## **Deloitte.**



#### Unibio Russia ApS

Langebjerg 1 4000 Roskilde CVR No. 37456136

#### Annual report 2020

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 28.05.2021

Henrik Busch-Larsen Conductor

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## **Entity details**

#### Entity

Unibio Russia ApS Langebjerg 1 4000 Roskilde

CVR No.: 37456136 Date of foundation: 11.02.2016 Registered office: Roskilde Financial year: 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020

#### **Executive Board**

Henrik Busch-Larsen, CEO Jakob Brix Christensen, CFO

#### **Auditors**

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Tværkajen 5 P. O. Box 10 5100 Odense

## **Statement by Management**

The Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of Unibio Russia ApS for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2020 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Roskilde, 28.05.2021

**Executive Board** 

Henrik Busch-Larsen CEO **Jakob Brix Christensen** CFO

## Independent auditor's report

#### To the shareholders of Unibio Russia ApS

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Unibio Russia ApS for the financial year 01.01.2020 -31.12.2020, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2020 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence
  that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
  material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
  involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Odense, 28.05.2021

#### **Deloitte** Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No. 33963556

**Allan Dydensborg Madsen** State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne34144 **Martin Skov Nielsen** State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne45861

### Management commentary

#### **Primary activities**

Unibio Russia ApS is a biotech company established in 2016 and focused on marketing the Company's technology in Russia.

#### Description of material changes in activities and finances

The first commercial-size plant has been built by Unibio's Russian licensee. Commissioning of the plant is ongoing although this takes longer than originally expected.

Gross loss for the year amounted to DKK 101k. The post-tax loss for the year amounted to DKK 87k. Equity at the end of 2020 amounted to DKK (59k).

The company has lost more than half of the share capital and is as a result covered by the capital loss provisions. It is management's assessment that the share capital will be re-established via future earnings.

#### Uncertainty relating to recognition and measurement

An amount of DKK 1,817k is recognised as a receivable. The amount relates to the commissioning of the full scale commercial plant under the Company's first license agreement. The amount falls due upon completed commissioning of the plant. As this is the first full scale commercial plant, there is uncertainty related to this amount.

In Management's view, there is no other specific uncertainty about the recognition or measurement of any items in the financial statements.

#### Outlook

In 2021, the Company expect the licensee to commission the first full-scale plant under its license agreement.

#### Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

## **Income statement for 2020**

		2020	2019
	Notes	DKK'000	DKK'000
Gross profit/loss		(101)	(21)
Other financial income		176	53
Other financial expenses		(186)	(49)
Profit/loss before tax		(111)	(17)
Tax on profit/loss for the year	2	24	4
Profit/loss for the year		(87)	(13)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss			
Retained earnings		(87)	(13)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		(87)	(13)

## **Balance sheet at 31.12.2020**

#### Assets

	2020	2019
Notes	DKK'000	DKK'000
	102	78
	1,817	2,003
	1,919	2,081
	103	204
	2,022	2,285
	Notes	Notes         DKK'000           102         1,817           1,919         103

#### **Equity and liabilities**

		2020	2019
	Notes	DKK'000	DKK'000
Contributed capital		50	50
Retained earnings		(109)	(21)
Equity		(59)	29
Trade payables		18	18
Payables to group enterprises		1,911	2,087
Other payables		152	151
Current liabilities other than provisions		2,081	2,256
Liabilities other than provisions		2,081	2,256
Equity and liabilities		2,022	2,285
Uncertainty relating to recognition and measurement	1		
Working conditions	3		
Contingent liabilities	4		

# Statement of changes in equity for 2020

	Contributed capital DKK'000	Retained earnings DKK'000	Total DKK'000
Equity beginning of year	50	(22)	28
Profit/loss for the year	0	(87)	(87)
Equity end of year	50	(109)	(59)

## Notes

#### 1 Uncertainty relating to recognition and measurement

An amount of DKK 1,817 k is recognised as a receivable. The amount relates to the commissioning of the full scale commercial plant under the Company's first license agreement. The amount falls due upon completed commissioning of the plant. As this is the first full scale commercial plant, there is uncertainty related to this amount.

In Management's view, there is no other specific uncertainty about the recognition or measurement of any items in the financial statements.

#### 2 Tax on profit/loss for the year

	2020	2019
	DKK'000	DKK'000
Change in deferred tax	(24)	(4)
	(24)	(4)

#### **3 Working conditions**

Number of employees at balance sheet date: 0

#### **4** Contingent liabilities

The Entity participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement where Unibio A/S serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities, and for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed entities. The jointly taxed entities' total known net liability under the joint taxation arrangement is disclosed in the administration company's financial statements.

## **Accounting policies**

#### **Reporting class**

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

#### **Recognition and measurement**

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

#### **Income statement**

#### Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprises revenue and other operating income, cost of raw materials and consumables and external expenses.

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs, etc. This item also includes writedowns of receivables recognised in current assets.

#### Other financial income

Other financial income payables and transactions in foreign currencies etc.

#### Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on trade payables and payables and transactions in foreign currencies etc.

#### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Entity is jointly taxed with all Danish group enterprises. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

#### **Balance sheet**

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

#### **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

#### Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

#### **Other financial liabilities**

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.