# Intertrust

## **Boskalis Denmark ApS**

c/o Bird & Bird, Sundkrogsgade 21, 1., DK-2100 Copenhagen

CVR no. 37 64 90 66

## Annual report for 2017

Adopted at the annual general meeting on 19 June 2018

Vibeke Rohde

chairman

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## Statement by management on the annual report

The executive board has today discussed and approved the annual report of Boskalis Denmark ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2017.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2017 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2017.

In our opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

Management recommends to the company in general meeting that the financial statements for 2018 should not be audited. Management considers the criteria for omission of audit to be met.

The financial statements have not been audited. Management declares that the criteria for omission of audit are met.

Management recommends that the annual report should be approved at the annual general meeting.

Copenhagen, 19 June 2018

## **Executive board**

Willem Bastiaan Vogelaar

WENOGELOT

Eric Johannes Antonius Maria Gerrits

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The company

Boskalis Denmark ApS c/o Bird & Bird Sundkrogsgade 21, 1. DK-2100 Copenhagen

CVR no.: 37 64 90 66 Reporting period: 1 January - 31 December 2017 Domicile: Copenhagen

**Executive board** 

Willem Bastiaan Vogelaar Eric Johannes Antonius Maria Gerrits

Consolidated financial statements

Information about consolidated financial statements:

Royal Boskalis Westminister N.V. Rosmolenweg 20 3356 LK Papendrecht Holland

## Management's review

#### **Business activities**

The main activities in the company is to own 50% of the partnership Fehmarn Belt Contractors I/S and the other 50% is owned by Van Oord DMC ApS. The purpose of the partnership Fehmarn Belt Contractors I/S is to carry out work in relation to the future Fehmarnbelt fixed link, which is to be constructed as an immersed tunnel, across the Baltic Sea between the island of Fehmarn in Germany and the island of Lolland in Denmark.

#### **Recognition and measurement uncertainties**

The recognition and measurement of items in the financial statements is not subject to any uncertainty.

#### **Unusual matters**

The company's financial position at 31 December 2017 and the results of its operations for the financial year ended 31 December 2017 are not affected by any unusual matters.

#### **Business review**

The company's income statement for the year ended 31 December shows a loss of euro 10.729, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2017 shows negative equity of euro 6.772. Management expects future earnings to cover the negative equity.

#### Significant events occurring after end of reporting period

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date which could significantly affect the company's financial position.

## Income statement 1 January - 31 December

	Note	2017 EUR	2016 EUR
Gross profit		-10.720	0
Income from investments in joint ventures Financial costs <b>Profit/loss before tax</b>		0 -9 <b>-10.729</b>	-2.019 -748 <b>-2.767</b>
Tax on profit/loss for the year <b>Net profit/loss for the year</b>		0 -10.729	0 -2.767

**Distribution of profit** 

Retained earnings	-10.729	-2.767
	-10.729	-2.767

## **Balance sheet 31 December**

	Note	2017 EUR	2016 EUR
Assets			
Receivables from group companies Prepayments <b>Receivables</b>		0 150.703 <b>150.703</b>	4.000.000 0 <b>4.000.000</b>
Cash at bank and in hand		28.375	6.090
Current assets total		179.078	4.006.090
Assets total		179.078	4.006.090

## **Balance sheet 31 December**

	Note	2017 EUR	2016 EUR
Liabilities and equity			
Share capital		6.724	6.724
Retained earnings		-13.496	-2.767
Equity	2	-6.772	3.957
Provisions, investments in Joint Ventures		0	2.019
Provisions total		0	2.019
Payables to joint ventures		22.169	4.000.000
Payables to group companies		162.215	0
Other payables		1.466	114
Short-term debt		185.850	4.000.114
Debt total		185.850	4.000.114
Liabilities and equity total		179.078	4.006.090
Uncertainty about the continued operation (going concern) Charges and securities	3 4		

## Notes

1

	2017	2016
Staff expenses		
Average number of employees	0	0

#### 2 Equity

	Retained	
Share capital	earnings	Total
6.724	-2.767	3.957
0	-10.729	-10.729
6.724	-13.496	-6.772
	0	6.724 -2.767 0 -10.729

## 3 Uncertainty about the continued operation (going concern)

The company has lost its share capital. For the same reason the management have engaged measures to reestablish equity through future profits.

## 4 Charges and securities

The company owns a part of the partnership Fehmarn Belt Contractors I/S and is jointly and severally obligated with other owners of any obligations and contingencies belonging to the partnership Fehmarn Belt Contractors I/S.

The total debt in Fehmarn Belt Contractors I/S is approximately EUR 1,3 Million (EUR 8,6 Million at 31 December 2016).

## Accounting policies

The annual report of Boskalis Denmark ApS for 2017 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act concerning reporting class B entities.

The annual report for 2017 is presented in euro.

#### **Basis of recognition and measurement**

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any instalments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

## **Income statement**

## Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses related to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

## **Financial income and expenses**

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses, financial expenses relating to finance leases, realised and unrealised capital/exchange gains and losses on securities and foreign currency transactions, amortisation of mortgage loans and surcharges and allowances under the advance-payment-of-tax scheme, etc.

## Accounting policies

#### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which comprises the current tax charge for the year and changes in the deferred tax charge, including changes arising from changes in tax rates, is recognised in the income statement as regards the portion that relates to entries directly in equity.

## **Balance sheet**

## Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

#### Prepayments

Prepayments comprise costs incurred concerning subsequent financial years.

#### Income tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities and their tax base, calculated on the basis of the planned use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

#### Liabilities

Liabilities are measured at amortized cost equal to nominal value.

#### Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign-exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and at the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. If foreign currency transactions are considered cash flow hedges, the value adjustments are taken directly to equity.