
Inga Acquisition ApS

c/o Collectia A/S, Abildager 11, DK-2605 Brøndby

Annual Report for 1 January - 31 December 2021

CVR No 37 47 01 20

The Annual Report was
presented and adopted at
the Annual General
Meeting of the Company on
7 /7 2022

Christian la Cour Valentin
Chairman of the General
Meeting



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Management's Statement

The Executive Board has today considered and adopted the Annual Report of Inga Acquisition ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2021 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2021.

In our opinion, Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the Review.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Brøndby, 7 July 2022

Executive Board

Christian la Cour Valentin
CEO

Daniel Bremann Itzhaki

Jesper Gunni Winther

Martin Høy

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholder of Inga Acquisition ApS

Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of Inga Acquisition ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("the Financial Statements").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financials Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

Independent Auditor's Report

Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.

Independent Auditor's Report

- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Hellerup, 7 July 2022

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR No 33 77 12 31

Ulrik Ræbild
State Authorised Public Accountant
mne33262

Josephine Kilsgaard Holm
State Authorised Public Accountant
mne44114

Company Information

The Company

Inga Acquisition ApS
c/o Collectia A/S
Abildager 11
DK-2605 Brøndby

CVR No: 37 47 01 20

Financial period: 1 January - 31 December

Incorporated: 22 February 2016

Financial year: 6th financial year

Municipality of reg. office: Brøndby

Executive Board

Christian la Cour Valentin
Daniel Bremann Itzhaki
Jesper Gunni Winther
Martin Høy

Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers
Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Strandvejen 44
DK-2900 Hellerup

Management's Review

Key activities

The principal activities of Inga Acquisition ApS consist of owning capital shares in affiliated companies, including other related business.

Development in the year

The income statement of the Company for 2021 shows a loss of DKK 168,525, and at 31 December 2021 the balance sheet of the Company shows equity of DKK 101,981,928.

During January and February 2020, Inga Acquisition ApS was the Parent Company of the Inga Acquisition Group. In March 2020 the Inga Acquisition Group was acquired by Care DK BidCo ApS. After the acquisition management was employed by Care DK BidCo ApS (previously employed by Inga Acquisition ApS). Consequently, staff expenses and income from management fees invoices to the subsidiaries of the Group included in the profit and loss is now included in Care DK BidCo ApS.

Subsequent events

No events materially affecting the assessment of the Annual Report have occurred after the balance sheet date.

Income Statement 1 January - 31 December

	Note	2021 DKK	2020 DKK
Gross profit/loss		-6,750	679,571
Staff expenses	1	<u>0</u>	<u>-366,894</u>
Profit/loss before financial income and expenses		-6,750	312,677
Financial income	2	160,270	192
Financial expenses	3	<u>-278,754</u>	<u>-189,957</u>
Profit/loss before tax		-125,234	122,912
Tax on profit/loss for the year	4	<u>-43,291</u>	<u>-295,730</u>
Net profit/loss for the year		<u>-168,525</u>	<u>-172,818</u>

Distribution of profit

Proposed distribution of profit

Retained earnings		<u>-168,525</u>	<u>-172,818</u>
		<u>-168,525</u>	<u>-172,818</u>

Balance Sheet 31 December

Assets

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2021</u> DKK	<u>2020</u> DKK
Investments in subsidiaries		100,545,791	74,508,941
Fixed asset investments		100,545,791	74,508,941
Fixed assets		100,545,791	74,508,941
Receivables from group enterprises		4,770,517	2,316,952
Corporation tax receivable from group enterprises		0	11,545,704
Receivables		4,770,517	13,862,656
Cash at bank and in hand		158,125	217,680
Currents assets		4,928,642	14,080,336
Assets		105,474,433	88,589,277

Balance Sheet 31 December

Liabilities and equity

	Note	2021 DKK	2020 DKK
Share capital		116,454	116,454
Share premium account		0	6,012,432
Retained earnings		101,865,474	69,984,717
Equity		101,981,928	76,113,603
Trade payables		31,250	25,300
Payables to group enterprises		1,892,609	2,830,520
Corporation tax		1,549,917	9,414,741
Other payables		18,729	205,113
Short-term debt		3,492,505	12,475,674
Debt		3,492,505	12,475,674
Liabilities and equity		105,474,433	88,589,277
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Statement of Changes in Equity

	Share capital	Share premium	Retained	Total
	<u>DKK</u>	<u>account</u>	<u>earnings</u>	<u>DKK</u>
	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity at 1 January	116,454	6,012,432	69,984,717	76,113,603
Capital increase	0	26,036,850	0	26,036,850
Transfer from share premium account	0	-32,049,282	32,049,282	0
Net profit/loss for the year	0	0	-168,525	-168,525
Equity at 31 December	116,454	0	101,865,474	101,981,928

Notes to the Financial Statements

	2021 DKK	2020 DKK
1 Staff expenses		
Wages and salaries	0	246,209
Pensions	0	116,100
Other social security expenses	0	4,585
	<u>0</u>	<u>366,894</u>
Average number of employees	<u>0</u>	<u>2</u>
2 Financial income		
Interest received from group enterprises	160,270	0
Other financial income	0	192
	<u>160,270</u>	<u>192</u>
3 Financial expenses		
Interest paid to group enterprises	206,105	135,851
Other financial expenses	72,649	53,933
Exchange loss	0	173
	<u>278,754</u>	<u>189,957</u>
4 Tax on profit/loss for the year		
Current tax for the year	-23,000	27,038
Adjustment of tax concerning previous years	66,291	268,692
	<u>43,291</u>	<u>295,730</u>

5 Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

Contingent liabilities

The group companies are jointly and severally liable for tax on the jointly taxed incomes etc of the Group. Moreover, the group companies are jointly and severally liable for Danish withholding taxes by way of dividend tax, tax on royalty payments and tax on unearned income. Any subsequent adjustments of corporation taxes and withholding taxes may increase the Company's liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements

5 Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations (continued)

6 Related parties

Basis

Controlling interest

Care DK BidCo ApS

Capital owner (Majority)

Transactions

The Company has chosen only to disclose transactions which have not been made on an arm's length basis in accordance with section 98(c)(7) of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Consolidated Financial Statements

The Company is included in the Group Annual Report of the following Parent companies:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Place of registered office</u>
Credit Services Holdings Limited	England
Care DK BidCo ApS	Denmark

The Group Annual Report of Credit Services Holdings Limited may be obtained at the following address:

1 Carter Lane
London
EC4V 5ER
England

The Group Annual Report of Care DK BidCo ApS may be obtained at the following address:

c/o Collectia A/S
Abildager 11
2605 Brøndby
Denmark

Notes to the Financial Statements

7 Accounting Policies

The Annual Report of Inga Acquisition ApS for 2021 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected rules applying to reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Financial Statements for 2021 are presented in DKK.

Consolidated financial statements

With reference to section 112 of the Danish Financial Statements Act and to the consolidated financial statements of Care DK BidCo ApS, the Company has not prepared consolidated financial statements.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Translation policies

Danish kroner is used as the presentation currency. All other currencies are regarded as foreign currencies.

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Exchange differences arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement. Where foreign exchange transactions are considered hedging of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Notes to the Financial Statements

7 Accounting Policies (continued)

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Income Statement

Revenue

Revenue from the services is recognised when the risks and rewards relating to the services have been transferred to the purchaser, the revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that the economic benefits relating to the sale will flow to the Company.

Revenue is measured at the consideration received and is recognised exclusive of VAT and net of discounts relating to sales.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise expenses for office expenses, etc.

Gross profit/loss

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross profit/loss is calculated as a summary of revenue and other external expenses.

Staff expenses

Staff expenses comprise wages and salaries as well as payroll expenses.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with Care DK BidCo ApS. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to Danish enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.

Notes to the Financial Statements

7 Accounting Policies (continued)

Balance Sheet

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost. Where cost exceeds the recoverable amount, write-down is made to this lower value.

Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

Financial debts

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.