

# Annual report 2018

**Company reg. no. 37 52 23 92**

**GG Komplementar ApS**

**c/o Gefion Group A/S**

**Østergade 1, 1.**

**1100 København K**

The annual report have been submitted and approved by the general meeting on 25 January 2019.

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Thomas Færch  
Chairman of the meeting

Notes to users of the English version of this document:

- To ensure the greatest possible applicability of this document, British English terminology has been used.
- Please note that decimal points remain unchanged from the Danish version of the document. This means that for instance DKK 146.940 is the same as the English amount of DKK 146,940, and that 23,5 % is the same as the English 23.5 %.

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## **Management's report**

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The managing director has today presented the annual report of GG Komplementar ApS for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2018.

The annual report has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

I consider the accounting policies used appropriate, and in my opinion the annual accounts provide a true and fair view of the company's assets and liabilities and its financial position at 31 December 2018 and of the company's results of its activities in the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2018.

At the board meeting it will be decided that the annual accounts for 2019 onwards are not subject to audit. The managing director considers the requirements of omission of audit as met.

I am of the opinion that the management's review includes a fair description of the issues dealt with.

The annual report is recommended for approval by the general meeting.

København K, 25 January 2019

**Managing Director**

Thomas Færch

# Independent auditor's report

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## To the shareholder of GG Komplementar ApS

### Opinion

We have audited the annual accounts of GG Komplementar ApS for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2018, which comprise accounting policies used, profit and loss account, balance sheet and notes. The annual accounts are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the annual accounts give a true and fair view of the company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2018 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2018 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with international standards on auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the below section "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the annual accounts". We are independent of the company in accordance with international ethics standards for accountants (IESBA's Code of Ethics) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these standards and requirements. We believe that the audit evidence obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### The management's responsibilities for the annual accounts

The management is responsible for the preparation of annual accounts that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. The management is also responsible for such internal control as the management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of annual accounts that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the annual accounts, the management is responsible for evaluating the company's ability to continue as a going concern, and, when relevant, disclosing matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting when preparing the annual accounts, unless the management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or if it has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the annual accounts

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the annual accounts as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report including an opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with international standards on auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements may arise due to fraud or error and may be considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions made by users on the basis of the annual accounts.

## Independent auditor's report

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As part of an audit conducted in accordance with international standards on auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional evaluations and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement in the annual accounts, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures in response to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting a misstatement resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of the internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used by the management and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the management's preparation of the annual accounts being based on the going concern principle and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may raise significant doubt about the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the annual accounts or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the annual accounts, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the annual accounts reflect the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in the internal control that we identify during our audit.

### Statement on the management's review

The management is responsible for the management's review.

Our opinion on the annual accounts does not cover the management's review, and we do not express any kind of assurance opinion on the management's review.

## Independent auditor's report

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In connection with our audit of the annual accounts, our responsibility is to read the management's review and in that connection consider whether the management's review is materially inconsistent with the annual accounts or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or whether it otherwise appears to contain material misstatement.

Furthermore, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we believe that the management's review is in accordance with the annual accounts and that it has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Acts. We did not find any material misstatement in the management's review.

Glostrup, 25 January 2019

PKF Munkebo Vindelev  
State Authorised Public Accountants  
Company reg. no. 14 11 92 99

Peter Krogsrud Eriksen  
State Authorised Public Accountant  
mne34335

## Company data

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### The company

GG Komplementar ApS

c/o Gefion Group A/S

Østergade 1, 1.

1100 København K

Company reg. no. 37 52 23 92

Established: 8 March 2016

Domicile: The City of Copenhagen

Financial year: 1 January - 31 December  
3rd financial year

### Managing Director

Thomas Færch

### Auditors

PKF Munkebo Vindelev, Statsautoriseret Revisionsaktieselskab

Hovedvejen 56

2600 Glostrup

### Bankers

Vestjysk Bank, Dalgasgade 29B, 7400 Herning

## Financial highlights

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DKK in thousands.

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
<b>Profit and loss account:</b>			
Gross profit	3	5	1
Results from operating activities	3	5	1
Net financials	2	2	1
Results for the year	4	5	1
<b>Balance sheet:</b>			
Balance sheet sum	67	61	55
Equity	60	57	51

The financial highlights for 2016 only comprise the period 8 March - 31 December 2016.



## **Management's review**

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### **The principal activities of the company**

The company's activity is to be general partner for Gefion Group Ejendomsudvikling K/S.

### **Development in activities and financial matters**

The results from ordinary activities after tax are DKK 4.000 against DKK 5.000 last year. The management considers the results satisfactory.

### **Events subsequent to the financial year**

No events have occurred subsequent to the balance sheet date, which would have material impact on the financial position of the company.

## Accounting policies used

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The annual report for GG Komplementar ApS is presented in accordance with those regulations of the Danish Financial Statements Act concerning companies identified as class B enterprises. Furthermore, the company has chosen to comply with some of the rules applying for class C enterprises.

The accounting policies used are unchanged compared to last year, and the annual accounts are presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

### Recognition and measurement in general

Income is recognised in the profit and loss account concurrently with its realisation, including the recognition of value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. Likewise, all costs, these including depreciation, amortisation, writedown, provisions, and reversals which are due to changes in estimated amounts previously recognised in the profit and loss account are recognised in the profit and loss account.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when the company is liable to achieve future, financial benefits and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the company is liable to lose future, financial benefits and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

At the first recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Later, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

At recognition and measurement, such predictable losses and risks are taken into consideration, which may appear before the annual report is presented, and which concerns matters existing on the balance sheet date.

### THE PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

#### Gross profit

The gross profit comprises the net turnover and other external costs.

The net turnover is recognised in the profit and loss account if delivery and risk transfer to the buyer have taken place before the end of the year, and if the income can be determined reliably and is expected to be received. The net turnover is recognised exclusive of VAT and taxes and with the deduction of any discounts granted in connection with the sale.

Other external costs comprise costs for administration.

#### Net financials

Net financials comprise interest. Financial income and expenses are recognised in the profit and loss account with the amounts that concerns the financial year.

## Accounting policies used

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### **Tax of the results for the year**

The tax for the year comprises the current tax for the year and the changes in deferred tax, and it is recognised in the profit and loss account with the share referring to the results for the year and directly in the equity with the share referring to entries directly on the equity.

The company is subject to the Danish legislation concerning compulsory joint taxation with the Danish group enterprises.

The current Danish corporate tax is allocated among the jointly taxed companies in proportion to their respective taxable income (full allocation with reimbursement of tax losses).

### **THE BALANCE SHEET**

#### **Debtors**

Debtors are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to face value. In order to meet expected losses, writedown takes place at the net realisable value.

#### **Available funds**

Available funds comprise cash at bank.

#### **Corporate tax and deferred tax**

Current tax receivable and tax liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet at the amount calculated on the basis of the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on previous years' taxable income and prepaid taxes. Tax receivable and tax liabilities are set off to the extent that legal right of set-off exists and if the items are expected to be settled net or simultaneously.

According to the rules of joint taxation, GG Komplementar ApS is unlimited, jointly and severally liable towards the Danish tax authorities for the total corporation tax arising within the jointly taxed group of companies.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of all temporary differences in assets and liabilities with a balance sheet focus.

Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rules and tax rates applying under the legislation on the balance sheet date and prevailing when the deferred tax is expected to be released as current tax.

#### **Liabilities**

Other liabilities are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

## Profit and loss account 1 January - 31 December

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All amounts in DKK.

<u>Note</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
<b>Gross profit</b>	<b>2.500</b>	<b>5.000</b>
Other financial income from group enterprises	2.021	2.003
<b>Results before tax</b>	<b>4.521</b>	<b>7.003</b>
1 Tax on ordinary results	-995	-1.541
<b>Results for the year</b>	<b>3.526</b>	<b>5.462</b>
<b>Proposed distribution of the results:</b>		
Allocated to results brought forward	3.526	5.462
<b>Distribution in total</b>	<b>3.526</b>	<b>5.462</b>

## Balance sheet 31 December

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All amounts in DKK.

<b>Assets</b>		
<u>Note</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
<b>Current assets</b>		
Amounts owed by group enterprises	0	50.539
Other debtors	<u>66.566</u>	<u>10.000</u>
Debtors in total	<u>66.566</u>	<u>60.539</u>
Available funds	<u>0</u>	<u>1</u>
<b>Current assets in total</b>	<u><b>66.566</b></u>	<u><b>60.540</b></u>
<b>Assets in total</b>	<u><b>66.566</b></u>	<u><b>60.540</b></u>

## Balance sheet 31 December

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All amounts in DKK.

<b>Equity and liabilities</b>			
<b>Note</b>		<b>2018</b>	<b>2017</b>
	<b>Equity</b>		
2	Contributed capital	50.000	50.000
3	Results brought forward	10.316	6.790
	<b>Equity in total</b>	<b>60.316</b>	<b>56.790</b>
	<b>Liabilities</b>		
	Other debts	6.250	3.750
	Short-term liabilities in total	6.250	3.750
	<b>Liabilities in total</b>	<b>6.250</b>	<b>3.750</b>
	<b>Equity and liabilities in total</b>	<b>66.566</b>	<b>60.540</b>

### 4 Contingencies

## Notes

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All amounts in DKK.

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
<b>1. Tax on ordinary results</b>		
Tax of the results for the year, parent company	<u>995</u>	<u>1.541</u>
	<b><u>995</u></b>	<b><u>1.541</u></b>
	<u>31/12 2018</u>	<u>31/12 2017</u>
<b>2. Contributed capital</b>		
Contributed capital 1 January 2018	<u>50.000</u>	<u>50.000</u>
	<b><u>50.000</u></b>	<b><u>50.000</u></b>
<b>3. Results brought forward</b>		
Results brought forward 1 January 2018	6.790	1.328
Profit or loss for the year brought forward	<u>3.526</u>	<u>5.462</u>
	<b><u>10.316</u></b>	<b><u>6.790</u></b>

## 4. Contingencies

### Joint taxation

Gefion Group A/S, company reg. no 37 04 25 60, being the administration company in the period 1 January - 10 December 2018, the company is subject to the Danish scheme of joint taxation and unlimited jointly and severally liable with the other jointly taxed companies for the total corporation tax.

The jointly taxed enterprises' total, known net liability to the Danish tax authorities appears from the annual accounts of the administration company.