# Sitecore Holding III A/S

Vester Farimagsgade 3, 5, 1606 Copenhagen V CVR no. 37 52 08 45

Annual report 2018/19

Approved at the Company's annual general meeting on 20 January 2020

Chairman:

Docusigned by:

Kichard Focus

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Sitecore Holding III A/S Annual report 2018/19

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### Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

Today, the Board of Directors and the Executive Board have discussed and approved the annual report of Sitecore Holding III A/S for the financial year 1 July 2018 - 30 June 2019.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 30 June 2019 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 July 2018 - 30 June 2019.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Copenhagen, 20 January 2020 Executive Board:

Docusigned by:

mark frost

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Mark David Frost

Docusigned by:

Daniel Edwin Griggs

Board of Directors:

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Jonas Persson — D445DA97897547C:...

Jonas Persson Chairman

Bjarne Kock Hansen

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Robert Youngjohns

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Craig Allen Conway

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Sheila May Gulati

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Sheila Yulati

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Carsten Oliver Thoma



### Independent auditor's report

#### To the shareholder of Sitecore Holding III A/S

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Sitecore Holding III A/S for the financial year 1 July 2018 - 30 June 2019, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 30 June 2019 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 July 2018 - 30 June 2019 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these rules and requirements.

#### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

ldentify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.

Annual report 2018/19



#### Independent auditor's report

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Copenhagen, 20 January 2020

ERNST & YOUNG

Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR no. 30 70 02 28

Kennet Hartmann

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne40036



### Management's review

### Company details

Name Sitecore Holding III A/S

Address, Postal code, City Vester Farimagsgade 3, 5, 1606 Copenhagen V

CVR no. 37 52 08 45
Established 8 March 2016
Registered office Copenhagen

Financial year 1 July 2018 - 30 June 2019

Board of Directors Jonas Persson, Chairman

Robert Youngjohns Sheila May Gulati Bjarne Kock Hansen Craig Allen Conway Carsten Oliver Thoma

Executive Board Mark David Frost, CEO

Daniel Edwin Griggs, CFO

Auditors Ernst & Young Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

Dirch Passers Allé 36, P.O. Box 250, 2000 Frederiksberg,

Denmark



### Management's review

#### **Business review**

The Company's purpose is to provide management services and to invest in and hold investments and financial instruments as well as other companies which in the Board's dicretion are directly or inddirectly associated.

#### Financial review

The income statement for 2018/19 shows a loss of EUR 32,506 thousand against a loss of EUR 22,964 thousand last year, and the balance sheet at 30 June 2019 shows equity of EUR 693,808 thousand. Management considers the Company's financial performance in the year satisfactory.

The Company has received a letter of subordination from Group entities, and declared to support Group entities. Reference is made to note 5.

#### Events after the balance sheet date

No events materially affecting the Company's financial position have occurred subsequent to the financial year-end.



### Income statement

Note	EUR'000	2018/19	2017/18
	Other external expenses	-664	-84
2	Gross profit Financial income Financial expenses	-664 70 -34,175	-84 2,949 -28,974
	Profit/loss before tax Tax for the year	-34,769 2,263	-26,109 3,145
	Profit/loss for the year	-32,506	-22,964
	Recommended appropriation of profit/loss Retained earnings/accumulated loss	-32,506 -32,506	-22,964 -22,964



### Balance sheet

Note	EUR'000	2018/19	2017/18
4	ASSETS Non-current assets Financial assets		
,	Investments in group enterprises Deferred tax assets	1,182,707 5	1,246,287 2,449
		1,182,712	1,248,736
	Total non-current assets	1,182,712	1,248,736
	Current assets Receivables		
	Joint taxation contribution receivable Other receivables	2,604 9	2,994 0
		2,613	2,994
	Total current assets	2,613	2,994
	TOTAL ASSETS	1,185,325	1,251,730



### Balance sheet

Note	EUR'000	2018/19	2017/18
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Equity		
	Share capital Retained earnings	6,980 686,828	6,980 668,618
	Total equity	693,808	675,598
	Non-current liabilities Bank debt Payables to group enterprises	144,427 329,333	270,720 285,353
	Total non-current liabilities	473,760	556,073
	Current liabilities Bank debt Trade payables Payables to group enterprises Other payables	12,000 0 5,502 255	8,400 5 11,379 275
	Total current liabilities	17,757	20,059
	Total liabilities	491,517	576,132
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	1,185,325	1,251,730

<sup>1</sup> Accounting policies

<sup>5</sup> Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

<sup>6</sup> Collateral

<sup>7</sup> Related parties



### Statement of changes in equity

EUR'000	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity at 1 July 2018 Transfer through appropriation of loss Increase from contribution in kind	6,980 0 0	668,618 -32,506 50,716	675,598 -32,506 50,716
Equity at 30 June 2019	6,980	686,828	693,808

The Company's share capital is EUR 6,980 thousand, dividend into shares of EUR 0,1 or any multiple thereof.

In 2016 the Company was established with a a share capital of DKK 500 thousand, which was converted into EUR 67 thousand. Futhermore in 2016, there was a capital increase of EUR 6.913 thousand.



#### Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Accounting policies

The annual report of Sitecore Holding III A/S for 2018/19 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions in the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to reporting class B entities and elective choice of certain provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

In accordance with section 112 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the Company has not prepared consolidated financial statements.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

#### Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in euros (EUR), as the Company's most significant transactions are settled in EUR.

#### Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivables and payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the most recent financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

#### Income statement

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include the year's expenses relating to the Company's core activities, including expenses primarily relating to administration.

#### Profit from investments in subsidiaries

The item includes dividends from investments in subsidiaries and associates. Dividend distributions that either exceed the profit for the year or where the carrying amount of the investments exceeds the consolidated carrying amounts of the subsidiary's net assets will indicate impairment for which reason an impairment test will have to be conducted.

#### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts that relate to the financial reporting period. The items comprise interest income and expenses, e.g. from group entities, exchange gains and losses and amortisation of financial assets and liabilities.



#### Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Tax

Tax for the year includes current tax on the year's expected taxable income. The portion of the tax for the year that relates to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the portion that relates to transactions taken to equity is recognised in equity.

The Company and its Danish group entities are jointly taxed. The total Danish income tax charge is allocated between profit/loss-making Danish entities in proportion to their taxable income (full absorption).

Jointly taxed entities entitled to a tax refund are reimbursed by the management company based on the rates applicable to interest allowances, and jointly taxed entities which have paid too little tax pay a surcharge according to the rates applicable to interest surcharges to the management company.

#### Balance sheet

#### Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost, which includes the cost of acquisition calculated at fair value plus direct costs of acquisition. If there is evidence of impairment, an impairment test is conducted. Where the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount, a write-down is made to such lower value.

#### Impairment of non-current assets

The carrying amount of investments in subsidiaries is assessed for impairment on an annual basis.

Impairment tests are conducted on assets or groups of assets when there is evidence of impairment. The carrying amount of impaired assets is reduced to the higher of the net selling price and the value in use (recoverable amount).

The recoverable amount is the higher of the net selling price of an asset and its value in use. The value in use is calculated as the present value of the expected net cash flows from the use of the asset or the group of assets and the expected net cash flows from the disposal of the asset or the group of assets after the end of the useful life.

Previously recognised impairment losses are reversed when the reason for recognition no longer exists.

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

The Company has chosen IAS 39 as interpretation for impairment of financial receivables.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable has been impaired, an impairment loss is recognised on an individual basis.

Impairment losses are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of the receivables and the present value of the expected cash flows, including the realisable value of any collateral received. The effective interest rate for the individual receivable or portfolio is used as discount rate.



#### Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Equity

#### Proposed dividends

Dividend proposed for the year is recognised as a liability once adopted at the annual general meeting (declaration date). Dividends expected to be distributed for the financial year are presented as a separate item under "Equity".

#### Income taxes

Current tax payables and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated income tax charge for the year, adjusted for prior-year taxes and tax paid on account.

### Payables to credit institutions

Mortgage debt is recognised on the raising of the loan at the proceeds received net of transaction costs incurred. On subsequent recognition, mortgage debt is measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method. Borrowing costs, including capital losses, are recognised as financing costs in the income statement over the term of the loan.

#### Other payables

Other payables are measured at net realisable value.



#### Notes to the financial statements

	EUR'000	2018/19	2017/18
2	Financial income Interest income, affiliates Exchange adjustments	11 0	0 2,270
	Other financial income	59	679
		70	2,949
3	Financial expenses		
	Interest expenses, group entities	17,329	10,491
	Exchange adjustments	3,148	0
	Other financial expenses	13,698	18,483
		34,175	28,974

#### 4 Investments

EUR'000	Investments in group enterprises
Cost at 1 July 2018 Additions Disposals	1,246,287 290,983 -234,167
Cost at 30 June 2019	1,303,103
Value adjustments at 1 July 2018 Impairment losses	0 -120,396
Value adjustments at 30 June 2019	-120,396
Carrying amount at 30 June 2019	1,182,707

Name	Legal form	Domicile	Interest
Subsidiaries			
Sitecore Corporation	A/S	Denmark	100.00%
Sitecore USA Holding	LLC	USA	100.00%

#### 5 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

#### Other contingent liabilities

The following Group entites have declared to Sitecore Holding III A/S, that inter-company balances of DKK 329,333 thousand (debt in Sitecore Holding III A/S) does not have to be repaid until Sitecore Holding III A/S has the liquidity to do so: Sitecore Holding II A/S, Sitecore Corporation A/S, Sitecore Danmark A/S, Sitecore International A/S, Sitecore Sverige AB, Sitecore UK Ltd, Sitecore Belgium BVBA, Sitecore Middle East DMCC and Stylelabs NV. This declaration is effective until 30 June 2020.

Furthermore, Sitecore Holding III A/S has declared to provide financial support the following Group entities if these do not have sufficient resources to settle any liabilities as they fall due: Sitecore Holding II A/S, Sitecore Holding III A/S, Sitecore Danmark A/S, Sitecore International A/S, Sitecore Sverige AB, Sitecore UK Ltd, Sitecore Belgium BVBA, Sitecore Middle East DMCC and Stylelabs NV. This declaration is effective until 30 June 2020.



#### Notes to the financial statements

The Company is jointly taxed with its parent, Sitecore Holding II A/S, which acts as management company, and is jointly and severally liable with other jointly taxed group entities for payment of income taxes as well as withholding taxes on interest, royalties and dividends.

#### 6 Collateral

As collateral for credit facilities the Company has issued a negative pledge and pledged the Shares in Sitecore USA Holding, LLC as security to Nordea Bank ABP, FILIAL I SVERIGE.

Shares in Sitecore USA Holding, LLC has been pledged as security to Nordea Bank ABP, FILIAL I SVERIGE

#### 7 Related parties

Sitecore Holding II A/S

#### Information about consolidated financial statements

Parent	Domicile	Requisitioning of the parent company's consolidated financial statements
Sitecore Holding II A/S	Copenhagen, Denmark	www.cvr.dk
Ownership		
The following shareholders are r minimum 5% of the votes or min	egistered in the Company's register of imum 5% of the share capital:	of shareholders as holding
Name	Domicile	

Copenhagen, Denmark