NC TopCo A/S Grønningen 17,1 1270 Copenhagen K

Central Business Registration No: 37 29 67 67

Annual Report 2020

The Annual General Meeting adopted the Annual Report on 12 March 2021

Chairman of the General Meeting: Tine Kosmider Boye

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Entity details

Entity

NC TopCo A/S Grønningen, 17, 1 1270 Copenhagen K, Denmark

Business Registration No: 37 29 67 67 Registered in: Copenhagen, Denmark

Board of Directors

Claus Bo Jørgensen, Chairman Thomas Johansen Tine Kosmider Boye

Executive Management

André Rafal Rogaczewski

Entity auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Statement by Management on the annual report

The Board of Directors and the Executive Management have today considered and approved the Annual Report of NC TopCo A/S for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2020.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU and additional Danish disclosure requirements for Annual Reports and additional requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the Entity's operations and cash flows for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2020.

In our opinion, the management commentary contains a fair review of the development of the Entity's business and financial matters, the results for the year and the Entity's financial position, together with a description of the principal risks and uncertainties that the Entity face.

We recommend the Annual Report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 12 March 2021

Executive Management

André Rafal Rogaczewski Chief Executive Officer

Board of Directors

Claus Bo Jørgensen Chairman Thomas Johansen

Tine Kosmider Boye

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of NC TopCo A/S

OPINION

We have audited the financial statements of NC TopCo A/S for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020, which comprise statement of comprehensive income, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity, cash flow statement and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU and additional requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2020, and of the results of their operations and cash flows for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020 in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU and additional requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

STATEMENT ON THE MANAGEMENT COMMENTARY

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU and additional requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
 detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as
 fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of
 internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Copenhagen, 12 March 2021

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Business Registration No 33 96 35 56

Brian Schmit Jensen State Authorised Public Accountant MNE no 40050

Management commentary

Financial highlights	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Key figures	DKK'000	DKK'000	DKK'000	DKK'000	DKK'000
Operating profit / loss (EBIT)	-248	-2,251	-38,178	-23,301	-634
Net financial income/loss	-38,186	3,281	134	578	229
Net profit/loss for the year	-171,249	339	-6,561	81,815	-316
Total comprehensive income/loss	-171,249	339	-6,561	81,815	-316
Total assets	3,393,726	3,377,903	1,608,437	1,593,949	1,269,370
Equity	1,721,311	1,875,741	1,592,705	1,589,468	1,265,287
Ratios					
Return on assets (%)	-5.0%	0.0%	-0.4%	5.1%	0.0%
Return on equity (%)	-9.5%	0.0%	-0.4%	5.7%	0.0%
Solvency ratio (%)	50.7%	55.5%	99.0%	99.7%	99.7%

As of 31 May 2019 the Entity merged with NC NewCo A/S and Netcompany Holding I A/S. The comparative figures have not been adjusted, thus comparative figures for 2016 - 2018 in the financial highlights have not been updated.

Financial highlights are defined and calculated in accordance with "Recommendations & Financial Ratios" issued by the Danish Finance Society. The ratios have been compiled in accordance with the following calculation formulas:

Return on assets	=	Net profit for the year x 100
		Total assets
Return on equity	_	Net profit for the year x 100
Return on equity	_	Average equity
Solvency ratio	=	Equity x 100
Serveriey racio		Total assets

Management commentary

Primary activities

The Entity's primary activity is to hold equity investments.

Development in activities and finances

The Entity's main priority is to hold equity investments and support subsidiaries in providing business critical IT solutions and related consulting services, maintenance and operation.

The Company's investment in Netcompany UK Ltd. and Netcompany AS (Norway) have been negatively impacted from the COVID-19 pandemic as engagements have been postponed or even cancelled in the short term. Despite COVID-19 impacts, Netcompany UK Ltd. and Netcompany AS (Norway) have continued to deliver quality performance in all existing projects and the directors are satisfied with the performance of the Company's underlying investment in the year taking events during 2020 in consideration.

The Entity's income statement for 2020 shows a loss after tax of DKK 171.2m, and its financial position at 31 December 2020 shows equity of DKK 1,721.3m. The negative result is mainly due to an adjustment in the purchase price of Netcompany Netherlands B.V. in 2020. Based on the measurement of identifiable assets and liabilities at their fair values of Netcompany Netherlands B.V., the difference between the total consideration and the fair value of the identified net assets was originally estimated at DKK 155.4m, which represents the goodwill from the acquisition of Netcompany Netherlands B.V. (QDelft B.V.). Taking the actual performance for 2020 and updated earn-out expectations for the Dutch operation into account, an adjustment to the expected purchase price was recognised in 2020 equaling DKK 141.3m, which has been recognised as a fair value adjustment in the income statement.

In September 2020, the Group Ioan to Netcompany UK Holding Ltd. amounting DKK 301.3m (GBP 36.9m) was capitalised and converted into equity in Netcompany UK Holding Ltd. in order to eliminate translation risk on a Group level.

The Entity has successfully merged during 2019 with two subsidiaries. The merger has increased the Entity's equity with a net of DKK 273.3m.

Particular risks

Financial exposures

The Entity's objective, at all times, is to limit the financial risks.

The Entity has a limited foreign exchange exposure. The main parts of purchases are executed in DKK.

At the date of this report, there is uncertainty on how the COVID-19 pandemic will effect the NC TopCo A/S business as a whole. However, to date, this has not had a material effect on the company's financial position or results for the year to date.

Intellectual capital resources

The Entity has no employees.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

Statement of comprehensive income for 2020

	Notes	2020 DKK'000	2019 DKK'000
	110103		
Administrative costs	4	-245	-139
Special items	5		-2,111
Operating profit (EBIT)		-248	-2,251
Financial income	6	24,444	30,336
Financial expenses	6	-62,630	-27,056
Fair value adjustment of contingent			
consideration	11	-141,268	Ο
Profit / loss before tax		-179,702	1,030
Tax on profit / loss for the year	7	8,453	-691
Profit / loss for the year		-171,249	339
Other comprehensive income		0	
Comprehensive income / loss for the year		-171,249	339

Balance sheet at 31 December 2020

Assets	Notes	2020 DKK'000	2019 DKK'000
Investments in subsidiaries Financial assets	8	3,382,044 3,382,044	3,063,935
Non-current assets		3,382,044	3,063,935
Receivables from Group entities Prepayments Tax receivables Receivables		70 1,239 8,453 9,761	311,740 0 0 311,740
Cash	9	1,920	2,228
Current assets		11,681	313,968
Assets		3,393,726	3,377,903
Equity and liabilities	Notes	2020 DKK'000	2019 DKK'000
Equity and liabilities Share capital Share-based Remuneration Retained earnings Equity	Notes 10		
Share capital Share-based Remuneration Retained earnings		72,132 29,237 1,619,943	72,132 12,214 1,791,395
Share capital Share-based Remuneration Retained earnings Equity Other payables	10	72,132 29,237 1,619,943 1,721,311	72,132 12,214 1,791,395 1,875,741
Share capital Share-based Remuneration Retained earnings Equity Other payables Non-current liabilities Payables to Group entities Other payables Tax payables	10	72,132 29,237 1,619,943 1,721,311 83,071 83,071 1,406,623 182,720 0	72,132 12,214 1,791,395 1,875,741 0 0 1,373,364 123,138 5,660

Statement of changes in equity for 2020

	Share capital DKK'000	Share-based remuneration DKK'000	Retained earnings DKK'000	Total DKK'000
Equity at 1 January 2020	72,132	12,214	1,791,395	1,875,741
Other adjustments	0	0	-204	-204
Comprehensive income / loss for the year	0	0	-171,249	-171,249
Share-based remuneration for the year	0	17,023	0	17,023
Equity at 31 December 2020	72,132	29,237	1,619,943	1,721,311
Equity at 1 January 2019	72,132	2,849	1,517,724	1,592,705
Net effect from merger	Ο	0	273,332	273,332
Comprehensive income / loss for the year	0	0	339	339
Share-based remuneration for the year	0	9,365	0	9,365
Equity at 31 December 2019	72,132	12,214	1,791,395	1,875,741

Cash flow statement for 2020

	Notes	2020 DKK'000	2019 DKK'000
Operating profit (EBIT)		-248	-2,251
Non-cash		-17,716	-9,365
Working capital changes	12	43,785	4,989
		25,821	-6,627
Income taxes received / paid		-5,659	Ο
Financial income received		9,166	8,714
Financial expenses paid		-29,636	-6,766
Cash flows from operating activities		-308	-4,680
Cash flows from investing activities		0	0
Cash flows from financing activities		0	0
Increase in cash and cash equivalents		-308	-4,680
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January		2,228	2,484
Cash and cash equivalents from merger		Ο	4,424
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December		1,920	2,228

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1 Accounting policies

NC TopCo A/S presents the financial statements in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU and additional Danish disclosure requirements for financial statements governing reporting class B enterprises, see the Danish Executive Order on IFRS issued according to the Danish Financial Statements Act.

NC TopCo A/S is a company with its registered office in Denmark.

The financial statements are presented in DKK, which is considered the functional currency of the Entity's activities.

Consolidation

Pursuant to section 112(1) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the Entity has not prepared any consolidated financial statements. Reference is made to the consolidated financial statement of Netcompany Group A/S, which includes NC TopCo A/S and its subsidiaries.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the one in effect at the payment date or the rate at the balance sheet date are recognised in the income statement of comprehensive income as financial income or financial expenses. Non-current assets and other nonmonetary assets that have been purchased in foreign currencies and are measured based on historical costs are translated using historical rates.

Statement of comprehensive income

Administrative costs

Administrative cost comprise corporate costs.

Special items

Special items comprises of M&A activities.

Financial income and expenses

These items comprise interest income and expenses, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses on foreign currency transactions and tax surcharge and tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme.

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Income taxes

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement for the year by the portion attributable to the income statement for the year and recognised directly in other comprehensive income or equity by the portion attributable to entries recognised directly in other comprehensive income or equity.

Current tax payable and current tax receivable are recognised in the balance sheet, calculated as tax on taxable income for the year, adjusted for prepaid tax.

On calculation of current tax, the tax rates and rules applicable at the balance sheet date are used Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax-based value of assets and liabilities using the balance sheet liability method.

Deferred tax is calculated on the basis of the planned use of each asset and the settlement of each liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carry-forwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets to be set off against future positive taxable income. At each balance sheet date, it is considered whether sufficient taxable income is likely to arise in the future for the deferred tax asset to be used.

The Entity is part of a joint taxation arrangement with Netcompany Group A/S as the administrative company. The current income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed companies in proportion to their taxable income ("full allocation method").

Statement of financial position

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are recognised and measured at cost. Dividend is recognised as income when the right to receive payment is established.

The carrying amount of investments in subsidiaries is examined at the balance sheet date in order to determine if there is any indication of impairment.

The Entity has merged with two subsidiaries as of 31.05.2019. The value arising from the difference between net assets transferred and the original cost price of the investments is recognised within Equity. Comparative figures have not been adjusted.

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Receivables

Receivables include receivables from group entities and other receivables.

Receivables are measured at fair value on initial recognition and subsequently at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less write-downs for expected credit losses.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

Dividend

Dividend is recognised as a liability at the time of adoption at the general meeting.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost.

Share Based Remuneration

The Group parent company is granting RSUs (Restricted Stock Units) as part of the Long Term Incentive Programme in the operating entities.

In 2020 a total of 70,580 RSUs (60,865 RSUs) were granted to Key Management Personnel and other employees in Netcompany A/S, Netcompany AS and Netcompany UK Ltd. The fair value of the RSUs at grant date was DKK 54.5 million (DKK 29.7 million). The cost associated herewith is expensed over the vesting period in the consolidated financial statements of Netcompany Group A/S. Cost related to RSUs recognised in 2020 are recognised within Equity, and as an addition to investments in subsidiaries. The numbers of shares granted is determined by the stock price on the current day, measured against the value of grant for each person. The share-based incentive program based on RSUs will continue in 2021.

Cash flow statement

The cash flow statement shows cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities as well as cash and cash equivalents at the beginning and the end of the financial year.

Cash flows from operating activities are presented using the indirect method and calculated as the operating profit/loss adjusted for non-cash operating items, working capital changes as well as financial income, financial expenses and income taxes paid.

Cash flows from financing activities comprise changes in the size or composition of the Entity's share capital and related costs as well as the raising of loans, instalments on interest-bearing debt, purchase of treasury shares and dividends paid to the shareholder.

Cash and cash equivalents comprise bank deposits.

2 Significant accounting estimates, assumptions and uncertainties

When applying the Entity's accounting policies, Management has to make judgements and estimates of and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that cannot be directly derived from other sources. Such estimates and assumptions are based on historical experience and other relevant factors. The actual results may deviate from such estimates. Estimates made and the underlying assumptions are reassessed on a regular basis. Any changes in the accounting estimates made are recognised in the accounting period in which the change was made as well as in future accounting periods if the change affects the period in which it was made as well as subsequent accounting periods.

The Entity has a number of financial assets not recognised at fair value such as receivables from Group entities and other receivables. For all of these items, it is estimated that the carrying amounts approximates, in all material respects, their fair value (level 3 of the IFRS fair value hierarchy).

The Entity also has financial liabilities in the form of other payables recognised at both amortised cost and fair value. The part of other payables recognised at fair value consist of the contingent consideration. The carrying amount of payables to subsidiaries and other payables (excluding contingent consideration) recognised at amortised cost is estimated to equal fair value (level 3 of the IFRS fair value hierarchy).

Impairment losses on assets

The carrying amount of investment in subsidiaries is examined at the balance sheet date in order to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If this is the case, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined in order to determine the need for any write-down and the extent thereof. Impairment losses are recognised in the income statement. On any subsequent reversal of impairment losses arising from changes in the assumptions used to determine the recoverable amount, the asset's carrying amount to the adjusted recoverable amount, however, not exceeding the carrying amount that the asset would have had if the impairment had not been made.

Contingent consideration

Contingent consideration resulting from business combinations is valued at fair value at the acquisition date as part of the business combination. The key assumptions take into consideration the probability of meeting the performance target.

3 Effect of the change in accounting policies

Revised and new standards and interpretations issued, but not yet effective or approved by the EU at the time of publication of this Annual Report 2020, have not been incorporated into this report.

Changes to the accounting standards IFRS 3 Business combinations, IAS 1 and IAS 8 Definition of Material are endorsed by the EU and effective from 1 January 2020. The changes to these standards are not expected to have a significant impact on the Entity.

As of 1 January 2019, NC TopCo A/S adopted the interpretation IFRIC 23, which clarifies the accounting treatment for uncertainties in income taxes within the scope of IAS 12" Income taxes". The application of IFRIC 23 had no effect on NC TopCo A/S' financial statements.

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements, the Entity has assessed the new and revised IFRS Standards that have been issued but are not yet effective. Based on the current business setup and level of activities, none of the new standards or interpretations are expected to have a material impact on the Annual Report.

There have been no further changes in accounting policies in 2020.

	2020	2019
A A classical characters and a classical characters and a classical characters are considered as a classical characters and a classical characters are considered as a classical characters and a classical characters are characters are characters and a classical characters are characters are characters and a classical characters are characters are characters are characters and a classical characters are characters are characters are characters are characters are characters are characters and characters are character	DKK'000	DKK'000
4 Administrative costs Administrative costs	245	139
Fee board members	245	0
r ee board members	245	139
The Board of Directors does not receive compensation. Management are being compensated in another Group Entity.		
	2020	2019
5 Special items	DKK'000	DKK'000
Expenses cover strategic consideration and M&A activities	3	2,111
Total special items	3 3	2,111
Total Special Rema		
	2020	2019
	DKK'000	DKK'000
6 Financial income and expenses		
Financial income		
Intra-group interest income	9,390	8,595
Exchange rate income	15,054	21,741
	24,444	30,336
Financial expenses		
Intra-group interest expenses	25,568	15,952
Exchange rate expenses	32,771	11,056
Other financial expenses	4,291	4/
	62,630	27,056
	2020	2019
	DKK'000	DKK'000
7 Tax		
Current tax	-8,453	691
	-8,453	691
The current corporation tax rate is 22%		
Profit/loss before tax	-179,702	1,030
Tax at a rate of 22%	-39,534	227
Tax at a rate of 22% Tax-based value of non-deductible expenses	-39,534 31,082	227 465

The development in effective tax rate was due to a non-tax deductible fair value adjustment of DKK 141.3m made for the contingent purchase price of the Dutch Operation. Effective tax rate, if not adjusted for the contingent purchase price of the Dutch operation, would have been 22% for 2020. The effective tax rate of 67% for 2019 was caused by M&A.

8 Investments in subsidiaries Cost at 1 January Additions through merger Adjustments Conversion of debt to equity Share-based remuneration Cost at 31 December			2020 DKK'000 3,063,935 0 -204 301,290 17,023 3,382,044	2019 DKK'000 1,562,939 1,491,631 0 0 9,365 3,063,935
Carrying amount at 31 December			3,382,044	3,063,935
Subsidiaries:	Form of enterprise	Owner- ship	2019 Equity DKK'000	2019 Result DKK'000
Netcompany A/S, Copenhagen, Denmark	A/S	100%	1,127,091	450,133
Netcompany AS, Oslo, Norway	AS	100%	49,904,125	21,289,718
Netcompany Netherlands B.V., Delft, Netherlands (2020)	B.V.	100%	-2,969,077	9,435,294
Netcompany UK Holding Ltd., London, United Kingdom	Ltd	100%	55,671,128	11,158,181

As of 31 May 2019 the Entity was merged with NC NewCo A/S and Netcompany Holding I A/S. The merged has increased the value of investment in subsidiares by DKK 1,491,631k.

In September 2020, the Group loan from NC TopCo A/S amounting DKK 301,290k (GBP 36,916k) was capitalised and converted into equity in UK Holding Ltd. in order to eliminate translation risk on Group level.

	2020 DKK'000	2019 DKK'000
9 Cash and cash equivalents		
Deposits at bank	1,920	2,228
	1,920	2,228

The carrying amounts for cash and cash equivalents assumed to equal the fair value. The Entity's cash and cash equivalents consist of deposits in well-reputed banks. Therefore, cash and cash equivalents are not subject to credit risk.

10 Share capital

The share capital equals DKK 72,132k divided into shares of DKK 1k each or multiplies hereof. The shares have not been divided into classes.

	DKK'000	DKK'000
11 Other Payables		
Contingent consideration	261,709	120,441
Other costs payable	4,082	2,697
	265,791	123,138

2010

2020

The total consideration related to Netcompany Netherlands B.V. (QDelft B.V.) consists of two elements – a contingent element and an earn out element recognised as DKK 178.7m and DKK 83.1m respectively. An adjustment to the purchase price is warranted given the mechanisms set forth in the Share Purchase Agreement because the Dutch operation has significantly overperformed in 2020 compared to the expectations at the acquisition date. This adjustment amounts to DKK 141.3m and will be added to the payable purchase price and expensed in 2020 as a fair value adjustment following IFRS 3.

	2020 DKK'000	2019 DKK'000
12 Working capital changes		
Change in receivables	9,141	-268,726
Change in trade payables, etc.	34,644	273,714
	43,785	4,989
	2020	2019
	DKK'000	DKK'000
13 Financial risks and financial instruments Categories of financial instruments		
Receivables from Group entities	70	311,740
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	70	311,740
Cash	1,920	2,228
Financial assets measured at fair value through P&L	1,920	2,228
Payables to Group entities	1,406,623	1,373,364
Other payables excl. Contingent consideration	4,082	2,697
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	1,410,705	1,376,061
Contingent consideration	261,709	120,441
Financial liabilities measured at fair value	261,709	120,441

Policy for management of financial risks

The Entity's objective at all times is to limit the entities financial risks.

The Entity manages the financial risks and coordinates cash management and management of interest rate and currency risks based on financial risk policies agreed with the Board of Directors of the parent company.

Liquidity risks

The Entity is part of a Group credit facility. At 31 December 2020, the Group has unutilised credit facilities of a total of DKK 699.9m (2019: DKK 534.8m), which the Entity has the option to use.

Credit risks

In 2020, the Entity has not had any expected credit losses and no credit risk is deemed to exist on the Entity's receivables at 31 December 2020.

13 Financial risks and financial instruments (continued)

Currency risks

The Entity is only to a limited extent exposed to foreign currency risks. The main part of the Entity's transactions is in DKK.

Optimisation of the capital structure

The Entity regularly assesses whether the Entity's capital structure is in accordance with the Entity's and the owners' interests. The overall objective is to ensure a capital structure that supports long-term growth whilst maximising returns for the Entity's owners by optimising the equity-to-debt ratio.

14 Related parties

Related parties with a controlling interest

Name of company Registered office Basis of control
Netcompany Group A/S Copenhagen Immediate parent and
Ultimate controlling

Transactions with related parties

In September 2020, the Group loan from NC TopCo A/S amounting GBP 36,916k was capitalised and converted into equity in UK Holding Ltd. in order to eliminate translation risk on a Group level.

There have not been any other transactions other than interest income & expenses due to loans within the Group.

All transactions with related parties are made on arm's length terms.

15 Collateral provided and contingent liabilities

The Entity is part of a Group credit facility, the total carrying amount at 31 December 2020 is DKK 760.6m (DKK 958.6m). The Entity provides full guarentee for the credit facility.

The Entity is part of a National Danish joint taxation with Netcompany Group A/S as the administrative company. As a consequence, the Company is liable, as of 07.06.2018 for any obligation to withhold tax on interest, royalties and dividends for jointly taxed companies. The liability only constitutes an amount to the share of the capital in the company which is owned directly or indirectly.

16 Consolidation

NC TopCo A/S and its subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements of Netcompany Group A/S, Business Registration No. 39 48 89 14.

17 Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date, which would influence the evaluation of this Annual Report.