# Annual Report

01.05.2017 - 30.04.2018

Godherdt på Selshertets Ddenar zimelfessamlig. 1318 2018

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# Key Figures

	2017/18	2016/17 (10 mth)
Income statement in DKK million		
Revenue	1.264,2	1.027,7
Gross profit	577,9	450,3
Profit/loss from operating activities (EBIT)	102,8	35,2
Financing, net	(15,8)	(20,9)
Profit/loss before tax and minority interests	87,0	14,2
Profit/loss after tax	64,6	(5,4)
Balance sheet details in DKK million		
Non-current assets	1.535,5	1.545,1
Current assets	428,0	467,8
Balance sheet total	1.963,4	2.012,9
Equity	1.112,1	1.151,7
Interest bearing debt	383,4	387,3
Cash flow in DKK million		
Cash flow from operating activities	88,6	50,7
Cash flow from investing activities	(36,3)	(1.341,3)
Cash flow from financing activities	(119,0)	1.471,7
	2017/18	2016/17 (10 mth)
Financial ratios		
Operating margin	8,1	3,4
Cash flows before financing activity as a % of revenue	4,1	143,2
Return on equity	5,7	(0,9)
Equity ratio, %	56,6	57,2
Average number of employees, full-time	539	533

The financial ratios have been calculated in accordance with the 'Recommendation & Financial Ratios 2015' issued by the Danish Society of Financial Analysts.

# 2017/2018 Financial Review

## MAIN ACTIVITY

BoConcept is a truly global brand and an international furniture retail chain in the 'affordable luxury' segment. The furniture and accessories collection is sold through a franchise chain of more than 270 brand stores worldwide, across more than 60 different countries with BoConcept as designer and business developer, exclusive supplier and international distributor.

## HIGHLIGHTS FROM THE 2017/18 FINANCIAL YEAR

## Developments and results for the year

Financial year 2017/18 has been a year of investment in systems and capabilities to further professionalise the business in preparation for growth in the coming years.

In the 2017/18 financial year, BoConcept Holding realised a net revenue of DKK 1,264 million (2016/17 (10 mths): DKK 1,027 million). 32 new stores were opened during the year.

A gross profit of 45,7% was realised (2016/17 (10 mths): 43,8%). A slight margin improvement based on further efficiency gains, despite slightly negative exchange rates and higher raw material prices.

EBIT in 2017/2018 was DKK 102,8 million (2016/17 (10 mths): DKK 35,2 million). Significant investments have been made into systems and the organization with the number of employees increasing by 6 to drive BoConcept's performance and earnings in the future.

After taxes of DKK 22,3 million, the profit for the year was DKK 64,6 million (2016/17 (10 mths): DKK -5,4 million). A satisfactory development.

BoConcept is a strong cash generating business and generated a positive cash flow of DKK 52,3 million before financing activities.

## **EXPECTATIONS**

For the 2018/19 financial year, management expects to continue growth of the company driven by new store openings globally, like for like growth and other initiatives. Gross and operating margins are expected to remain in line with FY17/18 based on unchanged market conditions.

## POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

The supervisory board is aware of no events after 30 April 2018 which will materially influence the financial position of the group.

REPORT ON THE GENDER DISTRIBUTION IN MANAGEMENT, CF. SECTION 99 B OF THE DANISH FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ACT

At present, 1 out of 3 general assembly elected members of the Board of Directors is a woman. The company has therefore obtained equal distribution on gender and hence no new target figure has been set.

At other management levels, it is the company's objective to ensure a gender distribution that is representative for the BoConcept Holding A/S group's organisation.

Activities for increasing the underrepresented gender include having both genders invited to job interviews, wherever possible.

At present, the underrepresented gender share is 32% in management compared to 43% in the total organisation. This is against an underrepresented gender share of 36% compared to 42% last year.

# Corporate Social Responsibility

OUR COMMITMENT TO ACT RESPONSIBLY IN RELATION TO PEOPLE, THE ENVIRONMENT AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS IS A KEY ELEMENT OF BOCONCEPT HOLDING'S GLOBAL BRAND. THE OBJECTIVE OF THE GROUP'S CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY POLICY IS TO STRIKE AND MAINTAIN A HEALTHY BALANCE BETWEEN ENVIRONMENTAL AND BUSINESS INTERESTS AND DETERMINE AN ENVIRONMENTAL CODE OF CONDUCT FOR THE COMPANY, ITS EMPLOYEES AND SUPPLIERS.

By adhering to the group's standards of ethics and acting in a sustainable manner locally and globally. BoConcept endeavours to uphold human rights and act in the most environmentally responsible way, while also promoting high ethical standards and corporate social responsibility (CRS) throughout the group. With better branding, risk management and quality control, CSR has become an integrated strategic management tool at BoConcept.

## FOCUS AREAS AND ACTIVITIES RELATED TO ENVIRONMENT AND CLIMATE

BoConcept became a signatory to the UN Global Compact in 2009, so the group's CSR policy, which forms the framework for the group's initiatives and priorities in this area, is based on the ten principles of the Global Compact in the areas of human rights, labour, environment and anti-corruption.

The group's CSR strategy is divided into two focus areas: ensuring that the production processes of BoConcept and its suppliers are environmentally friendly and comply with safety procedures and minimising  $CO_2$  emissions from transportation and logistics.

BoConcept's suppliers must adhere to the company's code of conduct. Based on Danish and international standards of quality, environmental standards and recommended work routines BoConcept seeks - through its code of conduct and regular supplier visits - to ensure that BoConcept's products are manufactured in a way that safeguards the interests of workers and has a minimal adverse impact on the environment. In the 2017/2018 financial year, BoConcept further strengthened its CSR standards, the audit of how suppliers meet these standards and annual supplier audits to make sure that BoConcept never starts collaborating with a supplier that fails to comply with its strict CSR standards. BoConcept has focused on working environment improvements. More of our sub-suppliers of upholstery, metal, glass and wooden products have optimised their production facilities, and through this ensured increased efficiency and safer working conditions. Own production facility in Ølgod, Denmark, has focused on reducing energy-related costs and implementation of LEAN, which results in efficiency improvement as well as an increase of job satisfaction.

Our goal for the 2018/2019 financial year is to further strengthen current follow-up/KPI meetings with suppliers also including focus on Global Compact and CSR related issues.

Transport and logistics are crucial elements in the worldwide distribution of the BoConcept collection. An efficient supply chain is a key element, both in optimising productivity and in reducing the  $\text{CO}_2$  emissions generated by the company directly or indirectly. In the 2017/2018 financial year BoConcept's suppliers of transport and logistics have focused on reductions in  $\text{CO}_2$  emission and fuel

consumption. In the coming financial year BoConcept seeks to ensure that the use of Euro norm 5-6 trucks is increased. Also, focus is on continued optimisation of the company's distribution set-up.

For a detailed review of BoConcept's operational initiatives with respect to corporate social responsibility in the 2017/2018 financial year and an introduction to initiatives, objectives and expectations for the future, please see the progress report BoConcept submitted to the UN Global Compact. BoConcept is including the progress report in its corporate social responsibility statement; as specified in section 99 a of the Danish Financial Statements Act. The progress report is available from the company's website at <a href="https://www.boconcept.com/en-gb/boconcept/corporate-responsibility/global-compact">www.boconcept.com/en-gb/boconcept/corporate-responsibility/global-compact</a> and is part of and covers the same period as BoConcept's 2017/2018 annual report.

## PEOPLE ARE OUR MOST VALUABLE ASSET

BoConcept had 539 employees on average in 2017/18, compared with 533 last year. Of the total headcount, 304 were employed in Denmark.

BoConcept's management style is value-based, and the company has developed a proactive HR strategy to support its business base. HR is visible at all levels of the organisation since, to a large extent, BoConcept's development and growth depends on people and the skills they apply towards creating solid results, using our unique business concept.

By providing an agreeable physical and mental working environment, BoConcept hopes to continue to be perceived as a desirable workplace that is always able to recruit and retain the best-qualified and most highly skilled employees.

To further enhance a desirable work environment the management has implemented a whistle-blower initiative in June 2018.

## PERFORMANCE AND DEVELOPMENT THROUGH BREAKTHROUGH LEADERSHIP

BoConcept has a performance-oriented management strategy 'Breakthrough Leadership' with targeted management philosophy focus on optimising all processes and removing administrative 'noise' so concentration can be on sales, customers and efficiency. Breakthrough Leadership means constant training, motivation and monthly follow-up meetings for all our employees and giving them feedback on the basis of specific personal development and sales plans. A new people and performance function has been established in order to develop high performance culture in the whole chain by leadership, change management, performance management and communication.

The executive and supervisory boards have today discussed and approved the annual report of BoConcept Holding A/S for the financial year 2017/2018.

# Statement by the Executive & Supervisory Boards

The executive and supervisory boards have today discussed and approved the annual report of BoConcept Holding A/S for the financial year 2017/2018.

The consolidated and parent company's financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU and further requirements in the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the consolidated accounts and the annual report give a true and fair view of the financial position at 30 April 2018 of the Group and the parent company and of the results of the Group and parent company's operations and consolidated cash flows for the financial year 01 May 2017-30 April 2018.

In our opinion, the management report includes a true and fair account of the development in the operations and financial circumstances of the Group and the parent company, of the results for the year and of the financial position of the Group and the parent company as well as a description of the most significant risks and elements of uncertainty facing the Group and the parent company.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Herning, 4 July 2018

**EXECUTIVE BOARD** 

Anton van de Putte

CEO

SUPERVISORY BOARD

Sanna lari Suvanto-Harsaae

Anders Christer Moberg

Boris Tobias Kawoh Deputy chairman

# Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholder of BoConcept Holding A/S

## Opinion

In our opinion, the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the Group's and the Parent Company's financial position at 30 April 2018 and of the results of the Group's and the Parent Company's operations and consolidated cash flows for the financial year 1 May 2017 to 30 April 2018 in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU and further requirements in the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements of BoConcept Holding A/S for the financial year 1 May 2017 - 30 April 2018, which comprise income statement and statement of comprehensive income, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies, for both the Group and the Parent Company, as well as cash flow statement for the Group ("financial statements").

## Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

Management's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements
Management is responsible for the preparation of Consolidated
Financial Statements and Parent Company Financial Statements
that give a true and fair view in accordance with International
Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU and further
requirements in the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such
internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable
the preparation of financial statements that are free from material
misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Group's and the Parent Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Group or the Parent Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

# Independent Auditor's Report

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's and the Parent Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's and the Parent Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and the parent Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Herning, 04 July 2018

PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS, STATSAUTORISERET REVISIONSPARTNERSELSKAB (CVR. 33 77, 12 33)

Claus Lindholm Jacobsen

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne23328/

Claus Lyngsø Sørensen

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne34539

# Income Statement & Total Income Consolidated Accounts

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		DKK'000
	INCOME STATEMENT 01 MAY - 30 APRIL		
		2017/18	2016/17 (10 MTH)
	Revenue	1.264.163	1.027.716
3,4	Production costs	(686.217)	(577.461)
	Gross profit	577.946	450.255
3,4	Distribution costs	(333.756)	(262.270)
3,4	Administrative expenses	(142.741)	(102.028)
5	Other operating income	4.312	4.700
7	Other operating costs	(2.916)	(4.084)
	Operating profit/loss before special items (EBIT before special items)	102.845	86.573
	Special items	0	(51.399)
	Profit/loss from operating activities (EBIT)	102.845	35.174
)	Financial income	3.852	5.249
0.	Financial expenses	(19.691)	(26.190)
	Profit/loss before tax	87.006	14.233
1	Tax on profit/loss for the year	(22.382)	(19.592)
	Profit/loss for the year	64.624	(5.359)
	Broken down as follows:		
	Shareholders of BoConcept Holding A/S	64.624	(5.359)
	discondinanteen and the service decreased Point 2000 2000 2000 € 1.7 (2)	64.624	(5.359)

TOTAL INCOME	2017/18	2016/17 (10 MTH)
Profit/loss for the period	64.624	(5.359)
Items that later can be recirculated to income statement:		
Revaluation of hedging instruments before tax	(1.421)	1.461
Settlement of hedging instruments		0
Foreign currency translation, foreign units	(3.193)	(984)
Tax on total income items	313	(321)
Total income for the period	60.323	(5.203)
Broken down as follows:		
Shareholders of BoConcept Holding A/S	60.323	(5.213)
Total income for the period	60.323	(5.213)

# Balance Sheet Consolidated Accounts

			DKK'000
	AS AT 30 APRIL	2018	2017
	ASSETS	2020	2027
	Goodwill	533.755	533.934
	Master rights	36.600	36.600
	Franchise net work	181.483	195.222
	Brand and concept	571.000	571.000
	Software	24.866	20.680
	Intangible assets in progress	12.276	8.908
2	Total intangible assets	1.359.980	1.366.344
	Land and buildings	103.231	111.273
	Leasehold improvements	9.384	3.763
	Plant and machinery	15.575	17.470
	Fixtures and operating equipment	2.593	2.937
	Property, plant and equipment in progress	9.384	6.928
3	Total tangible assets	140.167	142.371
4	Deferred tax	4.748	4.333
5	Other financial assets	15.381	17.811
5	Deposits	15.202	14.247
	Total other non-current assets	35.331	36.391
	Total non-current assets	1.535.478	1.545.106
6	Inventories	139.203	125.569
7	Trade receivables	143.056	133.585
8	Other receivables	17.730	23.776
	Cash and cash equivalents	127.968	184.828
	Total current assets	427.957	467.758
	TOTAL ASSETS	1.963.435	2.012.864

# Balance Sheet Consolidated Accounts

			DKK'000
	AS AT 30 APRIL	2018	2017
	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
19	Share capital	1.000	1.000
	Translation reserve	(4.177)	(984)
	Hedging reserve	106	1.214
	Retained earnings	1.115.128	1.050.504
	Dividend proposed	0	100.000
	Equity share, BoConcept Holding A/S shareholders	1.112.057	1.151.734
	Total equity	1.112.057	1.151.734
14	Deferred tax	191.031	193.093
20	Other provisions	8.986	7.701
21,27	Mortgage credit institutions and banks	341.975	365.582
	Total non-current liabilities	541.992	566.376
21,27	Mortgage credit institutions and banks	41.431	21.693
	Trade payables	109.968	96.421
	Prepayment from customers	34.474	30.717
	Income tax payable	20.171	22.444
	Other payables	103.342	123.479
	Total current liabilities	309.386	294.754
	Total liabilities	851.378	861.130
	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	1.963.435	2.012.864

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- 27 Derivate financial instruments and risk and capital management
- 28 New accounting regulations

# Statement of Equity Movements Consolidated Accounts

	Share capital	Premium by emission	Value of hedging reserve	Exchange rate adjust. subsidiary	Retained earnings	Dividend proposed	Total
Equity at 31 May 2016	1.000	1.155.863	0	0	0	0	1.156.863
Distributed dividend Result for the year Reserve, foreign exchange adjustment Reserve, hedging transactions Transfer, free reserves Dividend proposed	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 (1.155.863)	0 0 0 1.227 (13)	0 0 (984) 0 0	0 (5.359) 0 0 1.155.863 (100.000)	0 0 0 0 0 100.000	0 (5.359) (984) 1.227 (13) 0
Equity at 30 April 2017	1.000	0	1.214	(984)	1.050.504	100.000	1.151.734
Distributed dividend Result for the year Reserve, foreign exchange adjustment	0 0	0 0	0	0 0 (3.193)	0 64.624 0	(100.000) 0 0	(100.000) 64.624 (3.193)
Reserve, hedging transactions	0	0	(1.108)	(3.193)	0	0	(1.108)
Transfer, free reserves Dividend proposed	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Equity at 30 April 2018	1.000	0	106	(4.177)	1.115.128	0	1.112.057

Information as to what reserves are available for distribution, reference is made to the parent company's statement of equity movements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF EQUITY MOVEMENTS

# Cash Flow Statement Consolidated Accounts

(	CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT		
	A 3 7 No. 0000000 3 SHIPT. URL MID 3.7 SHIPA 3.5 (2) 45 SHIPARTHAN 40 SHIP	2017/18	2016/17
1	EBIT	102.845	35.174
,	Adjustment for non-cash items	44.772	44.667
. (	Change in net working capital	(18.607)	9.049
(	Cash flow from operating activities before financial items	129.010	88.890
1	interest income etc.	3.852	5.249
]	Interest paid	(17.103)	(26.190)
]	income taxes paid	(27.132)	(17.215)
	Cash flow from operating activities	88.627	50.734
	Acquisition of intangible assets	(16.693)	(17.963)
	Sale of intangible assets	31	(17.303)
	Acquisition of tangible assets	(21.098)	(8.109)
	Sale of tangible assets	36	0.103
	Acquisition of financial assets	(1.858)	(5.187
	Sale of financial assets	3.264	1.169
	Acquisitions of companies excl. equity		(1.452.958)
	Net cash in acquired company at acquisition	0	141.723
	Cash flow from investing activities	(36.318)	(1.341.325)
	dash now nom investing decivities	(50.510)	(1.541.525)
•	Cash flow before financing activities	52.309	(1.290.591)
1	Raising of long-term loans	0	365.600
]	Instalments on long-term debt	(19.005)	(50.750)
-	Premium, emission	0	1.155.863
9	Share capital, paid	0	1.000
1	Dividend paid	(100.000)	0
	Cash flow from financing activities	(119.005)	1.471.713
	Cash inflow/outflow for the year	(66.696)	181.121
(	Cash and cash equivalents less short-term bank debt, beginning of the year	181.121	0
9	Cash and cash equivalents, year-end	114.425	181.121
	The amount may be broken down as follows:		
	Cash without restrictions	127.968	184.828
	Short-term debt to credit institutions cf note 27	(13.543)	(3.707)
		114.425	181.121
		117,723	101,121

ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED

## ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED

The consolidated financial statements for the period 01 May 2017 to 30 April 2018 have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU. Further, the annual report has been prepared in accordance with the additional Danish disclosure requirements for annual reports.

## Basis of preparation

The annual report has been prepared under the historical cost method, except for the derivative financial instruments for hedging purposes, recognised at fair value.

Non-current assets and groups of assets held for sale are measured at the lower of carrying amount prior to the reclassification and fair value less costs to sell.

The accounting policies as described below have been applied consistently over the financial year.

The annual report is presented in DKK 000.

## Implementation of new financial reporting standards

A description of new standards and interpretations that are not yet effective is included in note 28 to the consolidated accounts.

## Consolidated financial statements and business combinations

The consolidated financial statements include the parent, BoConcept Holding A/S, as well as subsidiaries and enterprises in which BoConcept Holding holds more than 50 per cent of the votes, directly or indirectly, or in any other way exercises a controlling influence (subsidiaries). BoConcept Holding A/S and the subsidiaries are collectively referred to as the group. Please refer to page 49 for the group chart.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared as a consolidation of the parent company's and the individual subsidiaries' financial statements by consolidating accounting items of a similar nature and subsequently eliminating intra-group income and expenses, shareholdings, intra-group accounts and dividends as well as unrealised gains and losses on transactions between the consolidated enterprises. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the accounting policies applicable to the BoConcept Holding group.

In the consolidated financial statements the accounting items of the subsidiaries are recognised in full.

## ACQUISITION AND DISPOSAL OF ENTITIES

## **Accounting policies**

When accounting for business combinations, the acquisition method is applied in accordance with IFRS 3.

Acquirees are recognized in the consolidated financial statements from the date of acquisition. The date of acquisition is the date on which BoConcept Holding A/S obtains control of the company.

The consideration transferred as payment for the acquiree consists of the fair value of assets transferred, liabilities incurred to former owners of the acquiree and equity instruments issued. Contingent considerations dependent on future events or the performance of contractual obligations are also recognized at fair value and form part of the total consideration transferred. Fair value changes in contingent considerations are recognised in the income statement until final settlement.

Identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the acquiree are measured at fair value at the date of acquisition by applying relevant valuation methods. Identifiable intangibles are recognised if they are separable or arise from a contractual right. Deferred tax is recognised for identifiable tax benefits existing at the date of acquisition.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED

The excess of the total consideration transferred, value of non-controlling interests and the fair value of any equity investments previously held in the acquiree over the total identifiable net assets measured at fair value are recognized as goodwill.

If measurement of the identifiable net assets is uncertain at the date of acquisition, initial recognition is done based on provisional amounts. Measurement period adjustments to the provisional amounts may be done for up to 12 months following the date of acquisition. The effects of cross- period measurement period adjustments are recognised in equity at the beginning of the financial year, and comparative figures are restated. After the end of the period, goodwill is no longer adjusted.

Transaction costs inherent from the acquisition are recognized in the income statement when incurred.

Other than cross-period measurement period adjustments, comparative figures are not adjusted when acquiring or disposing entities.

## Leasing

Leases where all the significant risks and rewards of ownership are transferred to the company (finance leases) are recognised at the time of the start of the leasing contract in the balance sheet at the fair value of the activity or the present value of the minimum lease payment, whichever is the lower, determined on the basis of the internal rate of interest of the lease agreement or a discount rate that is an approximation thereof. Assets under finance leases are written down and off according to the same accounting policies as the group's other non-current assets.

The capitalised residual commitment under the lease is recognised as a liability in the balance sheet, and the interest portion of the lease payment is charged to the income statement as it is incurred.

All other leases, including rent agreements, are considered operating leases. Payments under operating leases are recognised on a straight line basis in the income statement over the term of the lease.

## Foreign currency translation

The group fixes a functional currency for each of the reporting enterprises. The functional currency is the currency which is applied in the primary economic environment in which the individual reporting unit operates. Transactions denominated in currencies other than the functional currency are foreign currency transactions.

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated to the functional currency at the exchange rates prevailing at the transaction date. Any exchange differences between the rate prevailing at the transaction date and the rate prevailing at the date of settlement on receivables, payables and other monetary items are taken to the income statement as financial items.

Receivables, debts and other monetary items in foreign currencies are converted at the exchange rate prevailing at the balance sheet date. The difference between the rate prevailing at the balance sheet date and the rate prevailing at the time when the receivable or payable item arose is included in the income statement under financial income and expenses.

On recognition in the consolidated financial statements of enterprises with a functional currency other than Danish kroner the income statements of such enterprises are translated to the rate prevailing at the transaction date, and the balance sheet items are translated to the rate prevailing at the balance sheet date. An average exchange rate for the month is used as the exchange rate at the transaction date to the extent that this does not significantly distort the presentation of the underlying transactions. Foreign exchange differences arising on translation of the opening balance of the equity of such enterprises at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date and on translation of the income statements from the exchange rates at the transaction date to the exchange rates at the balance sheet date are recognised in other comprehensive income and classified in equity under a separate translation reserve.

## Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are initially and subsequently recognised at fair value in the balance sheet. Positive and negative fair values of derivative financial instruments are included in other receivables and payables, respectively, and set-off of positive and negative values is only made when the company has the right and the intention to settle several financial instruments net. Fair values of derivative financial instruments are calculated on the basis of current market data and generally accepted valuation methods.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED

Changes in the portion of the fair value of derivative financial instruments designated as and qualifying as a cash flow hedge are recognised in other comprehensive income and classified under a separate hedging reserve in equity. Once the hedged transaction is realised, gains or losses incidental to such hedging transactions are transferred from the equity and recognised with the hedged item.

For derivative financial instruments which do not qualify as hedging instruments, any changes in fair value are recognised in the income statement under financial income and expenses.

## **INCOME STATEMENT**

## Revenue

Income derived from the sale of goods and services is recognised in the income statement if delivery and risk pass to the purchaser before year-end and if the income can be reliably valued and is likely to be received. Revenue is measured exclusive of value added tax, taxes and discounts in connection with the sale.

## Production costs

Production costs include costs, including depreciation and amortisation and wages and salaries that are paid to generate the revenue for the year. Production costs also include research and development costs that do not qualify for capitalisation.

## Distribution costs

Distribution costs include costs incidental to the distribution of goods sold during the year and costs incidental to sales campaigns etc. Costs relating to sales staff, advertising and exhibitions as well as depreciation, amortisation, write-downs and impairment losses are recognised under this item.

## Administrative expenses

Administrative expenses include costs incurred during the year for the management and administration of the group, including costs relating to administrative staff, management, renting of premises as well as depreciation, amortisation, write-downs and impairment losses.

## Other operating income and expenses

Other operating income and expenses include accounting items of a secondary nature relative to the company's activities, including gains and losses on the sale of intangible assets, property, plant and equipment as well as investments. Gains and losses on disposal of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment are determined as the selling price less selling costs and the carrying amount at the selling date.

## Special items

The item 'special items' includes sizeable amounts that are not attributable to ordinary operations, for instance special provisions for impairment losses on intangible assets and property, plant and equipment as well as reorganisation measures. Special items may also contain reversals or adjustments related to previous impairments and provisions related to acquisition of BC Group in 2016.

Special items as described above are shown on a separate line in the income statement.

## Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses include interest income and expenses, exchange adjustments relating to securities, payables and transactions denominated in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities and surcharges and allowances under the advance-payment-of-tax scheme etc.

Furthermore, realised and unrealised gains and losses relating to derivative financial instruments which do not qualify as hedging contracts are also recognised.

## Tax on profit for the year

Tax for the year, which comprises current income taxes, the joint taxation contribution for the year relating to the use or refund of tax losses and changes in deferred tax for the year, for instance as a result of changes in the tax rate, is recognised in the income statement with the proportion attributable to the

ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED

profit for the year and is recognised directly in other comprehensive income and equity respectively as regards the portion attributable to amount included in other comprehensive income or items under the equity.

The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed companies in the form of settlement of joint tax contributions in proportion to their taxable income. In this connection Danish companies with tax losses receive joint tax contributions from companies that have been able to utilise these losses to reduce their own taxable profits.

## **BALANCE SHEET**

## INTANGIBLE ASSETS

## Goodwill

Goodwill is initially recognised in the balance sheet at cost as described under 'The Consolidated Financial Statements and Business Combinations'. Subsequently goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is not amortised.

The carrying amount of goodwill is allocated to the group's cash-generating units at the acquisition date. The identification of cash-generating units is based on management structure and internal financial control. Management estimates that the smallest cash-generating units to which the carrying amount of goodwill can be allocated are the subsidiaries.

At least once a year the carrying amount of goodwill is tested for impairment together with the other non-current assets in the cash-generating unit to which goodwill is allocated and written down to the recoverable amount over the income statement if the carrying amount is higher. The recoverable amount is computed as the present value of the expected future net cash flows from the enterprise or activity (cash-generating unit) to which goodwill is allocated.

## Master rights

Master rights acquired to run and start up new BoConcept Brand Stores on a specific market are recognised in the balance sheet.

Master rights are of indefinite duration, and the characteristics of the acquired rights are in fact comparable to goodwill.

Master rights are measured at cost. No amortisation is made in respect of these as their useful lives cannot be determined, but they are subject to an annual impairment test.

## Brand and concept

BoConcept is an international retail-oriented concept developer with a full product range of furniture and accessories. BoConcept is positioned in the 'affordable luxury' segment, which entails strong reliance on its brand/concept image.

The rights are of indefinite duration, and the characteristics of the acquired rights are in fact comparable to goodwill.

Brand and concept are measured at cost. No amortisation is made in respect of these as their useful lives cannot be determined, but they are subject to an annual impairment test.

## Franchise network

Furniture and accessories collections are sold through the BoConcept franchise chain worldwide. BoConcept A/S and the franchisee have a long-term contractual agreement.

## Development costs

The company conducts no research. New products and product innovations are developed in consultation with external consultants. Development costs are not included in the balance sheet, since these cannot be stated dependably, in addition to which these are often related to product replacements.

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ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED

## Software

Software is acquired externally and is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation. Software is written down to the recoverable amount or to the carrying amount, whichever is the lower. Amortisation is charged over three to eight years.

## PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Land and buildings, plant and machinery and fixtures and fittings, other plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The cost comprises the cost of acquisition as well as costs directly attributable to the acquisition until such time when the asset is put into service – including borrowing costs.

The cost of assets held under finance leases is stated at the lower of the fair value of the assets and the present value of the future minimum lease payments. For the calculation of the present value, the interest rate implicit in the lease or an approximation thereof is used as the discount rate.

Subsequent costs, e.g. in connection with replacement of components of property, plant and equipment, are recognised in the carrying amount of the asset if it is probable that the costs will result in future economic benefits for the group. The replaced components are removed from the balance sheet and recognised as an expense in the income statement. All costs incurred for ordinary repairs and maintenance are recognised in the income statement as incurred.

Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis over the expected useful lives of the assets, applying the following useful lives:

Franchise network	15 years
Buildings	10-25 years
Plant and machinery	5-9 years
Fixtures and fittings, other plant and equipment	3-7 years
Leasehold improvements	3-10 years

Land is not depreciated.

Depreciation is calculated on the basis of the residual value less impairment losses. The residual value is determined at the acquisition date and reassessed annually. If the residual value exceeds the carrying amount, depreciation is discontinued.

When changing the depreciation period or the residual value, the effect on the depreciation is recognised prospectively as a change in accounting estimates.

Depreciation is recognised in the income statement under production costs, distribution costs and administrative expenses respectively.

## Impairment of non-current assets

Goodwill, master rights and brand and concept are subject to annual impairment tests, or where there seems to be a need for testing, initially before the end of the acquisition year.

The carrying amounts of goodwill, master rights and brand and concept are subject to an impairment test together with the other non-current assets in the cash-generating unit to which goodwill, master rights and brand and concept have been allocated, and the said assets are written down to the recoverable amount via the income statement if this is lower than the carrying amount. The recoverable amount is generally computed as the present value of the expected future net cash flows from the enterprise or activity (cash-generating unit) to which goodwill or the master rights are allocated.

An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or a cash-generating unit, respectively, exceeds the recoverable amount of the asset or the cash-generating unit. Impairment losses are recognised in the income statement under production costs, distribution costs and administrative expenses respectively.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED

Impairment of goodwill is not reversed. Impairment of other assets is only reversed in connection with changes in the assumptions and estimates underlying the impairment calculation. Impairment is only reversed to the extent that the asset's new carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount of the asset after amortisation had the asset not been impaired.

## Other financial assets

Securities are recognised at fair value.

## Inventories

Inventories are measured at cost according to the FIFO method. Where the net realisable value is lower than the cost, the item is written down to the former lower value.

The cost of goods for resale, raw materials and consumables includes the purchase price and delivery costs.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises the cost of raw materials, consumables, direct wages and production overheads. Production overheads include indirect materials and wages as well as maintenance and depreciation of the machinery, plant and equipment applied in the production process as well as the cost of factory administration and management.

The net realisable value of inventories is calculated as the selling price less costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale and is determined taking into account marketability, obsolescence and development in expected selling price.

## Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost price, which is equal to the nominal value less loss allowance. Provisions for losses are settled on the basis of individual assessments of receivables based on concrete risks of inability to pay. Further group write-downs on franchisees are based on a general assessment of risk of inability to pay. This is based on experiences from previous years.

## Prepayments

Prepayments measured at cost price and recognised under assets include costs paid relating to subsequent financial years.

## **EQUITY**

## Dividend

The dividend proposed is recognised as a liability at the time of approval by the general meeting. Dividend which is expected to be distributed for the year is shown as a separate item under the equity. Interim dividend is recognised as a liability at the date when the decision to pay interim dividend is made.

## Translation reserve

The translation reserve in the consolidated financial statements comprises foreign exchange differences arising on translation of financial statements of foreign enterprises from their functional currencies to the presentation currency of the BoConcept Holding group (Danish kroner). On full or partial realisation of the net investment the foreign exchange adjustments are recognised in the income statement.

## Hedging transaction reserve

Hedging instruments are recognised at fair value, and fair value adjustments are effected in the equity for unsettled instruments.

## LIABILITIES

## Income taxes and deferred tax

In pursuance of the joint taxation provisions Layout Holdco A/S in its capacity of administration company takes over the liability for the income taxes of the subsidiaries vis-à-vis the tax authorities as the subsidiaries make their joint tax contributions.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED

Current tax payable and receivable is recognised in the balance sheet as tax computed on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income of prior years and for tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the balance sheet liability method of all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax base of assets and liabilities. However, deferred tax is not recognised on temporary differences relating to goodwill.

In cases where the tax base may be measured according to alternative tax regulations, deferred tax is measured on the basis of the use of the asset or liability planned by the management.

Deferred tax assets are subject to an annual impairment test and are amortised if it is deemed probable that the deferred tax asset cannot be eliminated against tax on future earnings or offset against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity or jurisdiction. In the assessment importance is attached to the type and nature of the recognised deferred tax asset, the expected time limit for eliminating the deferred tax asset, tax planning possibilities etc.

Deferred tax will be adjusted to account for the elimination of unrealised intra-group profits and losses.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable in the respective countries at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax.

## Provisions

Provisions are recognised when, as a result of events arising before or at the balance sheet date, the group has a legal or a constructive obligation and it is probable that there may be an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits to settle the obligation. The amount recognised as a provision is management's best estimate of the expenses required to settle the obligation.

Restructuring costs are recognised as a liability when the persons affected by it have been notified of a detailed, formal restructuring plan not later than at the balance sheet date.

## Financial liabilities

Payables to mortgage credit institutions and banks are recognised in the amount of the proceeds after deducting transaction costs when the loan is raised. In subsequent periods the financial liabilities are recognised at amortised cost using the 'effective rate of interest method' thus that the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement under financial expenses over the term of the loan. Financial liabilities also include the capitalised residual obligation under finance leases. Other liabilities are measured at the nominal value which corresponds to the amortised cost for current payables.

## Prepayments from customers

Prepayments from customers recognised under liabilities are measured at cost and include prepayments received concerning ordered, but not yet delivered, furniture.

## **CASH FLOW**

## Cash flow statement

The cash flow statement shows the group's cash flow divided into operating, investing and financing activities, the change in cash and cash equivalents during the year and the group's cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year and at year-end.

The cash flow effect of acquisitions and disposals of enterprises is shown separately in cash flows from investing activities. Cash flows from acquisitions of enterprises are recognised in the cash flow statement from the acquisition date. Cash flows from disposals of enterprises are recognised up until the date of disposal.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED

## Cash flow from operating activities

Cash flows from operating activities are recognised indirectly as the profit before tax for non-cash operating items, changes in working capital, interest paid and income taxes paid.

## Cash flow from investing activities

Cash flows from investing activities comprise payments in connection with acquisitions and disposals of enterprises and activities and of property, plant and equipment and other non-current assets as well as acquisition and disposal of securities not recognised as cash and cash equivalents.

## Cash flow from financing activities

Cash flows from financing activities comprise changes in the size or composition of the share capital and related costs as well as the raising of loans, repayment of long-term interest-bearing debt, acquisition and disposal of treasury shares and payment of dividend to shareholders.

## Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and short-term marketable securities with a term of three months or less at the acquisition date which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and short-term business credits.



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## 2 ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND ASSESSMENT

## Estimation uncertainty

Determining the carrying amounts of certain assets and liabilities requires estimation of the effects of future events on the carrying amounts of these assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date. Estimates that are material for the financial reporting are made, among other things, by computing amortisation, depreciation, write-downs and impairment losses, provisions as well as contingent liabilities and assets. The estimates applied are based on assumptions which are sound, in the management's opinion but which by their very nature, are uncertain and unpredictable. The assumptions may be incomplete or inaccurate, and unexpected events or circumstances may arise. Moreover, the company is subject to risks and uncertainties that may cause the actual results to differ from these estimates.

The notes provide information on bases and assumptions, on the future and other estimation uncertainties at the balance sheet date where there is a considerable risk of changes that may lead to a significant adjustment of the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities within the next financial year.

For BoConcept Holding A/S the measurement of goodwill DKK 533.7 million, master rights DKK 36.6 million, franchise network DKK 181.5 million, brand & concept DKK 571 million and trade receivables DKK 143.0 million may be significantly affected by major changes in the estimates and underlying assumptions of the calculations. For a description of impairment tests for intangible assets reference is made to note 12, where the amounts are also stated. Trade receivables are measured at amortised cost or net realisable value in the balance sheet, corresponding to the nominal value less write-downs for bad and doubtful debts. Write-downs to provide for losses are determined on the basis of an individual assessment of each receivable and the specific risk of the debtor being unable to pay. Collective write-downs in respect of other franchisees are determined on the basis of a general assessment of the risk that the group of debtors is unable to pay in the light of the company's experience from previous years. The determination is therefore to some extent based on estimates.

## Material judgements

In applying the acquisition method of accounting, estimates are an integral part of assessing fair values of several identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed as observable market prices are typically not available.

Valuation techniques where estimates are applied typically relate to determining the present value of future uncertain cash flows or assessing other events in which the outcome is uncertain at the date of acquisition.

More significant estimates are applied in accounting for brand and concept, franchise network, property, plant and equipment, inventories and deferred tax.

Master rights acquired to run and start up new BoConcept brand stores in specific markets are recognised in the balance sheet. The rights have no fixed term and have the characteristics of goodwill. Upon acquisition of enterprises and activities, management will evaluate whether such acquisition is deemed to constitute an enterprise or individual assets, including master rights and liabilities. Where no staff members, key net assets, are acquired, and where other contractual conditions otherwise support this position, management will deem the acquisition to consist of individual assets, typically including master rights.

The BoConcept Holding group recognises deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax losses allowed for carryforward, if the management estimates that the tax asset can be offset against future income within the foreseeable future. The assessment is made once a year based on the budgets and business plans for the years ahead, including any business initiatives scheduled.

**Development costs** 

Development costs paid during the year

3	COSTS (DKK'000)						
	Staff costs					2017/18	2016/17 (10 MTH)
	Wages and salaries					(222.522)	(172.491)
	Pensions					(10.935)	(7.760)
	Other social security costs					(1.333)	(1.211)
	Other staff costs					(9.004)	(6.598)
					_	(243.794)	(188.060)
	Staff costs are recognised as follows:						
	Production costs					(67.903)	(52.127)
	Distribution costs					(109.212)	(84.692)
	Administrative expenses				_	(66.680)	(51.241)
					_	(243.795)	(188.060)
	Average number of employees				_	539	533
						2016/17	
	Remuneration of the supervisory board, the executive board and executives		2017/18			(10 MTH)	
		Super- visory board	Executive board	Other executives	Super- visory board	Executive board	Other executives
	Wages and salaries	(1.068)	(6.918)	(5.068)	(1.027)	(8.445)	(3.830
	Termination costs (one off)	0	(3.962)	0	0	0	(
	Bonus	0	(1.000)	(669)	0	(6.351)	(3.118
	Pensions	0	(661)	(363)	0	(693)	(210
		(1.068)	(12.541)	(6.100)	(1.027)	(15.489)	(7.158
	The total remuneration of the group management was K.DKK 19.709						
	DEPRECIATION, AMORTISATION, WRITE-DOWNS AND IMPAIRMENT	LOSSES	(DKK'000)				
						2017/18	2016/17 (10 MTH)
	Amortisation of intangible assets					(22.856)	(17.722)
	Write-downs of intangible assets					0	0
	Depreciation of tangible assets					(18.239)	(18.919)
	Write-downs of tangible assets				1-	0	0
	Depreciation, amortisation, write-downs and impairment losses are recognised in	a the income	ctatement -	s follows:		(41.095)	(36.641)
	Production costs	i die income	s statement a	is follows:		(14 020)	(12.054)
	Distribution costs					(14.830)	(12.856)
	Administrative expenses					(17.164)	(15.506)
	nammod dave expenses				-	(9.101)	(8.279)

(41.095)

(7.372)

(36.641)

(5.341)

		2017/18	2016/17 (10 MTH)
	Aggregate fee	(1.675)	(1.275)
	may be broken down as follows:		
	Audit	(683)	(605)
	Other assurance engagements	(98)	0
	Other services	(329)	(277)
	Tax consultancy	(565)	(393)
		(1.675)	(1.275)
	OTHER OPERATING INCOME (DKK'000)		
	OTHER OF EIGHTING INCOME (BIRK000)	2047/40	2016/1
		2017/18	2016/17 (10 MTH)
	Refunds	1.353	552
	Gain on sale of activity, US	0	1.709
	Gain on sale of activity, Sweden	0	2.423
	Gain on sale of tangible assets	2.959	16
		4.312	4.700
	OTHER OPERATING COSTS	2017/18	2016/17 (10 MTH)
	Costs, outsourcing IT-department	(2.916)	(4.084)
3	SPECIAL ITEMS (DKK'000)	2017/19	2016/17
		2017/18	2016/17 (51.842)
	SPECIAL ITEMS (DKK'000)  Transaction costs in connection with BoConcept Holding A/S' acquisition of the share capital Previous years' reversal of provided costs for closing of store and warehouse.	<b>2017/18</b> 0 0	2016/17 (51.842) 443
_	Transaction costs in connection with BoConcept Holding A/S' acquisition of the share capital	0	(51.842)
	Transaction costs in connection with BoConcept Holding A/S' acquisition of the share capital Previous years' reversal of provided costs for closing of store and warehouse.	0	(51.842) 443
	Transaction costs in connection with BoConcept Holding A/S' acquisition of the share capital	0 0	(51.842) 443 (51.399)
	Transaction costs in connection with BoConcept Holding A/S' acquisition of the share capital Previous years' reversal of provided costs for closing of store and warehouse.	0	(51.842) 443
	Transaction costs in connection with BoConcept Holding A/S' acquisition of the share capital Previous years' reversal of provided costs for closing of store and warehouse.	0 0	(51.842) 443 (51.399)
	Transaction costs in connection with BoConcept Holding A/S' acquisition of the share capital Previous years' reversal of provided costs for closing of store and warehouse.  FINANCIAL INCOME (DKK'000)	2017/18	(51.842) 443 (51.399) 2016/17 (10 MTH)

10	FINANCIAL EXPENSES (DKK'000)		
		2017/18	2016/17 (10 MTH)
	Other interest expenses	(16.494)	(14.672)
	Settlement of hedging instruments	(609)	(694)
	Foreign exchange loss	(2.588)	0
	Exchange loss in connection with purchase of shares	0	(10.824)
		(19.691)	(26.190)
11	TAX (DKK'000)		
		2017/18	2016/17 (10 MTH)
	Tax for the year breaks down as follows:		
	Tax on profit for the year	(22.382)	(19.271)
	Tax on other comprehensive income	313	(321)
		(22.069)	(19.592)
	Tax on profit/loss for the year may be subdivided as follows:		
	Current tax	(26.739)	(24.267)
	Deferred tax	2.477	4.704
	Adjustment of tax related to previous years	1.880	(29)
	t e	(22.382)	(19.592)
	Tax on profit/loss for the year may be explained as follows:		
	Calculated 22% tax on profit/loss for the year before tax	(19.141)	(3.131)
	Withholding tax	(2.902)	(487)
	The tax effect of:		,,
	Reversal of tax provision	5.855	0
	Non-taxable income and non-deductible costs and differences in foreign corporate tax rates	(8.074)	(20.328)
	Adjustment of tax related to previous years	1.880	(350)
		(22.382)	(24.296)
	Effective tax rate	25,7	137,7

2 INTANGIBLE ASSETS (DKK'000)

				2018			
	Goodwill	Master rights	Franchise network	Brand/con cept	Software	Intangible assets in progress	Total
Acquisition cost, beg./year	533.934	42.039	206.100	571.000	84.714	8.908	1.446.695
Foreign exchange rate adjustments	(179)	0	0	0	(111)	0	(290)
Additions	0	0	0	0	10.119	6.574	16.693
Addition, acquisition of company	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Carried forward	0	0	0	0	3.206	(3.206)	0
Disposals for the year	0	0	0	0	(132)	0	(132)
Acquisition cost, year-end	533.755	42.039	206.100	571.000	97.796	12.276	1.462.966
Amortisation and impairment losses, beg./year	0	(5.439)	(10.878)	0	(64.034)	0	(80.351)
Foreign exchange rate adjustments	0	0	0	0	104	0	104
Write downs, additions with acquisition of company	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Write-downs for the year	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Amortisation for the year	0	0	(13.739)	0	(9.101)	0	(22.840)
Disposals for the year	0	0	0	0	101	0	101
Amortisation and impairment losses, year-end	0	(5.439)	(24.617)	0	(72.930)	0	(102.986)
Carrying amount, year-end	533.755	36.600	181.483	571.000	24.866	12.276	1.359.980
Depreciated over a period of			15 years		3-8 years		

Master rights relate to acquisition of master rights in China, the UK, Spain, Sweden, Portugal and Denmark.

An impairment test of the carrying amounts of goodwill, master rights and brand & concept has been carried out at 30 April 2018. The carrying amount of goodwill and brand & concept is based on cash flow generating from the entire group. Master rights is based on cash flow generating stores in Denmark, the USA, the UK, Spain, Portugal, Sweden and China.

The main factors in the determination of the recoverable amount are revenue and contribution margin and the discount rate used.

The recoverable amounts of goodwill, master rights and brand & concepts are based on the capital value, which is determined by applying expected cash flows based on the budget for the next year and an estimated projection for the next five years related to expected revenue growth from increased same-store-sales and opening of new stores followed by the calculation of a terminal value with an annual growth of 1,5%. All amounts have been discounted at 10.2% before tax.

The calculated recoverable amounts of the remaining values are higher than the carrying amounts.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED

				2017			
						Intangible	
		Master	Franchise	Brand/con		assets in	
	Goodwill	rights	network	cept	Software	progress	Total
Acquisition cost, beg./year	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Foreign exchange rate adjustments	(316)	0	0	0	(98)	0	(414)
Additions	34.495	42.039	0	0	77.636	3.349	157.519
Addition, acquisition of company	520.719	0	206.100	571.000	10.216	7.749	1.315.784
Carried forward	0	0	0	0	2.190	(2.190)	0
Disposals for the year	(20.964)	0	0	0	(5.230)	0	(26.194)
Acquisition cost, year-end	533.934	42.039	206.100	571.000	84.714	8.908	1.446.695
Amortisation and impairment losses, beg./year	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Foreign exchange rate adjustments	19	0	0	0	95	0	114
Write downs, additions with acquisition of company	(20.983)	(5.439)	0	0	(62.515)	0	(88.937)
Write-downs for the year	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Amortisation for the year	0	0	(10.878)	0	(6.844)	0	(17.722)
Disposals for the year	20.964	0	0	0	5.230	0	26.194
Amortisation and impairment losses, year-end	0	(5.439)	(10.878)	0	(64.034)	0	(80.351)
Carrying amount, year-end	533.934	36.600	195.222	571.000	20.680	8.908	1.366.344
Depreciated over a period of	•		15 years		3-8 vears		

ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED

13

Depreciated over a period of

TANGIBLE ASSETS (DKK'000)			20	18		
	Land and buildings	Leasehold improve- ments	Plant and machinery	Fixtures and operating equipment	Property, plant and equipment in progress	Total
Acquisition cost, beg./year	257.187	28.173	178.819	36.007	6.928	507.11
Foreign exchange rate adjustments	0	(1.176)	0	(2.073)	0	(3.249
Additions, acquisition of company	0	0	0	0	0	
Additions	0	8.022	4.584	1.569	6.923	21.09
Carried forward	0	0	0	0	(4.467)	(4.467
Disposals for the year	0	0	(1.955)	(843)	0	(2.798
Acquisition cost, year-end	257.187	35.019	181.448	34.660	9.384	517.69
Depreciation and impairment losses, beg./year	(145.917)	(24.410)	(161.349)	(33.070)	0	(364.746
Foreign exchange rate adjustments	0	1.117	0	1.575	0	2.69
Write-downs, additions, acquisition of company	0	0	0	0	0	
Write-downs	0	0	0	0	0	
Depreciation for the year	(8.039)	(2.342)	(6.473)	(1.385)	0	(18.239
Disposals for the year	0	0	1.949	813	0	2.76
Depreciation and impairment losses, year-end	(153.956)	(25.635)	(165.873)	(32.067)	0	(377.53
Carrying amount, year-end	103.231	9.384	15.575	2.593	9.384	140.16
Depreciated over a period of	10-25 years	3-10 years	5-9 years	3-7 years		
Plant and machinery includes leased assets at a carrying amou	unt of DKK 4.3 million (last	year DKK 6.7				
				Fixtures	Property,	
	Land and buildings	Leasehold improve- ments	Plant and machinery	and operating equipment	plant and equipment in progress	Total
Acquisition cost, beg./year	0	0	0	0	0	0
Foreign exchange rate adjustments	0	(993)	0	(400)	0	(1.393
Additions, acquisition of company	191.634	28.973	165.778	36.467	2.041	424.893
Additions	65.553	1.654 0	13.041 0	1.303	4.923	86.474 0
Carried forward Disposals for the year	0	(1.461)	0	36 (1.399)	(36) 0	(2.860
Acquisition cost, year-end	257.187	28.173	178.819	36.007	6.928	507.114
Depreciation and impairment losses, beg./year	0	0	0	0	0	0
Foreign exchange rate adjustments	0	829	0	327	0	1.156
Write-downs, additions, acquisition of company	(138.998)	(23.149)	(154.753)	(32.940) 0	0 .	(349.840
Write-downs Depreciation for the year	0 (6.916)	0 (3.551)	0 (6.596)	(1.856)	0	(18.919
Disposals for the year	0	1.461	0	1.399	0	2.860
Depreciation and impairment losses, year-end	(145.914)	(24.410)	(161.349)	(33.070)	0	(364.743
Carrying amount, year-end	111.273	3.763	17.470	2.937	6.928	142.371
	10-25	- 10	- 0			

years 3-10 years 5-9 years 3-7 years

14	DEFERRED TAX (DKK'000)			
			2018	2017
	Deferred tax, beg./year		(188.760)	0
	Deferred tax at acquisition of BoConcept Holding A/S		0	(190.068)
	Deferred tax for the year		2.477	1.308
	Deferred tax, year-end		(186.283)	(188.760)
	Deferred tax is recognised in the balance sheet as follows:			
	Deferred tax (asset)		4.748	4.333
	Deferred tax (liability)		(191.031)	(193.093)
	Net deferred tax, year-end	,	(186.283)	(188.760)
	Deferred tax relates to:			
	Intangible assets		(177.015)	(178.423)
	Tangible assets		(15.861)	(17.469)
	Current assets		11.604	12.988
	Tax loss carry forwards		(5.011)	(5.856)
			(186.283)	(188.760)
	Layout Holdco A/S is the administrator of the joint taxation scheme, and in the capacity it settles all payments of incoming authorities.	tax with	the tax	
15	OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS AND DEPOSITS (DKK'000)			
13	OTHER HAMIOINE AGGETG AND DEF GOTTS (DIRRUM)		Other	Other
	Deposits Deposits Deposits Deposits Deposits Deposits 2018	posits <b>2017</b>	financial assets 2018	financial assets 2017
	Acquisition cost, beg./year 14.247	0	17.811	0
	Foreign exchange rate adjustments (903)	(759)	(69)	5

			*
16	INVENTORIES (DKK'000)		
<u> </u>		2018	2017
	Raw materials and consumables	12.277	6.319
	Goods in progress	7.053	7.274
	Manufactured goods and goods for sale	119.873	111.976
		139.203	125.569
	Cost of sales for the year which is included in production costs	597.782	481.282
	Write-down of inventories	(3.855)	(2.675)
	Reversal of write-downs for the year	236	1.391

Addition purchase of company

Depreciation for the year Disposals for the year

Acquisition cost, year-end

Additions

12.596

2.624

(214)

14.247

(2.361)

1.858

15.202

15.444

2.558

(196)

17.811

17	TRADE RECEIVABLES (DKK'000)	2018	2017
	Trade receivables	143.056	133.585
	Provisions for losses have been recognised in the above item as follows:	-	
	Provisions, beg./year	(161.463)	(172.277)
	Provisions for the year	(13.203)	(30.655)
	Losses recognised for the year	29.034	19.400
	Exchange rate adjustments for the year	0	272
	Reversed provisions for the year	19.051	21.797
	Provisions, year-end	(126.581)	(161.463)
	Write-downs primarily relate to amounts falling due after more than 60 days. Receivables that fall due after more than 90 days have been written off in full.		
	Maturities of trade receivables, before depreciation, may be classified as follows:		
	Due in 0-60 days	18.097	16.146
	Due in 61-180 days	0	150
	Due after more than 180 days	0	0
		18.097	16.296
18	OTHER RECEIVABLES (DKK'000) Other receivables	<b>2018</b> 10.428	<b>2017</b> 11.246
	Prepayments	7.302	12.530
		17.730	23.776
19	SHARE CAPITAL (DKK'000)  Number of Shares Shares 2018 2017	Nominal value <b>201</b> 8	Nominal value <b>2017</b>
	Beg. year/ year-end shares 1.000 1.000	1.000	1.000
	Each share presents 1 vote		
20	OTHER PROVISIONS (DKK'000)	2018	2017
	Acquisition cost, beg./year	7.701	0
	Foreign rate adjustments	(495)	(309)
	Additions, acquisition of company	0	8.671
	Additions for the year	1.780	196
	Disposals for the year	0	(857)
		8.986	7.701
_	Other provisions relate to re-establishment of leaseholds.	0.900	7.701

ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED

## AMOUNTS OWED TO CREDIT INSTITUTIONS (DKK'000)

	2018	2017
Other liabilities		
Mortgage credit institutions		
Within 1 year	5.123	5.100
Between 1 and 5 years	18.008	18.973
After 5 years	18.329	22.444
	41.460	46.517
Credit institutions/leasing debt		
After 5 years	221.000	221.000
Between 1 and 5 years	92.225	112.565
Long-term part	313.225	333.565
Within 1 year	15.896	13.439
Other short-term debt	16.925	3.154
	32.821	16.593
Amortised loan costs	7.587	9.400

Liabilities relating to assets under finance leases are therefore included in amounts owed to credit institutions.

amounts owed to credit institutions.		2018			2017		
	Lease		Carrying	Lease		Carrying	
	payment	Interest	amount	payment	Interest	amount	
0-1 year	1.151	(130)	1.021	1.146	(159)	987	
1-5 years	3.673	(188)	3.485	4.794	(306)	4.488	
>5 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	4.824	(318)	4.506	5.940	(465)	5.475	lan.

Leased equipment comprises production, plant and machinery. The term remaining of the leases is approx. 1-5 years. The leases have been concluded in DKK and EUR with fixed as well as variable leasing payments for the remainder of the term.

2 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND SECURITY (DKK'000)	2018	2017
Land and buildings recognised at:	103.231	111.273
Production plant and machinery recognised at:	15.575	11.995
Are charged in addition to the mortgage debt of:	41.460	46.517
Subject to letter of indemnity of:	50.000	50.000
Security in the following BoConcept A/S assets:		
Goodwill, domain names and various rights	36.600	36.600
Plant, operating equipment and machinery	20.407	14.932
Inventory value	117.588	105.165
Receivables and location involvement	114.467	105.788
Total	289.062	262.485
Registered value of company security	125.000	125.000
Non-terminable operating leases are as follows:		
0-1 year	44.621	45.285
1-5 years	79.216	80.301
>5 years	81.979	81.979
	205.816	207.565

prolongation.

The group has provided guarantee for franchisees' landlords for rent of DKK 34.5 million (last year DKK 37.7 million).

BoConcept Holding A/S has pledged shares in subsidiary with a booked value at DKK 1.437 million.

The group has provided guarantee for bank loans raised by franchisees of DKK 5.2 million (last year DKK 7.7 million).

The group has provided guarantee for franchisee's electronic payments towards third party of DKK 3.7 million (last year DKK 3.7 million).

The group has provided guarantee for bank arrangement with shares in subsidiary with a booked value of DKK 43.6 million.

## ADJUSTMENT FOR NON-CASH ITEMS (DKK'000)

	2018	2017
Depreciation and impairment losses for the year	41.095	36.641
Reversed earnings by sale of company	0	8.460
Provisions for re-establishment of leaseholds	315	(970)
Provisions for losses on bad debts	50	536
Other adjustments	3.312	
	44.772	44.667

## CHANGES IN WORKING CAPITAL (DKK'000)

		2018	201/	
-57	Change receivables	(3.425)	(9.070)	
	Change inventories	(13.634)	(891)	
	Change trade payables, etc.	(1.548)	19.009	
		(18.607)	9.049	

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RISKS (DKK'000)

			2018		
Foreign currencies	Pre- payment/ maturity	Receiv- ables	Liabilities other than provisions	Hedged by forward exchange contracts	Net position
PLN	<1 year	1.813	(24)	0	1.78
	>1 year	0	0	0	(
GBP	<1 year	9.091	312	(51.380)	(41.977
	>1 year	0	0	0	
JPY	<1 year	21.567	(27.030)	(44.179)	(49.642
	>1 year	11.908	0	0	11.90
SEK	<1 year	986	(160)	(5.408)	(4.582
	>1 year	1.374	0	0	1.37
USD	<1 year	58.005	12.565	(50.949)	19.62
	>1 year	7.071	0	0	7.07
EUR	<1 year	145.082	12.594	0	157.67
	>1 year	4.372	(392)	0	3.98
CNY	<1 year	6.836	(20.255)	(19.449)	(32.868
	>1 year	2.555	0	0	2.55
Other	<1 year	0	42	0	4
	>1 year	0	0	0	)
Sale/purchase of currencies in accordance with agreements		270.660	(22.348)	(171.365) 171.365	76.94
Unrealised net loss		- VIII		0	

	2017					
	Pre-		Liabilities	Hedged by forward		
	payment/	Receiv-	other than	exchange	Ne	
Foreign currencies	maturity	ables	provisions	contracts	positio	
PLN	<1 year	1.927	(35)	0	1.89	
	>1 year	483	0	0	48	
GBP	<1 year	2.873	(3.192)	(59.164)	(59.48	
	>1 year	2.796	0	0	2.79	
JPY	<1 year	43.021	(24.088)	(43.460)	(24.52	
	>1 year	0	0	0		
SEK	<1 year	7.997	(357)	(3.243)	4.39	
	>1 year	0	0	0		
USD	<1 year	119.023	(11.686)	(37.143)	70.19	
	>1 year	1.866	0	0	1.86	
EUR	<1 year	145.981	(33.260)	0	112.72	
	>1 year	6.442	(38.411)	0	(31.96	
CNY	<1 year	20.410	(26.415)	(8.676)	(14.68	
	>1 year	0	0	0		
Other	<1 year	1.097	(102)	0	99	
	>1 year	0	0	0		
		353.916	(137.546)	(151.686)	64.68	
Sale/purchase of currencies in accordance with agreements				151.289		
Unrealised net loss				(397)		

## 26 TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

BoConcept Holding A/S' related parties with significant influence include the shareholder (Layout Holdco A/S) of the company, supervisory board, the executive board and executives as well as the said persons' family members. Related parties also include companies in which the above mentioned group of persons have considerable interests. There have been no transactions with shareholders except for transaction on regular business terms.

Furthermore, the related parties include group enterprises in which Layout Holdco A/S has control or significant influence, cf. group overview on page 49.

Transactions conducted with the executive board only include normal management remuneration, cf. note 3 in the consolidated accounts as well as the transactions shown below.

Transactions conducted with other executives include normal remuneration, cf. note 3 in the consolidated accounts.

## 7 DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK AND CAPITAL MANAGEMENT (DKK'000)

## The group's policy for financial risk management

On account of its operations, investments and financing the BoConcept Holding group is exposed to a number of foreign exchange and interest rate fluctuations. The management identifies the scope and concentration of risks and puts in place policies for addressing such risks on the basis of an ongoing review of the business. In addition, the group is subject to credit and liquidity risk. It is the group's policy not to speculate actively in financial risks. The sole purpose of the group's financial management is therefore to manage or eliminate financial risks associated with the group's operations and financing.

The group's policy for financial risk management is unchanged from last year and appears from Management. As a result, the carrying amount of financial instruments approx. corresponds to the fair value.

## Credit risk

The group's credit risk is primarily associated with receivables and bank deposits as well as derivative financial instruments.

Credit risks related to bank deposits are hedged by placing bank deposits in systemic banks.

Credit risk associated with receivables arise when BoConcept Holding A/S and subsidiaries make sales that are not prepaid. By far the majority of receivables are payable by franchisees who have submitted opening budgets in advance. Due to the close business relation to the franchisees, the group is unable to hedge these receivables with a third party.

48% of BoConcept Holding group's customers had not defaulted on the due dates at 30 April 2018. In the past the majority of our customers have been paying their debts by the due dates agreed upon. Receivables that are due more than 90 days after the normal due date have been written off in full.

	2018	2017
The maximum credit risk without taking into account security provided for trade receivables	143.056	133.585
The maximum credit risk associated with bank deposit, securities and derivative financial instrument	s 143.349	202.639
The maximum credit risk associated with other receivables	17.730	23.776
· ·	304.135	360.000

## 27 DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK AND CAPITAL MANAGEMENT (DKK'000) – CONTINUED

## Liquidity risks

The liquidity risk means the risk that BoConcept Holding may not be able to fulfil its obligations as a result of a failure to realise assets or obtain adequate financing. The group ensures to maintain the best possible liquidity in order that it can continue to fulfil its financial commitments, under normal as well extraordinary circumstances.

Unutilised credit facilities for BoConcept Holding A/S and BoConcept A/S amounted to DKK 53 million at the end of the financial year compared to DKK 62 million the year before. Cash amounted to DKK 127,9 million compared to DKK 184,8 million last year.

Below is a time table of cash flows associated with financial liabilities and hedging instruments:

			20:	18			
	Cash flows						
	Nominal	Fair					
	value	value	<1 year	1-5 years	>5 years	Total	
Measured at amortised cost (loans and other commitments)			4				
Amounts owed to mortgage credit institutions	41.460	41.965	5.123	18.008	18.329	41.46	
Amounts owed to credit institutions	4.506	4.506	1.021	3.485	0	4.50	
Other long-term payables	191	191	0	0	191	19	
Bank loans	341.540	341.540	31.800	88.740	221.000	341.54	
	387.697	388.202	37.944	110.233	239.520	387.69	
Trade payables	109.968	109.968	109.968	0	0	109.96	
Lease guarantees and guarantees provided for franchisees (contingent liabilities)	0	0	0	0	0		
Other payables	112.328	112.328	112.328	0	0	112.32	
	609.993	610.498	260.240	110.233	239.520	609.99	
Total financial liabilities	609.993	610.498	260.240	110.233	239.520	609.99	
Measured at amortised cost (deposits and receivables)							
Other financial assets	15.381	15.381	2.662	12.719	0	15.38	
Trade receivables	143.056	143.056	143.056	0	0	143.05	
Other receivables	17.730	17.730	17.730	0	0	17.73	
Cash	127.968	127.968	127.968	0	0	127.96	
	304.135	304.135	291.416	12.719	0	304.13	
Derivative financial instruments							
Forward exchange contracts			(171.365)	0	0	(171.365	
_	0	0	(171.365)	0	0	(171.365	
Total financial assets	304.135	304.135	120.051	12.719	0	132.77	

Cash flows for both the hedged assets and hedged liabilities as well as the hedging instruments are recognised in the income statement for the same period.

In the balance sheet, the value of derivative financial instruments is included in other receivables and other payables, respectively.

Generally, the fair value of financial liabilities and financial assets is determined in accordance with discounted cash flow models at the market rate of interest and subjects to the credit terms prevailing at the balance sheet date.

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**ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED** 

Financial instruments measured at fair value are categorised into the following levels of the fair value hierarchy:

Level 1: Observable market prices for identical instruments

Level 2: Valuation techniques primarily based on observable prices or traded prices for comparable instruments.

Level 3: Valuation techniques primarily based on observable prices

The fair value of BoConcept Holding's forward exchange contracts of other derivative instruments (commodity instruments) and debt to mortgage debt institutions is measured according to level 2 as the fair value can be established directly based on exchange rates published and forward interest rates specified at the balance sheet date.

	2017					
				Cash	flows	
	Nominal	Fair				
	value	value	<1 year	1-5 years	>5 years	Total
Measured at amortised cost (loans and other commitments)						
Amounts owed to mortgage credit institutions	46.517	47.145	3.563	21.313	29.526	54.402
Amounts owed to credit institutions	5.475	5.475	1.146	4.794	0	5.940
Other long-term payables	191	191	0	0	191	191
Bank loans	344.492	344.492	26.582	146.463	221.491	394.536
	396.675	397.303	31.291	172.570	251.208	455.069
Trade payables Lease guarantees and guarantees provided for franchisees (contingent	96.421	96.421	96.421	0	0	96.421
liabilities)	0	, 0	11.334	13.268	20.945	45,547
Other payables	131.180	131.180	122.184	8.996	20.943	131.180
other payables	624.276	624.904	261.230	194.834	272.153	728.217
Total financial liabilities	624.276	624.904	261.230	194.834	272.153	728.217
Measured at amortised cost (deposits and receivables)						
Other financial assets	17.811	17.811	2.579	15.232	0	17.811
Trade receivables	133.585	133.585	133.585	0	0	133.585
Other receivables	23,776	23,776	23,776	0	0	23.776
Cash	184.828	184.828	184.828	0	0	184.828
	360.000	360.000	344.768	15.232	0	360.000
Derivative financial instruments						
Forward exchange contracts			(151.686)	0	0	(151.686
a deditional epopularia V.A CASSISTED	0	0	(151.686)	0	0	(151.686)
Total financial assets	360.000	360.000	193.082	15.232	0	208.314

## 27 DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK AND CAPITAL MANAGEMENT (DKK'000) - CONTINUED

### Market risks

In BoConcept Holding's case, market risks associated with financial instruments consist of foreign exchange risks and interest rate risks.

## Foreign exchange risks

97% of group revenue is produced abroad. This figure is not indicative of the foreign exchange risk since, under the group's purchasing policy, purchasing and selling currencies are matched whenever possible.

The group has net inflows denominated in EUR, GBP, JP and USD, while the major exposure on the outflow side is denominated in CNY.

Foreign exchange risks are managed centrally, and the most important and volatile currencies are hedged by means of foreign exchange contracts and option contracts with a maximum term of 12 months and, to a less extent, by raising loans in foreign currencies.

Foreign currency translation adjustments of investments in group enterprises with a functional currency different from that of the parent company are recognised directly in equity. Associated foreign exchange risks are not hedged since the group takes the view that ongoing hedging of such long-term investments would not be the best policy based on an overall evaluation of the risks and costs involved.

The isolated effects of a 5% increase in the foreign exchange rate at 30 April vis-a-vis DKK by translation of assets and obligations may be broken down as follows:

	2018	2017
USD		
Equity	304	2.330
Profit for the year	304	2.330
GBP		
Equity	0	(2.179)
Profit for the year	0	(2.179)
CNY		
Equity	150	(518)
Profit for the year	150	(518)
JPY		
Equity	1.973	(1.354)
Profit for the year	1.973	(1.354)

The below table states the EBIT effect of 5% foreign exchange increase compared with the average exchange rate realised per financial year.

	2018	2017
USD EBIT effect	5.377	5.703
JPY EBIT effect	9.152	4.252
GBP EBIT effect	3.656	3.170
CNY EBIT effect	2.527	(1.410)

USD purchase in China is affected by the CNY development compared to USD. A 5% strength of the CNY compared to USD affects the EBIT negatively by USD 0.8 million in 2017/2018 and USD 0.6 million in 2016/2017.

Particulars of the currencies having the greatest impact on the equity and profit for the year have been provided above.

The above analysis is based on the assumption that all other variables, especially the interest rate, remain constant. The expectations are based on current market data.

A corresponding drop in the exchange rates of the above currencies would have the same effect in reverse on the equity and profit/loss for the year.

## 7 DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK AND CAPITAL MANAGEMENT (DKK'000) – CONTINUED

## Interest rate risks

The group's interest rate risk is related to interest rate fluctuations that may affect the group's cash flows related to interest receivable and interest payable as well as the fair value of financial instruments. The group hedges the risk of interest rate fluctuations related to the group's loans, as management in each case assesses whether to use fixed-rate or floating-rate loans.

## Analysis of sensitivity to interest rate risks

BoConcept Holding A/S expects the level of interest rates in Denmark to be affected by the interest rates in the euro-zone and in the USA. Based on analyses in euro-zone and in the USA, BoConcept Holding expects the level of interest rates to change by up to 1 percentage point either way. A rise in the level of interest rate of 1 percentage point would have the effect outlined below of the equity and loss for the year:

	2018	2017
Equity	(30)	(16)
Loss for the year	(987)	(212)

A fall would have the same effect in reverse.

Most of the debt to mortgage credit institutions and other bank loans takes the form of contracts carrying variable rates of interest, this year as well as last year. However, this year we have concluded an interest rate swap agreement with a term of 5 years and a fixed rate of interest of 2%, covering 64% of our total debt to mortgage credit institutions (last year 53%). The weighted effective rate of interest measured at the balance sheet date, was 2.2% compared with 2.6% last year.

The market value of the interest rate swap agreement is negative before tax DKK 1.6 million (last year a negative value of DKK 2.2 million).

## Capital management

In its capital management it is the group's aim to create the necessary calm to ensure the company's strategic progress and to produce a competitive return on shareholders' investments. At the same time the group aims to reduce the costs of capital.

## 28 NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

At 30 April 2018, IASB had approved the following new accounting standards (IFRSs and IASs), which are assessed to be of relevance to BoConcept Holding A/S.

## IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

The number of classification categories for financial assets is reduced to three: amortised cost, fair value through profit or loss (FVPL) and fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). Entities taking the fair value option are required under IFRS 9 to present the share of the fair value change for the period which is attributable to changes in the entity's own credit risk in other comprehensive income. Further, the impairment model for financial assets is changed to a model based on expected credit losses under which changes to the credit risk imply changes to the provision for bad debts. The hedge accounting rules are relaxed so as to be aligned with the entity's risk management practices. The standard will be effective for financial years beginning on or after 1 January 2018, and we consider BoConcept Holding A/S already to be compliant and the new standard will therefore have no material impact on accounting

## IFRS 15 Revenue from contracts with customers

New standard on revenue recognition. The standard may potentially affect revenue recognition in a number of areas depending on the industry in which the entity operates, including:

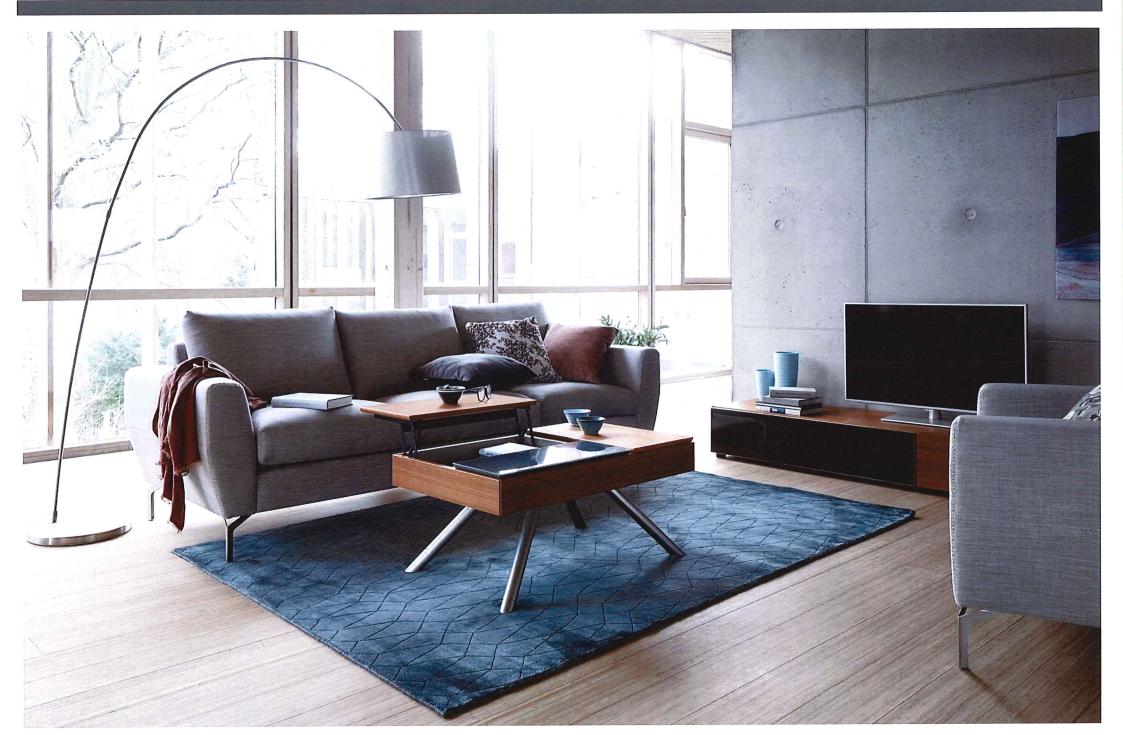
- · The timing of revenue recognition
- · Recognition of variable consideration
- · Allocation of revenue from multi-element arrangements
- · Recognition of revenue from license rights
- · Up-front fees
- · Additional disclosure requirements

The standard will be effective for financial years beginning on or after 1 January 2018, and we consider BoConcept Holding A/S already to be compliant and the standard have no accounting impact on accounting. Please see note 27 for further information.

## IFRS 16 Leases

• New standard on the accounting treatment of leases. Going forward, the lessee is required to recognise all leases as a lease liability and a lease asset in the balance sheet. The standard will be effective for financial years beginning on or after 1 January 2019.

Management has completed the initial analysis of the impact on the Financial Statements upon adoption of the above IFRS standards. The management expect the effect of implementing IFRS 16 will be in the vicinity of 160-180 mDKK increasing in Balance sheet total. The impact on result before tax will not be material. The impact on EBITDA is expected to be an improvement in the range of 25-50 mDKK based on 2017/18 financial statement.



## Income Statement Parent Company

	INCOME STATEMENT 01 MAY - 30 APRIL		
		2017/18	2016/17
	Revenue	0	0
	Gross profit	0	0
1	Administrative expenses	(19.786)	(14.926)
2	Other operating income	15.000	4.260
	Operating profit/loss before special items (EBIT before special items)	(4.786)	(10.666)
3	Special items	0	(51.685)
4	Net profit from investments in group enterprises	82.399	66.830
	Profit/loss from operating activities (EBIT)	77.613	4.479
5	Financial expenses	(14.586)	(13.155)
	Profit/loss before tax	63.027	(8.676)
6	Tax on profit/loss for the year	1.597	3.317
	Profit/loss for the year	64.624	(5.359)
	Broken down as follows:	64.604	(5.250)
	Shareholders of BoConcept Holding A/S	64.624	(5.359)
		64.624	(5.359)

TOTAL INCOME		
	2017/18	2016/17 (10 MTH)
Profit/loss for the period	64.624	(5.359)
Items that later can be recirculated to income statement:		
Revaluation of hedging instruments before tax	(467)	677
Settlement of hedging instruments	0	0
Foreign currency translation, foreign units	(3.938)	0
Tax on total income items	103	(149)
Total income for the period	60.322	(4.831)
Broken down as follows:		
Shareholders of BoConcept Holding A/S	60.322	(4.831)
Total income for the period	60.322	(4.831)

## Balance Sheet Parent Company

	AS AT 30 APRIL	2018	2017
	ASSETS	2018	2017
	Deferred tax asset	394	
	Value of equity investments	1.437.329	1.409.490
	Deposits	57	
	Total other non-current assets	1.437.780	1.409.490
	Total non-current assets	1.437.780	1.409.490
7	Other receivables	2.227	2.868
LO	Income tax receivable	2.157	3.168
	Cash and cash equivalents	1.886	77.590
	Total current assets	6.270	83.626
	TOTAL ASSETS	1.444.050	1.493.116
	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
3	Share capital	1.000	1.000
	Hedging reserve	164	528
	Retained earnings	1.110.892	1.050.206
	Dividend proposed	0	100.000
	Equity share, BoConcept Holding A/S shareholders	1.112.056	1.151.734
	Total equity	1.112.056	1.151.734
)	Mortgage credit institutions and banks	305.638	318.700
	Total non-current liabilities	305.638	318.700
,	Mortgage credit institutions and banks	14.875	11.90
	Payables, group enterprises	1.293	
	Other payables	10.188	10.78
	Total current liabilities	26.356	22.682
	Total liabilities	331.994	341.382
	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	1.444.050	1.493.116
11	Related parties		

11 Related parties New accounting regulations - see group note 29

# Statement of equity movements Parent Company

						DICK 000
STATEMENT OF EQUITY MOVEMENTS, PARENT COMPANY						
	CI.		Value of		6	
	Share	Premium	hedging	Retained	Dividend	Takal
	capital	by emission	reserve	earnings	proposed	Total
Equity at 31 May 2016	1.000	1.155.863	0	0	0	1.156.863
Profit/loss for the year	0	0	0	(5.359)	0	(5.359)
Equity movements in subsidiaries	0	0	0	(298)	0	(298)
Revaluation of hedging instruments	0	0	528	0	0	528
Transfer, free reserves	0	(1.155.863)	0	1.155.863	0	0
Divided proposed	0	0	0	(100.000)	100.000	0
Equity at 30 April 2017	1.000	0	528	1.050.206	100.000	1.151.734
Dividend distributed	0	0	0	0	(100.000)	(100.000)
Profit/loss for the year	0	0	0	64.624	0	64.624
Equity movements in subsidiaries	0	0	0	(3.938)	0	(3.938)
Revaluation of hedging instruments	0	0	(364)	0	0	(364)
Equity at 30 April 2018	1.000	0	164	1.110.892	0	1.112.056

1	COSTS (DKK'000)						
	Staff costs					2017/18	2016/17 (10 MTH)
	Wages and salaries					(13.472)	(10.089)
	Pensions					(661)	(503)
	Other social security costs					0	0
	Other staff costs				_	(204)	(210)
					_	(14.337)	(10.802)
	Staff costs are recognised as follows:						
	Administrative expenses				_	(14.337)	(10.802)
	Average number of employees					6	2
					_		
	Remuneration of the supervisory board, the executive board and				20	16/17 (10 M	тн)
	executives		2017/18				
					1940		
		Super-	C	Other	Super-	Evenutive	Other
		visory board	Executive board	Other executives	visory	Executive board	executive
		Jouru	bourd		30010	Bourd	

The total remuneration of the group management was K.DKK (14.357).

2	OTHER	OPERATING	INCOME	(DKKINON)

	(10 MTH)
	(IO PITIT)
15.000	4.260
	15.000

(918)

(918)

(6.918)

(3.962)

(1.000)

(661)

(12.541)

## 3 SPECIAL ITEMS (DKK'000)

Wages and salaries

Termination benefits

Bonus

Pensions

	2017/18	2016/17	
	·	(10 MIH)	
Transaction costs	0	(51.685)	

Transaction costs relate to the acquisition of shares in BoConcept Holding A/S.

(615)

(250)

(33)

(898)

(877)

(877)

0

0

(6.503)

(503)

(7.006)

0

(307)

(25)

(332)

4	INVESTMENTS IN GROUP ENTERPRISES (DKK'000)				2017/18	2016/17
	Cost at the beginning of the year				1.452.958	0
	Addition during the year				0	1.452.958
	Cost at year-end				1.452.958	1.452.958
	Revaluation at the beginning of the year				(43.468)	0
	Dividend from group enterprises				(50.000)	(110.000)
	Profit/loss for the year after tax				98.664	85.675
	Income recognition of added values				(16.265)	(18.845)
	Equity movements in group enterprises				(4.560)	(298)
	Revaluation at year-end				(15.629)	(43.468)
	Carrying amount at year-end				1.437.329	1.409.490
					Profit/loss	
					from	
					ordinary	
		Ownership	Share		activities	Profit/loss
		share	capital	Equity	before tax	for the year
	BoConcept A/S, Ølgod	100%	2.000	278.492	119.878	98.664

The shares of BoConcept A/S have been pledged for security for engagement with a bank. For a description of security, please see the consolidated accounts.

Layout Holdco A/S is the parent company of BoConcept Holding A/S which is the parent company of BoConcept A/S.

## 5 FINANCIAL EXPENSES (DKK'000)

	2017/18	2016/17
		(10 MTH)
Other interest expenses	(12.648)	(11.578)
Non-deductible fees	(1.938)	(1.577)
	(14.586)	(13.155)

6	TAX (DKK'000)		
		2017/18	2016/17 (10 MTH)
	Tax for the year breaks down as follows:		
	Tax on profit for the year	1.597	3.466
	Other comprehensive income	(131)	(149)
		1.466	3.317
	Tax on profit/loss for the year may be subdivided as follows:		
	Current tax	2.157	3.317
	Deferred tax for the year	394	0
	Adj. Prior year	(954)	0
		1.597	3.317
	Tax on profit/loss for the year may be explained as follows:		
	Calculated 22% tax on profit/loss for the year before tax	3.911	1.909
	The tax effect of:		
	Non-taxable income and non-deductible costs	(1.360)	1.408
	Adj. prior year	(954)	
		1.597	3.317
	Effective tax rate	(3)	(23)
7	OTHER RECEIVABLES (DKK'000)		
		2018	2017
	Other receivables	0	677
	Prepayments	2.227	2.191
-		2.227	2.868
8	SHARE CAPITAL (DKK'000)		
	Number of Numbe		Nominal
	shares share 2018 2	s value <b>017 2018</b>	value <b>2017</b>
	Beg. year/ year-end share capital 1.000 1.0		1.000

9	AMOUNTS OWED TO CREDIT INSTITUTIONS (DKK'000)

	2018	2017
Other payables		
Credit institutions/lease commitments		
Due after five years	(221.000)	(221.000)
Due within 1 to five years	(92.225)	(107.100)
Long-term debt	(313.225)	(328.100)
Due within one year	(14.875)	(11.900)
Other short-term debt	0	0
	(14.875)	(11.900)
Amortized loan costs	7.587	9.400

## 10 INCOME TAXES RECEIVABLE (DKK'000)

	2018	2017	
Income taxes receivable, beg. of year	3.168	0	
Tax transfered from BC A/S	(3.168)	0	
Current tax for the year	2.157	3.168	
	2.157	3.168	

## 11 TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

BoConcept Holding A/S' related parties with significant influence include the shareholders (Layout Holdco A/S) of the company, supervisory board, the executive board and executives as well as the said persons' family members. Related parties also include companies in which the above mentioned group of persons have considerable interests. There have been no transactions with shareholders.

Furthermore, the related parties include group enterprises in which BoConcept Holding A/S has control or significant influence, cf. group overview in note 12.

Transactions conducted with the executive board only include normal management remuneration, cf. note 1 in the consolidated accounts as well as the transactions shown below.

Transactions conducted with other executives include normal remuneration, cf. note 1 in the consolidated accounts.

	2018	2017
Management fee	15.000	4.260

## 12 SUBSIDIARIES

A T-18			Owner
Subsidiary	Domicile		share in %
BoConcept A/S	Ølgod	Denmark	100
BC Design Århus A/S	Ølgod	Denmark	100
BoConcept Germany GmbH	Düsseldorf	Germany	100
BoConcept France Sarl	Paris	France	100
BoConcept Beaugrenelle Sarl	Paris	France	100
BoConcept Ibericia SL	Madrid	Spain	100
BoConcept Explotaciones Comercciale SL	Madrid	Spain	100
BoConcept North America Inc.	Kansas	USA	100
BoConcept USA Inc.	Delaware	USA	100
BoConcept Franchise Inc.	Kansas	USA	100
BoConcept Japan KK	Tokyo	Japan	100
BC Design Holding Ltd.	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	100
BoConcept Furniture Trading Co Ltd.	Shanghai	China	100
BoConcept Retail China Ltd	Shanghai	China	100
Non-active subsidiaries			
BC Design Århus A/S	Ølgod	Denmark	100
BoConcept Hong Kong Itd	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	100
BC Urban Design Berlin GmbH	Düsseldorf	Germany	100

Layout Holdco A/S is the parent company of BoConcept Holding A/S.

