

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR-nr. 33963556 Tværkajen 5 Postboks 10 5100 Odense C

Phone 63 14 66 00 Fax 63 14 66 12 www.deloitte.dk

Unibio Russia ApS

Niels Bohrs Allé 17 5230 Odense M Business Registration No 37456136

Annual report 2017

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 08.03.2018

Chairman of the General Meeting

Name: Henrik Busch-Larsen

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Entity details

Entity

Unibio Russia ApS Niels Bohrs Allé 17 5230 Odense M

Central Business Registration No (CVR): 37456136

Founded: 11.02.2016 Registered in: Odense

Financial year: 01.01.2017 - 31.12.2017

Executive Board

Henrik Busch-Larsen, CEO Jesper Halling Pedersen, CFO

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Tværkajen 5 Postboks 10 5100 Odense C

Statement by Management on the annual report

The Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of Unibio Russia ApS for the financial year 01.01.2017 - 31.12.2017.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2017 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2017 - 31.12.2017.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Odense, 08.03.2018

Executive Board

Henrik Busch-Larsen

Jesper Halling Pedersen

CEO CFO

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Unibio Russia ApS Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Unibio Russia ApS for the financial year 01.01.2017 - 31.12.2017, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2017 and of the results of its operations and cash flows for the financial year 01.01.2017 - 31.12.2017 in accordance with the Danish Financial statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exits. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Independent auditor's report

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
 disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial statements Act.

Independent auditor's report

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Odense, 08.03.2018

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Central Business Registration No (CVR) 33963556

Lars Leopold Larsen State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne33229

Management commentary

Primary activities

Unibio Russia ApS is a biotech company established in 2016 and focused on marketing the Company's technology in Russia.

Development in activities and finances

Gross profit for the year amounted to DKK 94k. The post-tax profit for the year amounted to DKK 18k. The profit for the year is related to the company's licence agreement with a technology customer in Russia. Management considers the result for the year satisfactory. Equity at the end of 2017 amounted to DKK 305k.

Outlook

In 2018, the Company expects the completion of the first full-scale production plant under its licence agreements

Uncertainty relating to recognition and measurement

An amount of DKK 1,977k is recognised as a receivable. The amount relates to the implementation of the full scale commercial plant currently being completed under the Company's first license agreement. The amount falls due upon completed commissioning of the plant. As this is the first full scale commercial plant, there is uncertainty related to this amount.

In Management's view, there is no other specific uncertainty about the recognition or measurement of any items in the financial statements.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

Income statement for 2017

	Notes	2017 DKK'000	2016 DKK'000
Gross profit		94	278
Other financial income		2	26
Other financial expenses		(73)	(1)
Profit/loss before tax		23	303
Tax on profit/loss for the year	2	(5)	(67)
Profit/loss for the year		18	236
Proposed distribution of profit/loss			
Retained earnings		18	236
		18	236

Balance sheet at 31.12.2017

	Notes	2017 DKK'000	2016 DKK'000
Other receivables		1.980	3.177
Prepayments	3	0	3.323
Receivables		1.980	6.500
Cash		296	297
Current assets		2.276	6.797
Assets		2.276	6.797

Balance sheet at 31.12.2017

	Notes	2017 DKK'000	2016 DKK'000
Contributed capital		50	50
Retained earnings		255	237
Equity		305	287
Trade payables		13	0
Payables to group enterprises		1.345	2.926
Income tax payable		5	67
Other payables		608	19
Deferred income	4	0	3.498
Current liabilities other than provisions		1.971	6.510
Liabilities other than provisions		1.971	6.510
Equity and liabilities		2.276	6.797

Uncertainty relating to recognition and measurement

1

Statement of changes in equity for 2017

	Contributed capital DKK'000	Retained earnings DKK'000	Total DKK'000
Equity beginning of year	50	237	287
Profit/loss for the year	0	18_	18
Equity end of year	50	255	305

Notes

1. Uncertainty relating to recognition and measurement

An amount of DKK 1,977k is recognised as a receivable. The amount relates to the implementation of the full scale commercial plant currently being completed under the Company's first license agreement. The amount falls due upon completed commissioning of the plant. As this is the first full scale commercial plant, there is uncertainty related to this amount.

In Management's view, there is no other specific uncertainty about the recognition or measurement of any items in the financial statements.

Obligations to pay pension benefits etc to Management of the Entity

▼ Forpligtelser til at yde pension mv. til virksomhedens ledelse - Indsæt beskrivelse.

Special incentive programmes

- ▼ Særlige incitamentsprogrammer Indsæt beskrivelse.
- ♥ Personaleomkostninger Indsæt beskrivelse af evt. særlige forhold.

	2017	2016
	DKK'000	DKK'000
2. Tax on profit/loss for the year		
Current tax	5_	67
	5	67

3. Prepayments

Prepayments consist of incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years.

4. Deferred income

Deferred income consist of income received for recognition in subsequent financial years.

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Income statement

Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprises revenue and other operating income, cost of raw materials and consumables and external expenses.

Revenue

Revenue from the sale of manufactured goods and goods for resale is recognised in the income statement when delivery is made and risk has passed to the buyer. Revenue from the sale of services is recognised in the income statement when delivery is made to the buyer. Revenue is recognised net of VAT, duties and sales discounts and is measured at fair value of the consideration fixed.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs, etc. This item also includes writedowns of receivables recognised in current assets.

Other financial income

Other financial income payables and transactions in foreign currencies etc.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on trade payables and payables and transactions in foreign currencies etc.

Accounting policies

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

Balance sheet

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

Income tax receivable or payable

Current tax payable or receivable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax computed on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.

Deferred income

Deferred income comprises income received for recognition in subsequent financial years. Deferred income is measured at cost.