# Berlin Wohnungs Invest K/S

Gl. Torv 2, 1. 4., DK-5800 Nyborg

# Annual Report for 1 January - 31 December 2022

CVR No 38 03 03 96

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company on 2 /5 2023

Jesper Kim Pedersen Chairman of the General Meeting



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## **Management's Statement**

The Executive Board has today considered and adopted the Annual Report of Berlin Wohnungs Invest K/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements and the Consolidated Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2022 of the Company and the Group and of the results of the Company and Group operations and of consolidated cash flows for 2022.

In our opinion, Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the Review.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Nyborg, 2 May 2023

#### **Executive Board**

Komplementaranpartsselskabet for Berlin Wohnungs Invest



## **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Shareholders of Berlin Wohnungs Invest K/S

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and the Parent Company at 31 December 2022 and of the results of the Group's and the Parent Company's operations and of consolidated cash flows for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements of Berlin Wohnungs Invest K/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies, for both the Group and the Parent Company, as well as consolidated statement of cash flows ("the Financial Statements").

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financials Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.



### **Independent Auditor's Report**

#### Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Group or the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
  material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's and the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the



## **Independent Auditor's Report**

audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Odense, 2 May 2023 **PricewaterhouseCoopers** Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab *CVR No 33 77 12 31* 

Line Hedam statsautoriseret revisor mne27768 Brian Petersen statsautoriseret revisor mne33722



## **Company Information**

**The Company** Berlin Wohnungs Invest K/S

Gl. Torv 2, 1. 4. DK-5800 Nyborg

CVR No: 38 03 03 96

Financial period: 1 January - 31 December

Municipality of reg. office: Nyborg

**Executive Board** Komplementaranpartsselskabet for Berlin Wohnungs Invest

**Auditors** PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Munkebjergvænget 1, 3. og 4. sal

DK-5230 Odense M



## **Financial Highlights**

Seen over a five-year period, the development of the Group is described by the following financial highlights:

	Group				
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK
Key figures					
Profit/loss					
Revenue	40,594	37,860	35,462	34,389	25,676
Gross profit/loss	-69,998	102,693	81,280	129,719	80,845
Operating profit/loss	-75,225	97,584	77,180	125,024	76,967
Profit/loss before financial income and					
expenses	-75,120	97,584	77,180	125,024	76,967
Net financials	-12,332	-14,258	-14,267	-12,207	-8,221
Net profit/loss for the year	-87,122	83,984	60,805	112,290	68,687
Balance sheet					
Balance sheet total	956,561	1,041,087	938,084	829,394	708,879
Equity	441,195	528,453	444,912	404,194	303,064
Cash flows					
Cash flows from:					
- operating activities	9,618	926	5,801	1,030	9,929
- investing activities	-10,776	-27,804	-57,632	-23,914	-70,072
including investment in property, plant and					
equipment	-4,280	-27,595	-41,299	-13,982	-68,944
- financing activities	3,681	23,268	67,610	26,081	38,160
Change in cash and cash equivalents for the					
year	2,523	-3,610	15,779	3,197	-21,983
Number of employees	12	13	11	7	8
Ratios					
Gross margin	-172.4%	271.2%	229.2%	377.2%	314.9%
Profit margin	-185.1%	257.7%	217.6%	363.6%	299.8%
Return on assets	-7.9%	9.4%	8.2%	15.1%	10.9%
Solvency ratio	46.1%	50.8%	47.4%	48.7%	42.8%
Return on equity	-18.0%	17.3%	14.3%	31.8%	28.5%



### **Management's Review**

#### **Primary activities**

The Group's objective and activity consists of investment in rental property, primarily residential property situated in Berlin. The investments are made through German companies. The parent owns shares and handles the administration.

#### Development in activities and finances

The Group's profit for the year amounts to DKK -87,452 thousand before tax, DKK -87,122 thousand after tax, and DKK -82,190 thousand after Minority interests. The profit excl. value adjustment of investment properties is considered satisfactory and in line with the expectations for the year. The profit for the year is negatively affected by a value adjustment of the investment properties of DKK -98,044 thousand, due to a higher market yield rate for residential investment properties at 31 December 2022.

Equity incl. minority interests amounts to DKK 441,195 thousand at 31 December 2022 compared to a consolidated balance sheet total of DKK 956,561 thousand.

#### Outlook

Net revenue in 2023 is expected to increase by 4-5% as a result of expected rent adjustment. Profit in 2023 before value adjustment of properties, tax and Minority interest is expected to increase by 40-60% due to the increase in revenue and lower financial costs.

#### Particular risks

The Company and the Group are affected by the interest development and the general development on the property market in Berlin

#### **Events after the balance sheet date**

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

The added market uncertainties i.a. as a result of rising energy prices, requirements due to climate change and the crisis in Ukraine have been subsumed in the valuation of investment properties based on best estimates.



## **Income Statement 1 January - 31 December**

		Group		Parent Cor	mpany
	Note	2022	2021	2022	2021
		TDKK	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK
Revenue		40,594	37,860	0	0
Value adjustments of assets held for	or				
investment		-98,044	78,164	0	0
Other operating income		105	0	0	0
Property costs		-7,430	-6,867	0	0
Other external expenses	_	-5,223	-6,464	-1,166	-1,223
Gross profit/loss		-69,998	102,693	-1,166	-1,223
Staff expenses  Depreciation, amortisation and	1	-4,892	-4,980	-327	-673
impairment of intangible assets and	[				
property, plant and equipment	2	-230	-129	0	0
Profit/loss before financial incom	е				
and expenses		-75,120	97,584	-1,493	-1,896
Income from investments in					
subsidiaries		0	0	-80,746	78,260
Financial income	3	52	177	144	84
Financial expenses	-	-12,384	-14,435	-95	-90
Profit/loss before tax		-87,452	83,326	-82,190	76,358
Tax on profit/loss for the year	4	330	658	0	0
Net profit/loss for the year	-	-87,122	83,984	-82,190	76,358



## **Balance Sheet 31 December**

## Assets

		Grou	р	Parent Cor	npany
	Note	2022	2021	2022	2021
		TDKK	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK
Investment properties	6	900,038	993,761	0	0
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and					
equipment	5	654	370	0	0
Property, plant and equipment	-	900,692	994,131	0	0
Investments in subsidiaries	7	0	0	362,940	443,546
Other investments	8	3	87	0	84
Deposits	8	6,464	6,332	0	0
Other receivables	8	6,494	583	598	583
Fixed asset investments	-	12,961	7,002	363,538	444,213
Fixed assets	-	913,653	1,001,133	363,538	444,213
Raw materials and consumables	_	336	133	0	0
Inventories	-	336	133	0	0
Trade receivables		1,591	1,615	0	0
Receivables from group enterprises		0	0	23,075	24,532
Other receivables		1,681	1,534	0	124
Prepayments	9 _	455	394	0	0
Receivables	-	3,727	3,543	23,075	24,656
Cash at bank and in hand	-	38,845	36,278	277	410
Currents assets	-	42,908	39,954	23,352	25,066
Assets	_	956,561	1,041,087	386,890	469,279



## **Balance Sheet 31 December**

## Liabilities and equity

		Group	p	Parent Cor	npany
	Note	2022	2021	2022	2021
		TDKK	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK
Contributed capital	10	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000
Reserve for net revaluation under the equity method	е	0	0	219,632	300,239
Reserve for exchange rate		O	· ·	210,002	000,200
conversion		-1,546	-1,580	0	0
Retained earnings		238,163	320,248	16,985	18,429
Equity attributable to shareholder	'S				
of the Parent Company		386,617	468,668	386,617	468,668
Minority interests		54,578	59,785	0	0
Equity		441,195	528,453	386,617	468,668
Mortgage loans		322,513	392,524	0	0
Payables to owners and					
Management		0	91,000	0	0
Deposits		6,476	6,343	0	0
Long-term debt	12	328,989	489,867	0	0
Mortgage loans	12	175,996	11,344	0	0
Trade payables		4,875	5,605	261	396
Corporation tax		925	1,636	0	0
Other payables		2,485	2,483	12	215
Deferred income	13	2,096	1,699	0	0
Short-term debt		186,377	22,767	273	611
Debt	-	515,366	512,634	273	611
Liabilities and equity		956,561	1,041,087	386,890	469,279
	•				
Distribution of profit	11				
Contingent assets, liabilities and					
other financial obligations	16				
Related parties	17				



**Accounting Policies** 

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# **Statement of Changes in Equity**

#### Group

Equity at 1 January Exchange adjustments Other equity movements Net profit/loss for the year Equity at 31 December	Contributed capital TDKK 150,000 0 0 150,000	0 0	Reserve for exchange rate conversion TDKK -1,580 34 0 0	Retained earnings TDKK 320,248 0 105 -82,190 238,163	Equity excl. minority interests  TDKK  468,668  34  105  -82,190  386,617	Minority interests  TDKK  59,785 3 -278 -4,932  54,578	Total TDKK 528,453 37 -173 -87,122 441,195
Parent Company  Equity at 1 January	150,000	300,239	0	18,429	468,668	0	468,668
Exchange adjustments	0	34	0	0	34	0	34
Other equity movements	0	105	0	0	105	0	105
Net profit/loss for the year	0	-80,746	0	-1,444	-82,190	0	-82,190
Equity at 31 December	150,000	219,632	0	16,985	386,617	0	386,617



## Cash Flow Statement 1 January - 31 December

		Group	<b>o</b>
	Note	2022	2021
		TDKK	TDKK
Net profit/loss for the year		-75,120	97,584
Adjustments	14	98,169	-78,035
Change in working capital	15	-911	-4,363
Cash flows from operating activities before financial income and	_		
expenses		22,138	15,186
		,	,
Financial income		52	177
Financial expenses		-12,384	-14,437
Cash flows from ordinary activities	_	9,806	926
Corporation tax paid		-188	0
	-		
Cash flows from operating activities	-	9,618	926
Purchase of investment properties		-4,280	-27,595
Purchase of other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		-843	0
Acquisition of other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		434	0
Acquisition of other fixed asset investment		-5,005	-12
Purchase of minority shares		-1,082	-274
Other cash flows from investing activities	_	0	77
Cash flows from investing activities	_	-10,776	-27,804
Repayment of mortgage loans		-12,747	-55,562
Repayment of payables to owners and management		-91,000	0
Raising of mortgage loans		107,428	78,830
Cash flows from financing activities	_	3,681	23,268
Change in cash and cash equivalents		2,523	-3,610
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January		36,278	39,783
Exchange adjustment of current asset investments		44	105
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December	<u>-</u>	38,845	36,278
Cash and cash equivalents are specified as follows:			
Cash at bank and in hand		38,845	36,278
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December	_	38,845	36,278
	<del>-</del>		



		Group		Parent Company	
		2022	2021	2022	2021
1 Staff expe	ıses	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK
Wages and s	alaries	4,235	4,151	324	670
Pensions		271	315	0	0
Other social s	security expenses	377	340	3	3
Other staff ex	penses	9	174	0	0
		4,892	4,980	327	673
Remuneration	on to the Executive				
Board and B	oard of Directors	788	788	376	530
Average nun	nber of employees	12	13	1	1
and impai	on, amortisation rment of intangible property, plant and				
Depreciation	of property, plant and				
equipment	1 1 7/1	230	129	0	0
		230	129	0	0
3 Financial i	ncome				
Interest recei	ved from group				
enterprises		0	0	120	68
Other financia	al income	31	140	15	14
Exchange ad	iustments	21	37	9	2
		52	177	144	84



		Group		Parent Company	
		2022	2021	2022	2021
4	Tax on profit/loss for the year	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK
	Current tax for the year Adjustment of tax concerning previous	216	136	0	0
	years	-546	-794	0	0
		-330	-658	0	0

## 5 Property, plant and equipment

Group
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Group	Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment
Cost at 1 January	739
Additions for the year	843
Disposals for the year	-671
Cost at 31 December	911
Impairment losses and depreciation at 1 January	369
Depreciation for the year	230
Reversal of impairment and depreciation of sold assets	-342
Impairment losses and depreciation at 31 December	257
Carrying amount at 31 December	654



#### 6 Assets measured at fair value

	Group Investment pro-
	perties TDKK
Cost at 1 January Additions for the year	657,438 4,280
Cost at 31 December	661,718
Value adjustments at 1 January Revaluations for the year	336,323 -98,003
Value adjustments at 31 December	238,320
Carrying amount at 31 December	900,038

#### Assumptions underlying the determination of fair value of investment properties

As described in accounting policies, the Group's investment properties are measured at fair value based on external assessments and management estimates. Management's estimate is based on a rate-of-return model. An external valuer has assisted in the assessment of the properties at a total fair value of DKK 350m. For other properties totaling DKK 550m the fair value has been calculated by management based on previous years valuation by external valuer, key figures from the external assessments and managements own current estimate.

Building projects in progress amount to DKK 0,2m, which is added to cost, or the recoverable amount, if lower.

The Group divided a number of properties into condominiums in 2021. No condominiums have been sold in 2022, and the properties are treated as investment properties until the time, when the Group intends to sell individual condominiums.

The costs related to creation of condominiums have been added to the cost of the properties.

Return on the total property portfolio amounts to an average of 3.6 (2021: 3.2%), with an average price factor of 21 times the annual rent (2021: 25), and an average market price of DKK 17,492 per m2 (2021: 19,289 per m2). If the market price was calculated using an alternative rate of return of 4,0% the fair value would amount to 820m instead.

All the Group's 6 properties are situated in Berlin and are primarily residential properties. Vacancy level for the portfolio is low.



		Parent Co	mpany
		2022	2021
7 Ir	nvestments in subsidiaries	TDKK	TDKK
Co	ost at 1 January	143,308	143,308
Co	ost at 31 December	143,308	143,308
Va	alue adjustments at 1 January	300,238	248,002
E	xchange adjustment	34	-149
Ne	et profit/loss for the year	-80,746	78,257
Di	ividend to the Parent Company	0	-26,026
Of	ther equity movements, net	106	154
Va	alue adjustments at 31 December	219,632	300,238
Ca	arrying amount at 31 December	362,940	443,546

Investments in subsidiaries are specified as follows:

	Place of		Votes and
Name	registered office	Corporate form	ownership
	Germany,		
REK Berlin Wohnungs Invest GmbH & Co. Beteiligungs KG	Berlin	KG	100%

REK Berlin Wohnungs Invest GmbH & Co. Beteiligungs KG owns shares in 6 German subsidiaries. Disclosures on subsidiaries have been omitted in accordance with § 97a of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### 8 Other fixed asset investments

	Group		Parent Company		
	Other investments	Deposits	Other receiv- ables	Other investments	Other receivables
	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK
Cost at 1 January	173	6,332	583	170	583
Additions for the year	0	132	5,911	0	15
Cost at 31 December	173	6,464	6,494	170	598
Impairment losses at 1 January	86	0	0	86	0
Impairment losses for the year	84	0	0	84	0
Impairment losses at 31 December	170	0	0	170	0
Carrying amount at 31 December	3	6,464	6,494	0	598



#### 9 Prepayments

Prepayments consist of prepaid expenses.

#### 10 Contributed capital

The share capital is broken down as follow:

	Number	Nominal value
		TDKK
A-shares	90,000	90,000
B-shares	60,000	60,000
		150,000

		Group		Parent Company	
		2022	2021	2022	2021
11	Distribution of profit	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK
	Reserve for net revaluation under the				
	equity method	0	0	-80,746	78,257
	Minority interests' share of net				
	profit/loss of subsidiaries	-4,932	7,626	0	0
	Retained earnings	-82,190	76,358	-1,444	-1,899
		-87,122	83,984	-82,190	76,358



### 12 Long-term debt

Payments due within 1 year are recognised in short-term debt. Other debt is recognised in long-term debt.

The debt falls due for payment as specified below:

	Group		Parent Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Mortgage loans	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK
After 5 years	84,286	117,707	0	0
Between 1 and 5 years	238,227	274,817	0	0
Long-term part	322,513	392,524	0	0
Within 1 year	175,996	11,344	0	0
	498,509	403,868	0	0
Payables to owners and			_	
Management				
Between 1 and 5 years	0	91,000	0	0
Long-term part	0	91,000	0	0
Within 1 year	0	0	0	0
	0	91,000	0	0
Deposits				
Between 1 and 5 years	6,476	6,343	0	0
Long-term part	6,476	6,343	0	0
Within 1 year	0	0	0	0
	6,476	6,343	0	0

#### 13 Deferred income

Deferred income consists of prepayments from lessees.



	Grou	Group	
	2022	2021	
14 Cash flow statement - adjustments	TDKK	TDKK	
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses, including losses and			
gains on sales	125	129	
Value adjustments of investment property	98,044	-78,164	
	98,169	-78,035	
15 Cash flow statement - change in working capital			
Change in inventories	-204	-88	
Change in receivables	-184	-471	
Change in trade payables, etc	-523	-3,804	
	-911	-4,363	

#### 16 Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

#### Charges and security

The following assets have been placed as security with mortgage credit institutes:

The Group has raised mortgage debt at a carrying amount of DKK 499m at 31 December 2022, which is secured on investment properties at a carrying amount of DKK 900m at 31 December 2022. Deposits under fixed asset investments are held in escrow accounts and cover the deposits paid by the lessees.

#### **Contingent liabilities**

The Group has two investment properties, which are situated on rented land. The lease agreements run until year 2053 and 2065, respectively. At the expiry of the lease agreements, the buildings are passed to the owner of the land with compensation payment according to an expert fair value assessment.

There are obligations to pay rent for the land until at least the year 2065. The obligation is DKK 33m.

A claim has been made for repayment of a reduced rent for a land plot for 2018-2020 total DKK 1.1m. The company has rejected the claim.



### 17 Related parties

#### **Transactions**

The Company has chosen only to disclose transactions which have not been made on an arm's length basis in accordance with section 98(c)(7) of the Danish Financial Statements Act. No transactions with related parties have been made, which are not on arm's length basis.



#### **18 Accounting Policies**

The Annual Report of Berlin Wohnungs Invest K/S for 2022 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to medium-sized enterprises of reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Consolidated and Parent Company Financial Statements for 2022 are presented in TDKK.

#### **Recognition and measurement**

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

#### **Basis of consolidation**

The Consolidated Financial Statements comprise the Parent Company, Berlin Wohnungs Invest K/S, and subsidiaries in which the Parent Company directly or indirectly holds more than 50% of the votes or in which the Parent Company, through share ownership or otherwise, exercises control. Enterprises in which the Group holds between 20% and 50% of the votes and exercises significant influence but not control are classified as associates.

On consolidation, items of a uniform nature are combined. Elimination is made of intercompany income and expenses, shareholdings, dividends and accounts as well as of realised and unrealised profits and losses on transactions between the consolidated enterprises.

The Parent Company's investments in the consolidated subsidiaries are set off against the Parent Company's share of the net asset value of subsidiaries stated at the time of consolidation.



#### 18 Accounting Policies (continued)

#### **Minority interests**

Minority interests form part of the Group's total equity. Upon distribution of net profit, net profit is broken down on the share attributable to minority interests and the share attributable to the shareholders of the Parent Company. Minority interests are recognised on the basis of a remeasurement of acquired assets and liabilities to fair value at the time of acquisition of subsidiaries.

On subsequent changes to minority interests where the Group retains control of the subsidiary, the consideration is recognised directly in equity.

#### **Translation policies**

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Exchange differences arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement. Where foreign exchange transactions are considered hedging of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Fixed assets acquired in foreign currencies are measured at the transaction date rates.

#### **Income Statement**

#### Revenue and Fair value adjustments of investment property

Revenue from property operations includes rental income regarding letting of investment properties and related income from letting out. The lessees contribution to cover the costs of the properties regarding heat supply and contributions to cover operating costs that eventually rest with the lessee are set off against paid costs in the balance sheet as other receivables or payables.

Fair value adjustments of investment property comprise adjustments for the financial year of the Entity's investment properties measured at fair value at the balance sheet date.

#### **Property costs**

Property costs include costs incurred to operate the Entity's properties in the financial year, including repair and maintenance costs, property tax and electricity, water and heating, which are not charged directly from the lessee.



#### 18 Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise indirect expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs, etc.

#### **Staff expenses**

Staff expenses comprise wages and salaries as well as payroll expenses.

#### Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses comprise amortisation, depreciation and impairment of property, plant and equipment.

#### Income from investments in subsidiaries

The item "Income from investments in subsidiaries" in the income statement includes the proportionate share of the profit for the year.

#### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

#### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

The limited partnership is not an independent taxpayer. Consequently, corporate tax is not recognised in the annual report as current and deferred tax are incumbent on the limited partners.

#### **Balance Sheet**

#### Investment properties and other property, plant and equipment

#### Investment properties

Investment properties constitute land and buildings held to earn a return on the invested capital by way of current operating income and/or capital appreciation on sale.

On acquisition investment properties are measured at cost comprising the acquisition price and costs of acquisition



#### 18 Accounting Policies (continued)

After the initial recognition investment properties are measured at fair value. Value adjustments of investment properties are recognised in the income statement.

Fair value is determined by using external assessment and management estimates based on a yield-based model as the calculated value in use of expected cash flows from each property. The calculation is based on budgeted net earnings for the next year that has been adjusted to normal earnings, and using a required yield rate that reflects current market yield rates for similar properties. The value is adjusted for factors not reflected in normal earnings, for example, actual vacancy rate, major refurbishments etc.

#### Other property, plant and equipment

Other property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and less any accumulated impairment losses.

Cost comprises the cost of acquisition and expenses directly related to the acquisition up until the time when the asset is ready for use.

Depreciation based on cost reduced by any residual value is calculated on a straight-line basis over the expected useful lives of the assets, which are:

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment 5-7 years

Depreciation period and residual value are reassessed annually.

#### Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment are reviewed on an annual basis to determine whether there is any indication of impairment other than that expressed by amortisation and depreciation.

If so, the asset is written down to its lower recoverable amount.

#### **Investments in subsidiaries**

Investments in subsidiaries are recognised and measured under the equity method.

The item"Investments in subsidiaries" in the balance sheet include the proportionate ownership share of the net asset value of the enterprises calculated on the basis of the fair values of identifiable net assets at the time of acquisition with deduction or addition of unrealised intercompany profits or losses.

The total net revaluation of investments in subsidiaries is transferred upon distribution of profit to "Reserve for net revaluation under the equity method" under equity. The reserve is reduced by dividend



#### 18 Accounting Policies (continued)

distributed to the Parent Company and adjusted for other equity movements in the subsidiaries.

Subsidiaries with a negative net asset value are recognised at DKK o. Any legal or constructive obligation of the Parent Company to cover the negative balance of the enterprise is recognised in provisions.

#### Other fixed asset investments

Other fixed asset investments consist of other investments, deposits and other receivables.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories consist of fuel oil for the properties. Inventories are measured at cost applying the FIFO method.

#### **Receivables**

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

#### **Prepayments**

Prepayments comprise prepaid expenses concerning rent, insurance premiums, subscriptions and interest.

#### Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

#### **Financial debts**

Loans, such as mortgage loans and loans from credit institutions, are recognised initially at the proceeds received net of transaction expenses incurred. Subsequently, the loans are measured at amortised cost; the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised as an interest expense in the income statement over the loan period.

Other debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

#### **Deferred income**

Deferred income comprises payments received in respect of income in subsequent years.



**18 Accounting Policies** (continued)

#### **Cash Flow Statement**

The cash flow statement shows the Group's cash flows for the year broken down by operating, investing and financing activities, changes for the year in cash and cash equivalents as well as the Group's cash and cash equivalents at the beginning and end of the year.

#### Cash flows from operating activities

Cash flows from operating activities are calculated as the net profit/loss for the year adjusted for changes in working capital and non-cash operating items such as depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses, and provisions. Working capital comprises current assets less short-term debt excluding items included in cash and cash equivalents.

#### Cash flows from investing activities

Cash flows from investing activities comprise cash flows from acquisitions and disposals of intangible assets, property, plant and equipment as well as fixed asset investments.

#### Cash flows from financing activities

Cash flows from financing activities comprise cash flows from the raising and repayment of long-term debt as well as payments to and from shareholders.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise "Cash at bank and in hand".

The cash flow statement cannot be immediately derived from the published financial records.

### **Financial Highlights**

#### **Explanation of financial ratios**

Gross margin

Gross profit x 100
Revenue

Profit margin

Profit before financials x 100
Revenue

Return on assets

Profit before financials x 100
Total assets



## 18 Accounting Policies (continued)

Solvency ratio Equity at year end x 100

Total assets at year end

Return on equity Net profit for the year x 100

Average equity

