Norvic Shipping Europe ApS

Philip Heymans Alle 29, 2., 2900 Hellerup

CVR no. 37 32 71 90

Annual report 2020

Approved at the Company's annual general meeting on 16 July 2021

Chair of the meeting:

Alamman . _____ _____





Contents

Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board	
Independent auditor's report	3
Management's review	5
Financial statements 1 January - 31 December	6
Income statement	6
Balance sheet	7
Statement of changes in equity	9
Notes to the financial statements	10



Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

Today, the Board of Directors and the Executive Board have discussed and approved the annual report of Norvic Shipping Europe ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Hellerup, 16 July 2021 Executive Board:

Michael Irvine Fenger Managing Director

Board of Directors:

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Ashfaque Jamil Rahman Chair

Kazi Ishtiaque Rumi



Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Norvic Shipping Europe ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Norvic Shipping Europe ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these rules and requirements.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.



Independent auditor's report

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Copenhagen, 16 July 2021 EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab CVR no. 30 70 02 28

Peter Andersen State Authorised Public Accountant mne34313



Management's review

Company details	
Name Address, Postal code, City	Norvic Shipping Europe ApS Philip Heymans Alle 29, 2., 2900 Hellerup
CVR no. Established Financial year	37 32 71 90 28 December 2015 1 January - 31 December
Board of Directors	Ashfaque Jamil Rahman, Chair Kazi Ishtiaque Rumi
Executive Board	Michael Irvine Fenger, Managing Director
Auditors	EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab Dirch Passers Allé 36, P.O. Box 250, 2000 Frederiksberg, Denmark

Management commentary

Business review

The Company's objective is to provide chartering, management and operation services as well as post fixture services in this regard.

Financial review

The income statement for 2020 shows a profit of DKK 736,363 against a profit of DKK 671,643 last year, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2020 shows equity of DKK 2,469,328.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events materially affecting the Company's financial position have occurred subsequent to the financial year end.



Income statement

Note	ркк	2020	2019
2 3	Gross profit Staff costs Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	15,240,562 -13,778,308 -203,113	19,495,104 -18,106,762 -270,867
	Profit before net financials	1,259,141	1,117,475
	Financial income	-363,026	135,967
	Financial expenses	-19,127	-223,846
4	Profit before tax	876,988	1,029,596
	Tax for the year	-140,625	-357,953
	Profit for the year	736,363	671,643
	Recommended appropriation of profit	736,363	671,643
	Retained earnings	736,363	671,643



Balance sheet

Note	ркк	2020	2019
	ASSETS		
5	Fixed assets		
C	Property, plant and equipment Fixtures and fittings, other plant and equipment	317,583	485.786
	Leasehold improvements	58,686	93,596
		376,269	579,382
	Investments		
	Deposits	480,259	468,613
		480,259	468,613
	Total fixed assets	856,528	1,047,995
	Non-fixed assets		
	Receivables		
	Receivables from group entities	3,814,937	2,317,900
	Deferred tax assets	13,042	0
	Other receivables	298,837	167,196
	Prepayments	60,417	192,012
		4,187,233	2,677,108
	Cash	197,766	364,488
	Total non-fixed assets	4,384,999	3,041,596
	TOTAL ASSETS	5,241,527	4,089,591



Balance sheet

EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Equity	
Share capital 50,000 50,0 Retained earnings 2,419,328 1,682,9	,000 ,965
Total equity2,469,3281,732,9Provisions	,965
	,445
Total provisions 0 73,4	,445
Liabilities other than provisions Non-current liabilities other than provisions	
Other payables 0 452,4	,410
0 452,4	,410
Current liabilities other than provisions	
	,594
Corporation tax payable 94,990 238,0	-
Other payables 2,258,682 1,582,1	,135
2,772,199 1,830,7	,771
2,772,199 2,283,1	,181
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES 5,241,527 4,089,5	,591

Accounting policies
Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

7 Related parties



Statement of changes in equity

ркк	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity at 1 January 2020 Transfer through appropriation of profit	50,000 0	1,682,965 736,363	1,732,965 736,363
Equity at 31 December 2020	50,000	2,419,328	2,469,328



Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies

The annual report of Norvic Shipping Europe ApS for 2020 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions in the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to reporting class B entities and elective choice of certain provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

Changes in accounting policies

Changes have been made in the financial statements regarding the presentation and classification of accouting items. The changes have not affected the results of opration, equity or balance sheet total.

Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivables and payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the most recent financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Income statement

Revenue

The Company has chosen IAS 11/IAS 18 as interpretation for revenue recognition.

Income from the rendering of services is recognised as revenue as the services are rendered.

Gross profit

The items revenue and external expenses have been aggregated into one item in the income statement called gross profit in accordance with section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include the year's expenses relating to the Company's core activities, including expenses relating to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

Staff costs

Staff costs include wages and salaries, including compensated absence and pension to the Company's employees, as well as other social security contributions, etc. The item is net of refunds from public authorities.



Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Depreciation

The item comprises depreciation of property, plant and equipment.

The basis of depreciation, which is calculated as cost less any residual value, is depreciated on a straight line basis over the expected useful life. The expected useful lives of the assets are as follows:

Fixtures and fittings, other plant and	4 years
equipment	
Leasehold improvements	4 years

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statements at the amounts that concern the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses as well as allowances and surcharges under the advance-payment-of-tax scheme, etc.

Тах

Tax for the year includes current tax on the year's expected taxable income and the year's deferred tax adjustments. The portion of the tax for the year that relates to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the portion that relates to transactions taken to equity is recognised in equity.

Balance sheet

Property, plant and equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost includes the acquisition price and costs directly related to the acquisition until the time at which the asset is ready for use.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

The Company has chosen IAS 39 as interpretation for impairment of financial receivables.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable has been impaired, an impairment loss is recognised on an individual basis.

Receivables in respect of which there is no objective evidence of individual impairment are tested for objective evidence of impairment on a portfolio basis. The portfolios are primarily based on the debtors' domicile and credit ratings in line with the Company's risk management policy. The objective evidence applied to portfolios is determined based on historical loss experience.

Impairment losses are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of the receivables and the present value of the expected cash flows, including the realisable value of any collateral received. The effective interest rate for the individual receivable or portfolio is used as discount rate.



Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Prepayments

Prepayments recognised under "Assets" comprise prepaid expenses regarding subsequent financial reporting years.

Cash

Cash comprises cash subject only to minor risks of changes in value.

Income taxes

Current tax payables and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated income tax charge for the year, adjusted for prior-year taxes and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax base of assets and liabilities. However, deferred tax is not recognised on temporary differences relating to goodwill which is not deductible for tax purposes and on office premises and other items where temporary differences, apart from business combinations, arise at the date of acquisition without affecting either profit/loss for the year or taxable income. Where alternative tax rules can be applied to determine the tax base, deferred tax is measured based on Management's intended use of the asset or settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax assets are recognised at the expected value of their utilisation; either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity. Changes in deferred tax due to changes in the tax rate are recognised in the income statement.

Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised at the date of borrowing at the net proceeds received less transaction costs paid. On subsequent recognition, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value, using the effective interest rate. Accordingly, the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement over the term of the loan. Financial liabilities also include the capitalised residual lease liability in respect of finance leases.

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.



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Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

	DKK	2020	2019
2	Staff costs	11,990,510	15,365,004
	Wages/salaries	513,551	489,506
	Pensions	94,721	69,857
	Other social security costs	1,179,526	2,182,395
	Other staff costs	13,778,308	18,106,762
	Average number of full-time employees	13	16
3	Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	203,113	270,867
	Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	203,113	270,867
4	Tax for the year	209,990	331,159
	Estimated tax charge for the year	-86,487	26,794
	Deferred tax adjustments in the year	17,122	0
	Tax adjustments, prior years	140,625	357,953

5 Property, plant and equipment

DKK	Fixtures and fittings, other plant and equipment	Leasehold improvements	Total
Cost at 1 January 2020	1,023,141	139,641	1,162,782
Cost at 31 December 2020	1,023,141	139,641	1,162,782
Impairment losses and depreciation at 1 January 2020 Depreciation	537,355 168,203	46,045 34,910	583,400 203,113
Impairment losses and depreciation at 31 December 2020	705,558	80,955	786,513
Carrying amount at 31 December 2020	317,583	58,686	376,269
Depreciated over	4-7 years	4 years	



Notes to the financial statements

6 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

Contingent	liabilities
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Other financial obligations

Other rent and lease liabilities:

ркк	2020	2019
Rent and lease liabilities	1,060,500	1,969,500

7 Related parties

Information about consolidated financial statements

Parent	Domicile	Requisitioning of the parent company's consolidated financial statements
Norvic Maritime Holdings Inc.	SSQ Place, 110 Sheppard Avenue East Suite 309 Toronto, Ontario M2N 6Y8, Canada	At the address of the Parent Company