Block GKL1 ApS

Adelgade 15, 2., 1304 København K

CVR no. 37 51 14 47

Annual report 2023

Approved at the Company's annual general meeting on 21 May 2024

Chair of the meeting:

Emil Stou

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Emil Skov

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Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

Today, the Board of Directors and the Executive Board have discussed and approved the annual report of Block GKL1 ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Copenhagen, 21 May 2024 Executive Board:

-DocuSigned by:

Anders Skongaard Klingbeil

Anders Skovgaard Klingbeil

Board of Directors:

-DocuSigned by:

Peter Matzen Drachmann

Chairman

-Docusigned by: -Docus Anders Skongaard Elingbeil William

Anders Skovgaard Klingbeil

-DocuSigned by:

Nathalie Marion-Denise

Winkelmann

—Docusigned by:

Albert Cornelia Tal

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Albert Cornelis Tol

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Block GKL1 ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Block GKL1 ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- ldentify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Independent auditor's report

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Copenhagen, 21 May 2024

EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR no. 30 70 02 28

Kaare K. Lendorf

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne33819

Management's review

Company details

Name Block GKL1 ApS

Address, Postal code, City Adelgade 15, 2., 1304 København K

CVR no. 37 51 14 47
Established 1 February 2016
Registered office København

Financial year 1 January - 31 December

Board of Directors Peter Matzen Drachmann, Chairman

Anders Skovgaard Klingbeil

Nathalie Marion-Denise Winkelmann

Albert Cornelis Tol

Executive Board Anders Skovgaard Klingbeil

Auditors EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

Dirch Passers Allé 36, P.O. Box 250, 2000 Frederiksberg,

Denmark

Management commentary

Business review

The Company's objective is to buy and possess real estate and other hereby related activities.

Financial review

The income statement for 2023 shows a profit of DKK 51,746 thousand against a loss of DKK 4,853 thousand last year, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2023 shows equity of DKK 114,588 thousand. Management considers the Company's financial performance in the year satisfactory.

As the company's purpose is investment in properties, the Company is affected by changes in the property market, including the general economic conditions.

The market situation in the real estate sector is affected by uncertainty, as a result of high inflation and increasing interest rates. However, the company's activities have not been significantly affected by this.

The uncertainty related to interest rates and yields has created a gap between buyers' and sellers' expectation to prices of properties which is reflected in the lower transaction volume for investment properties in late 2023.

This has been reflected in the valuation of the company's properties.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events materially affecting the Company's financial position have occurred subsequent to the financial year-end.

Income statement

DKK'000	2023	2022
Gross profit	15,182	14,973
Fair value adjustment of investment property	60,980	-11,400
Profit before net financials	76,162	3,573
Financial expenses	-9,821	-9,795
Profit/loss before tax	66,341	-6,222
Tax for the year	-14,595	1,369
Profit/loss for the year	51,746	-4,853
Recommended appropriation of profit/loss	2,600	4,039
Proposed dividend recognised under equity	49,146	-8,892
Retained earnings/accumulated loss	51,746	-4,853
	Gross profit Fair value adjustment of investment property Profit before net financials Financial expenses Profit/loss before tax Tax for the year Profit/loss for the year Recommended appropriation of profit/loss Proposed dividend recognised under equity	Gross profit Fair value adjustment of investment property 60,980 Profit before net financials Financial expenses 76,162 Financial expenses -9,821 Profit/loss before tax 66,341 Tax for the year -14,595 Profit/loss for the year Recommended appropriation of profit/loss Proposed dividend recognised under equity Retained earnings/accumulated loss 49,146

Balance sheet

Note	DKK'000	2023	2022
5	ASSETS Fixed assets Property, plant and equipment		
5	Investment property	535,580	474,600
		535,580	474,600
	Total fixed assets	535,580	474,600
	Non-fixed assets		
	Receivables Other receivables Prepayments	182 125	189 125
		307	314
	Cash	21,322	10,057
	Total non-fixed assets	21,629	10,371
	TOTAL ASSETS	557,209	484,971

Balance sheet

Note	DKK'000	2023	2022
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Equity		
	Share capital	90	90
	Retained earnings	111,898	62,752
	Dividend proposed	2,600	4,039
	Total equity	114,588	66,881
	Provisions		
	Deferred tax	57,709	44,307
	Total provisions	57,709	44,307
	Liabilities other than provisions		
6	Non-current liabilities other than provisions		
	Mortgage debt	208,487	208,426
	Payables to group entities	153,450	153,450
		361,937	361,876
	Current liabilities other than provisions		
	Prepayments	1,866	1,758
	Trade payables	547	325
	Payables to group enterprises	8,056	0
	Joint taxation contribution payable	3,023	1,830
	Deposits	6,192	5,799
	Other payables	3,291	2,195
		22,975	11,907
	Total liabilities other than provisions	384,912	373,783
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	557,209	484,971

¹ Accounting policies2 Staff costs

⁷ Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.8 Security and collateral

Statement of changes in equity

DKK'000	Share capital	Retained earnings	Dividend proposed	Total
Equity at 1 January 2022 Transfer through appropriation	90	71,644	4,556	76,290
of loss	0	-8,892	4,039	-4,853
Dividend distributed	0	0	-4,556	-4,556
Equity at 1 January 2023 Transfer through appropriation	90	62,752	4,039	66,881
of profit	0	49,146	2,600	51,746
Dividend distributed	0	0	-4,039	-4,039
Equity at 31 December 2023	90	111,898	2,600	114,588

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies

The annual report of Block GKL1 ApS for 2023 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions in the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to reporting class B entities and elective choice of certain provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Danish kroner (DKK'000).

Income statement

Revenue

The Company has chosen IAS 11/IAS 18 as interpretation for revenue recognition.

Revenue (rent) is recognized in the income statement, when the company has achieved final rights for the sale. Revenue is recognized linear over the terms of the contracts.

Gross profit

The items revenue, property expenses and external expenses have been aggregated into one item in the income statement called gross profit in accordance with section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Property expenses

Property expenses include expenses relating to renting out the Company's investment property, including expenses relating to running and maintaining such property.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include the year's expenses relating to the Company's core activities, including expenses relating to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

Financial expenses

Financial expenses are recognised in the income statements at the amounts that concern the financial year. Net financials include interest expenses as well as allowances and surcharges under the advance-payment-of-tax scheme, etc.

Tax

Tax for the year includes current tax on the year's expected taxable income and the year's deferred tax adjustments. The portion of the tax for the year that relates to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the portion that relates to transactions taken to equity is recognised in equity.

The entity is jointly taxed with other group entities. The total Danish income tax charge is allocated between profit/loss-making Danish entities in proportion to their taxable income (full absorption).

Jointly taxed entities entitled to a tax refund are reimbursed by the management company based on the rates applicable to interest allowances, and jointly taxed entities which have paid too little tax pay a surcharge according to the rates applicable to interest surcharges to the management company.

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Balance sheet

Investment property

On initial recognition, investment property is measured at cost. Investment property is subsequently measured at fair value, and the value adjustment for the year is recognised in the income statement under the item "Fair value adjustment of investment property". The fair value is based on the expected future cash flows for the investment property.

Receivables

The Company has chosen IAS 39 as interpretation for impairment write-down of financial receivables.

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable has been impaired, an impairment loss is recognised on an individual basis.

Receivables in respect of which there is no objective evidence of individual impairment are tested for objective evidence of impairment on a portfolio basis. The portfolios are primarily based on the debtors' domicile and credit ratings in line with the Company's risk management policy. The objective evidence applied to portfolios is determined based on historical loss experience.

Impairment losses are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of the receivables and the present value of the expected cash flows, including the realisable value of any collateral received. The effective interest rate for the individual receivable or portfolio is used as discount rate.

Prepayments

Prepayments recognised under "Assets" comprise prepaid expenses regarding subsequent financial reporting years.

Cash

Cash comprise cash and short term securities which are readily convertible into cash and subject only to minor risks of changes in value.

Equity

Proposed dividends

Dividend proposed for the year is recognised as a liability once adopted at the annual general meeting (declaration date). Dividends expected to be distributed for the financial year are presented as a separate item under "Equity".

Income taxes

Current tax payables and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated income tax charge for the year, adjusted for prior-year taxes and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax base of assets and liabilities. However, deferred tax is not recognised on temporary differences relating to goodwill which is not deductible for tax purposes and on office premises and other items where temporary differences, apart from business combinations, arise at the date of acquisition without affecting either profit/loss for the year or taxable income. Where alternative tax rules can be applied to determine the tax base, deferred tax is measured based on Management's intended use of the asset or settlement of the liability, respectively.

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax assets are recognised at the expected value of their utilisation; either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity. Changes in deferred tax due to changes in the tax rate are recognised in the income statement.

Payables to credit institutions

Mortgage debt is recognised on the raising of the loan at the proceeds received net of transaction costs incurred. On subsequent recognition, mortgage debt is measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method. Borrowing costs, including capital losses, are recognised as financing costs in the income statement over the term of the loan.

Other payables

Other payables are measured at net realisable value.

Fair value

The fair value measurement is based on the principal market. If no principal market exists, the measurement is based on the most advantageous market, i.e. the market that maximises the price of the asset or liability less transaction and/or transport costs.

All assets and liabilities which are measured at fair value, or whose fair value is disclosed, are classified based on the fair value hierarchy, see below:

- Level 1: Value in an active market for similar assets/liabilities
- Level 2: Value based on recognised valuation methods on the basis of observable market information
- Level 3: Value based on recognised valuation methods and reasonable estimates (non-observable market information).

If a reliable fair value cannot be stated according to the above levels, the asset or liability is measured at cost.

Notes to the financial statements

2 Staff costs

The company has no employees.

	DKK'000	2023	2022
3	Financial expenses Interest expenses, group entities Other financial expenses	8,056 1,765 9,821	8,056 1,739 9,795
		9,821	9,795
4	Tax for the year Estimated tax charge for the year Deferred tax adjustments in the year	1,193 13,402 14,595	1,139 -2,508 -1,369
5	Property, plant and equipment		
	DKK'000		Investment property
	Cost at 1 January 2023		330,600
	Cost at 31 December 2023		330,600
	Revaluations at 1 January 2023 Value adjustments for the year		144,000 60,980
	Revaluations at 31 December 2023		204,980
	Carrying amount at 31 December 2023		535,580

Note 8 provides more details on security for loans, etc. as regards property, plant and equipment. Investment property

Fair value estimation

The fair value of investment property has been estimated for every single property by discounting the expected, future cash flows, using a relevant discount factor. Expected future cash flows are based on budgets, approved by management, for the coming 10-year period and an estimated terminal value for the remaining life of the property concerned. The discount factor comprises the risk-free interest rate and a risk premium for the property concerned.

CBRE is as independent valuer consulted for purposes of estimating the fair values.

Notes to the financial statements

Significant fair value assumptions

Significant fair value assumptions:

The most significant fair value assumptions are:

Yield: 3.61 %

Operating costs: 357 DKK/sqm/year (estimated) Maintenance costs: 40 DKK/sqm/year (estimated) Administration costs: 2,750 DKK/unit/year (estimated)

Residential

Residential area (total): 12,108 sqm

Vacancy based on area: 4.3%

Average rent: 1,762 DKK/sqm/year (actual rent)

Commercial

Commercial area (total): 525 sqm

Vacancy based on area: 0%

Average rent: 1,649 DKK/sqm/year (actual rent)

Non-current liabilities other than provisions

DKK'000	Total debt at 31/12 2023	Short-term portion	Long-term portion	Outstanding debt after 5 years
Mortgage debt Payables to group entities	208,487 153,450	0 0	208,487 153,450	208,487 153,450
	361,937	0	361,937	361,937

Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

The Company is jointly taxed with its parent, PADK V2 ApS, which acts as management company, and is jointly and severally liable with other jointly taxed group entities.

8 Security and collateral

As securities for the Company's mortgage debt, assets worth a total of t.DKK 535,580 have been pledge as collateral or otherwise charged.