

BBC Studios Productions Nordics ApS

Mosedalvej 14, 2500 Valby

Company reg. no. 37 30 45 65

Annual report

1 April 2021 - 31 March 2022

The annual report was submitted and approved by the general meeting on the 14 October 2022.

JACOB DE BOER

Jacob Daniel De Boer Chairman of the meeting



	Page
Reports	
Management's report	1
Independent auditor's report	2
Management commentary	
Company information	5
Management commentary	6
Financial statements 1 April 2021 - 31 March 2022	
Accounting policies	7
Income statement	10
Statement of financial position	11
Notes	13

- To ensure the greatest possible applicability of this document, IAS/IFRS English terminology has been used.
 Please note that decimal points have not been used in the usual English way. This means that for instance DKK 146.940 means the amount of DKK 146,940, and that 23,5 % means 23.5 %.

Management's report

Today, the managing director has presented the annual report of BBC Studios Productions Nordics ApS for the financial year 1 April 2021 - 31 March 2022.

The annual report has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

I consider the accounting policies appropriate and, in my opinion, the financial statements provide a fair presentation of the company's assets, equity and liabilities, and financial position at 31 March 2022 and of the company's results of activities in the financial year 1 April 2021 – 31 March 2022.

I am of the opinion that the management commentary presents a fair account of the issues dealt with.

We recommend that the annual report be approved by the general meeting.

Valby, 14 October 2022

Managing Director

JACOB DE BOER

Jacob Daniel De Boer

To the shareholders of BBC Studios Productions Nordics ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of BBC Studios Productions Nordics ApS for the financial year 1 April 2021 - 31 March 2022, which comprise accounting policies, income statement, statement of financial position and notes. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements present a fair view of the company's assets, equity and liabilities, and financial position at 31 March 2022 and of the results of the company's activities for the financial year 1 April 2021 - 31 March 2022 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with international standards on auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the section "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements". We are independent of the company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that provide a fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. Management is also responsible for such internal control as the management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements, as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report including an opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with international standards on auditing, and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements

Independent auditor's report

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with international standards on auditing, and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
 detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error,
 as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
 of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of the internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's preparation of the financial statements using the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists arising from events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure, and contents of the financial statements, including disclosures in notes, and whether the financial statements reflect the underlying transactions and events in a manner that presents a fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in the internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we express no assurance opinion thereon.

Independent auditor's report

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, it is our responsibility to read the management commentary and to consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or the evidence obtained during the audit, or whether it otherwise appears to contain material misstatement.

Furthermore, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we believe that management commentary is consistent with the financial statements and that it has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not discover any material misstatement in the management commentary.

København, 14 October 2022

Lokal Revision

Statsautoriseret revisionsanpartsselskab Company reg. no. 41 94 36 61

Mikkel Thomsen State Authorised Public Accountant mne34535

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Company information

The company BBC Studios Productions Nordics ApS

Mosedalvej 14 2500 Valby

Company reg. no. 37 30 45 65

Established: 16 December 2015

Domicile: Valby

Financial year: 1 April 2021 - 31 March 2022

Managing Director Jacob Daniel De Boer

Auditors Lokal Revision, Statsautoriseret revisionsanpartsselskab

Bag Elefanterne 1 1799 København V

Management commentary

The principal activities of the company

Like previous years, the principal activities are production for television.

Development in activities and financial matters

The gross profit for the year totals DKK 5.103.000 against DKK 3.734.000 last year. Income or loss from ordinary activities after tax totals DKK 2.876.000 against DKK 1.845.000 last year. Management considers the net profit for the year satisfactory.

Accounting policies

The annual report for BBC Studios Productions Nordics ApS has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act regulations concerning reporting class B enterprises.

The accounting policies are unchanged from last year, and the annual report is presented in DKK.

Income statement

Gross profit

Gross profit comprises the revenue, changes in inventories of finished goods, and work in progress, work performed for own account and capitalised, other operating income, and external costs.

The enterprise will be applying IAS 11 and IAS 18 as its basis of interpretation for the recognition of revenue.

Revenue is recognised in the income statement if delivery and passing of risk to the buyer have taken place before the end of the year and if the income can be determined reliably and inflow is anticipated. Recognition of revenue is exclusive of VAT and taxes and less any discounts relating directly to sales.

Cost of sales comprises costs concerning purchase of raw materials and consumables less discounts.

Other external costs comprise costs incurred for distribution, sales, advertising, administration, premises, loss on receivables, and operational leasing costs.

Staff costs

Staff costs include salaries and wages, including holiday allowances, pensions, and other social security costs, etc., for staff members. Staff costs are less government reimbursements.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement with the amounts concerning the financial year. Financial income and expenses comprise interest income and expenses, financial expenses from financial leasing, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses relating to securities, debt and transactions in foreign currency, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities as well as surcharges and reimbursements under the advance tax scheme, etc.

Tax on net profit or loss for the year

Tax for the year comprises the current income tax for the year and changes in deferred tax and is recognised in the income statement with the share attributable to the net profit or loss for the year and directly in equity with the share attributable to entries directly in equity.

Statement of financial position

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

In order to meet expected losses, impairment takes place at the net realisable value. The company has chosen to use IAS 39 as a basis for interpretation when recognising impairment of financial assets, which means that impairments must be made to offset losses where an objective indication is deemed to have occurred that an account receivable or a portfolio of accounts receivable is impaired. If an objective indication shows that an individual account receivable has been impaired, an impairment takes place at individual level.

Accounts receivable for which there is no objective indication of impairment at the individual level are evaluated at portfolio level for objective indication of impairment. The portfolios are primarily based on the debtors' domicile and credit rating in accordance with the company's and the group's credit risk management policy. Determination of the objective indicators applied for portfolios are based on experience with historical losses.

Impairment losses are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of accounts receivable and the present value of the expected cash flows, including the realisable value of any securities received. The effective interest rate for the individual account receivable or portfolio is used as the discount rate.

Contract work in progress

Contract work in progress is measured at the selling price of the work performed. The selling price is measured on the basis of the stage of completion on the reporting date and the total expected income from the individual work in progress. The stage of completion is calculated as the share of costs incurred in proportion to the estimated total costs of the individual work in progress.

When the selling price of the individual work in progress can not be determined reliably, the selling price is measured at the costs incurred or at net realisable value, if this is lower.

The individual work in progress is recognised in the statement of financial position under accounts receivables or liabilities. Net assets consist of the sum of the work in progress, where the selling price of the work performed exceeds invoicing on account. Net liabilities consist of the sum of the work in progress, where invoicing on account exceeds the selling price.

Costs in connection with sales work and the procurement of contracts are recognised in the income statement when incurred.

Prepayments and accrued income

Prepayments and accrued income recognised under assets comprise incurred costs concerning the following financial year.

Accounting policies

Cash on hand and demand deposits

Cash on hand and demand deposits comprise cash at bank.

Income tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivable are recognised in the statement of financial position as calculated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax of previous years' taxable income and for tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of temporary differences in assets and liabilities with a focus on the statement of financial position. Deferred tax is measured at net realisable value.

Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rules and tax rates applying under the legislation prevailing in the respective countries on the reporting date when the deferred tax is expected to be released as current tax. Changes in deferred tax due to changed tax rates are recognised in the income statement, except for items included directly in the equity.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax losses allowed for carryforward, are recognised at the value at which they are expected to be realisable, either by settlement against tax of future earnings or by set-off in deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax unit. Any deferred net tax assets are measured at net realisable value.

Liabilities other than provisions

Other liabilities concerning payables to suppliers, group enterprises, and other payables are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

Income statement 1 April - 31 March

All amounts in DKK.

Note	<u>e</u>	2021/22	2020/21
	Gross profit	5.102.650	3.734.476
1	Staff costs	-1.371.058	-1.281.598
	Operating profit	3.731.592	2.452.878
	Other financial income	0	14.100
2	Other financial costs	-37.809	-95.641
	Pre-tax net profit or loss	3.693.783	2.371.337
3	Tax on net profit or loss for the year	-817.762	-526.372
	Net profit or loss for the year	2.876.021	1.844.965
	Proposed appropriation of net profit:		
	Transferred to retained earnings	2.876.021	1.844.965
	Total allocations and transfers	2.876.021	1.844.965

Statement of financial position at 31 March

All amounts in DKK.

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<u>Note</u>	2022	2021
Current assets		
Trade receivables	1.064.604	1.434.620
Contract work in progress	73.107	1.011.925
Other receivables	0	89.002
Prepayments and accrued income	0	2.390
Total receivables	1.137.711	2.537.937
Cash on hand and demand deposits	9.444.223	4.551.645
Total current assets	10.581.934	7.089.582
Total assets	10.581.934	7.089.582

Statement of financial position at 31 March

All amounts in DKK.

	Equity and liabilities		
Not	<u>e</u>	2022	2021
	Equity		
4	Contributed capital	50.000	50.000
5	Retained earnings	8.183.251	5.307.230
	Total equity	8.233.251	5.357.230
	Liabilities other than provisions		
	Trade payables	0	93.239
	Payables to group enterprises	1.074.426	1.066.540
	Income tax payable	530.762	357.372
	Other payables	743.495	215.201
	Total short term liabilities other than provisions	2.348.683	1.732.352
	Total liabilities other than provisions	2.348.683	1.732.352
	Total equity and liabilities	10.581.934	7.089.582

All	amounts	in	DKK.

	2021/22	2020/21
Staff costs		
Salaries and wages	1.294.628	1.171.864
Pension costs	73.968	106.326
Other costs for social security	2.462	3.408
	1.371.058	1.281.598
Average number of employees	1	1
Other financial costs		
Financial costs, group enterprises	7.885	66.540
Other financial costs	29.924	29.101
	37.809	95.641
Tax on net profit or loss for the year Tax of the results for the year, parent company	817.762 817.762	526.372 526.372
Contributed capital		
Contributed capital opening balance	50.000	50.000
	50.000	50.000
		3.462.265
Profit or loss for the year brought forward		1.844.965
	8.183.251	5.307.230
	Salaries and wages Pension costs Other costs for social security Average number of employees Other financial costs Financial costs, group enterprises Other financial costs Tax on net profit or loss for the year Tax of the results for the year, parent company Contributed capital	Staff costs Salaries and wages 1.294.628 Pension costs 73.968 Other costs for social security 2.462 1.371.058 Average number of employees 1 Other financial costs Financial costs, group enterprises 7.885 Other financial costs 29.924 37.809 37.809 Tax on net profit or loss for the year Tax of the results for the year, parent company 817.762 Contributed capital 50.000 Contributed capital opening balance 50.000 Retained earnings 50.000 Retained earnings opening balance 5.307.230 Profit or loss for the year brought forward 2.876.021

This document is signed by the following parties with their signatures confirming the documents content and all dates in the document.

Mikkel Thomsen

Som Revisor ID: 13497258 DI M3N

Tidspunkt for underskrift: 31-10-2022 kl.: 12:11:36

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