

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR-nr. 33963556 City Tower, Værkmestergade 2 8000 Aarhus C

Phone 89 41 41 41 Fax 89 41 42 43 www.deloitte.dk

Lunar Holding ApS

Hack Kampmanns Plads 1, st. th. 8000 Aarhus C Business Registration No 36945745

Annual report 01.07.2017 - 30.06.2018

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 30.11.2018

Name: Ken Villum Guldbrandt Klausen

Chairman of the General Meeting

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Entity details

Entity

Lunar Holding ApS
Hack Kampmanns Plads 1, st. th.
8000 Aarhus C

Central Business Registration No (CVR): 36945745

Registered in: Aarhus

Financial year: 01.07.2017 - 30.06.2018

Board of Directors

Henning Kruse Petersen, chairman Ken Villum Guldbrandt Klausen Tuva Lo Palm Lars Andersen Gary Stephen Bramall

Executive Board

Ken Villum Guldbrandt Klausen

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab City Tower, Værkmestergade 2 8000 Aarhus C

Statement by Management on the annual report

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of Lunar Holding ApS for the financial year 01.07.2017 - 30.06.2018.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 30.06.2018 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.07.2017 - 30.06.2018.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Aarhus, 30.11.2018

Executive Board

Ken Villum Guldbrandt Klausen

Board of Directors

Henning Kruse Petersen Ken Villum Guldbrandt Klausen

Tuva Lo Palm

chairman

Lars Andersen Gary Stephen Bramall

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Lunar Holding ApS Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Lunar Holding ApS for the financial year 01.07.2017 - 30.06.2018, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 30.06.2018 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.07.2017 - 30.06.2018 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of matter regarding circumstances in the financial statements

We draw attention to note 2 stating that recognition and measurement of the Company's investments in group enterprises may be subject to uncertainty. Our opinion has not been modified with respect to this matter.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Independent auditor's report

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Independent auditor's report

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Aarhus, 30.11.2018

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Central Business Registration No (CVR) 33963556

Jacob Nørmark State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne30176

Management commentary

Primary activities

The primary activity is to hold shares in Lunar Way and in Lunar Way related companies.

Development in activities and finances

The platform has been launched in Denmark, and the Scandinavian roll-out is planned late 2018. The results and developments of the company are at level with the expectations.

Both current and new investors will fund the Company.

Uncertainty relating to recognition and measurement

Investments in group enterprises, recognised at DKK 76,384k in the financial statements, depend on the Group's ability to carry out the founding round in Q1 2019 as planned.

Management expects the founding round to be carried out as planned and has therefore not found any indications of impairment of the Company's investments in group enterprises.

This, however, may be subject to uncertainty.

Events after the balance sheet date

After the balance sheet date, it has been decided to change the financial fiscal year from July / June to January / December, this will apply for all of the companies within the group. First financial fiscal year after the change will be December 31th 2018.

In addition, there have been no events after the balance sheet date until this date, which will affect the evaluation of this annual report.

Income statement for 2017/18

		2017/18	2016/17
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Other external expenses		(28.032)	(20.635)
Operating profit/loss		(28.032)	(20.635)
Other financial income	3	271.899	450.000
Other financial expenses	4	(146.993)	(79.147)
Profit/loss before tax		96.874	350.218
Tax on profit/loss for the year	5	(21.312)	(66.910)
Profit/loss for the year		75.562	283.308
Proposed distribution of profit/loss			
Retained earnings	_	75.562	283.308
	_	75.562	283.308

Balance sheet at 30.06.2018

		2017/18	2016/17
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Investments in group enterprises		76.383.512	44.383.113
Fixed asset investments	6	76.383.512	44.383.113
Fixed assets		76.383.512	44.383.113
Other receivables		4.343	4.343
Income tax receivable	7	4.430.778	1.988.000
Receivables		4.435.121	1.992.343
Cash		19.428	6.984.087
Current assets		4 454 540	9 076 420
Current assets		4.454.549	8.976.430
Assets		80.838.061	53.359.543

Balance sheet at 30.06.2018

	Notes	2017/18 DKK	2016/17 DKK
Contributed capital	8	244.460	244.460
Retained earnings		49.738.735	49.663.173
Equity		49.983.195	49.907.633
Subordinate loan capital	9	9.092.116	0
Payables to shareholders and management	10	15.793.634	0
Joint taxation contribution payable		3.466.000	1.119.910
Other payables		1.427.000	1.387.000
Non-current liabilities other than provisions		29.778.750	2.506.910
Trade payables		23.116	10.000
Joint taxation contribution payable		1.053.000	935.000
Current liabilities other than provisions		1.076.116	945.000
Liabilities other than provisions		30.854.866	3.451.910
Equity and liabilities		80.838.061	53.359.543
Uncertainty relating to recognition and measurement Staff costs Contingent liabilities	1 2 11		

Statement of changes in equity for 2017/18

	Contributed capital DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	244.460	49.663.173	49.907.633
Profit/loss for the year	0	75.562	75.562
Equity end of year	244.460	49.738.735	49.983.195

Notes

1. Uncertainty relating to recognition and measurement

Investments in group enterprises, recognised at DKK 76,384k in the financial statements, depend on the Group's ability to carry out the founding round in Q1 2019 as planned.

Management expects the founding round to be carried out as planned and has therefore not found any indications of impairment of the Company's investments in group enterprises.

This, however, may be subject to uncertainty.

	2017/18	2016/17
2. Staff costs		
Average number of employees	<u> </u>	
	2017/18	2016/17
	DKK	DKK
3. Other financial income		
Financial income arising from group enterprises	271.899	450.000
	271.899	450.000
	2017/18	2016/17
	-	2016/17
	DKK	DKK
4. Other financial expenses		
Financial expenses from group enterprises	0	25.220
Other interest expenses	146.993	53.927
	146.993	79.147
	2017/18	2016/17
	DKK	DKK
5. Tax on profit/loss for the year		
Current tax	21.312	66.910
	21.312	66.910

Notes

	Invest- ments in group
	enterprises
C. Fixed accept investments	DKK _
6. Fixed asset investments	
Cost beginning of year	44.383.113
Additions	32.000.399
Cost end of year	76.383.512
Carrying amount end of year	76.383.512

Of the year's cost price approaches of DKK 32,000k relates to DKK 30,962k grants granted to the company's subsidiaries.

			Equity
		Corpo-	inte-
		rate	rest
	Registered in	form	%
Investments in group enterprises comprise:			
Lunar Way A/S	Aarhus	A/S	100,0
Lunar Card A/S	Aarhus	A/S	100,0
Lunar af 27. juni 2018 A/S	Aarhus	A/S	100,0
Lunar Way AB	Stockholm	AB	100,0

7. Income tax receivable

Income tax receivable, which is recerivable in the balance sheet at DKK 4,430,778, relates to the income years 2017 and 2018.

Excess income tax relating to the income year 2018 amounts to DKK 3,444,688, which does not fall due until 20.11.2019

		Par value	Nominal value
	Number	DKK	DKK
8. Contributed capital			
A-share	125.000	1	125.000
B-share	119.460	1 _	119.460
	244.460	_	244.460

Notes

9. Subordinate loan capital

Subordinated loan capital comprises convertible debt instruments which are due after 30.06.2019. Convertible debt instruments yield interest at 12.5% p.a.

10. Payables to shareholders and management

Payables to shareholders and management includes convertible debt instruments which are due for payment after 30.06.2019. Convertible debt instruments yield interest at 12.5% p.a.

11. Contingent liabilities

Contingent liabilities to the subsiduaries

The Company has issued a letter of support to the subsidiaries, Lunar Way A/S and Lunar Card A/S, for the period until 31 May 2019.

Contingent liabilities to third parties

The Entity serves as the administration company in a Danish joint taxation arrangement. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities, and for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for these entities.

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year, however, other debts amount to DKK 1,387k. reclassified from current liabilities to long-term liabilities.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the rate in effect at the payment date, or the rate at the balance sheet date, are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Income statement

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office suplies, marketing costs etc.

Other financial income

Other financial income comprises interest income on receivables from group enterprises.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises.

Accounting policies

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Entity is jointly taxed with the other Danish group enterprises. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with arefund concerning tax losses).

Balance sheet

Investments in group enterprises

Investments in group enterprises are measured at cost. Investments are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

Income tax payable or receivable

Current tax payable or receivable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax computed on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.

Cash

Cash comprises bank deposits.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

Joint taxation contributions payable or receivable

Current joint taxation contributions receivable or joint taxation contributions payable are recognised in the balance sheet, calculated as tax computed on the taxable income of the year, which has been adjusted for prepaid tax. For tax losses, joint taxation contributions receivable are only recognised if such losses are expected to be used under the joint taxation arrangement.