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BDO Statsautoriseret revisionsaktieselskab
Visionsvej 51
DK-9000 Aalborg
CVR no. 20 22 26 70

TURNPIKES APS
ØSTRE ALLE 6, 9530 STØVRING
ANNUAL REPORT
1 JANUARY - 31 DECEMBER 2020

**The Annual Report has been presented and
adopted at the Company's Annual General
Meeting on 10 May 2021**

Tim Stijven

The English part of this document is an unofficial translation of the original Danish text, and in case of any discrepancy between the Danish text and the English translation, the Danish text shall prevail.

CVR NO. 37 22 60 41

CONTENTS

	Page
Company Details	
Company Details.....	3
Statement and Report	
Management's Statement.....	4
The Independent Auditor's Report.....	5-6
Management Commentary	
Management Commentary.....	7
Financial Statements 1 January - 31 December	
Income Statement.....	8
Balance Sheet.....	9
Equity.....	10
Notes.....	11-12
Accounting Policies.....	13-15

COMPANY DETAILS

Company	Turnpikes ApS Østre Alle 6 9530 Støvring CVR No.: 37 22 60 41 Established: 11 November 2015 Registered Office: Rebild Financial Year: 1 January - 31 December
Executive Board	Tim Stijven
Auditor	BDO Statsautoriseret revisionsaktieselskab Visionsvej 51 9000 Aalborg
Bank	Spar Nord Bank A/S Bavnebakken 4 9530 Støvring

MANAGEMENT'S STATEMENT

Today the Executive Board have discussed and approved the Annual Report of Turnpikes ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020.

The Annual Report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020.

The Management Commentary includes in my opinion a fair presentation of the matters dealt with in the Commentary.

I recommend the Annual Report be approved at the Annual General Meeting.

Støvring, 7 May 2021

Executive Board

Tim Stijven

THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholders of Turnpikes ApS

Conclusion

We have performed an extended review of the Financial Statements of Turnpikes ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020, which comprise income statement, Balance Sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The Financial Statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work performed in our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for Conclusion

We conducted our extended review in accordance with the Danish Business Authority's Assurance Standard for Small Enterprises and FSR - Danish Auditors' standard on extended review of Financial Statements prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Extended Review of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these rules and requirements. We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our conclusion.

Management's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such Internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of Financial Statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Extended Review of the Financial Statements

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the Financial Statements. This requires that we plan and perform procedures in order to obtain limited assurance for our conclusion on the Financial Statements and in addition perform specifically required supplementary procedures to obtain further assurance for our conclusion.

An extended review comprises procedures that primarily consist of making inquiries of Management and others within the Company, as appropriate, analytical procedures and the specifically required supplementary procedures as well as evaluation of the evidence obtained.

The procedures performed in an extended review are less than those performed in an audit, and accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion on the Financial Statements.

Statement on the Management's Review

Management is responsible for the Management's Review.

Our conclusion on the Financial Statements does not cover the Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

In connection with our extended review of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the extended review, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in the Management's Review.

Aalborg, 7 May 2021

BDO Statsautoriseret revisionsaktieselskab
CVR no. 20 22 26 70

Christian Brasholt Larsen
State Authorised Public Accountant
MNE no. mne33680

MANAGEMENT COMMENTARY

Principal activities

The principal activities comprise of information technology consultancy.

Development in activities and financial and economic position

The annual profit are in line with the management's expectations.

The circumstances that are necessary for an assessment of the company's assets and liabilities, the financial position and the results of the year's operations are shown in the balance sheet and the income statement as well as the notes referred to.

Significant events after the end of the financial year

No events have occurred after the end of the financial year of material importance for the company's financial position.

INCOME STATEMENT 1 JANUARY - 31 DECEMBER

	Note	2020 DKK	2019 DKK
GROSS PROFIT		7.252.192	8.215.653
Staff costs.....	1	-5.892.913	-5.331.656
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses.....		-4.107	0
OPERATING PROFIT		1.355.172	2.883.997
Other financial income.....		93	0
Other financial expenses.....		-32.202	-32.663
PROFIT BEFORE TAX		1.323.063	2.851.334
Tax on profit/loss for the year.....	2	-342.767	-564.864
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		980.296	2.286.470
PROPOSED DISTRIBUTION OF PROFIT			
Proposed dividend for the year.....		1.500.000	0
Retained earnings.....		-519.704	2.286.470
TOTAL		980.296	2.286.470

BALANCE SHEET AT 31 DECEMBER

ASSETS	Note	2020 DKK	2019 DKK
Other plant, machinery tools and equipment.....		23.810	23.810
Leasehold improvements.....		26.693	0
Property, plant and equipment.....	3	50.503	23.810
Rent deposit and other receivables.....		24.974	24.974
Financial non-current assets.....	4	24.974	24.974
NON-CURRENT ASSETS.....		75.477	48.784
Trade receivables.....		1.996.847	1.753.640
Other receivables.....		214.279	0
Corporation tax receivable.....		0	90.118
Prepayments.....		32.031	27.963
Receivables.....		2.243.157	1.871.721
Cash and cash equivalents.....		3.280.752	2.140.863
CURRENT ASSETS.....		5.523.909	4.012.584
ASSETS.....		5.599.386	4.061.368
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Share capital.....		100.000	100.000
Retained earnings.....		2.480.356	3.000.060
Proposed dividend.....		1.500.000	0
EQUITY.....		4.080.356	3.100.060
Provision for deferred tax.....		3.480	2.292
PROVISIONS.....		3.480	2.292
Accruals and deferred income.....		269.253	75.764
Non-current liabilities.....	5	269.253	75.764
Bank debt.....		9.359	33.748
Trade payables.....		74.469	32.494
Corporation tax payable.....		82.620	0
Other liabilities.....		1.079.849	817.010
Current liabilities.....		1.246.297	883.252
LIABILITIES.....		1.515.550	959.016
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES.....		5.599.386	4.061.368
Contingencies etc.	6		

EQUITY

	Share capital	Retained earnings	Proposed dividend	Total
Equity at 1 January 2020.....	100.000	3.000.060	0	3.100.060
Proposed profit allocation.....		-519.704	1.500.000	980.296
Equity at 31 December 2020.....	100.000	2.480.356	1.500.000	4.080.356

NOTES

	2020 DKK	2019 DKK	Note	
Staff costs			1	
Average number of employees	8	7		
Wages and salaries.....	5.542.786	4.895.564		
Pensions.....	193.999	216.277		
Social security costs.....	70.282	34.848		
Other staff costs.....	85.846	184.967		
	5.892.913	5.331.656		
Tax on profit/loss for the year			2	
Calculated tax on taxable income of the year.....	292.620	563.882		
Adjustment of tax in previous years.....	48.959	0		
Adjustment of deferred tax.....	1.188	982		
	342.767	564.864		
Property, plant and equipment			3	
	Other plant, machinery tools and equipment	Leasehold improvements		
Cost at 1 January 2020.....	23.810	0		
Additions.....	0	30.800		
Cost at 31 December 2020.....	23.810	30.800		
Depreciation for the year.....	0	4.107		
Depreciation and impairment losses at 31 December 2020....	0	4.107		
Carrying amount at 31 December 2020.....	23.810	26.693		
Financial non-current assets			4	
		Rent deposit and other receivables		
Additions.....		24.974		
Cost at 31 December 2020.....		24.974		
Carrying amount at 31 December 2020.....		24.974		
Long-term liabilities			5	
	31/12 2020 total liabilities	Repayment next year	Debt outstanding after 5 years	31/12 2019 total liabilities
Frozen holiday pay.....	269.253	0	0	75.764
	269.253	0	0	75.764

NOTES**Note****Contingencies etc.****6****Contingent liabilities**

The company has entered a lease obligation. The total residual lease payment is 245 tkr.

The company has a rental obligation. The total rental payment constitutes 40 tkr.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Annual Report of Turnpikes ApS for 2020 has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act for enterprises in reporting class B and certain provisions applying to reporting class C.

The Annual Report is prepared consistently with the accounting principles applied last year.

INCOME STATEMENT

Net revenue

Net revenue from sale of services is recognised in the Income Statement if supply and risk transfer to purchaser has taken place before the end of the year and if the income can be measured reliably and is expected to be received. Net revenue is recognised exclusive of VAT, duties and less discounts related to the sale.

Cost of sales

Cost of sales comprise costs incurred to achieve the net revenue for the year, including direct and indirect costs of raw materials and consumables.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include cost of sales, advertising, administration, buildings, bad debts, operational lease expenses, etc.

Staff costs

Staff costs comprise wages and salaries, including holiday pay and pensions and other costs for social security etc. for the company's employees. Repayments from public authorities are deducted from staff costs.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses include interest income and expenses, debt and transactions in foreign currencies as well as charges and allowances under the tax-on-account scheme etc. Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement by the amounts that relate to the financial year.

Tax

The tax for the year, which consists of the current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion that may be attributed to the profit for the year, and is recognised directly in the equity by the portion that may be attributed to entries directly to the equity.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BALANCE SHEET

Tangible fixed assets

Other plant, machinery, tools and equipment, and leasehold improvements are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The depreciation base is cost less estimated residual value after end of useful life.

The cost includes the acquisition price and costs incurred directly in connection with the acquisition until the time when the asset is ready to be used.

Straight-line depreciation is provided on the basis of an assessment of the expected useful lives of the assets and their residual value:

	Useful life	Residual value
Other plant, machinery, tools and equipment.....	3-5 years	0 %
Leasehold improvements.....	3-5 years	0 %

Profit or loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets is stated as the difference between the sales price less selling costs and the carrying amount at the time of sale. Profit or loss is recognised in the income statement as other operating income or other operating expenses.

Fixed asset investments

Deposits include rental deposits which are recognised and measured at amortised cost. Deposits are not depreciated.

Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amount of tangible assets together with fixed assets, which are not measured at fair value, are valued on an annual basis for indications of impairment other than that reflected by amortisation and depreciation.

In the event of impairment indications, an impairment test is made for each asset or group of assets, respectively. If the net realisable value is lower than the carrying amount, the assets are written down to the lower value.

The recoverable amount is calculated at the higher of net selling price and capital value. The capital value is determined as the fair value of the expected net cash flows from the use of the asset or group of assets and the expected net cash flows from sale of the asset or group of assets after the end of its useful life.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to nominal value. The value is reduced by impairment losses to meet expected losses.

Accruals, assets

Accruals recognised as assets include costs incurred relating to the subsequent financial year.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Tax payable and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and receivable current tax are recognised in the balance sheet as the calculated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and taxes paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured on the temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax value of assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax loss carry-forwards, are measured at the expected realisable value of the asset, either by set-off against tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that under the legislation in force on the balance sheet date would be applicable when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in the deferred tax resulting from changes in tax rates, are recognised in the income statement, except from items recognised directly in equity.

Liabilities

Amortised cost of current liabilities usually corresponds to nominal value.