

# The Cider House ApS

Astershaven 183 c/o Duncan McArthur 2765 Smørumnedre

CVR no. 37 94 95 90

**Annual report for 2022/23** 

(7th Financial year)

Adopted at the annual general meeting on 29 November 2023

Duncan McArthur chairman

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### Statement by management on the annual report

The executive board has today discussed and approved the annual report of The Cider House ApS for the financial year 1 October 2022 - 30 September 2023.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 30 September 2023 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 October 2022 - 30 September 2023.

In my opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

The financial statements have not been audited. Management considers the criteria for not auditing the financial statements to be met.

Management recommends that the annual report should be approved by the company in general meeting.

Smørum, 16 November 2023

#### **Executive board**

Duncan McArthur Director

### Auditor's report on compilation of the financial statements

#### To the shareholder of The Cider House ApS

We have compiled the financial statements of The Cider House ApS for the financial year 1 October 2022 - 30 September 2023 based on the company's bookkeeping records and other information made available by enterprise.

The financial statements comprises a summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes.

We performed the engagement in accordance with ISRS 4410, Compilation Engagements.

We have applied our professional expertise to assist the enterprise in the preparation and presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. We complied with the relevant provisions of the Danish Act on Approved Auditors and with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code), including principles relating to integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care.

The financial statements and the accuracy and completeness of the information used to compile the financial statements are the enterprise's responsibility.

As a compilation engagement is not an assurance engagement, we are not required to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by enterprise for our compilation of the financial statements. Accordingly, we do not express an audit or a review conclusion on whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Næstved, 16 November 2023

KvalitetsRevision Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab CVR no. 36 48 02 54

Martin Bech Ø. Jensen statsautoriseret revisor MNE no. mne34465

## **Company details**

The company The Cider House ApS

Astershaven 183 c/o Duncan McArthur 2765 Smørumnedre

CVR no.: 37 94 95 90

Reporting period: 1 October 2022 - 30 September 2023

Incorporated: 10 August 2016 Financial year: 7th financial year

Domicile: Smørum

**Executive board** Duncan McArthur, director

**Auditors** KvalitetsRevision

Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

Marskvej 27A 4700 Næstved

## Management's review

#### **Business review**

The company's purpose is sale and import of beverages as well as other related business.

#### Financial review

The company's income statement for the year ended 30 September 2023 shows a loss of DKK 11.301, and the balance sheet at 30 September 2023 shows equity of DKK 318.922.

## Significant events occurring after the end of the financial year

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date which could significantly affect the company's financial position.

The annual report of The Cider House ApS for 2022/23 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B, as well as provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those of last year.

The annual report is presented in DKK

#### Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any installments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

#### **Income statement**

#### **Gross profit**

In pursuance of section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company does not disclose its revenue.

Gross profit reflects an aggregation of revenue, changes in inventories of finished goods and work in progress and other operating income less costs of raw materials and consumables and other external expenses.

#### Raw materials and consumables

Costs of raw materials and consumables include the raw materials and consumables used in generating the year's revenue.

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses related to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

#### **Staff costs**

Staff costs include wages and salaries, including compensated absence and pensions, as well as other social security contributions, etc. made to the entity's employees.

#### Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses comprise the year's amortisation, depreciation and impairment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

#### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts that relate to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses, financial expenses relating to finance leases, realised and unrealised capital/exchange gains and losses on securities, liabilities and foreign currency transactions, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities and surcharges and allowances under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme, etc.

#### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which comprises the current tax charge for the year and changes in the deferred tax charge, is recognised in the income statement as regards the portion that relates to the profit/loss for the year and directly in equity as regards the portion that relates to entries directly in equity.

#### **Balance sheet**

#### Tangible assets

Items of plant and machinery and fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The depreciable amount is cost less the expected residual value at the end of the useful life.

Cost comprises the purchase price and any costs directly attributable to the acquisition until the date when the asset is available for use. The cost of self-constructed assets comprises direct and indirect costs of materials, components, sub-suppliers and wages.

Straight-line depreciation is provided on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Assets costing less than DKK 32.000 are expensed in the year of acquisition.

#### **Stocks**

Stocks are measured at cost using the FIFO method. Where the net realisable value is lower than the cost, inventories are recognised at this lower value.

The cost of goods for resale, raw materials and consumables comprises the purchase price plus delivery costs.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress includes the cost of raw materials, consumables, direct cost of labour and production/production overheads.

The net realisable value of stocks is calculated as the expected selling price less direct costs of completion and expenses incurred to effect the sale. The net realisable value is determined taking into account marketability, obsolescence and expected selling price movements.

#### Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amount of intangible assets, items of property, plant and equipment and investments in subsidiaries, associates and participating interests is tested annually for impairment, other than what is reflected through normal amortisation and depreciation.

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable is impaired, an impairment loss for that individual asset is recognised.

#### **Equity**

#### **Dividends**

Proposed dividends are disclosed as a separate item under equity. Dividends are recognised as a liability when declared by the annual general meeting of shareholders.

#### Income tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities and their tax base, calculated on the basis of the planned use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively. Deferred tax is measured at net realisable value.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable in the respective countries at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax adjustments resulting from changes in tax rates are recognised in the income statement, with the exception of items taken directly to equity.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax losses allowed for carry forward, are measured at the value to which the asset is expected to be realised, either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity. Any deferred net tax assets are measured at net realisable value.

#### Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised on the raising of the loan at the proceeds received net of transaction costs incurred. On subsequent recognition, the financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value, using the effective interest method. Accordingly, the difference between the net proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement over the term of the loan.

Other liabilities, which include trade payables, payables to group entities and other payables, are measured at amortised cost, which is usually equivalent to nominal value.

# **Income statement 1 October - 30 September**

	Note	2022/23	2021/22
		DKK	DKK
Gross profit		618.445	502.117
Staff costs	1	-589.991	-352.887
Profit/loss before amortisation/depreciation and impairment losses		28.454	149.230
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment of intangible assets an property, plant and equipment	d	-33.996	-28.264
Profit/loss before net financials		-5.542	120.966
Financial income Financial costs	2	4.127 -9.167	7.916 -11.395
Profit/loss before tax		-10.582	117.487
Tax on profit/loss for the year  Profit/loss for the year	3	-719 - <b>11.301</b>	-28.387 <b>89.100</b>
Recommended appropriation of profit/loss			
Extraordinary dividend for the year		100.000	0
Retained earnings		-111.301	89.100
		-11.301	89.100

# **Balance sheet 30 September**

	Note	2022/23	2021/22
		DKK	DKK
Assets			
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	4	107.540	141.536
Tangible assets		107.540	141.536
Deposits		29.400	24.000
Fixed asset investments		29.400	24.000
Total non-current assets		136.940	165.536
Finished goods and goods for resale		156.142	266.928
Stocks		156.142	266.928
Trade receivables		116.088	52.395
Other receivables		11.054	17.585
Deferred tax asset		2.886	1.591
Corporation tax		2.662	0
Receivables		132.690	71.571
Cash at bank and in hand		203.865	122.815
Total current assets		492.697	461.314
Total assets		629.637	626.850

# **Balance sheet 30 September**

	Note	2022/23 DKK	2021/22 DKK
Equity and liabilities			
Share capital		50.000	50.000
Retained earnings		268.922	380.224
Equity		318.922	430.224
Trade payables		144.532	15.494
Payables to shareholders and management		11.363	18.174
Corporation tax		0	37.276
Other payables		154.820	125.682
Total current liabilities		310.715	196.626
Total liabilities		310.715	196.626
Total equity and liabilities		629.637	626.850

# Statement of changes in equity

			Proposed extra-	
		Retained ear-	ordinary divi-	
	Share capital	nings	dend	Total
Equity at 1 October 2022	50.000	380.223	0	430.223
Ordinary dividend paid	0	0	-100.000	-100.000
Net profit/loss for the year	0	-111.301	100.000	-11.301
Equity at 30 September 2023	50.000	268.922	0	318.922

## Notes

		2022/23	2021/22
_	G. Ma	DKK	DKK
1	Staff costs		
	Wages and salaries	585.315	349.479
	Other social security costs	4.676	3.408
		589.991	352.887
	Average number of employees	1	1
2	Financial costs		
	Other financial costs	2.491	8.186
	Exchange loss	6.676	
		9.167	
2			
3	Tax on profit/loss for the year		
	Current tax for the year	1 205	19.338
	Deferred tax for the year Adjustment of tax concerning previous years	-1.295 2.014	10.095 -1.046
	Adjustment of tax concerning previous years		
		<u>719</u>	28.387
4	Tangible assets		
			Other fixtures
			and fittings,
			tools and
			equipment
	Cost at 1 October 2022		252.566
	Cost at 30 September 2023		252.566

## Notes

	Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment
Impairment losses and depreciation at 1 October 2022	111.030
Depreciation for the year	33.996
Impairment losses and depreciation at 30 September 2023	145.026
Carrying amount at 30 September 2023	107.540

### 5 Contingent liabilities

The company has an agreed upon rent of DKK 6.000, with three months notice. Total liability equals to DKK 18.000.

The company has no further contingent liabilities.

## 6 Mortgages and collateral

As of the balance sheet date, the company has not provided collateral security.