General Dynamics European Land Systems Denmark Aps CVR no. 37389870 Copenhagen, Denmark

Annual report for the period ended 31 December 2019

Adopted at the Company's Annual General Meeting on 31-08 2020

Chairman Anders Sandvig

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Company details

Company:

General Dynamics European Land Systems Denmark Aps

CVR no:

37389870

Registered address:

c/o TMF Denmark Købmagergade 60, 1 sal tv 1150 Copenhagen K

Denmark

Commune

Copenhagen

Website:

www.gdels.com

Financial year:

4th financial year

Board of Directors:

Giuseppe Chillari

Alexander Yorck Fabian Kienle

General Dynamics European Land Systems Denmark Aps

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Management's review

Principal Activities of the Company

The objects of the Company are services relating to the manufacture, production, servicing and support of military vehicles as well as any other activities related thereto.

Development in the Company's activities and financial matters

The Company was established at the beginning of the financial year 2016. The overall business objective of the Company is to support the business of General Dynamics European Land Systems - Mowag GmbH in the territory of Denmark. The Company started with its core business during the financial year 2017.

For the financial year 2019 the Company shows net profit of DKK 169.013,00 and per the balance sheet date 31.12.2019 equity totals to DKK 403.506,00. The net profit is a result of an intercompany agreement with Company's parent.

Significant events after the balance sheet date

Taking into consideration the actual economic circumstances generated by the COVID-19 crises, the Company's management cannot forecast the changes that will take place and the effects of these over the financial situation, over the operating results and over the cash flow of the Company but we constantly monitor any risks that may occur from the actual crises.

To minimize the risk, we allowed people who are not directly involved in equipment preparation / service activities, to have the opportunity to work from home, all trips in the interest of service are stopped for this category of personnel.

Statement by the Management on the annual report

The Board of Directors has today discussed and approved the annual report of General Dynamics European Land Systems Denmark Aps (the Company) for the financial period 1 January 2019 – 31 December 2019.

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

It is our opinion that the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at 31 December 2019 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial period 1 January 2019 – 31 December 2019.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Copenhagen, 25 May 2020

Board of Directors:

Alexander Yorck Fabian Kienle

Accounting policies

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with Danish financial statements legislation as well as generally accepted accounting principles,

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the reporting requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act of class B entities.

Recognition and Measurement

The financial statements have been prepared based on historical cost.

The income is recognised in the income statement as earned. Further to this, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised costs are recognised. Furthermore, all costs incurred to earn the profit or loss for the year have been recognised in the income statement, including amortisation, depreciation, write-down and provisions as well as reversals as a consequence of changed accounting estimates of amounts previously recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow into the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each financial statement item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, by which a constant redemption yield is recognised over the term. Amortised cost is calculated as original cost less instalments and addition/deduction of the accumulated amortisation of the difference between cost and the nominal amount. Thereby, capital and exchange losses or gains are allocated over the term.

On recognition and measurement, anticipated losses and risks that appear before presentation of the annual report and which confirm or invalidate affairs or conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered.

The functional currency is Danish kroner, DKK. All other currencies are considered foreign currencies.

Foreign Currency Translations

During the year, transactions in foreign currencies have been translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. If currency positions are considered hedge of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables and debt denominated in foreign currencies have been recognised at the exchange rate of the balance sheet date.

Realised and unrealised exchange gains and losses have been recognised in the income statement under other financial income and expenses.

Income Statement

Gross profit/loss

The Company has aggregated the items "revenue", "other operating income" as well as external expenses.

As income recognition criterion, the completed contract method is applied so that revenue comprises invoiced revenue for the year. Revenue is measured at fair value excl. VAT and less granted goods and customer discounts.

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Accounting policies

Other operating income

Other operating income includes financial statement items of a secondary nature in relation to the primary activity of the enterprise, including profit on sale of fixed assets.

External expenses

External expenses comprise selling costs, facility costs and administrative expenses.

Other operating expenses

Other operating expenses include financial statement items of a secondary nature in relation to the primary activity of the enterprise, including profit from sale of fixed assets.

Other financial income and other financial expenses

Financial income and expenses comprise interest, realised and unrealised exchange gains and losses as well as interest surcharge and interest reimbursements under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme.

Tax on profit or loss for the year income taxes

Tax on profit or loss for the year represents 22% of the book profit or loss adjusted for non-taxable and non deductible items.

Tax on profit or loss for the year consists of the anticipated tax portion of the taxable income for the year adjusted for the changes for the year in deferred tax.

The Company is subject to the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme, Interest reimbursement and interest surcharge have been recognised in financial income and expenses.

Balance Sheet

The balance sheet has been presented in account form.

Assets

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and depreciation. The basis of amortisation and depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life.

Cost comprises the acquisition price as well as costs directly related to the acquisition until the time when the asset is ready to be put into operation. The costprice for an asset is divided into separate components, that are depreciated separately, if the useful life of the individual components is significantly different.

Depreciation is initiated when the assets are ready to be taken into operation. Assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives.

Profit/loss on sale or retirement has been included in the income statement under other operating income and other operating expenses.

Impairment of property, plant and equipment

The carrying amount of property plant and equipment is reviewed annually for indication of impairment for loss, apart from what is expressed by usual amortisation and depreciation, If this applies, impairment for loss is made of each asset or group of assets, respectively, to lower recoverable amount.

As recoverable amount, the higher of expected net selling price and net present value is applied. The net present value is calculated as the present value of the anticipated cash flows from the use of the asset or the group of assets.

Impairment for loss for the year is recognised in the income statement as amortisation, depreciation and impairment for loss of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets.

Fixed asset investments

Other receivables recognised under fixed assets comprise loans and rental deposits measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal amount. In events when the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount, impairment for loss is made to such lower value. Impairment for loss for the year is recognised in the income statement as impairment for loss of financial assets.

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Accounting policies

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to nominal value. The value is reduced by write-down for bad debt according to an individual assessment.

Work in progress is measured at cost price, Where the cost price exceeds the net realisable value, work in progress is written down to this lower value,

Prepayments comprise costs incurred relating to subsequent financial years,

Equity and Liabilities

Equity

Management's proposed dividends for the financial year is disclosed as a separate item in equity.

Provision for deferred taxDeferred tax is measured according to the liability method. Provision has been made for deferred tax by 22% on all temporary differences between carrying amount and tax-based value of assets and liabilities.

The tax-based values of tax losses carried forward are included in the statement of deferred tax if it is probable that the losses can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets which are not expected utilised within a few years have been disclosed in notes under contingent assets.

Other liabilities other than provisions

Other liabilities other than provisions have been measured at amortised cost which corresponds to nominal value.

Deferred income comprises income received relating to subsequent years.

Balance sheet

	As at	
Assets Notes	12/31/2019 DKK	12/31/2018 DKK
Non-current assets		
Investments	16	16
Total non-current assets	16	16
Receivables from group enterprises	744,615	746,974
Other receivables	4,896	6,677
Tax receivables Prepayments	26,757	(3) (433)
	776,268	753,215
Cash	331,540	149,906
Total current assets	1,107,808	903,121
Total Assets	1,107,824	903,137
Equity and liabilities		
Equity 6 Share capital	50,000	50,000
Retained earnings	353,506	184,493
Total equity	403,506	234,493
Liabilities		
Current liabilities Trade payables	170	
Payables to group enterprises	550,000	550,000
Income tax payable	48,320	32,716
Other payables	95,828	46,928
Accruals	10,000	39,000
Total current liabilities	704,318	668,644
Total liabilities	704,318	668,644
Total Equity and Liabilities	1,107,824	903,137

Income statement

		Period ended	
		12/31/2019	12/31/2018
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Operating income	1	2,390,676	1,730,957
Other income		F2	(14,580)
Gross profit	-	2,390,676	1,716,377
Staff costs	2	(1,777,238)	(945,250)
Other operating expenses	3	(396,465)	(390,345)
	-	216,973	380,782
Other financial expenses	4	:	(238,002)
Profit/loss before tax		216,973	142,780
Tax on profit/loss for the year	5	(47,960)	(32,871)
Profit/loss for the year	-	169,013	109,909
Proposed profit/loss distribution			
Retained earnings		169,013	109,909
Profit/loss for the year	_	169,013	109,909

Notes to the financial statements

1 Operating income	2040	2042
	2019 DKK	2018 DKK
Service fees	2,390,676	1,730,957
	2,390,676	1,730,957
2 Staff costs		
2 Stan Costs	2019	2018
	DKK	DKK
Gross salaries	(1,569,312)	(717,749)
Holiday allowance	(7,690)	2
Employee benefits	(137,100)	(100,518)
Company pension contributions	(43,200)	(32,400)
Statutory pension and social contributions	(4,493)	(8,582)
Other staff cost	(15,443)	(86,001)
	(1,777,238)	(945,250)
3 Other operating expenses	- Destacrossimosenda	
	2040	
	2019 DKK	2018 DKK
Accounting and compliance services, domiciliation services	(161,308)	(220,103)
Other professional services	(122,672)	(27,000)
Office rent	1,859	(24,187)
Travel expenses	(103,728)	(110,652)
Bank charges	(7,266)	(3,854)
Insurances	(1,755)	(3,395)
Others	(1,595)	(1,154)
	(396,465)	(390,345)
4 Other financial expenses		
	2019 DKK	2018 DKK
Foreign exchange losses		(238,002)
		(238,002)
5 Corporation tax and deferred tax		,
SOURCE AND ALLE ADDITION OF	2019	2018
	DKK	DKK
Corporate tax liability	(47,960)	(32,871)
	(47,960)	(32,871)

Notes to the financial statements

6 Equity	12/31/2019 DKK	12/31/2018 DKK
Share capital	50,000	50,000
Retained earnings	184,493	74,584
Transfer from profit/loss for the year	169,013	109,909
Retained earnings	353,506	184,493
Equity	403,506	234,493

7 Contingent assets

The Company has no contingent assets

8 Contractual obligations

The Company has no contractual obligations

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