



# **GG Development 4 ApS**

Østergade 1, 1. 1100 Copenhagen CVR No. 37970921

# **Annual report 2019**

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 29.05.2020

**Jacob Kruse Rasmussen** 

Chairman of the General Meeting

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# **Entity details**

# **Entity**

GG Development 4 ApS Østergade 1, 1. 1100 Copenhagen

CVR No.: 37970921

Registered office: Copenhagen

Financial year: 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019

# **Executive Board**

Thomas Færch, CEO

# **Auditors**

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Weidekampsgade 6 P. O. Box 1600 0900 Copenhagen C

# **Statement by Management**

The Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of GG Development 4 ApS for the financial year 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2019 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 29.05.2020

**Executive Board** 

**Thomas Færch** 

CEO

# Independent auditor's report

## To the shareholders of GG Development 4 ApS

# **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of GG Development 4 ApS for the financial year 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2019 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

## **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

# Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 29.05.2020

### **Deloitte**

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No. 33963556

## **Lars Andersen**

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne27762

# **Management commentary**

# **Primary activities**

The principal activities of the company are commerce with real estate or real estate companies and related activities.

# **Development in activities and finances**

The results from ordinary activities after tax is a profit of DKK 11,963,592, compared to a loss of DKK 5,099,168 last year. Management consider the results as satisfactory.

# **Events after the balance sheet date**

In February 2020, the Company's project "Fuglebakkekollegiet" has been sold to an external group of investors.

The outbreak and the spreading of the COVID-19 disease in early 2020 have not had and are not expected to have any material impact on the Entity's financial position.

# **Income statement for 2019**

		2019	2018
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Gross profit/loss		(190,887)	(4,509,934)
Other financial income	2	35,260,389	8,553,123
Financial expenses from group enterprises		(5,874,881)	0
Other financial expenses	3	(12,174,033)	(10,256,558)
Profit/loss before tax		17,020,588	(6,213,369)
Tax on profit/loss for the year	4	(5,056,996)	1,114,201
Profit/loss for the year		11,963,592	(5,099,168)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss			
Retained earnings		11,963,592	(5,099,168)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		11,963,592	(5,099,168)

# **Balance sheet at 31.12.2019**

# **Assets**

		2019	2018
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Investments in group enterprises		0	2,000,000
Deferred tax		0	1,116,862
Other financial assets	5	0	3,116,862
Fixed assets		0	3,116,862
Receivables from group enterprises		96,571,766	63,045,338
Other receivables		56,100	2,056,100
Receivables		96,627,866	65,101,438
Cash		784,614	1,289,034
Current assets		97,412,480	66,390,472
Assets		97,412,480	69,507,334

# **Equity and liabilities**

	Notes	2019 DKK	2018 DKK
Contributed capital		50,000	50,000
Retained earnings		6,851,434	(5,112,158)
Equity		6,901,434	(5,062,158)
Payables to other credit institutions		85,687,059	74,313,294
Trade payables		0	136,699
Payables to group enterprises		3,339,705	47,623
Joint taxation contribution payable		1,443,282	0
Other payables		41,000	71,876
Current liabilities other than provisions		90,511,046	74,569,492
Liabilities other than provisions		90,511,046	74,569,492
Equity and liabilities		97,412,480	69,507,334
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# Statement of changes in equity for 2019

	Contributed capital DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	50,000	(5,112,158)	(5,062,158)
Profit/loss for the year	0	11,963,592	11,963,592
Equity end of year	50,000	6,851,434	6,901,434

# **Notes**

# 1 Events after the balance sheet date

In February 2020, the Company's project "Fuglebakkekollegiet" has been sold to an external group of investors.

# 2 Other financial income

	2019	2018
	DKK	DKK
Financial income from group enterprises	35,260,389	8,553,123
	35,260,389	8,553,123
3 Other financial expenses		
	2019	2018
	DKK	DKK
Financial expenses from group enterprises	795,230	142,086
Other interest expenses	9,163,330	9,148,530
Other financial expenses	2,215,473	965,942
	2,215,473 <b>12,174,033</b>	10,256,558
4 Tax on profit/loss for the year		
	2019	2018
	DKK	DKK
Current tax	1,443,282	0
Change in deferred tax	1,116,862	(1,114,201)
Adjustment concerning previous years	2,496,852	0
	5,056,996	(1,114,201)

# **5 Financial assets**

group enterprises	
DKK	DKK
2,000,000	1,116,862
0	(1,116,862)
2,000,000	0
(2,000,000)	0
(2,000,000)	0
0	0
	group enterprises DKK 2,000,000 0 2,000,000 (2,000,000) (2,000,000)

Investments in subsidiaries			Equity
		Corporate	interest %
	Registered in	form	
Vandværket 1	Copenhagen	ApS	100,0

# **6 Working conditions**

Average number of employees

0

# 7 Contingent liabilities

The Entity participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement where Gefion Group A/S serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities, and for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed entities. The jointly taxed entities' total known net liability under the joint taxation arrangement is disclosed in the administration company's financial statements.

## 8 Assets charged and collateral

As security for payables to other credit institutions, DKK 85,687,059 security has been granted on the equity investment in Vandværket 1 ApS with a book value of DKK 0 at 31 December 2019.

# **9 Group relations**

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the smallest group: Gefion Group A/S, Copenhagen

# **Accounting policies**

# **Reporting class**

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

#### **Consolidated financial statements**

Referring to section 110 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no consolidated financial statements have been prepared.

# **Recognition and measurement**

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

## **Foreign currency translation**

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the rate in effect at the payment date, or the rate at the balance sheet date, are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. Property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, inventories and other nonmonetary assets that have been purchased in foreign currencies are translated using historical rates.

## **Income statement**

## **Gross profit or loss**

Gross profit or loss comprises external expenses.

# Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs, etc. This item also includes writedowns of receivables

recognised in current assets and project costs.

#### Other financial income

Other financial income comprises dividends etc received on other investments, interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises.

# Financial expenses from group enterprises

Financial expenses from group enterprises comprise interest expenses etc from payables to group enterprises.

## Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises.

# Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Entity is jointly taxed with all Danish group enterprises. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

### **Balance sheet**

# Investments in group enterprises

Investments in group enterprises are measured at cost. Investments are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

# **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

## **Receivables**

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

# Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

## Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

# Joint taxation contributions payable or receivable

Current joint taxation contributions receivable or joint taxation contributions payable are recognised in the balance sheet, calculated as tax computed on the taxable income of the year, which has been adjusted for prepaid tax. For tax losses, joint taxation contributions receivable are only recognised if such losses are expected to be used under the joint taxation arrangement.