August Sandgren A/S

c/o Easy Correct ApS, Vesterbrogade 43 2, DK-1620 Copenhagen

Annual Report for 2021

CVR No. 37 12 50 40

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the company on 4/7 2022

Pia Kirkeskov Andersen Chairman of the general meeting



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Management's statement

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Financial Statements of August Sandgren A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. The Company complies with the exemption provisions governing the omission to have its Financial Statements audited.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2021 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2021.

In our opinion, Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the Review.

We recommend that the Financial Statements be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 4 July 2022

Executive Board

Pia Kirkeskov Andersen Manager

Board of Directors

Angus Robert Ridgway

Pia Kirkeskov Andersen

Cecilie Pram Helweg Kjølbye



Practitioner's Statement on Compilation of Financial Statements

To the Management of August Sandgren A/S

We have compiled the Financial Statements of August Sandgren A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021 on the basis of the Company's accounting records and other information you have provided.

The Financial Statements comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

We performed our work in accordance with ISRS 4410, Engagements to Compile Financial Information.

Based on our professional expertise, we have assisted you with the preparation and presentation of the Financial Statements in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. We have complied with relevant provisions of the Danish Act on Approved Auditors and Audit Firms and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code), including the principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care.

The Financial Statements and the accuracy and completeness of the information forming the basis of the compilation of the Financial Statements are your responsibility.

As an engagement to compile financial information is not an assurance engagement, we are under no duty to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information you provided to us to compile the Financial Statements. Accordingly, we express no audit opinion or review opinion as to whether the Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Hellerup, 4 July 2022

PricewaterhouseCoopers
Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
CVR No 33 77 12 31

Claus Christensen State Authorised Public Accountant mne33687



Company information

The Company

August Sandgren A/S c/o Easy Correct ApS Vesterbrogade 43 2 DK-1620 Copenhagen

CVR No: 37 12 50 40

Financial period: 1 January - 31 December

Incorporated: 1 October 2015 Financial year: 6th financial year

Municipality of reg. office: Copenhagen

Board of Directors Angus Robert Ridgway

Pia Kirkeskov Andersen Cecilie Pram Helweg Kjølbye

Pia Kirkeskov Andersen **Executive board**

Auditors Price water house Coopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Strandvejen 44

2900 Hellerup



Management's review

Key activities

August Sandgren A/S has 100 years of history within high quality bookbinding and box-making. Today the company leverage the heritage in designing, producing and distributing high quality leather and textile boxes for storage. The boxes are used by private consumers, offices and hotels for all the physical belongings that do not belong in "the cloud".

Development in the year

The income statement of the Company for 2021 shows a loss of DKK 306,843, and at 31 December 2021 the balance sheet of the Company shows positive equity of DKK 37,393.

Capital resources

As of 31 December 2021, the Company has lost more than fifty percent of the share capital due to incurred losses and is thus covered by the requirements in section 119 in the Danish Companies Act. It is Management's expectations that the loss of share capital will be recovered through future profits and if deemed relevant via debt conversion and/or cash capital increase.

Uncertainty relating to recognition and measurement

Recognition and measurement in the Annual Report have not been subject to any material uncertainty.

Subsequent events

No events materially affecting the assessment of the Annual Report have occurred after the balance sheet date.



Income statement 1 January - 31 December

	Note	2021	2020
		DKK	DKK
Gross profit/loss		103,200	-480,026
Staff expenses	1	-55,011	-347,650
Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment		-215,419	-198,117
Profit/loss before financial income and expenses	=	-167,230	-1,025,793
Financial income		548	214
Financial expenses	_	-140,161	-62,942
Profit/loss before tax		-306,843	-1,088,521
Tax on profit/loss for the year		0	0
Net profit/loss for the year	_	-306,843	-1,088,521
Distribution of profit			
		2021	2020
	_	DKK	DKK
Proposed distribution of profit			
Transfer for the year to other reserves		-88,898	-95,405
Retained earnings		-217,945	-993,116
	_	-306,843	-1,088,521



Balance sheet 31 December

Assets

	Note	2021	2020
		DKK	DKK
Completed development projects		128,403	242,374
Acquired licenses		0	0
Acquired trademarks		15,630	16,747
Intangible assets	2	144,033	259,121
Fixed assets	-	144,033	259,121
Finished goods and goods for resale		539,150	289,853
Inventories	_	539,150	289,853
Trade receivables		252,839	84,302
Receivables from group enterprises		59,050	0
Other receivables		9,494	36,810
Prepayments	_	0	6,127
Receivables	_	321,383	127,239
Cash at bank and in hand		1,447,713	246,326
	_		
Current assets	-	2,308,246	663,418
Assets		2,452,279	922,539
	_		



Balance sheet 31 December

Liabilities and equity

	Note	2021	2020
		DKK	DKK
Share capital	3	776,199	698,411
Reserve for development costs		100,154	189,052
Retained earnings		-838,960	-1,707,792
Equity	-	37,393	-820,329
Credit institutions		916,467	0
Convertible and profit-yielding instruments of debt		1,146,072	1,081,200
Long-term debt	4	2,062,539	1,081,200
Credit institutions	4	97,635	0
Convertible instruments of debt		0	300,000
Trade payables		183,677	240,420
Payables to group enterprises		0	60,673
Other payables		71,035	60,575
Short-term debt	_	352,347	661,668
Debt	-	2,414,886	1,742,868
Liabilities and equity	-	2,452,279	922,539
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Statement of changes in equity

	Share capital	Share premium account	Reserve for development costs	Retained earnings	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity at 1 January	698,411	0	189,052	-1,707,792	-820,329
Cash capital increase	77,788	1,086,777	0	0	1,164,565
Development costs for the year	0	0	-88,898	88,898	0
Net profit/loss for the year	0	0	0	-306,843	-306,843
Transfer from share premium account	0	-1,086,777	0	1,086,777	0
Equity at 31 December	776,199	0	100,154	-838,960	37,393



	2021	2020
	DKK	DKK
1. Staff Expenses		
Wages and salaries	54,822	344,500
Pensions	0	1,257
Other social security expenses	189	1,893
	55,011	347,650
Average number of employees	1	1

Intangible fixed assets 2.

	Completed development projects	Acquired licenses	Acquired trademarks
	DKK	DKK	DKK
Cost at 1 January	971,178	62,480	22,332
Additions for the year	100,331	0	0
Cost at 31 December	1,071,509	62,480	22,332
Impairment losses and amortisation at 1 January	728,804	62,480	5,585
Amortisation for the year	214,302	0	1,117
Impairment losses and amortisation at 31 December	943,106	62,480	6,702
Carrying amount at 31 December	128,403	0	15,630
Amortised over	5 years	3 years	20 years

Share capital **3.**

The share capital consists of 776,199 shares of a nominal value of DKK 1. No shares carry any special rights.

Movements in share capital last five years:
Cash capital increase 19 January 2017: 71,428
Capital increase by debt conversion, 6 February 2019: 28,571
Cash capital increase, 6 February 2019: 98,412
Capital increase by debt conversion, 26 May 2021: 25,408

Cash capital increase, 26 May 2021: 52,380 Share capital at 31 December 2021: 776,199



4. Long-term debt

Payments due within 1 year are recognised in short-term debt. Other debt is recognised in long-term debt. The debt falls due for payment as specified below:

	2021	2020
	DKK	DKK
Credit institutions		
After 5 years	0	0
Between 1 and 5 years	916,467	0
Long-term part	916,467	0
Within 1 year	97,635	0
Short-term part	97,635	0
	1,014,102	0
Convertible and profit-yielding instruments of debt		
After 5 years	0	0
Between 1 and 5 years	1,146,072	1,081,200
Long-term part	1,146,072	1,081,200
Within 1 year	0	300,000
	1,146,072	1,381,200
	2021	2020
	DKK	DKK

5. Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

Charges and security

Mortgage deeds registered to the mortgagor totalling kDKK 1,000, providing security on finished goods and goods for resale, intangible assets and trade receivables at a total carrying amount of:

936,022

0

The group companies are jointly and severally liable for tax on the jointly taxed incomes etc of the Group. The total amount of corporation tax payable is disclosed in the Annual Report of Kirkeskov Andersen Holding ApS, which is the management company of the joint taxation purposes. Moreover, the group companies are jointly and severally liable for Danish withholding taxes by way of dividend tax, tax on royalty payments and tax on unearned income. Any subsequent adjustments of corporation taxes and withholding taxes may increase the Company's liability.



6. Accounting policies

The Annual Report of August Sandgren A/S for 2021 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected rules applying to reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Financial Statements for 2021 are presented in DKK.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Translation policies

Danish kroner is used as the presentation currency. All other currencies are regarded as foreign currencies.

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Exchange differences arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement. Where foreign exchange transactions are considered hedging of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Fixed assets acquired in foreign currencies are measured at the transaction date rates.

Income statement

Net sales

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the risks and rewards relating to the goods sold have been transferred to the purchaser, the revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that the economic benefits relating to the sale will flow to the Company.

Revenue is measured at the consideration received and is recognised exclusive of VAT and net of discounts relating to sales.

Expenses for raw materials and consumables

Expenses for raw materials and consumables comprise the raw materials and consumables consumed to achieve revenue for the year.



Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise expenses for premises, sales and as well as office expenses, etc.

Gross profit/loss

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross profit/loss is calculated as a summary of revenue, other operating income, expenses for raw materials and consumables and other external expenses.

Staff expenses

Staff costs include wages and salaries including compensated absence and pensions as well as other social security contributions etc. made to the entity's employees. The item is net of refunds made by public authorities.

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses comprise amortisation, depreciation and impairment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with . The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to Danish enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.

Balance sheet

Intangible fixed assets

Trademarks, development projects and licenses are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation. Trademarks, development projects and licenses are amortised on a straight-line basis over their useful lives, which is assessed at 20 years for trademarks, 5 years for development projects and 3 years for licenses.

Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost under the FIFO method and net realisable value.

The net realisable value of inventories is calculated at the amount expected to be generated by sale of the inventories in the process of normal operations with deduction of selling expenses and costs of completion. The net realisable value is determined allowing for marketability, obsolescence and development in expected selling price.

The cost of goods for resale equals landed cost.

The cost of finished goods comprises the cost of raw materials, consumables and direct labour.

Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.



Prepayments

Prepayments comprise prepaid expenses concerning rent, insurance premiums, subscriptions and interest.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carry-forwards, are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement or in equity if the deferred tax relates to items recognised in equity.

Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

Financial debts

Loans, such as loans from credit institutions, are recognised initially at the proceeds received net of transaction expenses incurred. Subsequently, the loans are measured at amortised cost; the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised as an interest expense in the income statement over the loan period.

Other debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

