# Pineapple Odense Residential Komplementarselskab ApS

Kalvebod Brygge 39, 4., 1560 København V

CVR No. 37 15 44 90

Annual report

For the year ended 31 December 2022

Approved at the annual general meeting, on  $\frac{17}{13}$  2023

Chairman:

# Contents

Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board	
Independent auditors' report on the financial statements	4
Management's review - Company details	6
Management's review	7
Financial statements for the period 1 January 2022 - 31 December 2022	8
Income statement	8
Balance sheet	9
Statement of changes in equity	10
Notes	11

## **Statement by the Executive Board**

Today, the Board of Directors and the Executive Board have discussed and approved the annual report of Pineapple Odense Residential Komplementarselskab ApS for the financial year 1 January 2022 – 31 December 2022.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at 31 December 2022 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January 2022 - 31 December 2022.

We believe that the Management commentary includes a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the adoption of the annual report at the annual general meeting.

Copenhagen, 17/3 2023

**Executive Board:** 

Kevin Jeremiah Cahill

Daniel Liem

## Management's review

Company details

Name

Pineapple Odense Residential Komplementarselskab ApS

Address, Postal code, City

Kalvebod Brygge 39, 4., 1560 København V

CVR No.

37 15 44 90

Established

14 October 2015

Registered office

Copenhagen

Financial year

1 January 2022 - 31 December 2022

**Executive Board** 

Kevin Jeremiah Cahill

Daniel Liem

Thomas Esben Khan

**Auditors** 

EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

Cortex Park Vest 3, 5230 Odense M, Denmark

## Independent auditors' report

## To the shareholders of Pineapple Odense Residential Komplementarselskab ApS

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Pineapple Odense Residential Komplementarselskab ApS for the financial year 1 January 2022 – 31 December 2022, which comprise an income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of company at 31 December 2022, and of the results of the company operations for the financial year 1 January 2022 - 31 December 2022 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code.

### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### Statement on Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Odense, 7/3 2023

EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR No. 3070 02/28

Morten Schougaard Sørensen

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne32129

# Management's review

## The company's primary activities and company details

The company's purpose is to manage the affairs of this company, and to act as administrative company in the danish joint taxation of the Ares Group.

Significant changes in business and economic conditions

None

## Income statement

Notes DKK Gross profit/loss	01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022 -1.250	01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021 -13.126
3 Financial expenses	-5.125	-10.231
Profit/loss before tax 4 Tax for the year	<b>-6.375</b> 33.673	<b>-23.357</b> 9.217
Profit/loss for the year	27.298	-14.140
Recomended appropriation of the profit/loss for the year		ě
Retained earnings	27.298	-14.140
	27.298	-14.140

### **Balance sheet**

Notes I	DKK Assets	31-12-2022	31-12-2021
	Current assets		
(	Other receivables	299.957	_
I	Receivables from group entities	236.881	-
I	Receivable tax	2.532	-
Ī	Deferred tax	6.912	10.218
I	Receivables	546.282	10.218
(	Cash	94.451	116.451
1	Total current assets	640.733	126.669
17	Total assets	640.733	126.669
	Equity and liabilities Equity		
5 9	Share Capital	50.000	50.000
I	Retained earnings	80.637	53.339
7	Total equity	130.637	103.339
Į	Liabilities		
I	Payables to group entities	386.655	10.205
7	Tax payables	115.941	<b>=</b>
(	Other payables	7.500	13.125
9	Short-term liabilities	510.096	23.330
7	Total liabilities	510.096	23.330
7	Total equity and liabilities	640.733	126.669

<sup>2</sup> Staff costs

<sup>6</sup> Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

## Statement of changes in equity

DKK	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity at 01/01 2022 Profit/loss for the year	50.000	53.339 27.298	103.339 27.298
Equity at 31/12 2022	50.000	80.637	130.637

#### Notes

#### 1. Accounting polices

The annual report of Pineapple Odense Residential Komplementarselskab ApS has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to reporting class B entities and elective choice of certain provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

#### Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

#### **Income Statement**

#### **Gross profit**

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the items 'Revenue', 'Cost of sale', 'Other external expenses' and 'Other operating income' are consolidated into one item designated 'Gross margin'.

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include the year's expenses relating to the entity's core activities, including expenses relating to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

#### **Financial**

Financial income and expenses are recognized in the income statements at the amounts that concern the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses, etc.

#### Tax

Tax for the year include current tax on the year's expected taxable income and the year's deferred tax adjustments. The portion of the tax for the year that relates to the profit/loss for the year is recognized in the income statement, whereas the portion that relates to transactions taken to equity is recognized in equity.

The entity and its Danish group entities are taxed on a joint basis. The Danish income tax charge is allocated between profit-making and loss-making Danish entities in proportion to their taxable income (full allocation method).

Jointly taxed companies entitled to a tax refund are, as a minimum, reimbursed by the management company according to the current rates applicable to interest allowance, and jointly taxed companies having paid too little tax pay, as a maximum, a surcharge according to the current rates applicable to interest surcharges to the management company.

#### Notes

### 1. Accounting policies - continued

#### **Balance** sheet

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortized cost, which usually corresponds to the nominal value. Provisions are made for bad debts on the basis of objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables are impaired. Provisions are made to the lower of the net realizable value and the carrying amount.

### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash balances and bank balances.

#### Corporation tax

Current tax payable and receivable is recognized in the balance sheet as the estimated tax charge in respect of the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on prior year's taxable income and tax paid on account.

Provisions for deferred tax are calculated, based on the liability method, of all temporary differences between carrying amounts and tax values.

Deferred tax is measured according to the taxation rules and taxations rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallize as current tax. Deferred tax assets are recognized at the value at which they are expected to be utilized, either through elimination against tax on future earnings or through a set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same jurisdiction.

#### Liabilities

Other liabilities are measured at net realizable value.

#### Notes

#### 2. Staff costs

The company has no employees.

DKK	2022	2021
3. Financial expenses		
Interest expenses, affiliated companies	_	205
Interest expenses, bank and others	5.125	10.026
	5.125	10.231
4. Tax for the year		
Estimated tax charge for the year	0	0
Deferred tax adjustments in the year	3.306	-9.090
Tax regarding prior year	-36.979	-127
	-33.673	-9.217
		2022
5. Share capital		
Balance at 14 October 2015		50.000
Balance at 31 December 2022		50.000

## 6. Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

Guarantee commitments:

None

Rent and lease liabilities:

None

Cautionary commitments:

None

As management company, the Company is jointly taxed with other Danish group entities and is jointly and severally with other jointly taxed group entities for payment of income taxes as well as withholding taxes on interest, royalties and dividends.