



# Activity Stream ApS

Klausdalsbrovej 601  
2750 Ballerup  
Denmark

CVR no. 36 92 00 25

## Annual report 2019

The annual report was presented and approved at  
the Company's annual general meeting on

12 June 2020

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chairman

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**Activity Stream ApS**  
Annual report 2019  
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## Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today discussed and approved the annual report of Activity Stream ApS for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2019.

The annual report, which has not been audited, is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2019 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2019.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Ballerup, 12 June 2020  
Executive Board:

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Einar Sævarsson

Board of Directors:

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Halldór Sigurjónsson  
Chairman

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Örn Valdimarsson

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Eggert Claessen

Management confirms that the Company fulfills the requirements to be exempt of audit.



## Auditor's report on the compilation of financial statements

### To the Management of Activity Stream ApS

We have compiled the financial statements of Activity Stream ApS for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2019 based on the Company's bookkeeping records and other information provided by you. The financial statements comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies.

We performed our work in accordance with ISRS 4410 *Engagements to Compile Financial Statements*.

We have applied our professional expertise in accounting and financial reporting to assist you in the preparation and presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. We have complied with the independence and other ethical requirements of the IESBA Codes of Ethics, which is based on fundamental principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care.

These financial statements and the accuracy and completeness of the information used to compile them are your responsibility.

Since a compilation engagement is not an assurance engagement, we are not required to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information you provided to us to compile these financial statements. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or a review conclusion as to whether these financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Copenhagen, 12 June 2020

**KPMG**

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR no. 25 57 81 98

Morten Høgh-Petersen  
State Authorised  
Public Accountant  
mne34283

**Activity Stream ApS**  
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## Management's review

### Company details

Activity Stream ApS  
Klausdalsbrovej 601  
2750 Ballerup  
Denmark

CVR no.:	36 92 00 25
Established:	11 June 2015
Registered office:	Ballerup
Financial year:	1 January – 31 December

### Board of Directors

Halldór Sigurjónsson, Chairman  
Örn Valdimarsson  
Eggert Claessen

### Executive Board

Einar Sævarsson

### Auditor

KPMG  
Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab  
Dampfærgevej 28  
DK-2100 Copenhagen  
Denmark

## Management's review

### Operating review

#### Principal activities

Activity Stream ApS is engaged in the development and maintenance of software, webpages and other related activities.

#### Development in activities and financial position

##### *Loss for the year*

The Company's income statement for 2019 shows a loss of DKK 11,423 thousand as against a loss of DKK 10,665 thousand for 2018. The loss was negatively affected by amortisation of intangible assets of DKK 14,512 thousand during the year under review.

Equity in the Company's balance sheet at 31 December 2019 stood at DKK 28,488 thousand as against DKK 39,911 thousand at 31 December 2018.

The Company has capitalised development projects with a carrying amount of DKK 56,551 thousand at 31 December 2019 compared to DKK 47,863 thousand at 31 December 2018.

The Company had a solvency ratio of 45.8% at 31 December 2019 as against 73.5% at 31 December 2018.

#### Outlook

On 11 March 2020, COVID-19 was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization, and most governments are taking restrictive measures to contain its further spread affecting the free movement of people and goods.

These events, which occurred subsequent to the balance sheet date, together are material without requiring any adjustments in these financial statements.

While no material effects on the Company's financial position or results of operations have yet been identified at the date of these financial statements, Management will continue to monitor and evaluate them during the 2020 financial year.

## Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

### Income statement

DKK'000	Note	2019	2018
<b>Gross profit</b>		2,575	2,620
Staff costs	2	-2,825	-2,731
Amortisation		-14,512	-9,821
<b>Operating loss</b>		-14,762	-9,932
Financial income		24	77
Financial expenses		0	-3,918
<b>Loss before tax</b>		-14,738	-13,773
Tax on loss for the year		3,315	3,108
<b>Loss for the year</b>		-11,423	-10,665
<b>Proposed distribution of loss</b>			
Retained earnings		-11,423	-10,665
		-11,423	-10,665

## Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

### Balance sheet

DKK'000	Note	<u>31/12 2019</u>	<u>31/12 2018</u>
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>Fixed assets</b>			
<b>Intangible assets</b>			
Completed development projects		56,551	47,863
Acquired patents		<u>296</u>	<u>400</u>
		<u>56,847</u>	<u>48,263</u>
<b>Investments</b>			
Equity investments in group entities		<u>26</u>	<u>26</u>
<b>Total fixed assets</b>		<u>56,873</u>	<u>48,289</u>
<b>Current assets</b>			
<b>Receivables</b>			
Trade receivables		290	314
Other receivables		16	99
Corporation tax		4,737	5,315
Prepayments		<u>21</u>	<u>12</u>
		<u>5,064</u>	<u>5,740</u>
<b>Cash at bank and in hand</b>		<u>255</u>	<u>263</u>
<b>Total current assets</b>		<u>5,319</u>	<u>6,003</u>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>		<u><u>62,192</u></u>	<u><u>54,292</u></u>



## Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

### Balance sheet

DKK'000	Note	31/12 2019	31/12 2018
<b>EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>Equity</b>			
Contributed capital		122	122
Reserve for development costs		43,445	36,478
Retained earnings		<u>-15,079</u>	<u>3,311</u>
<b>Total equity</b>		<u>28,488</u>	<u>39,911</u>
<b>Provisions</b>			
Provisions for deferred tax		<u>11,180</u>	<u>9,758</u>
<b>Total provisions</b>		<u>11,180</u>	<u>9,758</u>
<b>Liabilities other than provisions</b>			
<b>Current liabilities other than provisions</b>			
Trade payables		1,617	13
Payables to group entities		16,399	3,840
Other payables		4,465	770
Deferred income		<u>43</u>	<u>0</u>
		<u>22,524</u>	<u>4,623</u>
<b>Total liabilities other than provisions</b>		<u>22,524</u>	<u>4,623</u>
<b>TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>		<u>62,192</u>	<u>54,292</u>
<b>Contractual obligations, contingencies, etc.</b>	3		

## Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

### Statement of changes in equity

DKK'000	<u>Contributed capital</u>	<u>Reserve for development costs</u>	<u>Retained earnings</u>	<u>Total</u>
Equity at 1 January 2019	122	36,478	3,311	39,911
Transfers, reserves	0	6,967	-6,967	0
Transferred over the distribution of loss	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>-11,423</u>	<u>-11,423</u>
<b>Equity at 31 December 2019</b>	<u>122</u>	<u>43,445</u>	<u>-15,079</u>	<u>28,488</u>

## **Financial statements 1 January – 31 December**

### **Notes**

#### **1 Accounting policies**

The annual report of Activity Stream ApS for 2019 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applying to reporting class B entities under the Danish Financial Statements Act with opt-in of specific provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

#### **Foreign currency translation**

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the latest financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

### **Income statement**

#### **Gross profit**

Pursuant to Section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the Company has decided only to disclose gross profit.

#### **Revenue**

Revenue from the sale of services, comprising sale of software and maintenance, is recognised on a straight-line basis in the income statement as the services are provided.

Services based on time spent are recognised in revenue as the work is performed.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the agreed consideration excluding VAT and taxes charged on behalf of third parties. All discounts granted are recognised in revenue.

#### **Cost of sales**

Cost of sales comprises costs incurred to generate revenue for the year.

#### **Other external costs**

Other external costs comprise distribution costs and costs related to sales, sales campaigns, administration, office premises, etc.

## Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

### Notes

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

##### Staff costs

Staff costs comprise wages and salaries, including holiday allowance, pension and other social security costs, etc., to the Company's employees, including subtraction of refunds from public authorities.

##### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses comprise interest income and expense, payables and transactions denominated in foreign currencies as well as surcharges and refunds under the on-account tax scheme, etc.

##### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year comprises current corporation tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, including changes in tax rates. The tax expense relating to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, and the tax expense relating to amounts directly recognised in equity is recognised directly in equity.

### Balance sheet

#### Intangible assets

##### *Development projects*

Development costs comprise costs, wages, salaries and amortisation directly and indirectly attributable to development activities.

Development projects that are clearly defined and identifiable, where the technical feasibility, sufficient resources and a potential future market or development opportunities are evidenced, and where the Company intends to produce, market or use the project, are recognised as intangible assets provided that the cost can be measured reliably and that there is sufficient assurance that future earnings can cover production costs, selling costs and administrative expenses as well development costs. Other development costs are recognised in the income statement as incurred.

Development costs recognised in the balance sheet are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses.

Upon completion of development work, development costs are amortised on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives. The amortisation period is usually five years.

##### *Acquired patents*

Acquired patents are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Patents are amortised on a straight-line basis over the remaining life of the patent, and licences are amortised over the contract period, however, not exceeding seven years.

## Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

### Notes

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

##### Equity investments in group entities

Equity investments in group entities are measured at cost. In case of indication of impairment, an impairment test is conducted. When the cost exceeds the recoverable amount, write-down is made to this lower value.

##### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

Write-down is made for bad debt losses where there is an objective indication that a receivable or a portfolio of receivables has been impaired. If there is an objective indication that an individual receivable has been impaired, write-down is made on an individual basis.

##### Prepayments

Prepayments comprise prepayment of costs incurred relating to subsequent financial years.

##### Equity

###### *Reserve for development costs*

The reserve for development costs comprises capitalised development costs. The reserve cannot be used for dividend, distribution or to cover losses. If the recognised development costs are sold or in other ways excluded from the Company's operations, the reserve will be dissolved and transferred directly to the distributable reserves under equity. If the recognised development costs are written down, the part of the reserve corresponding to the write-down of the developments costs will be reversed. If a write-down of development costs is subsequently reversed, the reserve will be re-established. The reserve is reduced by amortisation of capitalised development costs on an ongoing basis.

##### Corporation tax and deferred tax

Current tax payable and receivable is recognised in the balance sheet as tax computed on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income of prior years and for tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax value of assets and liabilities based on the planned use of the asset or settlement of the liability. However, deferred tax is not recognised on temporary differences relating to goodwill non-deductible for tax purposes and on office premises and other items where the temporary differences arise at the date of acquisition without affecting either profit/loss or taxable income.

Deferred tax is measured in accordance with the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Changes in deferred tax as a result of changes in tax rates are recognised in the income statement or equity, respectively.

##### Liabilities other than provisions

Liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

## Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

### Notes

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

##### Deferred income

Deferred income comprises advance invoicing regarding income in subsequent years.

#### 2 Staff costs

DKK'000	2019	2018
Wages and salaries	2,538	2,433
Pensions	226	232
Other social security costs	17	8
Other staff costs	44	58
	<u>2,825</u>	<u>2,731</u>
Average number of full-time employees	<u>4</u>	<u>3</u>

#### 3 Contractual obligations, contingencies, etc.

The Company has entered into operating leases with a remaining term of three months totalling DKK 10 thousand.