Pineapple Commercial 2 Komplementarselskab ApS

Amaliegade 15, 2. sal, 1256 København K

CVR No. 37 15 43 85

Annual report

For the year ended 31 December 2019

Approved at the annual general meeting, on \emph{j} / \emph{j} 2020

Chairman

Pineapple Commercial 2 Komplementarselskab ApS Annual report 2019

Contents

Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board	
Independent auditors' report on the financial statements	4
Management's review - Company details	6
Management's review	7
Financial statements for the period 1 January - 31 December 2019	8
Income statement	8
Balance sheet	9
Statement of changes in equity	10
Notes	11

Statement by the Executive Board

The Executive Board have today discussed and approved the annual report of Pineapple Commercial 2 Komplementarselskab ApS for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2019.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at 31 December 2019 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2019.

We believe that the Management commentary includes a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the adoption of the annual report at the annual general meeting.

Copenhagen, 1/5 2020

Executive Board:

Kevin Jeremiah Cahill

Daniel Liem

Thomas Khan

Independent auditors' report

To the shareholders of Pineapple Commercial 1 Komplementarselskab ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Pineapple Commercial 2 Komplementarselskab ApS for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2019, which comprise an income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of company at 31 December 2019, and of the results of the company operations for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2019 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act."

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these rules and requirements.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is
 sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion,
 forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are Inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Pineapple Commercial 2 Komplementarselskab ApS Annual report 2019

Odense, 1 / 5 2020

Ernst & Young

Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR No. 30,70 02 28

Morten Schougaard Sørensen

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne32129

Pineapple Commercial 2 Komplementarselskab ApS Annual report 2019

Management's review

Company details

Name

Pineapple Commercial 2 Komplementarselskab ApS

Address, Postal code, City

Amaliegade 15, 2. sal, 1256 København K

CVR No.

37 15 43 85

Established

14 October 2015

Registered office

Copenhagen

Financial year

1 January - 31 December

Executive Board

Kevin Jeremiah Cahill

Daniel Liem

Thomas Esben Khan

Auditors

Ernst & Young Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

Englandsgade 25, P O Box 200, 5100 Odense C, Denmark

Management's review

The company's primary activities and company details

The company's purpose is to be the general partner of Pineapple Commercial 2 Propco K/S and manage the affairs of this company.

Significant changes in business and economic conditions None.

Income statement

Notes	DKK	2019	2018
	Gross profit/loss	3.750	8.750
	Financial expenses	-1.115	-1.214
	Profit/loss before tax	2.636	7.536
	Tax for the year	-607	-1.658
	Profit/loss for the year	2.029	5.878
	Recomended appropriation of the profit/loss for the year		
	Retained earnings	2.029	5.878
		2.029	5.878

Balance sheet

Notes	DKK Assets Current assets	2019	2018
	Cash	55.145	52.944
	Total current assets	55.145	52.944
	Total assets	55.145	52.944
2	Equity and liabilities Equity Share Capital Retained earnings Total equity	50.000 -1.685 48.315	50.000 -3.714 46.286
	Liabilities Tax payables Other payables Short-term liabilities	580 6.250 6.830	1.658 5.000 6.658
	Total liabilities	6.830	6.658
	Total equity and liabilities	55.145	52.944

³ Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

⁴ Security for loans

⁵ Related parties

Statement of changes in equity

DKK	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity at 1/1 2019 Profit/loss for the year	50.000	-3.714 2.029	46.286 2.029
Equity at 31/12 2019	50.000	-1.685	48.315

Notes

1. Accounting polices

The annual report of Pineapple Commercial 2 Komplementarselskab ApS has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to reporting class B entities and elective choice of certain provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The accounting policies are consistent with last year.

Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

Income Statement

Gross profit

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the items 'Revenue', 'Cost of sale', 'Other external expenses' and 'Other operating income' are consolidated into one item designated 'Gross margin'.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include the year's expenses relating to the entity's core activities, including expenses relating to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

Financial

Financial income and expenses are recognized in the income statements at the amounts that concern the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses, etc.

Tax

Tax for the year include current tax on the year's expected taxable income and the year's deferred tax adjustments. The portion of the tax for the year that relates to the profit/loss for the year is recognized in the income statement, whereas the portion that relates to transactions taken to equity is recognized in equity.

The entity and its Danish group entities are taxed on a joint basis. The Danish income tax charge is allocated between profit-making and loss-making Danish entities in proportion to their taxable income (full allocation method).

Jointly taxed companies entitled to a tax refund are, as a minimum, reimbursed by the management company according to the current rates applicable to interest allowance, and jointly taxed companies having paid too little tax pay, as a maximum, a surcharge according to the current rates applicable to interest surcharges to the management company.

Notes

1. Accounting policies - continued

Balance sheet

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash balances and bank balances.

Corporation tax

Current tax payable and receivable is recognized in the balance sheet as the estimated tax charge in respect of the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on prior year's taxable income and tax paid on account.

Provisions for deferred tax are calculated, based on the liability method, of all temporary differences between carrying amounts and tax values.

Deferred tax is measured according to the taxation rules and taxations rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallize as current tax. Deferred tax assets are recognized at the value at which they are expected to be utilized, either through elimination against tax on future earnings or through a set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same jurisdiction.

Liabilities

Other liabilities are measured at net realizable value.

Notes

DKK 2019

2. Share capital

There has been no change in share capital since the company was establised.

50.000

3. Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

Guarantee commitments:

None

Rent and lease liabilities:

None

Cautionary commitments:

None

The Company is jointly taxed with Pineapple Odense Residential Komplementarselskab ApS, CVR no 37 15 44 90, which acts as management company, and is jointly and severally liable with other jointly taxed group entities for payment of income taxes as well as withholding taxes on interest, royalties and dividends.

As general partner in Pineapple Commercial 2 Propco K/S the Company is jointly and several liable of all obligations in Pineapple Commercial 2 Propco K/S. The liabilities in Pineapple Commercial 2 Propco K/S totals DKK 37.800.122.

4. Security for loans

None.

5. Related parties

The company is included in the consolidated financial statements of Ares Management, L.P., Los Angeles, California. The consolidated financial statements can be obtained upon request from the parent company.