Deloitte.

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Crystal Nordic Shipowning Partner ApS

Galoche Alle 15 4600 Køge Business Registration No 37369675

Annual report 2018

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 05.04.2019

Chairman of the General Meeting

Name: Bent Kemplar

Member of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited

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Entity details

Entity

Crystal Nordic Shipowning Partner ApS Galoche Alle 15 4600 Køge

Central Business Registration No (CVR): 37369675 Registered in: Køge Financial year: 01.01.2018 - 31.12.2018

Board of Directors

Bent Kemplar, Chairman Jan Eghøj Wilfried Fuhrmann Jan Hammer

Executive Board

Jan Eghøj, CEO

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Weidekampsgade 6 Postboks 1600 0900 København C

Statement by Management on the annual report

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of Crystal Nordic Shipowning Partner ApS for the financial year 01.01.2018 - 31.12.2018.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2018 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2018 - 31.12.2018.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Køge, 28.03.2019

Executive Board

Jan Eghøj CEO

Board of Directors

Bent Kemplar Chairman Jan Eghøj

Wilfried Fuhrmann

Jan Hammer

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Crystal Nordic Shipowning Partner ApS Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Crystal Nordic Shipowning Partner ApS for the financial year 01.01.2018 - 31.12.2018, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2018 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2018 - 31.12.2018 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Independent auditor's report

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as
 fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of
 internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in
 preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material
 uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's
 ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are
 required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial
 statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based
 on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or
 conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Independent auditor's report

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 28.03.2019

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Business Registration No (CVR) 33963556

Henrik Hjort Kjelgaard State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne29484 Bjarne Iver Jørgensen State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne35659

Management commentary

Primary activities

The Company's business consists of conducting trade and industry, shipping globally, and financing.

The Company is a complementary partner of Crystal Nordic Shipowning K/S.

The Company has no employees.

Development in activities and finances

In 2018 the Company had a negative year-end result of 3.694 EUR and a negative equity of 139 EUR.

The Company plans to re-establish the equity in 2019 through positive result.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

Income statement for 2018

	_Notes	2018 EUR	2017 EUR
Other external expenses Operating profit/loss	_	(4.531) (4.531)	(1.089) (1.089)
Other financial income Other financial expenses Profit/loss before tax	_	0 (181) (4.712)	1.569 (6) 474
Tax on profit/loss for the year	2	1.018	(115)
Profit/loss for the year	_	(3.694)	359
Proposed distribution of profit/loss Retained earnings	_	(3.694)	359
	_	(3.694)	359

Balance sheet at 31.12.2018

		2018	2017
	Notes	EUR	EUR
Cash		2.176	3.675
Current assets		2.176	3.675
Acceta			
Assets		2.176	3.675

Balance sheet at 31.12.2018

	Notes	2018 EUR	2017 EUR
Contributed capital Retained earnings		6.097 (6.236)	6.097 (4.552)
Equity		(139)	1.545
Trade payables		251	0
Income tax payable		303	1.319
Other payables		1.761	811
Current liabilities other than provisions		2.315	2.130
Liabilities other than provisions		2.315	2.130
Equity and liabilities		2.176	3.675
Staff costs	1		
Contingent liabilities	3		
Assets charged and collateral	4		
Group relations	5		

Statement of changes in equity for 2018

	Contributed capital EUR	Retained earnings EUR	Total EUR
Equity beginning of year	6.097	(4.552)	1.545
Group contributions etc	0	2.010	2.010
Profit/loss for the year	0	(3.694)	(3.694)
Equity end of year	6.097	(6.236)	(139)

Notes

	2018	2017
1. Staff costs		
Average number of employees	<u> </u>	
	2018	2017
	EUR	EUR
2. Tax on profit/loss for the year		
Current tax	(1.018)	115
	(1.018)	115

3. Contingent liabilities

The Company participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement where Crystal Nordic A/S serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Company is therefore liable for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed companies, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed companies. The jointly taxed companies' total known net liability under the joint taxation arrangement is disclosed in the administration company's financial statements.

4. Assets charged and collateral

The Company is liable for Crystal Nordic Shipowning K/S's liabilites, as per 31 December 2018 amounted to 8.698 t.EUR. Crystal Nordic Shipowning K/S's equity amounted to 23.301 t.EUR.

5. Group relations

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the smallest group:

Coral Tankers ApS, Business Registration No. 39 16 43 53.

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

Change in funcional curreny

At the time of establishment of the Company, USD was chosen as the functional currency. This was based on the fact that both revenue and costs are composed of a basket of currencies but with USD and EUR/DKK being the main currencies. Based on an overall consideration, USD was deemed to be the currency of the Group's primary economic environment.

Subsequently, the currency composition of both revenue and costs has moved towards EUR.

As a result of this, EUR is considered the functional currency effective 1 January, 2018.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the rate in effect at the payment date, or the rate at the balance sheet date, are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. Property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, inventories and other nonmonetary assets that have been purchased in foreign currencies are translated using historical rates.

Accounting policies

Income statement

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Company's ordinary activities.

Other financial income

Other financial income comprises dividends etc received on other investments, interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises, net capital or exchange gains on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets as well as tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, net capital losses on payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial liabilities as etc.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with Crystal Nordic A/S. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed companies proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

Balance sheet

Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

Income tax receivable or payable

Current tax receivable or payable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax computed on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.