J.P. Ship Holding ApS

C/O Celsius Shipping ApS Philip Heymans Alle 29, 1., DK-2900 Hellerup

CVR No 37 58 68 54

Annual report for period 1 January - 31 December 2023

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company on: 20 August 2024

Hellerup 20 August 2024

Chair of the General Meeting

Morten Henriksen

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Company Information

Company J.P. Ship Holding ApS

Philip Heymans Alle 29, 1.

DK-2900 Hellerup

Central Business Registration No: 37 58 68 54

Registered in: Hellerup

Financial period: 1 January - 31 December 2023

Incorporated:5 April 2016Financial year:8th financial year

Executive Board Jeppe Jensen

Auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Strandvejen 44 DK-2900 Hellerup Cvr nr. 33 77 12 31

Management's Statement

The Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of J.P. Ship Holding ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the Group's and the Parent Company's financial position at 31 December 2023 and of the results of their operations and the consolidated cash flows for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

In our opinion, Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the Review

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Hellerup, 20 August 2024

Executive Board

Jeppe Jensen	

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholder of J.P. Ship Holding ApS

Opinion

In our opinion, the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and the Parent Company at 31 December 2023, and of the results of the Group's and the Parent Company's operations as well as the consolidated cash flows for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements of J.P. Ship Holding ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies, for both the Group and the Parent Company, as well as consolidated statement of cash flows ("the Financial Statements").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

Management's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements and Parent Company Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of Financial Statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Independent Auditor's Report

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Group's and the Parent Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Group or the Parent Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's and the Parent Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's and the Parent Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and the Parent Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

Independent Auditor's Report

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Hellerup, 20 August 2024 **PricewaterhouseCoopers** Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab *CVR No 33 77 12 31*

Bo Schou-Jacobsen State Authorised Public Accountant mne28703 Qasam Hussain State Authorised Public Accountant mne44159

Key figures

	2023	2022
	T.USD	T.USD
Financial highlights		
m		
Key figures		
Gross profit/loss	20,081	15,879
Operating profit/loss	15,743	10,978
Net financial income and expenses	6,555	-488
Profit/loss for the year	21,809	7,355
Balance sheet		
Total Assets	60,457	32,895
Total equity	42,682	22,132
Empolyees		
Average number of full-time employees	10	10
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Key Ratios		
Return on assets (%)	46.72	26.40
Return on equity (%)	67.30	33.23
Equity ratio (%)	70.60	33.23 67.28
Equity fatio (70)	/0.00	0/.20

Return on assets (%):

<u>Profit/loss for the year * 100</u> Average Total Assets

Return on equity (%):

<u>Profit/loss for the year * 100</u> Average equity

Equity ratio (%):

<u>Total Equity * 100</u> Balance sheet total

Management's Review

The principal activities of the Group

J.P. Ship Holding Group (J.P. Ship Holding ApS and its subsidiaries) was founded in 2016 when it acquired the shares of JEMIAN Holdings LLC. J.P. Ship Holding Group is a full-service ship owning company focusing on special opportunities and infrastructure-like investments within the maritime industry, and it provides commercial management, corporate management and technical management services to vessels owned in together with selected international partners.

In addition hereto J.P. Ship Holding Group are also minority shareholder in ship-owning entities together with selected international partners.

- J.P. Ship Holding Group specialised in developing investment opportunities and subsequent manage investments in various shipping segments.
- J.P. Ship Holding Group are managing a total fleet of 17 vessels in operation. Clients of the Group have 18 vessels are under construction, where the Group has entered into management agreements, when the vessels are delivered.

Market risk

2022 was a strong year for the shipping industry in general, and in 2023 the market has somewhat normalized.

Development in activities and outlook

In 2023 the Group had a Gross profit of USD 20,081 thousands compared to USD 15,879 thousands in 2022, which is an increase of 26.5 %. This were impacted by extra-ordinary events and the Group expect to realise a consolidated profit in the range of USD 4 to 8 million in 2024.

The result before tax is USD 22,298 thousands compared to USD 10,490 thousands in 2022, which is an increase of 113 %. Management considers the result very satisfactory.

The financials were impacted by an impairment of USD 2,674 thousands in 2023 related to the financial investments. The impairment was made as a result of divestment of assets in the investment followed by dividend of proceeds from the asset sales.

Intellectual capital resources

The Group's earnings are not materially dependent on intellectual capital resources.

Uncertainty relating to recognition and measurement

There has been no uncertainty regarding recognition and measurement in the Annual Report.

Effect on the environment

The Group manages vessels on behalf of owners and in specific cases charters in and out vessels. The Group has established governing policies on key sustainability areas in order for the Group to operate in a responsible manner. However, to a large extent in close cooperation with the vessel owners. The Group has a strong focus on decarbonization and is committed to constantly work to reduce impact on the environment from the operations of our vessels. Among others, the Group has established policies, processes and procedures in order to reduce such incidents to a minimum.

Unusual events

The financial position at 31 December 2023 of the Group and the results of the activities and cash flows of the Group for the financial year for 2023 have not been affected by any unusual events.

Subsequent events

Reference is made to note 18.

Income statement 1 January - 31 December

		Grou	<u></u> _	p Parent Com	
	Note	2023	2022	2023	2022
		T.USD	T.USD	T.USD	T.USD
Gross profit/loss		20,081	15,879	-10	<u>-7</u>
Staff expenses	1	-4,337	-4,901	-	-
Operating profit/loss		15,743	10,978	-10	-7
Income from investments in subsidiaries		-	_	14,057	_
Impairments losses on financial assets	2	-2,674	-5,299	-	-
Financial income	3	9,518	5,423	344	-
Financial expenses	4	-289	-611	-148	-576
Profit before tax		22,298	10,490	14,243	-583
Tax on profit/loss for the year	5	-489	-3,136	-140	277
Profit for the year	6	21,809	7,355	14,103	-306

Balance sheet 31 December

		Grou	ıp	Parent Co	mpany
	Note	2023	2022	2023	2022
		T.USD	T.USD	T.USD	T.USD
Assets					
Investments in subsidiaries	7	-	-	10,697	10,697
Financial investments	8	2,786	5,040	-	-
Financial assets		2,786	5,040	10,697	10,697
Fixed assets		2,786	5,040	10,697	10,697
Trade receivables		4,632	9,082	-	-
Deferred tax assets	9	92	92	-	-
Receivables from affiliated companies		-	-	345	3,012
Other receivables		831	2,400	2	2
Prepayments	10	77	14	-	-
Receivables		5,632	11,588	347	3,014
Cash and cash equivalents		52,039	16,267	791	87
Current assets		57,671	27,855	1,138	3,101
Total assets		60,457	32,895	11,835	13,798

Balance sheet 31 December

		Grou	ıp	Pare	nt
	Note	2023	2022	2023	2022
Liabilities		T.USD	T.USD	T.USD	T.USD
Share capital	11	7	7	7	7
Reserve for exchange rate conversion	11	-359	7 -	7 -	7 -
Retained earnings		41,433	20,123	11,613	-2,490
Equity		41,081	20,130	11,620	-2,483
Minority interests		1,601	2,002	_	_
Total equity		42,682	22,132	11,620	-2,483
D. III a Common description					11110
Payable to Group enterprises				<u> </u>	14,112
Long-term debt	12		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	14,112
Trade payables		8,816	8,393	-	6
Payable to Group enterprises		-	_	16	-
Corporation tax		413	2,171	199	2,163
Other payables		753	199	-	-
Deferred income	13	7,793	-	-	-
Short-term debt		17,775	10,763	215	2,169
Debt		17,775	10,763	215	16,281
Total liabilities and equity		60,457	32,895	11,835	13,798
Contignet liabilities and other financial obligations Related parties Subsequent events Accounting Policies	16 17 18 19				

Statement of changes in equity

Group						
		Retained	Reserve for exchange rate	Equity contribute to		
	Share Capital	earnings	conversion	shareholders	Minority	Total
	T.USD	T.USD	T.USD	T.USD	T.USD	T.USD
Equity at 1 January	7	20,123	-	20,130	2,002	22,132
Dividend paid	-	-	-	-	-900	-900
Net profit/loss for the year	-	21,300	-	21,300	509	21,809
Purchase of minorities shares	-	10	-	10	-1	9
Translation reserve	-	-	-359	-359	-9	-368
Equity at 31 December	7	41,433	-359	41,081	1,601	42,682

Parent Company	Share Capital	Retained earnings	Total
	T.USD	T.USD	T.USD
Equity at 1 January	7	-2,490	-2,483
Net profit/loss for the year	-	14,103	14,103
Equity at 31 December	7	11,613	11,620

Cash flow statement 1 January - 31 December

		Gro	ир
	Note	2023	2022
		T.USD	T.USD
Result for the year		21,809	7,355
Adjustments	14	-5,046	4,340
Change in working capital	15	14,726	-6,505
Cash flow from operations before financial items		31,489	5,190
Interest income		836	534
Interest expenses		-289	-39
Cash flows from ordinary activities		32,036	5,685
Corporation tax paid		-4,046	-1,661
Cash flow from operating activities		27,990	4,024
Dividends received		8,548	4,889
Cash flows from investing activities		8,548	4,889
Dividends paid to minorities		-900	-1,122
Cash flow from financing activites		-900	-1,122
Change in cash and cash eqivalents		35,638	7,791
Cash and cash eqivalents 1 January		16,267	9,049
Currency adjustments		134	-573
Cash and cash eqivalents 31 December		52,039	16,267

	Gro	Group		ompany
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	T.USD	T.USD	T.USD	T.USD
1. Staff expenses				
Wages and salaries	4,301	4,852	_	-
Other social security expenses	36	49	-	-
	4,337	4,901		
Number of average full time employees	10	10	1	1

Remuneration to the Executive Board has not been disclosed in accordance with section 98 B(3) of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

2. Impairment losses on financial assets

An impairment of USD 2,674 thousand has been recognised in the income statement. The impairment has been recognised due the fair value of the investment being less than carrying amount. The impairment of the investments are mainly related to dividend distributions from the investments cf. note 3.

	Gro	Group		ompany
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	T.USD	T.USD	T.USD	T.USD
3. Financial income				
Other interest income	836	534	_	-
Exchange rate adjustments	134	-	344	-
Dividend income	8,548	4,889	-	-
	9,518	5,423	344	-
	Gro	up	Parent Co	ompany
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	T.USD	T.USD	T.USD	T.USD
4. Financial expenses				
Interest paid to group enterprises	-	-	148	543
Other financial expenses	289	39	-	-
Exchange rate adjustments	-	572	-	33
	289	611	148	576

Jemian Holdings LLC

		Group		Parent Company	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
	T.USD	T.USD	T.USD	T.USD	
5. Income tax expense/income					
Current tax for the year	386	3,058	70	291	
Corporate tax previous years	103	3 78	70	-14	
	489	3,136	140	2 77	
		Group	Parent C	ompany	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
	T.USD	T.USD	T.USD	T.USD	
6. Proposed distribution of profit/loss					
Retained earnings	21,809	7,355	14,103	-306	
	21,800	7,355	14,103	-306	
		_	Parent Co	ompany	
		_	2023	2022	
			T.USD	T.USD	
7. Investments in subsidiaries					
Cost price 1 January			10,674	10,674	
Cost price 31 December		_	10,674	10,674	
Carrying amount 31 December		_	10,674	10,674	
Investment in subsidiaries are specified as follo			•	1.	
Name	Registered in	Equity value	Ov	vnership %	

Marshall Islands

100%

40,930

	Group
	Financial invest-ments T.USD
8. Financial assets	
<u>Cost:</u>	
At 1 January 2023 Additions during the year	17,783 420
At 31 December 2023	18,202
Value adjustments	
At 1 January 2023	-12,743
Impairments	-2,674
At 31 December 2023	-15,417
Carrying amount	2,786

_	Group		Parent Company	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	T.USD	T.USD	T.USD	T.USD
9. Deferred tax				
At 1 January	92	92	-	-
At 31 January	92	92		

The tax assets occurred as part of the legal restructuring in 2016 and are expected to be utilised within one to two years after the balance sheet date.

10. Prepayments

Prepayments comprises of prepaid expenses such as management fee, suppliers and other prepaid expenses.

11. Share capital

The share capital consists of 50.000 shares of a nominal value of DKK 1. No shares carry any special rights.

12. Long-term debt

No long-term debt falls due after more than five years after the balance sheet date.

13. Deferred income

Prepayments received from customers relates to payments for which the group shall provide services in the coming year on existing contracts.

	Gro	Group	
	2023	2022	
	T.USD	T.USD	
14. Cash flow adjustments			
Financial income	-9,518	-5,423	
Financial expenses	289	611	
Impairment losses on financial assets	2,674	5,299	
Other adjustments	1,020	716	
Tax on profit/loss for the year	489	3,136	
	-5,046	4,340	
	Gro	•	
	·	2022	
		T.USD	
15. Change in working capital			
Change in trade receivables	4,450	-7,344	
Change in other receivables	1,569	-1,090	
Change in prepayments	-63	-14	
Change in prepayments from customers	7,793	_	
Trade payables	423	2,601	
Other payables	554	-658	
	14.726	-6.505	

16. Contignet liabilities and other financial obligations

The Danish group companies and foreign group companies with management seat in Denmark are jointly and severally liable for tax on the jointly taxed incomes etc of the Group. Moreover, the Danish group companies are jointly and severally liable for Danish withholding taxes by way of dividend tax, tax on royalty payments and tax on unearned income. Any subsequent adjustments of corporation taxes and withholding taxes may increase the Group's liability.

The group has entered into operational leasing contracts for the rental of office spaces with an average annual lease payment of USD 160 thousands. The lease contracts have a remaining term of 24 months with a total nominal residual lease payment of USD 320 thousands.

The group has entered lease agreements that have a combined duration of 11.75 years with a total payment obligation of USD 435 million. The leased assets have been subleased in the same period, where the group expects to receive lease income of USD 443 million.

17. Related parties

Controlling interest Basis

Jeppe Jensen, Margrethevej 21, 2900 Hellerup

Main shareholder with more than 50% of the voting rights.

Transactions

The Company's intercompany transactions and management remuneration have during the year been entered into at arm's length.

The group consist of the following entities:

Name	Registered in	Ownership
Jemian Holdings LLC	Marshall Islands	100%
Greenheart Capital LLC	Marshall Islands	100%
Greenheart Credit II Aps	Denmark	80%
Greenheart Credit LLC	Marshall Islands	80%
Celsius Shipping LLC	Marshall Islands	100%
Celsius Chemical Tankers LLC	Marshall Islands	100%
Celsius Management SARL	Monaco	98%
JP Tankers Holding LLC	Marshall Islands	100%
Greenheart Tankers Invest LLC	Marshall Islands	100%
Celsius Tankers LLC	Marshall Islands	100%
Celsius LNG Tankers LLC	Marshall Islands	100%
Celsius Tech Holding Inc	British Virgin Islands	51%
Celsius Tech Limited	Hong Kong	100%

18. Subsequent events

No events materially affecting the assessment of the Annual Report have occurred after the balance sheet date.

19. Accounting policy

The Annual Report of J.P. Ship Holding ApS for 2023 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to medium enterprises of reporting class C. It is the first time the Group present a Consolidated Financial Statement.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year. The Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements for 2023 are presented in T.USD (Thousand USD).

The exchange rate between USD DKK at the balance sheet date was 6.89 (2022: 7.08). The Parent Company has changed its reporting currency from DKK to USD, as the Group's Consolidated Financial Statements are presented in USD. The effect on translation of the Parent Company's Financial Statements is immaterial.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Basis of consolidation

The Consolidated Financial Statements comprise the Parent Company, J.P. Ship Holding ApS, and subsidiaries in which the Parent Company directly or indirectly holds more than 50% of the votes or in which the Parent Company, through share ownership or otherwise, exercises control. Enterprises in which the Group holds between 20% and 50% of the votes and exercises significant influence but not control are classified as associates.

On consolidation, items of a uniform nature are combined. Elimination is made of intercompany income and expenses, shareholdings, dividends and accounts as well as of realised and unrealised profits and losses on transactions between the consolidated enterprises.

The Parent Company's investments in the consolidated subsidiaries are set off against the Parent Company's share of the net asset value of subsidiaries stated at the time of consolidation.

Translation policies

The United States Dollar is used as the presentation currency. All other currencies are regarded as foreign currencies.

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Exchange differences arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement. Where foreign exchange transactions are considered hedging of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the transaction date rates are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement. Income statements of foreign subsidiaries and associates that are separate legal entities are translated at transaction date rates or approximated average exchange rates. Balance sheet items are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date.

Exchange adjustments arising on the translation of the opening equity and exchange adjustments arising from the translation of the income statements at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date are recognised directly in equity.

Income statements of enterprises that are integrated entities are translated at transaction date rates or approximated average exchange rates; however, items derived from non-monetary balance sheet items are translated at the transaction date rates of the underlying assets or liabilities. Monetary balance sheet items are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date, whereas non-monetary items are translated at transaction date rates. Exchange adjustments arising on the translation are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Income statement

Revenue

Management Fee

Management revenue streams include base management fees, incentive fees (including incentive distributions and performance fees), are services which are satisfied over time. Management fees are earned in accordance with contractual arrangements with our funds. Fees are typically equal to a percentage of fee-bearing capital within the respective fund or entity and are accrued quarterly. These fees are earned over the period of time that the management services are provided and are allocated to the distinct services provided by the company during the reporting period.

Service corporate fee

Service corporate fee revenue stream relates to services not included in the management fee agreement that are performed on behalf of the funds it manages. The revenues arising from these services are recognised on a time spend basis.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise indirect production costs and expenses for premises, sales as well as office expenses, etc.

Staff expenses

Staff costs include wages and salaries including compensated absence and pensions as well as other social security contributions etc. made to the entity's employees.

Other operating income and expenses

Other operating income and other operating expenses comprise items of a secondary nature to the main activities of the Group.

Income from investments in subsidiaries

The item "Income from investments in subsidiaries" in the income statement includes the dividend from subsidiaries received for the year.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses compromise dividend income, interest income and expense determined on an amortised cost basis, exchange rate adjustments and impairments of financial assets.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement.

The Company is jointly taxed with all Danish group companies and foreign group companies with management seat in Denmark. The tax effect of the joint taxation with the subsidiaries is allocated to Danish enterprises showing profits or losses in proportion to their taxable incomes (full allocation with credit for tax losses).

Balance sheet

Financial investments

Financial investments are initial measured at cost and subsequently measured at amortised costs. Dividend received from the investments are recognised in the Income statement. Impairments are recognised in the income statement when the investments carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount.

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are recognised and measured at cost. Where costs exceeds the recoverable amount, writedown is made to this lower value.

Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts. Other receivables consist of VAT.

Prepayments (assets)

Prepayments comprise prepaid expenses concerning rent, insurance premiums, subscriptions and interest.

Financial liabilities

Loans and payables, are recognised initially at the proceeds received net of transaction expenses incurred. Subsequently, the loans are measured at amortised cost; the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised as an interest expense in the income statement over the loan period. Other debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax base of assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. In cases where the computation of the tax base may be made according to alternative tax rules, deferred tax is measured on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carry-forwards, are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred income

Deferred income comprises payments received in respect of income in subsequent years.

Cash Flow Statement

The cash flow statement shows the Group's cash flows for the year broken down by operating, investing and financing activities, changes for the year in cash and cash equivalents as well as the Group's cash and cash equivalents at the beginning and end of the year.

Cash flows from operating activities

Cash flows from operating activities are calculated as the net profit/loss for the year adjusted for changes in working capital and non-cash operating items such as depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses, and provisions. Working capital comprises current assets less short-term debt excluding items included in cash and cash equivalents.

Cash flows from investing activities

Cash flows from investing activities comprise cash flows from acquisitions and disposals of fixed asset investments.

Cash flows from financing activities

Cash flows from financing activities comprise cash flows from the raising and repayment of long-term debt as well as payments to and from shareholders.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise Cash at bank and in hand. The cash flow statement cannot be immediately derived from the published financial records.