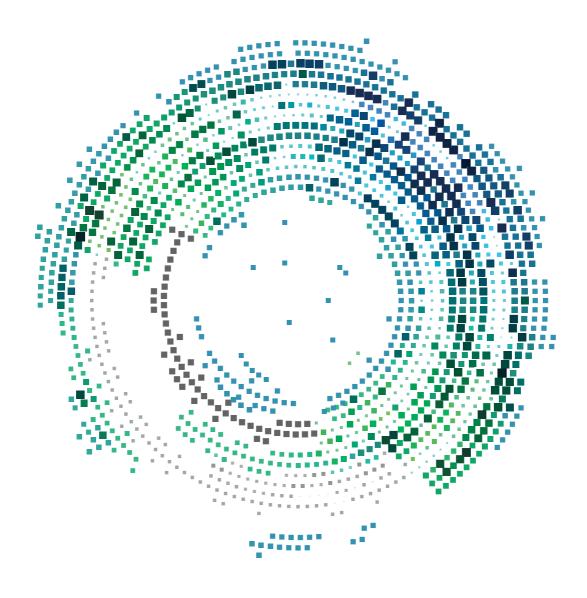
# Deloitte.



# Copenhagen Offshore Partners A/S

Amerika Plads 29, st. 2100 Copenhagen CVR No. 36914793

## Annual report 2021

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 30.06.2022

## **Lennart Flemming Meineche**

Chairman of the General Meeting

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# **Entity details**

#### **Entity**

Copenhagen Offshore Partners A/S Amerika Plads 29, st. 2100 Copenhagen

Business Registration No.: 36914793

Registered office: Copenhagen

Financial year: 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021

#### **Board of Directors**

Elisabeth Scheinemann Rikke Stryhn Pedersen Lennart Flemming Meineche

#### **Executive Board**

Henrik Scheinemann Lars Thaaning Pedersen Thorbjørn Nordvang Mejdahl Lund-Poulsen

#### **Auditors**

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Weidekampsgade 6 2300 Copenhagen S

# **Statement by Management**

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of Copenhagen Offshore Partners A/S for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2021 and of the results of its operations and cash flows for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 30.06.2022

**Executive Board** 

Henrik Scheinemann Lars Thaaning Pedersen

Thorbjørn Nordvang Mejdahl Lund-Poulsen

**Board of Directors** 

**Elisabeth Scheinemann** 

**Rikke Stryhn Pedersen** 

**Lennart Flemming Meineche** 

## Independent auditor's report

#### To the shareholders of Copenhagen Offshore Partners A/S

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Copenhagen Offshore Partners A/S for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity, cash flow statement and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2021 and of the results of its operations and cash flows for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence
  that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
  material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
  involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 30.06.2022

#### Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No. 33963556

#### Michael Thorø Larsen

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne35823

#### **Anders Houmann**

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne46265

## **Management commentary**

#### **Financial highlights**

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
	DKK'000	DKK'000	DKK'000	DKK'000	DKK'000
Key figures					
Gross profit/loss	120,329	99,639	115,023	23,342	10,090
Operating profit/loss	90,689	67,469	45,648	9,951	4,379
Net financials	(1,877)	(3,750)	178	(265)	(40)
Profit/loss for the year	66,662	52,204	31,943	6,781	3,373
Total assets	188,514	175,605	118,967	44,717	40,100
Equity	109,519	89,021	39,023	7,284	3,873
Ratios					
Return on equity (%)	67.15	81.54	137.96	121.56	99.21
Equity ratio (%)	58.10	50.69	32.80	16.29	9.66

Financial highlights are defined and calculated in accordance with the current version of "Recommendations & Ratios" issued by the CFA Society Denmark.

#### Return on equity (%):

Profit/loss for the year \* 100

Average equity

#### Equity ratio (%):

**Equity \* 100** 

**Total assets** 

#### **Primary activities**

COP A/S provides consultancy services for the development and construction of offshore wind farms and energy islands. Services are mainly within project management, procurement, permitting, business case evaluation and technical advisory.

#### **Development in activities and finances**

Despite COVID-19 all projects have been progressing as planned. Profit for the year is DKK 67 million compared to DKK 52 million in 2020, and is considered satisfactory. Financial performance has been in accordance with the forecast for the period and is not impacted by value adjustments of assets or special items not relating to COP's primary activity.

#### Profit/loss for the year in relation to expected developments

The growth in 2021 has, as per our expectations, been in line with growth in 2020.

#### **Outlook**

The investment outlook in the offshore wind industry is good, however competition is picking up as other players are entering this attractive market. Growth outlook for 2022 is unchanged and expected to be at same level as growth in 2021.

The impact of the war in Ukraine will not have a predictable impact on the forecast for 2022 as we have no business in the region directly impacted or plans to develop projects in the region.

#### **Foreign branches**

Activity has increased significantly across all regions. Besides the well-established activities in Northern Europe, AsiaPacific and North America; new branches are also being established in Southern Europe (Italy, France and Greece) as well as in South America (Brazil), due to increased market activity in these regions.

#### **Events after the balance sheet date**

Russia's invasion of Ukraine has taken place after the end of the reporting period. This war is not expected to have a direct negative impact on the financial performance of COP A/S, however investment level and supply chains for offshore wind can be negatively impacted, which could result in reduced or delayed revenue for COP A/S.

No events materially affecting the Group's financial position on December 31, 2021 have occurred after the balance sheet date.

## **Income statement for 2021**

		2021	2020
	Notes	DKK'000	DKK'000
Gross profit/loss		120,329	99,639
Administrative expenses		(29,640)	(32,170)
Operating profit/loss		90,689	67,469
Other financial income from group enterprises		0	5
Other financial income		1,414	377
Other financial expenses		(3,291)	(4,132)
Profit/loss before tax		88,812	63,719
Tax on profit/loss for the year	3	(22,150)	(11,515)
Profit/loss for the year	4	66,662	52,204

## **Balance sheet at 31.12.2021**

#### **Assets**

	Notes	2021 DKK'000	2020 DKK'000
Acquired intangible assets		100	199
Intangible assets		100	199
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		0	176
Property, plant and equipment		0	176
Investments in group enterprises		6,726	6,644
Receivables from group enterprises		678	678
Financial assets	5	7,404	7,322
Fixed assets		7,504	7,697
Trade receivables		76,595	36,231
Contract work in progress	6	32,143	16,350
Receivables from group enterprises		3,277	12,876
Receivables from participating interests		8	8
Deferred tax	7	2,246	1,427
Other receivables		22,904	21,398
Receivables		137,165	88,290
Cash		43,837	79,618
Current assets		181,002	167,908
Assets		188,514	175,605

### **Equity and liabilities**

		2021	2020
	Notes	DKK'000	DKK'000
Contributed capital		500	500
Translation reserve		9,643	(5,220)
Retained earnings		56,420	32,714
Proposed dividend		42,956	61,027
Equity		109,519	89,021
Payables to group enterprises		492	0
Non-current liabilities other than provisions	8	492	0
Prepayments received from customers		10,457	7,442
Trade payables		6,331	1,845
Payables to group enterprises		17,582	15,078
Payables to shareholders and management		5,788	5,512
Tax payable		6,510	12,696
Other payables		31,835	44,011
Current liabilities other than provisions		78,503	86,584
Liabilities other than provisions		78,995	86,584
Equity and liabilities		188,514	175,605
E	4		
Events after the balance sheet date	1		
Staff costs	2		
Transactions with related parties	10		
Group relations	11		

# **Statement of changes in equity for 2021**

	Contributed capital DKK'000	Translation reserve DKK'000	Retained earnings DKK'000	Proposed dividend DKK'000	Total DKK'000
Equity beginning of year	500	(5,220)	32,714	61,027	89,021
Ordinary dividend paid	0	0	0	(61,027)	(61,027)
Exchange rate adjustments	0	14,863	0	0	14,863
Profit/loss for the year	0	0	23,706	42,956	66,662
Equity end of year	500	9,643	56,420	42,956	109,519

Exchange rate adjustments is regarding transactions in foreign branches.

## **Cash flow statement for 2021**

	Notes	2021 DKK'000	2020 DKK'000
Operating profit/loss	110103	90,689	67,469
Working capital changes	9	(44,269)	(21,284)
Other adjustments		(2,957)	2,892
Cash flow from ordinary operating activities		43,463	49,077
Financial income received		1,414	100
Financial expenses paid		(3,291)	(4,132)
Taxes refunded/(paid)		(16,409)	0
Cash flows from operating activities		25,177	45,045
Acquisition etc of intangible assets		0	(299)
Sale of property, plant and equipment		151	0
Acquisition of enterprises		(82)	(636)
Cash flows from investing activities		69	(935)
Free cash flows generated from operations and investments before financing		25,246	44,110
Dividend paid		(61,027)	(3,376)
Cash flows from financing activities		(61,027)	(3,376)
Increase/decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(35,781)	40,734
Cash and cash equivalents beginning of year		79,618	38,884
Cash and cash equivalents end of year		43,837	79,618
Cash and cash equivalents at year-end are composed of:			
Cash		43,837	79,618
Cash and cash equivalents end of year		43,837	79,618

## **Notes**

#### 1 Events after the balance sheet date

No events with significant impact on the financial statements have occurred subsequent to 31 December 2021

#### 2 Staff costs

	2021 DKK'000	2020 DKK'000
Wages and salaries	109,764	-
Pension costs	9,534	
Other social security costs	1,558	
	120,856	
Average number of full-time employees	103	56
	Remuneration	Remuneration
	of	of
	Management	_
	2021 DKK'000	2020 DKK'000
Executive Board	7,297	
Board of Directors	27	26
	7,324	6,944
3 Tax on profit/loss for the year		
	2021 DKK'000	2020 DKK'000
Current tax	24,138	14,909
Change in deferred tax	(639)	(256)
Adjustment concerning previous years	(1,349)	(3,138)
	22,150	11,515
4 Proposed distribution of profit and loss		
	2021 DKK'000	2020 DKK'000
Ordinary dividend for the financial year	42,956	61,027
Retained earnings	23,706	(8,823)

66,662

52,204

2,246

1,427

## Financial a

**End of year** 

5 Financial assets				
		lı	nvestments in	Receivables
			group	from group
			enterprises DKK'000	enterprises DKK'000
Cost beginning of year			6,644	678
Additions			82	0
Cost end of year			6,726	678
Carrying amount end of year			6,726	678
		F		
		Equity interest	Equity	Profit/loss
Investments in subsidiaries	Registered in	%	DKK'000	DKK'000
Copenhagen Offshore Partners Australia PTY LTD	Australia	100.00	973	(564)
Copenhagen Offshore Partners Japan LLC	Japan	100.00	1,303	66
Copenhagen Offshore Partners Inc.	USA	100.00	5,070	2,594
Copenhagen Offshore Partners Vietnam Company Limited	Vietnam	100.00	1,031	315
Copenhagen Offshore Partners Korea CO.,LTD	Korea	100.00	5,079	635
COP EmpCo 2021 ApS	Denmark	100.00	(16)	(56)
6 Contract work in progress				
			2021 DKK'000	2020 DKK'000
Contract work in progress			42,140	16,350
Progress billings regarding contract work in pr	ogress		(9,997)	0
			32,143	16,350
7 Deferred tax				
Changes during the year			2021 DKK'000	2020 DKK'000
Beginning of year			1,427	1,171
Recognised in the income statement			819	256
necoonsea in the meditic statement			013	230

#### **Deferred tax assets**

Deferred tax is temporary differences on bonus provision, intangible assets, property, plant and equipment.

#### 8 Non-current liabilities other than provisions

	Due after more than 12 months 2021 DKK'000	Outstanding after 5 years 2021 DKK'000
Payables to group enterprises	492 <b>492</b>	492 <b>492</b>
9 Changes in working capital	2021 DKK'000	2020 DKK'000
Increase/decrease in receivables	(48,890)	(15,228)
Increase/decrease in trade payables etc	4,621 <b>(44,269)</b>	(6,056) <b>(21,284)</b>

#### 10 Transactions with related parties

All transactions with related parties in the financial year have been on arm's length basis.

#### **11 Group relations**

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the largest group: COP HoldCo ApS, Amerika Plads 29, 2. 2100 København  $\emptyset$ 

## **Accounting policies**

#### **Reporting class**

This annual report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class C enterprises (medium).

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

Reporting currency is Danish Kroner (DKK)

The financial statements include the Company branch in Taiwan, UK, Italy and Greece, which is consolidated line by line in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements act.

#### **Consolidated financial statements**

Referring to section 112(2) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no consolidated financial statements have been prepared.

#### **Recognition and measurement**

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

#### **Income statement**

#### **Gross profit or loss**

Gross profit or loss comprises revenue, production costs and other operating income.

#### Revenue

Revenue from sale of service is recognized in the income statement as the service are rendered, implying that the revenue corresponds to the marked value of the service rendered in the year.

Contract work in progress is included in revenue based on the stage of completion so that revenue corresponds to the selling price of the work performed in the financial year.

#### **Production costs**

Production costs comprise expenses incurred to earn revenue for the financial year. Production costs comprise direct and indirect costs for wages and salaries, rent and lease, and amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses relating to intangible assets and property, plant and equipment included in the production process. In addition, the item includes ordinary write-down of inventories.

#### **Administrative expenses**

Administrative expenses comprise expenses incurred for the Entity's administrative functions, including wages and salaries for administrative staff and Management, stationery and office supplies, and amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses relating to intangible assets and property, plant and equipment used for administration of the Entity.

#### Other operating income

Other operating income comprises income of a secondary nature as viewed in relation to the Entity's primary activities.

#### Other financial income from group enterprises

Other financial income from group enterprises comprises interest income etc on receivables from group enterprises.

#### Other financial income

Other financial income comprises including interest income on receivables from group enterprises, net capital or exchange gains on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets, and tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

#### Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, net capital or exchange losses on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial liabilities, and tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

#### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity. Tax on profit/loss for the year includes tax in Taiwan.

#### **Balance sheet**

#### Intellectual property rights etc

Intellectual property rights etc comprise acquired intellectual property rights for intangible assets.

Intellectual property rights acquired are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation. Patents are amortised on a straight-line basis over their remaining duration, and licences are amortised over the term of the agreement.

Intellectual property rights etc are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

#### Property, plant and equipment

Land and buildings, plant and machinery, and other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Land is not depreciated.

Cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition and preparation costs of the

asset until the time when it is ready to be put into operation.

The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life. Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment

3-5 years

Items of property, plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

#### Investments in group enterprises

Investments in group enterprises are measured at cost. Investments are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

#### **Receivables**

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value, less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

#### **Contract work in progress**

Contract work in progress is measured at the selling price of the work carried out at the balance sheet date.

The selling price is measured based on the stage of completion and the total estimated income from the individual contracts in progress.

Each contract in progress is recognised in the balance sheet under receivables or liabilities other than provisions, depending on whether the net value, calculated as the selling price less prepayments received, is positive or negative.

Costs of sales work and of securing contracts, and finance costs are recognised in the income statement as incurred.

#### **Deferred** tax

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

#### Cash

Cash comprises cash in bank deposits.

#### **Dividend**

Dividend is recognised as a liability at the time of adoption at the general meeting. Proposed dividend for the financial year is disclosed as a separate item in equity.

#### Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

#### **Prepayments received from customers**

Prepayments received from customers comprise amounts received from customers prior to delivery of the goods agreed or completion of the service agreed.

#### Tax receivable or payable

Current tax receivable or payable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax computed on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.

#### **Cash flow statement**

The cash flow statement shows cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities, and cash and cash equivalents at the beginning and the end of the financial year.

Cash flows from operating activities are presented using the indirect method and calculated as the operating profit/loss adjusted for non-cash operating items, working capital changes, and financial income, financial expenses and income tax paid.

Cash flows from investing activities comprise payments in connection with activities and fixed asset investments, and purchase, development, improvement and sale, etc. of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

Cash flows from financing activities comprise changes in the size or composition of the contributed capital and related costs, and the raising of loans, repayments of interest-bearing debt, including lease liabilities, purchase of treasury shares and payment of dividend.

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and short-term securities with an insignificant price risk less short-term bank loans.