

Kalvebod Brygge 47 K/S

Holbergsgade 14, 2 tv
1057 København K

CVR no. 37 40 16 25

Annual report for 2018/19

(4th Financial year)

Adopted at the annual general meeting
on 3 December 2019

Peter Baxter
chairman

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Statement by management on the annual report

The executive board has today discussed and approved the annual report of Kalvebod Brygge 47 K/S for the financial year 1 August 2018 - 31 July 2019.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 July 2019 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 August 2018 - 31 July 2019.

In our opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

Management recommends that the annual report should be approved by the company in general meeting.

Copenhagen, 3 December 2019

Management

Peter Baxter
Management

Grant Broadway
Management

Julie Mossong
Management

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of Kalvebod Brygge 47 K/S

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Kalvebod Brygge 47 K/S for the financial year 1 August 2018 - 31 July 2019, which comprise a summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet and notes. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 July 2019 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 August 2018 - 31 July 2019 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements, that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Independent auditor's report

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Independent auditor's report

Statement on management's review

Management is responsible for management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read management's review and, in doing so, consider whether management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of management's review.

Frederiksberg, 3 December 2019
CVR no. 30 70 02 28



Henrik Reedt
State Authorised Public Accountant
MNE no. mne24830

Company details

The company

Kalvebod Brygge 47 K/S
Holbergsgade 14, 2 tv
1057 København K

CVR no.: 37 40 16 25

Reporting period: 1 August 2018 - 31 July 2019

Incorporated: 27. January 2016

Domicile: Copenhagen

Management

Peter Baxter
Grant Broadway
Julie Mossong

Auditors

ERNST & YOUNG
Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Osvald Helmuths Vej 4
2000 Frederiksberg

Management's review

Business activities

The Company's main activity is to own and manage real estate and related services.

Business review

The company's income statement for the year ended 31 July shows a profit of DKK 21.673.403, and the balance sheet at 31 July 2019 shows equity of DKK 386.629.407.

Significant events occurring after end of reporting period

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date which could significantly affect the company's financial position.

Accounting policies

The annual report of Kalvebod Brygge 47 K/S for 2018/19 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those of last year.

The annual report for 2018/19 is presented in DKK

Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any instalments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

Income statement

Gross profit

In pursuance of section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company does not disclose its revenue.

Gross profit reflects an aggregation of revenue, other operating income less other external expenses.

Revenue

Revenue comprise rental income and is recognized in the income statement. Rental income is accrued to cover the period up to the end of the financial year.

Other external costs

Other external costs include expenses related to administration and property costs. Property costs include costs incurred to operate the Entity's properties in the financial year, including repair and maintenance costs, property tax and electricity, water and heating, which are not charged directly from the lessee.

Accounting policies

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses, financial expenses relating to amortisation of mortgage loans etc.

Balance sheet

Tangible assets Investment properties

Investment properties comprises investments in land and buildings for purposes of gaining a return on the invested capital in the form of regular operating income and/or capital gains on resale.

On acquisition, investment properties is measured at cost, comprising the purchase price, including purchase costs.

After initial recognition, the properties are measured at fair value which represents the amount at which the individual property may be sold to an independent buyer. The investment property has been valued based on an external estate agent's valuation using the Direct Capitalisation approach. Fair value adjustments for the financial year are recognised in the income statement.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and short-term securities whose remaining life is less than three months and which are readily convertible into cash and which are subject only to insignificant risks of changes in value.

Accounting policies

Equity

Dividends

Proposed dividends are disclosed as a separate item under equity. Dividends are recognised as a liability when declared by the annual general meeting of shareholders.

Income tax and deferred tax

The limited partnership company is not separately liable to tax, but is recognised in the tax base of the partner. Therefore, no separate tax has been recognised or provided for in the financial statements.

Mortgage debt

Mortgage debt is thus measured at amortised cost, which for cash loans corresponds to the outstanding debt. For bond loans, amortised cost corresponds to an outstanding debt calculated as the underlying cash value of the loan at the time of borrowing, adjusted by amortisation of the value adjustment of the loan at the time of borrowing.

Other liabilities, which include trade payables, payables to group entities and other payables, are measured at amortised cost, which is usually equivalent to nominal value.

Deferred income

Deferred income comprises prepaid rent for recognition in subsequent financial years. Deferred income is measured at cost.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and at the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. If foreign currency transactions are considered cash flow hedges, the value adjustments are taken directly to equity.

Income statement
1 August 2018 - 31 July 2019

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2018/19</u>	<u>2017/18</u>
		DKK	DKK
Gross profit		26.941.352	27.361.620
Value adjustments of assets held for investment		-541.544	21.508.186
Profit/loss before net financials		26.399.808	48.869.806
Financial costs		-4.726.405	-4.757.169
Profit/loss for the year		21.673.403	44.112.637
Recommended appropriation of profit/loss			
Proposed dividend for the year		12.805.000	0
Extraordinary dividend for the year		1.211.050	28.748.140
Retained earnings		7.657.353	15.364.497
		21.673.403	44.112.637

Balance sheet at 31 July 2019

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2018/19</u> DKK	<u>2017/18</u> DKK
Assets			
Investment properties	1	<u>657.000.000</u>	<u>656.000.000</u>
Tangible assets		<u>657.000.000</u>	<u>656.000.000</u>
Total non-current assets		<u>657.000.000</u>	<u>656.000.000</u>
Trade receivables		7.516.623	0
Other receivables		<u>170.815</u>	<u>26.922</u>
Receivables		<u>7.687.438</u>	<u>26.922</u>
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>18.949.259</u>	<u>16.108.580</u>
Total current assets		<u>26.636.697</u>	<u>16.135.502</u>
Total assets		<u>683.636.697</u>	<u>672.135.502</u>

Balance sheet at 31 July 2019

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2018/19</u> DKK	<u>2017/18</u> DKK
Equity and liabilities			
Contributed capital		350.802.500	350.802.500
Retained earnings		23.021.907	15.364.554
Proposed dividend for the year		12.805.000	4.227.325
Proposed extraordinary dividend		0	7.261.625
Equity	2	<u>386.629.407</u>	<u>377.656.004</u>
Mortgage loans		275.521.159	274.553.592
Deposits		14.768.515	14.409.125
Total non-current liabilities	3	<u>290.289.674</u>	<u>288.962.717</u>
Trade payables		358.246	71.045
Payables to group enterprises		24.891	24.834
Other payables		1.411.075	629.037
Deferred income		4.923.404	4.791.865
Total current liabilities		<u>6.717.616</u>	<u>5.516.781</u>
Total liabilities		<u>297.007.290</u>	<u>294.479.498</u>
Total equity and liabilities		<u>683.636.697</u>	<u>672.135.502</u>
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Notes

1 Assets measured at fair value

	<u>Investment pro- perties</u>
Cost at 1 August 2018	<u>625.921.785</u>
Cost at 31 July 2019	<u>625.921.785</u>
Revaluations at 1 August 2018	30.078.215
Revaluations for the year	-541.544
Straight-line revenue recognition for the year	<u>1.541.544</u>
Revaluations at 31 July 2019	<u>31.078.215</u>
Carrying amount at 31 July 2019	<u><u>657.000.000</u></u>

Disclosure of the assumptions underlying fair value calculations of assets and liabilities

The investment property has been valued based on an external estate agent's valuation using the Direct capitalisation approach. The estate agent has set the required rate of return at 4.36%. The budgeted rental income has been determined based on leases entered into. The operating expenses of the property - including maintenance costs that often have an aperiodic structure - have been determined using an on-average basis. The return set for the year has been capitalised by the required rate of return defined. Based on this, the investment property has been recognised at DKK 657.000k.

The sensitivity related to the calculation can be reflected as follows:

Value at a rate of return of 4.11% (4.36% less 0.25%) DKK 695.900k
Value at a rate of return of 4.61% (4.36% plus 0.25%) DKK 620.400k

The valuation of the property is based on estimates and relies on a number of uncertain factors, including expected developments in the property market and the attractiveness of the property. The Company believes that the external estate agent's valuation is the best measure of the value of the property at 31 July 2019.

Notes

2 Equity

	Contributed capital	Retained earnings	Proposed dividend for the year	Proposed extraordinary dividend	Total
Equity at 1 August 2018	350.802.500	15.364.554	4.227.325	7.261.625	377.656.004
Ordinary dividend paid	0	0	-4.227.325	0	-4.227.325
Extraordinary dividend paid	0	0	0	-8.472.675	-8.472.675
Net profit/loss for the year	0	7.657.353	12.805.000	1.211.050	21.673.403
Equity at 31 July 2019	350.802.500	23.021.907	12.805.000	0	386.629.407

3 Long term debt

	Debt at 1 August 2018	Debt at 31 July 2019	Instalment next year	Debt outstanding after 5 years
Mortgage loans	274.553.592	275.521.159	0	275.521.159
Deposits	14.409.125	14.768.515	0	0
	288.962.717	290.289.674	0	275.521.159

4 Mortgages and collateral

Conservative gearing in form of third party senior bank debt are secured in way of first-ranking the property.

5 Related parties and ownership structure

Controlling interest

- The company's general partner is M&G European Property GP 1 S.á.r.l.
- The company is 100 % owned by Kalvebod Brygge S.á.r.l.
- Kalvebod Brygge 47 K/S is included in the consolidated financial statements for Kalvebod Brygge S.á.r.l. at the lowest level and M&G European Property Fund SICAV-FIS at the highest level in the structure.