

# Frederiks Allé 75 Aarhus ApS

C/O Crescendo A/S  
Sønderhøj 8, 3., 8260 Viby J

CVR no. 37 59 35 08

## Annual report 2023

Approved at the Company's annual general meeting on 30 May 2024

Chair of the meeting:

.....  
Bo Helligsøe

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## Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

Today, the Board of Directors and the Executive Board have discussed and approved the annual report of Frederiks Allé 75 Aarhus ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Aarhus, 30 May 2024  
Executive Board:

.....  
Bo Helligsøe  
Director

Board of Directors:

.....  
Torsten Bjerregaard  
Chairman

.....  
Bo Helligsøe

.....  
Juha Salokoski

.....  
Mika Markus Matikainen

## Independent auditor's report

### To the shareholder of Frederiks Allé 75 Aarhus ApS

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Frederiks Allé 75 Aarhus ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code.

#### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- ▶ Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- ▶ Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

## Independent auditor's report

- ▶ Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- ▶ Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- ▶ Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

### Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Copenhagen, 30 May 2024  
EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab  
CVR no. 30 70 02 28

Kaare K. Lendorf  
State Authorised Public Accountant  
mne33819

Emil Johnsen  
State Authorised Public Accountant  
mne50640

## Management's review

### Company details

Name	Frederiks Allé 75 Aarhus ApS
Address, Postal code, City	C/O Crescendo A/S Sønderhøj 8, 3., 8260 Viby J
CVR no.	37 59 35 08
Established	7 April 2016
Registered office	Aarhus
Financial year	1 January - 31 December
Board of Directors	Torsten Bjerregaard, Chairman Bo Helligsøe Juha Salokoski Mika Markus Matikainen
Executive Board	Bo Helligsøe, Director
Auditors	EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab Dirch Passers Allé 36, P.O. Box 250, 2000 Frederiksberg, Denmark

## **Management's review**

### **Business review**

#### **Key activities**

The company's purpose is investments in real estate and related activities.

#### **Financial review**

The income statement for 2023 shows a loss of DKK 16,024,751 against a loss of DKK 40,482 last year, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2023 shows equity of DKK 4,324,171.

As the company's purpose is investment in properties, the Company is affected by changes in the property market, including the general economic conditions.

The market situation in the real estate sector is affected by uncertainty, as a result high inflation and increasing interest rates. However, the company's activities have not been significantly affected by this.

The uncertainty related to interest rates and yields has created a gap between buyers' and sellers' expectation to sales prices of properties which is reflected in the lower transaction volume for investment properties in 2023.

This has been reflected in the impairment test of the company's properties.

#### **Events after the balance sheet date**

No events materially affecting the Company's financial position have occurred subsequent to the financial year-end.

## Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

### Income statement

Note	DKK	2023	2022
	<b>Gross profit</b>	387,571	380,367
	Impairment of current assets except for investments	-14,221,045	0
	<b>Profit/ loss before net financials</b>	-13,833,474	380,367
	Financial income	5,781	0
3	Financial expenses	-1,029,016	-997,781
	<b>Profit/ loss before tax</b>	-14,856,709	-617,414
4	Tax for the year	-1,168,042	576,932
	<b>Profit/ loss for the year</b>	<u>-16,024,751</u>	<u>-40,482</u>
	 <b>Recommended appropriation of profit/ loss</b>		
	Retained earnings/accumulated loss	-16,024,751	-40,482
		<u>-16,024,751</u>	<u>-40,482</u>



## Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

## Balance sheet

Note	DKK	2023	2022
	<b>ASSETS</b>		
	<b>Non-fixed assets</b>		
	<b>Inventories</b>		
	Property for resale	41,700,001	54,924,063
		<u>41,700,001</u>	<u>54,924,063</u>
	<b>Receivables</b>		
	Trade receivables	60,511	126,095
	Receivables from group enterprises	86,275	279,231
	Deferred tax assets	15,351	1,467,463
	Joint taxation contribution receivable	663,385	125,909
	Other receivables	5,654	86,370
		<u>831,176</u>	<u>2,085,068</u>
	<b>Cash</b>	108,999	820,753
	<b>Total non-fixed assets</b>	<u>42,640,176</u>	<u>57,829,884</u>
	<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<u>42,640,176</u>	<u>57,829,884</u>
	<b>EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>		
	<b>Equity</b>		
	Share capital	51,000	51,000
	Retained earnings	4,273,171	20,297,922
	<b>Total equity</b>	<u>4,324,171</u>	<u>20,348,922</u>
	<b>Provisions</b>		
	Other provisions	749,783	776,445
	<b>Total provisions</b>	<u>749,783</u>	<u>776,445</u>
	<b>Liabilities other than provisions</b>		
5	<b>Non-current liabilities other than provisions</b>		
	Mortgage debt	23,622,658	23,735,061
	Payables to group entities	11,000,000	11,000,000
	Deposits	621,083	536,952
		<u>35,243,741</u>	<u>35,272,013</u>
	<b>Current liabilities other than provisions</b>		
5	Short-term part of long-term liabilities other than provisions	2,022,049	1,351,950
	Trade payables	223,963	80,554
	Other payables	76,469	0
		<u>2,322,481</u>	<u>1,432,504</u>
	<b>Total liabilities other than provisions</b>	<u>37,566,222</u>	<u>36,704,517</u>
	<b>TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>	<u>42,640,176</u>	<u>57,829,884</u>

- 1 Accounting policies
- 2 Staff costs
- 6 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.
- 7 Security and collateral
- 8 Related parties

## Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

### Statement of changes in equity

DKK	<u>Share capital</u>	<u>Retained earnings</u>	<u>Total</u>
Equity at 1 January 2022	51,000	20,338,404	20,389,404
Transfer through appropriation of loss	0	-40,482	-40,482
<b>Equity at 1 January 2023</b>	<b>51,000</b>	<b>20,297,922</b>	<b>20,348,922</b>
Transfer through appropriation of loss	0	-16,024,751	-16,024,751
<b>Equity at 31 December 2023</b>	<b>51,000</b>	<b>4,273,171</b>	<b>4,324,171</b>

## Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

### Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Accounting policies

The annual report of Frederiks Allé 75 Aarhus ApS for 2023 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions in the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to reporting class B entities and elective choice of certain provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

#### Basis of recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

#### Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

#### Income statement

##### Revenue

The Company has chosen IAS 11/IAS 18 as interpretation for revenue recognition.

Rental income is recognised on a straight line-basis over the term of the lease.

Revenue is measured at the consideration received and is recognised exclusive of VAT and net of discounts relating to sales.

##### Gross profit

The items revenue, expenses, property and external expenses have been aggregated into one item in the income statement called gross profit in accordance with section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

##### Expenses, property

Property expenses include expenses relating to renting out the Company's investment property, including expenses relating to running and maintaining such property.

##### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include the year's expenses relating to the Company's core activities, including expenses relating to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

##### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statements at the amounts that concern the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses as well as allowances and surcharges under the advance-payment-of-tax scheme, etc.

## Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

### Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

##### Tax

Tax for the year includes current tax on the year's expected taxable income and the year's deferred tax adjustments. The portion of the tax for the year that relates to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the portion that relates to transactions taken to equity is recognised in equity.

The entity is jointly taxed with other group entities. The total Danish income tax charge is allocated between profit/loss-making Danish entities in proportion to their taxable income (full absorption).

Jointly taxed entities entitled to a tax refund are reimbursed by the management company based on the rates applicable to interest allowances, and jointly taxed entities which have paid too little tax pay a surcharge according to the rates applicable to interest surcharges to the management company.

##### Balance sheet

##### Inventories

Inventories are measured at cost. Where the net realisable value is lower than cost, inventories are written down to this lower value. The net realisable value of inventories is calculated as the sales amount less costs of completion and expenses required to effect the sale and is determined taking into account marketability, obsolescence and development in the expected selling price.

Inventories comprise of buildings meant for sale.

##### Receivables

The Company has chosen IAS 39 as interpretation for impairment write-down of financial receivables.

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable has been impaired, an impairment loss is recognised on an individual basis.

Receivables in respect of which there is no objective evidence of individual impairment are tested for objective evidence of impairment on a portfolio basis. The portfolios are primarily based on the debtors' domicile and credit ratings in line with the Company's risk management policy. The objective evidence applied to portfolios is determined based on historical loss experience.

Impairment losses are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of the receivables and the present value of the expected cash flows, including the realisable value of any collateral received. The effective interest rate for the individual receivable or portfolio is used as discount rate.

##### Prepayments

Prepayments recognised under "Assets" comprise prepaid expenses regarding subsequent financial reporting years.

##### Cash

Cash comprise cash and short term securities which are readily convertible into cash and subject only to minor risks of changes in value.

## Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

### Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

##### Provisions

Provisions comprise anticipated expenses relating to warranty commitments, onerous contracts, restructurings, etc. Provisions are recognised when the Company has a legal or constructive obligation at the balance sheet date as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation.

Provisions are measured at net realisable value or at fair value if the obligation is expected to be settled far into the future.

##### Income taxes

Current tax payables and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated income tax charge for the year, adjusted for prior-year taxes and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax base of assets and liabilities. However, deferred tax is not recognised on temporary differences relating to goodwill which is not deductible for tax purposes and on office premises and other items where temporary differences, apart from business combinations, arise at the date of acquisition without affecting either profit/loss for the year or taxable income. Where alternative tax rules can be applied to determine the tax base, deferred tax is measured based on Management's intended use of the asset or settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax assets are recognised at the expected value of their utilisation; either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity. Changes in deferred tax due to changes in the tax rate are recognised in the income statement.

##### Liabilities

The Company has chosen IAS 39 as interpretation for liabilities.

Financial liabilities are recognised at the date of borrowing at the net proceeds received less transaction costs paid. On subsequent recognition, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value, using the effective interest rate. Accordingly, the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement over the term of the loan. Financial liabilities also include the capitalised residual lease liability in respect of finance leases.

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

## Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

### Notes to the financial statements

#### 2 Staff costs

The Company has no employees.

DKK	2023	2022
<b>3 Financial expenses</b>		
Interest expenses, group entities	669,167	669,167
Other financial expenses	359,849	328,614
	<u>1,029,016</u>	<u>997,781</u>
<b>4 Tax for the year</b>		
Estimated tax charge for the year	-145,002	-125,909
Deferred tax adjustments in the year	1,313,044	-451,023
	<u>1,168,042</u>	<u>-576,932</u>

#### 5 Non-current liabilities other than provisions

Payments due within 1 year are recognised in short-term debt. Other debt is recognised in long-term debt.

The debt falls due for payment as specified below:

DKK	Total debt at 31/12 2023	Short-term portion	Long-term portion	Outstanding debt after 5 years
Mortgage debt	23,738,597	115,939	23,622,658	23,622,658
Payables to group entities	12,906,110	1,906,110	11,000,000	11,000,000
Deposits	621,083	0	621,083	621,083
	<u>37,265,790</u>	<u>2,022,049</u>	<u>35,243,741</u>	<u>35,243,741</u>

#### 6 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

##### Other contingent liabilities

The group companies are jointly and severally liable for tax on the jointly taxed income of the Group. Moreover, the group companies are jointly and severally liable for Danish withholding taxes by way of dividend tax, tax on royalty payments and tax on unearned income. Any subsequent adjustments of corporation taxes and with holding taxes may increase the Company's liability.

#### 7 Security and collateral

Property at a carrying amount of DKK 41,700,000 at 31 December 2023 have been put up as security for debt to mortgage credit institutions.

#### 8 Related parties

##### Information about consolidated financial statements

Parent	Domicile	Requisitioning of the parent company's consolidated financial statements
CapMan Nordic Real Estate FCP-SIF	Luxembourg	1 B Heienhaff, L-1736 Senningerberg, Luxembourg

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## Bo Helligsøe

Director

On behalf of: the company

Serial number: 59b1accf-3443-4521-bb60-bc8b376aba01

IP: 82.163.xxx.xxx

2024-05-30 13:06:35 UTC



## Bo Helligsøe

Chair

On behalf of: the company

Serial number: 59b1accf-3443-4521-bb60-bc8b376aba01

IP: 82.163.xxx.xxx

2024-05-30 13:06:35 UTC



## Bo Helligsøe

Board of directors

On behalf of: the company

Serial number: 59b1accf-3443-4521-bb60-bc8b376aba01

IP: 82.163.xxx.xxx

2024-05-30 13:06:35 UTC



## Torsten Bjerregaard

Chairman Board of directors

On behalf of: the company

Serial number: 124808bb-c012-48cf-bc2e-34c8d9fd3028

IP: 216.128.xxx.xxx

2024-05-30 13:07:04 UTC



## Salokoski Juha Matti

Board of directors

On behalf of: the company

Serial number:

fi\_tupas:mobileid:962df575d9f4ce3ea4c951184a8d21cfa4d15801

IP: 91.159.xxx.xxx

2024-06-01 22:50:48 UTC



## MIKA MARKUS MATIKAINEN

Board of directors

On behalf of: the company

Serial number: fi\_tupas:nordea:\_pJHY-

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## Kaare Kristensen Lendorf

EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab CVR: 30700228

State Authorised Public Accountant

On behalf of: EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

Serial number: 8eede778-219e-4dd7-8652-c0d59bb93611

IP: 147.161.xxx.xxx

2024-06-03 07:08:31 UTC



## Emil Johnsen

EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab CVR: 30700228

State Authorised Public Accountant

On behalf of: EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

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