Komplementarselskabet AG-NREP Udlejningsboliger ApS

C/O NREP A/S, Southamptongade 4, DK-2150 Nordhavn

Annual Report for 2022

CVR No. 37 97 44 20

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the company on 15/6 2023

Mark Raine Chairman of the general meeting



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Management's statement

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Financial Statements of Komplementarselskabet AG-NREP Udlejningsboliger ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2022 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations and for 2022.

We recommend that the Financial Statements be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 15 June 2023		
Executive Board		
Jakob Flymer		
Board of Directors		
Rune Højby Kock	Thomas Ebbe Riise-Jakobsen	Henrik Skak Bender
Stine Seneberg		



Independent Auditor's report

To the shareholder of Komplementarselskabet AG-NREP Udlejningsboliger ApS

Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2022 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of Komplementarselskabet AG-NREP Udlejningsboliger ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("the Financial Statements").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness
 of the Company's internal control.



Independent Auditor's report

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Hellerup, 15 June 2023

PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR No 33 77 12 31

Mikael Johansen State Authorised Public Accountant mne23318

Kristian Rath State Authorised Public Accountant mne42817



Company information

The Company

Komplementarselskabet AG-NREP Udlejningsboliger ApS C/O NREP A/S Southamptongade 4 DK-2150 Nordhavn CVR No: 37 97 44 20

Financial period: 1 January - 31 December

Incorporated: 31 August 2016 Financial year: 6th financial year Municipality of reg. office: Copenhagen

Board of Directors Rune Højby Kock

Thomas Ebbe Riise-Jakobsen

Henrik Skak Bender Stine Seneberg

Executive board Jakob Flymer

Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Strandvejen 44 2900 Hellerup

Bankers Danske Bank

Lersø Parkallé 100



Income statement 1 January - 31 December

	Note	2022	2021
		DKK	DKK
Gross loss		-76,770	-50,948
Financial income	3	0	598
Financial expenses	4	-11,604	-4,483
Profit/loss before tax	_	-88,374	-54,833
Tax on profit/loss for the year	5	19,709	11,843
Net profit/loss for the year		-68,665	-42,990
Distribution of profit			
		2022	2021
	_	DKK	DKK
Proposed distribution of profit			
Retained earnings	_	-68,665	-42,990
		-68,665	-42,990
	_		



Balance sheet 31 December

Assets

	Note	2022	2021
		DKK	DKK
Deferred tax asset		28,841	15,050
Corporation tax receivable from group enterprises	_	2,188	0
Receivables		31,029	15,050
Cash at bank and in hand	-	26,441	6,420
Current assets	_	57,470	21,470
Assets		57,470	21,470



Balance sheet 31 December

Liabilities and equity

	Note	2022	2021
		DKK	DKK
Share capital		50,000	50,000
Retained earnings		-135,525	-66,860
Equity	-	-85,525	-16,860
Payables to group enterprises		107,867	0
Long-term debt	6	107,867	0
Trade payables		35,128	38,330
Short-term debt	_ _	35,128	38,330
Debt	_	142,995	38,330
Liabilities and equity	_	57,470	21,470
Key activities	1		
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Statement of changes in equity

	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity at 1 January	50,000	-66,860	-16,860
Net profit/loss for the year	0	-68,665	-68,665
Equity at 31 December	50,000	-135,525	-85,525



1. Key activities

The Company's key activity is to be General Partner to the limited partnership K/S AG-NREP Udlejningsboliger and underlying limited partnerships.

		2022	2021
2.	Staff		
Aver	rage number of employees	0	0
		2022	2021
		DKK	DKK
3.	Financial income		
Inte	rest received from group enterprises	0	598
		0	598
		2022	2021
		DKK	DKK
4.	Financial expenses		
Inte	rest paid to group enterprises	7,867	0
Othe	er financial expenses	3,525	4,449
Exch	nange adjustments, expenses	212	34
		11,604	4,483
		2022	2021
		DKK	DKK
5.	Income tax expense		
	-	2.122	
	rent tax for the year	-2,188	11.040
	erred tax for the year	-13,791	-11,843
Aaju	stment of deferred tax concerning previous years	-3,730 -19,709	-11,843
			-11,043



6. Long-term debt

Payments due within 1 year are recognised in short-term debt. Other debt is recognised in long-term debt. The debt falls due for payment as specified below:

)21
KK
0
0
0
0
0

7. Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

Contingent liabilities

The group companies are jointly and severally liable for tax on the jointly taxed incomes etc of the Group as well as for Danish withholding taxes through dividend tax an tax on interest. The total amount of corporation tax payable is disclosed in the Annual Report of Komplementarselskabet NSF II Denmark ApS, which is the management company of the joint taxation purposes.

The Company is a unlimited partner for the limited partnership K/S AG NREP Udlejningsboliger, which means that the Company has an unlimited liability to the partnership's obligations. The partnership's total debt amounts to DKK 24,104,743 at 31 December 2022.

8. Related parties and disclosure of consolidated financial statements

Consolidated Financial Statements

The Company is included in the Group Annual Report of the Parent Company of the smallest group:

Name	Place of registered office
NREP Nordic Strategies Fund II Limited Partnership SCSp	Luxembourg



9. Accounting policies

The Annual Report of Komplementarselskabet AG-NREP Udlejningsboliger ApS for 2022 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected rules applying to reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Financial Statements for 2022 are presented in DKK.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Translation policies

Danish kroner is used as the presentation currency. All other currencies are regarded as foreign currencies.

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Exchange differences arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement. Where foreign exchange transactions are considered hedging of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Income statement

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise expenses for premises, sales and distribution as well as office expenses, etc.

Gross loss

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross profit/loss is calculated as a summary of other operating income and other external expenses.

Other operating income and expenses

Other operating income and other operating expenses comprise items of a secondary nature to the main activities of the Company, including gains and losses on the sale of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.



Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with Group Enterprises. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.

Balance sheet

Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carry-forwards, are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement or in equity if the deferred tax relates to items recognised in equity.

Financial debts

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

