# **IGI Capital ApS**

Lyngby Hovedgade 10C

2800 Kongens Lyngby

CVR No. 37699551

# Annual Report 2023

8. financial year

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company on 24 March 2024

> Christian Harboe Wissum Chairman

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## **Management's Statement**

Today, Management has considered and adopted the Annual Report of IGI Capital ApS for the financial year 1 January 2023 - 31 December 2023.

The Annual Report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the Company at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January 2023 - 31 December 2023.

The conditions for not conducting an audit of the Financial Statement have been met.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 24 March 2024

**Executive Board** 

Kim Hersland CFO

**Supervisory Board** 

Christian Harboe Wissum Chairman Kim Hersland Member

## **Company details**

Company	IGI Capital ApS Lyngby Hovedgade 10C 2800 Kongens Lyngby
CVR No.	37699551
Date of formation	12 May 2016
Financial year	1 January 2023 - 31 December 2023
Supervisory Board	Christian Harboe Wissum Kim Hersland , CFO
Executive Board	Kim Hersland

## **Management's Review**

## The Company's Principal Activities

Welcome to our 2018 Annual Report.

NorthCapital Finance ApS serves as the group's corporate finance arm and plans in the future to extend it's services to group companies as well as to external clients.

# Development in the activities and the financial situation of the Company Development in activities and the financial situation

The Company's Income Statement of the financial year 1 January 2023 - 31 December 2023 shows a result of DKK and the Balance Sheet at 31 December 2023 a balance sheet total of DKK 6.750 and an equity of DKK 6.750.

## **Post Balance Sheet Events**

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date which have significantly affected the company's financial position.

The conditions for not conducting an audit of the Financial Statements have been met.

## **Accounting Policies**

#### **Reporting Class**

The annual report of IGI Capital ApS for 2023 has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

#### **Reporting currency**

The annual report is presented in Danish kroner.

## **General information**

#### Basis of recognition and measurement

The financial statement have been prepared under the historical cost principle.

Income is recognised in the income statement as it is earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value or amortized cost. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortization, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will accrue to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

At initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which involves the recognition of a constant effective interest rate over the term. Amortised cost is calculated as original cost less repayments and with the addition/deduction of the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount. This way, exchange losses and gains are allocated over the term.

In connection with recognition and measurement, consideration is given to predictable losses and risks occurring prior to the presentation of the financial statement, i.e. losses and risks which prove or disprove matters which exist at the balance sheet date.

#### **Income statement**

#### Revenue

Revenue is recognised in the income statement if the goods have been delivered and the risk has passed to the buyer before year-end and if the revenue can be reliably calculated and expected to be received. Revenue is recognised excluding VAT and all discounts granted are recognised in revenue.

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses for distribution, sales, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, operating leasing expenses etc.

#### Financial income and expenses

## **Accounting Policies**

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement based at the amounts that concern the financial year. Financial income and expenses include interest revenue and expenses, financial expenses of finance leases, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses regarding securities, accounts payable and transactions in foreign currencies, repayment on mortgage loans, and surcharges and allowances under the advance-payment of tax scheme.

Dividends from other investments are recognised as income in the financial year in which the dividends are declared.

## Tax on net profit for the year

Tax on net profit/loss for the year comprises current tax on expected taxable income of the year and the year's adjustment of deferred tax less the part of the tax of the year that relates to changes in equity. Current and deferred tax regarding changes in equity is recognised directly in equity.

## **Balance sheet**

## Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortized cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value. The value is reduced by write-downs for expected bad debts.

Impairment of accounts receivables past due is established on individual assessment of receivables.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand as well as short-term securities with a term of less than three months which can be converted directly into cash at bank and in hand and involve only an insignificant risk of value changes.

#### Equity

Equity comprises the working capital and a number of equity items that may be statutory or stipulated in the articles of association.

#### **Current tax liabilities**

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as estimated income tax charge for the year, adjusted for prior-year taxes and tax paid on account.

#### Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised initially at the proceeds received net of transaction expenses incurred. In subsequent periods, financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost, corresponding to the capitalized value using the effective interest method, so that the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement over the life of the financial instrument.

Mortgage debt is accordingly measured at amortized cost, corresponding to the outstanding balance in case of cash loans. In case of bond loans, amortized cost corresponds to the outstanding balance determined as the underlying cash value of the loans at the time of borrowing adjusted for amortisation of capital losses on the loans over the repayment period.

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

## **Contingent assets and liabilities**

Contingent assets and liabilities are not recognised in the Balance Sheet but appear only in the notes.

## **Income Statement**

	Note	2023 EUR	2022 EUR
Gross profit		0	0
Employee benefits expense Profit from ordinary operating activities	1	0 0	0 0
Profit from ordinary activities before tax		0	0
Profit		0	0

## Balance Sheet as of 31 December

Assets	Note	2023 EUR	2022 EUR
Short-term receivables from group enterprises Receivables		6.750 <b>6.750</b>	6.750 <b>6.750</b>
Current assets		6.750	6.750
Assets		6.750	6.750

## Balance Sheet as of 31 December

Liabilities and equity	Note	2023 EUR	2022 EUR
Contributed capital		6.750	6.750
Equity		6.750	6.750
Liabilities and equity		6.750	6.750
Contingent liabilities	3		
Collaterals and assets pledges as security	4		

## Notes

Notes	2023	2022
1. Employee benefits expense		
Average number of employees	0	0
The company has had 0 employees in the fiscal year.		
2. Tax expense		
Incometax	0	
Tax on deferred income	0	
	0	

## 3. Contingent liabilities

No contingent liabilities exist at the balance sheet date.

## 4. Collaterals and securities

No securities or mortgages exist at the balance sheet date.