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BP3 Nordics ApS

Ryvangs Allé 44 2900 Hellerup CVR-nr. 37 76 54 81

Annual Report for the year 2019 4th financial year

The Annual report has been presented and approved by the general meeting on 25 June 2020

David Alan Brakoniecki Chairman



Company information

The Company:	BP3 Nordics ApS Ryvangs Allé 44 2900 Hellerup
CVR-nr.:	37 76 54 81
Established:	1. juni 2016
Domicile:	København
Financial year:	1. januar 2019 - 31. december 2019
Executive Board:	Scott Louis Francis David Alan Brankoniecki



Statement by the Executive Board

The Executive Board has today discussed and approved the Annual Report of BP 3 Nordics ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019.

The Annual Report har been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We consider the accounting policies used appropriate, and in our opinion the Annual Report gives a true and fair view of the Company's assets and liabilities, financial position and the results of operations.

We are of the opinion that the management review includes a fair description of the issues dealt with.

The annual accounts have not been audited. Management declares that the conditions for this are met.

We recommend that the Annual Report is approved by the Annual General Meeting.

Hellerup, 25 June 2020

Executive Board:

Scott Louis Francis

David Alan Brankoniecki



Practitioner's Compilation Report

To Management of BP3 Nordics ApS

We have compiled the accompanying financial statements of BP3 Nordics ApS for the financial year ended 31 December 2019 based on information you have provided.

These financial statements comprise a summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet and notes.

We performed this compilation engagement in accordance with International Standard on Related Services 4410 (Revised), Compilation Engagements.

We have applied our expertise in accounting and financial reporting to assist you in the preparation and presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. We have complied with relevant requirements under the Danish Act on Approved Auditors and Audit Firms and FSR – danske revisorer's Code of Ethics, including principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care.

These financial statements and the accuracy and completeness of the information used to compile them are your responsibility.

Since a compilation engagement is not an assurance engagement, we are not required to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information you provided to us to compile these financial statements. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or a review conclusion on whether these financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Hellerup, 25 June 2020

AUGUSTA REVISION

Godkendt Revisionsaktieselskab CVR-nr. 36 44 53 86

> Niklas Tullberg Hoff Registreret revisor MNE-nr. 34 597



Management's review

Principal activities of the Company

The principal activity of BP3 Nordisc ApS (the company) is to deliver Business Process Management (BPM) services and software to Denmark and the Nordic Region.

Development in activities and financial position

The result for the period shows a loss of DKK -129.912. The Equity shows a balance of DKK 1.254.638.

The management considers the result to be as expected.



The annual report of BP3 Nordics ApS for 2019 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applying to reporting class B under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

The accounting policies used are unchanged compared to last year.

The Company's annual report are presented in DKK.

Recognition and measurement in general

Income is recognised in the profit and loss account concurrently with its realisation, including the recognition of value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. Likewise, all costs, these including depreciation, amortisation, writedown, provisions, and reversals which are due to changes in estimated amounts previously recognised in the profit and loss account are recognised in the profit and loss account.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when the company is liable to achieve future, financial benefits and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the company is liable to loose future, financial benefits and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

At the first recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Later, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain fixed asset investments and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, by which method a fixed, effective interest is recognised during the useful life of the asset or the liability. Amortised cost is recognised as the original cost with deduction of any payments and additions/deductions of the accrued amortisation of the difference between cost and nominal amount. In this way capital losses and capital profits are spread over the useful life.

At recognition and measurement, such predictable losses and risks are taken into consideration, which may appear before the annual report is presented, and which concerns matters existing on the balance sheet date.

The carrying value of tangible fixed assets are reviewed annually to determine whether there is any indication of impairment other than that expressed by normal depreciation. If this is the case, it is written down to its recoverable amount.



PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

Gross profit

Gross profit includes net sales and other operating revenues less direct operating costs and other external costs.

Turnover

The net turnover is recognised in the profit and loss account if delivery and risk transfer to the buyer have taken place before the end of the year, and if the income can be determined reliably and is expected to be received. The net turnover is recognised exclusive of VAT and taxes and with the deduction of any discounts granted in connection with the sale.

Cost of sales

These include direct costs incurred to generate revenue for the year.

Other income and expenses

Other operating income and expenses comprise financial items of secondary nature in relation to the company's main activity.

Other external expenses

Other external costs comprise costs for sales, advertisement, administration, premises, loss on debtors, and operational leasing costs.

Staff costs

Staff costs include wages and salaries, including holiday pay and pensions, and other costs for socal security etc. To the company's employees. Staff costs are deducted from reimbursement received from public authorities.

Financial items

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the profit/loss account with the amounts that concern the financial year. Financial income and expenses comprise interest and realised and unrealised exchange adjustments.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

The tax for the year comprises the current tax for the year and the changes in deferred tax, and it is recognised in the profit and loss account with the share referring to the results for the year and directly in the equity with the share referring to entries directly on the equity.



THE BALANCE SHEET

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost with deduction of accrued depreciations and writedowns.

The basis of depreciation is cost with deduction of expected residual value after the end of the useful life of the asset.

The cost comprises the acquisition cost and costs directly attached to the acquisition until the time when the asset is ready for use.

Depreciation takes place on a straight line basis and based on an evaluation of the expected useful life:

Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment 2-5 years

Gains or losses on disposal of fixed assets is calculated as the difference between the selling price less selling costs and the carrying amount at the time of sale. Gains and losses are recognized in the income statement under other operating income/operating costs.

Receiveables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to face value. In order to meet expected losses, writedown takes place at the net realisable value.

Deferred income assets

Deferred income assets comprise costs incurred in relation to subsequent financial years.

Corporate tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognized in the balance sheet as calculated tax on the taxable income, adjusted for tax on prior years' taxable income and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method on temporary differences between accounting and tax values of assets and liabilities based on the planned use of the asset or liability.

Deferred tax assets including the tax value of tax loss carryforwards, are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realized, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity. Any deferred net tax assets are measured at net realizable value.

Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rates and at the balance sheet date will be applicable when the deferred tax is expected to result in current tax.



Liabilities

Liabilities, which comprises debt to suppliers, debt to group companies and other debts, are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Gains and losses arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement. If the currency posistion is seen as a safeguarding of the future cash flow, then it's regulation of value happens directly through the equity.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the transaction date rates are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Fixed assets acquired in foreign currencies are measured at the exchange rate on the transaction date.



Income statement

	Note	2019	2018
Gross profit		629.899	640.614
Staff costs Depreciation		-757.817 -2.563	-1.063.329 -30.750
Profit (loss) from ordinary operating activities		-130.481	-453.465
Other finance income from group enterprises Financial income Financial expenses		0 758 -189	4.422.692 1.438 -44.760
Profit/loss before tax		-129.912	3.925.905
Tax on net loss for the year		0	0
Net loss for the year		-129.912	3.925.905
Proposed distribution of profit/loss			
Retained earnings		-129.912	3.925.905



Balance

Assets	Note	31/12-19	31/12-18
FIXED ASSETS:			
Tangible fixed assets Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment		0	2.563
Total tangible fixed assets		0	2.563
TOTAL FIXED ASSETS		0	2.563
CURRENT ASSETS:			
Receiveables: Trade receivables Short-term receivables from group enterprises Deferred income assets		217.625 1.028.160 0	0 3.331 2.170
Total receivables		1.245.785	5.501
Cash and cash equivalents		1.174.072	2.620.261
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		2.419.857	2.625.762
TOTAL ASSETS		2.419.857	2.628.325



Balance

Equity and liabilities			
	Note	31/12-19	31/12-18
EQUITY:			
Contributed capital Retained earnings		50.000 1.204.638	50.000 1.334.550
TOTAL EQUITY		1.254.638	1.384.550
LIABILITIES:			
Short-term liabilities:			
Trade payables		9.494	6.083
Short-term prepayments received from customers		763.726	877.919
Payables to group enterprises		41.190	46.477
Other payables		350.809	313.296
Total short-term liabilities		1.165.219	1.243.775
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1.165.219	1.243.775
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		2.419.857	2.628.325
Staff Costs Disclosure of contingent liabilities Disclosure of collaterals and assets pledges as security	None		



Noter

1 Staff Costs	2019	2018
Wages and salaries	748.211 0	1.133.552
Other social security expenses Other employee expenses	7.922 1.684	19.217 4.941
Adjustment accrued vacation	0	-94.381
Total staff costs	757.817	1.063.329
Average number of employees	2	3