ApS for the period 1. juli 2020 - 30. juni 2021 based upon the bookkeeping of the company and on additional information provided by you.

The annual accounts comprise the accounting policies used, profit and loss account, balance sheet and notes.

We performed this engagement in accordance with ISRS 4410, Compilation Engagements.

We have applied our professional expertise to assist you in the preparation and presentation of the annual accounts in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. We have complied with relevant requirements of the Danish Act on Approved Auditors and Audit Firms and with ethical requirements of the Danish Institute of State Authorised Public Accountants, including principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care.

The annual accounts and the accuracy and completeness of the information used to compile them are your responsibility.

Since a compilation engagement is not an assurance engagement, we are not required to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information you provided to us to compile the annual accounts. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opnion or a review conclusion on whether the annual accounts are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Skodsborg, den 22. november 2021

### **REVINORD**

Kettebakken 11 2942 Skodsborg Cvr 16347299

René Georg Sørensen Chartered Public Accountant mne 17730

# Ledelsesberetning

#### **Principal Activities**

The purpose of the company is to develop and sell innovative tools, equipment and machinery for the contruction and industrial industry as well as any other business the executive finds appropriate.

#### Evolution of operations and financial position

The result for the period is considered as dissatisfactory. The Executives expects a profit for the year to come.

The Company is subject to the capital loss provisions of the Companies Act, as the share capital has been lost. The management expects the share capital will be re-established by future earnings.

Furthermore the Executive informs that Debt to Parent Company refrains for other creditors and debt.

#### **Events after the Reporting Period**

No significant events have occurred, since the end of fiscal year which could affect the financial situation of the company.

## **Financial Report**

## **Accounting Policies**

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applying to reporting class B-enterprises under the Danish Financial Statements Act. The accounting policies used are consistent with those of last year.

#### **Recognition and measurement**

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be reliably measured.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when an outflow of economic benefits is probable and when the liability can be reliably measured.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual item.

In recognising and measuring assets and liabilities, any gains, losses and risks occurring prior to the presentation of the annual report that evidence conditions existing at the balance sheet date are taken into account.

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost. Equally, costs incurred to generate the year's earnings are recognised, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment and provisions as well as reversals as a result of changes in accounting estimates of amounts which were previously recognised in the income statement.

#### **Foreign currency translation**

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and at the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivables and payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and at the date at which the receivable or payable arose is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

#### **Income statement**

#### **Gross profit**

Revenue, cost of sales and external charges are aggregated into one item called gross profit which is in accordance with section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

The aggregation is made as the management is of the opinion that information on revenue and thereby gross margin will be detrimental to the company. Revenue from the sale of services is recognised in the income statement provided that transfer of risk to the buyer has taken place before year end. Revenue is measured ex. VAT, and taxes and less discounts granted in connection with the sale.

Cost of sales comprises costs incurred to generate revenue for the year. Other external charges comprise distribution costs, sale, advertisements, administration, premises, bad debt losses, etc.

#### Staff expenses

Staff expenses comprise wages and salaries, pensions, etc. for the company's employees, including Executive Board remuneration. Staff costs also comprise expenses attributable to the company's own development activities and are therefore recognised in the income statement as incurred.

#### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses comprise interest income and expense, payables and transactions denominated in foreign currencies.

#### **Corporate taxes**

Corporate taxes comprises the actual corporate tax on taxable income and changes in deferred tax.



#### <u>Balancen</u>

#### Receivables

Receivables includes trade receivables and other receivables are measured at amortised cost. Write-down is made for bad debt losses.

#### **Equity - dividends**

Proposed dividends are recognised as a liability at the date when they are adopted at the annual general meeting (declaration date). The expected dividend payment for the year is disclosed as a separate item under equity.

#### Corporation tax and deferred tax

Current tax payable and receivable is recognised in the balance sheet as tax computed on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income of prior years and for tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax base of assets and liabilities. Where alternative tax rules, e.g. regarding shares, can be applied to determine the tax base, deferred tax is measured based on the Management's planned use of the asset or settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised at the expected value of their utilisation; either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity. Any deferred tax assets are measured at net realisable value.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. The change in deferred tax as a result of changes in tax rates is recognised in the income statement.

#### Liabilities other than provisions

Liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

# **Income Statement**

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	Note	2020/21	2019/20
Gross Profit / Loss	1	-189.264	-134.908
Staff Expenditures	2	-105.750	-184.304
<b>Operating Profit / Loss</b>	-	-295.014	-319.212
Other Financial Expenses		-3.697	-4.661
Profit / Loss before Corporate Tax	-	-298.711	-323.873
Corporate Tax		0	0
Profit / Loss for the Period	=	-298.711	-323.873
Distribution of the Profit / Loss for the Period			
Retained Earnings		-298.711	-323.873
Proposed Dividend		0	0
	-	-298.711	-323.873

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# Balancesheet as of 30. juni 2021

	Note	2020/21	2019/20
ASSETS	-		
Other Receivables		14.123	15.372
Cash at Bank	-	0	97.479
Total Current Assets	-	14.123	112.851
TOTAL ASSETS	=	14.123	112.851

# EQUITY AND LIABILITES

Company Issued Capital	50.000	50.000
Retained Earnings	-1.349.112	-1.050.401
Proposed Dividend	0	0
Total Equity	-1.299.112	-1.000.401
Intercompany balance with parent company	1.282.969	1.087.516
Other Liabilities	30.266	25.736
Gældsforpligtelser i alt	1.313.235	1.113.252
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILIIES	14.123	112.851

Contingencies and Provisions

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## Notes

#### 1. Going Concen

The Company is subject to the capital loss provisions of the Companies Act, as the share capital has been lost. The management expects the share capital will be re-established by future earnings.

Furthermore the Executive informs that Debt to Parent Company refrains for other creditors and debt. Under these conditions the Financial Report is filed as Going Concern.

2. Staff Expenditures	2020/21	2019/20
Wages and Salaries	105.750	184.304
Other Staff Costs	0	0
	105.750	184.304
Average number of Employees	1	1

#### 3. Contingencies and Provisions

None other than regular warranties on sold machines.