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Euro Economics V ApS

Amaliegade 22, 1. 1256 København K CVR No. 37546208

Annual report 2021

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 28.06.2022

Claus Molbech Bendtsen

Chairman of the General Meeting

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Entity details

Entity

Euro Economics V ApS Amaliegade 22, 1. 1256 København K

Business Registration No.: 37546208

Registered office: København

Financial year: 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021

Executive Board

Claus Molbech Bendtsen

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab City Tower, Værkmestergade 2 8000 Aarhus C

Statement by Management

The Executive Board has today considered and approved the annual report of Euro Economics V ApS for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2021 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021.

I believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

I recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 28.06.2022

Executive Board

Claus Molbech Bendtsen

Independent auditor's extended review report

To the shareholders of Euro Economics V ApS

Conclusion

We have performed an extended review of the financial statements of Euro Economics V ApS for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on our extended review, in our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at. 31.12.2021 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for conclusion

We conducted our extended review in accordance with the assurance engagement standard for small enterprises as issued by the Danish Business Authority and the standard on extended review of financial statements prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act as issued by FSR - Danish Auditors. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the extended review of the financial statements" section. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our conclusion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the extended review of the financial statements

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the financial statements. This requires that we plan and perform procedures to obtain limited assurance about our conclusion on the financial statements and that we also perform specifically required supplementary procedures for the purpose of obtaining additional assurance about our conclusion.

An extended review consists of making inquiries, primarily of management and, if appropriate, of other entity

personnel, performing analytical and the specifically required supplementary procedures as well as evaluating the evidence obtained.

The procedures performed in an extended review are less in scope than in an audit, and accordingly we do not express an audit opinion on the financial statements.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our conclusion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our extended review of the financial statements our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the extended review or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Aarhus, 28.06.2022

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No. 33963556

Morten Gade Steinmetz

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne34145

Sune Pagh Sølvsteen

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne47819

Management commentary

Primary activities

The Company's activity consists of acquiring and operating real estate.

Development in activities and finances

Deficiency for the year of DKK 9.521k is considered satisfactory.

Uncertainty relating to recognition and measurement

The Company's investment properties are measured at fair value. The fair value of the investment properties are recognized at DKK 542,500k. Revaluations and impairment losses of investment properties are based on accounting judgements based on market value calculations of the net rent.

The required rate of return is set so that it is considered to reflect the market's actual required rate of return on similar properties. There is uncertanty related to determining the required rate of return and an increase in this of 0.5 percentage points will reduce the fair value by approx. DKK 72,8m as per the mentioning in the annual report's notes for investment properties.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

Income statement for 2021

		2021	2020
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Gross profit/loss		15,686,011	14,534,041
Fair value adjustments of investment property		106,386	(13,751)
Operating profit/loss		15,792,397	14,520,290
Other financial income	1	435,890	429,038
Financial expenses from group enterprises		0	(543,150)
Other financial expenses		(3,757,582)	(3,076,764)
Profit/loss before tax		12,470,705	11,329,414
Tax on profit/loss for the year	2	(2,950,000)	(2,474,178)
Profit/loss for the year		9,520,705	8,855,236
Proposed distribution of profit and loss			
Retained earnings		9,520,705	8,855,236
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		9,520,705	8,855,236

Balance sheet at 31.12.2021

Assets

		2021	2020
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Investment property		542,500,000	538,500,000
Property, plant and equipment	3	542,500,000	538,500,000
Fixed assets		542,500,000	538,500,000
Trade receivables		152,173	0
Receivables from group enterprises		10,635,533	9,719,489
Other receivables		696,283	2,466,629
Prepayments		1,818	277,821
Receivables		11,485,807	12,463,939
Cash		38,138	387
Current assets		11,523,945	12,464,326
Assets		554,023,945	550,964,326

Equity and liabilities

		2021	2020
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Contributed capital		80,000	80,000
Retained earnings		246,333,242	236,812,537
Equity		246,413,242	236,892,537
Deferred tax		35,620,000	32,670,000
Provisions		35,620,000	32,670,000
			_
Mortgage debt		253,396,387	260,363,726
Non-current liabilities other than provisions	4	253,396,387	260,363,726
Current portion of non-current liabilities other than provisions	4	7,796,974	7,022,361
Bank loans		0	2,318,187
Deposits		633,553	374,904
Prepayments received from customers		411,269	351,737
Trade payables		9,382,992	9,910,645
Other payables		369,528	1,060,229
Current liabilities other than provisions		18,594,316	21,038,063
Liabilities other than provisions		271,990,703	281,401,789
Equity and liabilities		554,023,945	550,964,326
Contingent liabilities	5		
Assets charged and collateral	6		

Statement of changes in equity for 2021

	Contributed capital DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	80,000	236,812,537	236,892,537
Profit/loss for the year	0	9,520,705	9,520,705
Equity end of year	80,000	246,333,242	246,413,242

Notes

1 Other financial income

	2021	2020
	DKK	DKK
Financial income from group enterprises	435,890	429,038
	435,890	429,038
2 Tax on profit/loss for the year		
	2021	2020
	DKK	DKK
Change in deferred tax	2,950,000	2,474,178
	2,950,000	2,474,178
		Investment property DKK
Cost beginning of year		418,819,286
Additions		3,893,614
Cost end of year		422,712,900
Fair value adjustments beginning of year		119,680,714
Fair value adjustments for the year		106,386
Fair value adjustments end of year		119,787,100
Carrying amount end of year		542,500,000

Revaluations and impariment losses of investment properties are based on accounting judgements based on market value calculations of the net rent.

As described under accounting plicies, investment properties are measured at fair value using the returnbased model. The average reuired rate of return of the Company's properties is 3.15% at 31.12.2021. An increased of the required rate of return of 0.5 percentage points will reduce the total fair value by approx. DKK 74,2m. A reduction of the required rate of return of 0.5 percentage points will increase the value by approx. DKK 102,3m.

The normalized rent per m² of the property amounts to DKK 6,537. The size of the property is 2,848 m². The proterty is undergoing major improvement and is valued from a normalized operation based on signed rental contracts and budgeted operation expenses.

4 Non-current liabilities other than provisions

	Due within 12	within 12 Due within 12 more months months 2021 2020		Outstanding after 5 years 2021
	months			
	2021		2021	
	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Mortgage debt	7,796,974	7,022,361	253,396,387	217,303,473
	7,796,974	7,022,361	253,396,387	217,303,473

5 Contingent liabilities

The Entity participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement where Euro Economics ApS serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities, and for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed entities. The jointly taxed entities' total known net liability under the joint taxation arrangement is disclosed in the administration company's financial statements.

6 Assets charged and collateral

Mortgage debt is secured by way of mortgage on properties.

The company has provided a surety bond to Euro Economics XII ApS with a maximum of DKK 4,000 thousand.

The carrying amount of mortgaged properties is DKK 542,500k.

The company guarantees for all mortgage debt of the group enterprises below:

Euro Economics ApS - Central Business Registration No 32763138

Euro Economics I ApS - Central Business Registration No 36730862

Euro Economics II ApS - Central Business Registration No 36074698

Euro Economics III ApS - Central Business Registration No 32788823

Euro Economics IV ApS - Central Business Registration No 37362670

Euro Economics VI ApS - Central Business Registration No 38133365

Euro Economics VII ApS - Central Business Registration No 38428276

Euro Economics VIII ApS - Central Business Registration No 38472739

Euro Economics IX ApS - Central Business Registration No 38667629

Euro Economics X ApS - Central Business Registration No 20805285

Euro Economics XI ApS - Central Business Registration No 40304118

Euro Economics XII ApS - Central Business Registration No 38428276

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of a few provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Income statement

Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprises revenue, other operating income, cost of raw materials and consumables and external expenses.

Revenue

Revenue consist of rental income from renting of tenancy to businesses and private. Rental income is recognized in the income statement according to the maturity principle.

Fair value adjustments of investment property

Fair value adjustments of investment property comprise adjustments for the financial year of the Entity's investment properties measured at fair value at the balance sheet date.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs, etc.

Other financial income

Other financial income comprises interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises etc.

Financial expenses from group enterprises

Financial expenses from group enterprises comprise interest expenses etc from payables to group enterprises.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises as well as tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Entity is jointly taxed with all Danish group enterprises. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

Balance sheet

Investment property

On initial recognition, investment properties are measured at cost consisting of the acquisition price of the properties plus directly related acquisition costs.

Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at fair value which is equivalent to the amount at which the individual property may be sold to an independent buyer at the balance sheet date.

Fair value is determined by applying the yield-based model as the calculated value in use of expected cash flows from each property. The calculation is based on budgeted net earnings for the next year that has been adjusted to normal earnings, and using a required yield rate that reflects current market yield rates for similar properties. The value is adjusted for factors not reflected in normal earnings, for example, actual vacancy rate, major refurbishments etc.

The financial year's adjustments of the properties' fair value are recognised in the income statement.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

Cash

Cash comprises bank deposits.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value is calculated based on the planned use of each asset. However, no deferred tax is recognised for amortisation of goodwill disallowed for tax purposes and temporary differences arising at the date of acquisition that do not result from a business combination and that do not have any effect on profit or loss or on taxable income.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

Deferred tax relating to retaxation of previously deducted losses in foreign subsidiaries is recognised on the basis of an actual assessment of the purpose of each subsidiary.

Mortgage debt

At the time of borrowing, mortgage debt to mortgage credit institutions is measured at cost which corresponds to the proceeds received less transaction costs incurred. Mortgage debt is subsequently measured at amortised cost. This means that the difference between the proceeds at the time of borrowing and the nominal repayable amount of the loan is recognised in the income statement as a financial expense over the term of the loan applying the effective interest method.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

Prepayments received from customers

Prepayments received from customers comprise amounts received from customers prior to delivery of the goods agreed or completion of the service agreed.