

Novivitae ApS

Grusbakken 18, 2820 Gentofte

Company reg. no. 37 94 08 44

Annual report

1 January - 31 December 2020

The annual report was submitted and approved by the general meeting on the 12 April 2021.

Søren Venderby
Chairman of the meeting

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Notes to users of the English version of this document:

- This document is a translation of a Danish version of the document. In the event of any dispute regarding the interpretation of any part of the document, the Danish version of the document shall prevail.
- To ensure the greatest possible applicability of this document, IAS/IFRS English terminology has been used.
- Please note that decimal points remain unchanged from Danish version of the document. This means that DKK 146.940 corresponds to the English amount of DKK 146,940, and that 23,5 % corresponds to 23.5 %.

Management's report

Today, the managing director has presented the annual report of Novivitae ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020 of Novivitae ApS.

The annual report has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

I consider the accounting policies appropriate and, in my opinion, the financial statements provide a fair presentation of the company's assets, equity and liabilities, and financial position at 31 December 2020 and of the company's results of activities in the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2020.

The managing director board of directors and the executive board consider the conditions for audit exemption of the 2020 financial statements to be met.

We recommend that the annual report be approved by the general meeting.

Gentofte, 12 April 2021

Managing Director

Søren Venderby

Auditor's report on compilation of the financial statements

To the shareholder of Novivitae ApS

We have compiled the financial statements of Novivitae ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020 based on the company's bookkeeping and on further information provided by you.

The financial statements comprise the income statement, statement of financial position, notes and accounting policies.

We performed this engagement in accordance with the international standard ISRS 4410 applying to compilation engagements.

We have applied our professional expertise to assist you in the preparation and presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. We have complied with relevant requirements of the Danish Act on Approved Auditors and Audit Firms and with ethical requirements of the Danish Institute of State Authorised Public Accountants, including principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care.

The financial statements and the accuracy and completeness of the information used to compile them are your responsibility.

As a compilation engagement is not an assurance engagement, we are not required to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information you provided to us in order to compile the financial statements. Accordingly, we express neither an audit opinion nor a review opinion as to whether the financial statements have been compiled in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Hillerød, 12 April 2021

Grant Thornton

State Authorised Public Accountants
Company reg. no. 34 20 99 36

Claus Koskelin

State Authorised Public Accountant
mne30140

Company information

The company

Novivitae ApS
Grusbakken 18
2820 Gentofte

Company reg. no. 37 94 08 44
Established: 18 August 2016
Domicile:
Financial year: 1 January - 31 December

Managing Director

Søren Venderby

Auditors

Grant Thornton, Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Nordstensvej 11
3400 Hillerød

Parent company

AVSP Holding ApS

Income statement 1 January - 31 December

Amounts concerning 2020: DKK.

Amounts concerning 2019: DKK thousand.

<u>Note</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Gross profit	1.827.650	1.186
2 Staff costs	-836.256	-863
Other financial income from group enterprises	0	1
Other financial income	54.217	10
3 Other financial costs	-87.968	-54
Pre-tax net profit or loss	957.643	280
Tax on ordinary results	-234.010	-97
Net profit or loss for the year	723.633	183
Proposed appropriation of net profit:		
Dividend for the financial year	500.000	100
Transferred to retained earnings	223.633	83
Total allocations and transfers	723.633	183

Statement of financial position at 31 December

Amounts concerning 2020: DKK.

Amounts concerning 2019: DKK thousand.

Assets		
<u>Note</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Current assets		
Manufactured goods and trade goods	202.000	70
Total inventories	<u>202.000</u>	<u>70</u>
Trade debtors	194.023	384
Amounts owed by group enterprises	0	18
Other debtors	511.089	6
Total receivables	<u>705.112</u>	<u>408</u>
Available funds	<u>918.449</u>	<u>214</u>
Total current assets	<u>1.825.561</u>	<u>692</u>
Total assets	<u>1.825.561</u>	<u>692</u>

Statement of financial position at 31 December

Amounts concerning 2020: DKK.

Amounts concerning 2019: DKK thousand.

<u>Note</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Equity and liabilities		
Equity		
Contributed capital	50.000	50
Results brought forward	274.426	51
Proposed dividend for the financial year	500.000	100
Total equity	824.426	201
Liabilities other than provisions		
Bank debts	13.956	26
Trade creditors	0	51
Debt to group enterprises	16.842	18
Tax payables to group enterprises	234.010	97
Other debts	736.327	299
Total short term liabilities other than provisions	1.001.135	491
Total liabilities other than provisions	1.001.135	491
Total equity and liabilities	1.825.561	692

- 1 The significant activities of the enterprise
- 4 Contingencies

Notes

Amounts concerning 2020: DKK.

Amounts concerning 2019: DKK thousand.

1. The significant activities of the enterprise

Like previous years, the principal activities is to conduct business in the purchase, import, export, sale, negotiation, etc. of products to the hospital, other dealers and the health care industry and so on, and to run another business, which is in the opinion of the Executive Board related there to.

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
2. Staff costs		
Salaries and wages	830.950	857
Other costs for social security	3.408	4
Other staff costs	<u>1.898</u>	<u>2</u>
	<u>836.256</u>	<u>863</u>
Average number of employees	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>
3. Other financial costs		
Financial costs, group enterprises	648	1
Other financial costs	<u>87.320</u>	<u>53</u>
	<u>87.968</u>	<u>54</u>

4. Contingencies

Joint taxation

With AVSP Holding ApS, company reg. no 37 93 98 89 as administration company, the company is subject to the Danish scheme of joint taxation and unlimitedly, jointly, and severally liable, along with the other jointly taxed companies, for the total corporation tax.

The company is unlimitedly, jointly, and severally liable, along with the other jointly taxed companies, for any obligations to withhold tax on interest, royalties, and dividends.

The jointly taxed enterprises' total known net liability to the Danish tax authorities emerges from the financial statements of the administration company.

Any subsequent adjustments of corporate taxes or withholding tax, etc., may result in changes in the company's liabilities.

Accounting policies

The annual report for Novivitae ApS has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act regulations concerning reporting class B enterprises.

The accounting policies are unchanged from last year, and the annual report is presented in DKK.

Recognition and measurement in general

Income is recognised in the income statement concurrently with its realisation, including the recognition of value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. Likewise, all costs are recognised in the income statement, including depreciations amortisations, writedowns for impairment, provisions, and reversals due to changes in estimated amounts previously recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the statement of financial position when it seems probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be reliably measured.

Liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position when it is seems probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the company and the value of the liability can be reliably measured.

Assets and liabilities are measured at cost at the initial recognition. Hereafter, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, allowing a constant effective interest rate to be recognised during the useful life of the asset or liability. Amortised cost is recognised as the original cost less any payments, plus/less accrued amortisations of the difference between cost and nominal amount. In this way, capital losses and gains are allocated over the useful life of the liability.

Upon recognition and measurement, allowances are made for such predictable losses and risks which may arise prior to the presentation of the annual report and concern matters that exist on the reporting date.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currency are translated by using the exchange rate prevailing at the date of the transaction. Differences in the rate of exchange arising between the rate at the date of transaction and the rate at the date of payment are recognised in the profit and loss account as an item under net financials. If currency positions are considered to hedge future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity in a fair value reserve.

Receivables, payables, and other foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. The difference between the closing rate and the rate at the time of the occurrence or initial recognition in the latest financial statements of the receivable or payable is recognised in the income statement under financial income and expenses.

Fixed assets acquired and paid for in foreign currency are measured at the exchange rate prevailing at the date of the transaction.

Accounting policies

Income statement

Gross profit

Gross profit comprises the revenue, changes in inventories of finished goods, and external costs.

The enterprise will be applying IAS 18 as its basis of interpretation for the recognition of revenue.

Revenue comprises the value of services provided during the year, including outlay for customers less VAT and price concessions directly associated with the sale.

Revenue is recognised in the income statement on the completion of sales. This is generally considered to be the case when:

- The service has been provided before the end of the financial year
- A binding sales agreement exists
- The sales price has been determined
- Payment has been received, or is anticipated with a reasonable degree of certainty.

This ensures that recognition does not take place until the total income and costs and stage of completion at the reporting date can be reliably validated and it seems probable that the economic benefits, including payments, will flow to the enterprise.

Cost of sales comprises costs concerning purchase of raw materials and consumables less discounts and changes in inventories.

Other external costs comprise costs incurred for distribution, sales, advertising, administration, premises, loss on receivables, and operational leasing costs.

Staff costs

Staff costs include salaries and wages, including holiday allowances, pensions, and other social security costs, etc., for staff members. Staff costs are less government reimbursements.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement with the amounts concerning the financial year. Financial income and expenses comprise interest income and expenses, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses relating and transactions in foreign currency, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities as well as surcharges and reimbursements under the advance tax scheme, etc.

Tax on net profit or loss for the year

Tax for the year comprises the current income tax for the year and changes in deferred tax and is recognised in the income statement with the share attributable to the net profit or loss for the year and directly in equity with the share attributable to entries directly in equity.

The company is subject to Danish rules on compulsory joint taxation of Danish group enterprises.

Accounting policies

The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed companies proportional to their respective taxable income (full allocation with reimbursement of tax losses).

Statement of financial position

Inventories

Inventories are measured at cost according to the FIFO method. In cases when the net realisable value of the inventories is lower than the cost, the latter is written down for impairment to this lower value.

Costs of goods for resale, raw materials, and consumables comprise acquisition costs plus delivery costs.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

In order to meet expected losses, impairment takes place at the net realisable value. The company has chosen to use IAS 39 as a basis for interpretation when recognising impairment of financial assets, which means that impairments must be made to offset losses where an objective indication is deemed to have occurred that an account receivable or a portfolio of accounts receivable is impaired. If an objective indication shows that an individual account receivable has been impaired, an impairment takes place at individual level.

Cash on hand and demand deposits

Cash on hand and demand deposits comprise cash at bank and on hand.

Equity

Dividend

Dividend expected to be distributed for the year is recognised as a separate item under equity.

Income tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivable are recognised in the statement of financial position as calculated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax of previous years' taxable income and for tax paid on account.

The company is jointly taxed with consolidated Danish companies. The current corporate income tax is distributed between the jointly taxed companies in proportion to their taxable income and with full distribution with reimbursement as to tax losses. The jointly taxed companies are comprised by the Danish tax prepayment scheme.

According to the rules of joint taxation, Novivita ApS is unlimitedly, jointly, and severally liable to pay the Danish tax authorities the total income tax, including withholding tax on interest, royalties, and dividends, arising from the jointly taxed group of companies.

Accounting policies

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of temporary differences in assets and liabilities with a focus on the statement of financial position. Deferred tax is measured at net realisable value.

Adjustments take place in relation to deferred tax concerning elimination of unrealised intercompany gains and losses.

Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rules and tax rates applying under the legislation prevailing in the respective countries on the reporting date when the deferred tax is expected to be released as current tax. Changes in deferred tax due to changed tax rates are recognised in the income statement, except for items included directly in the equity.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax losses allowed for carryforward, are recognised at the value at which they are expected to be realisable, either by settlement against tax of future earnings or by set-off in deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax unit. Any deferred net tax assets are measured at net realisable value.

Liabilities other than provisions

Other liabilities concerning payables to suppliers, group enterprises, and other payables are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

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"Med min underskrift bekræfter jeg indholdet og alle datoer i dette dokument."

Søren Venderby

Direktør og dirigent

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Claus Koskelin

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