# CMNRE VBG80 HoldCo ApS

c/o Keystone Investment Management A/S, Havnegade 39, DK-1058 Copenhagen K

# Annual Report for 1 January - 31 December 2016

CVR No 36 89 22 93

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company on 12/5 2017

Morten Sennecker Schultz Chairman



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### **Management's Statement**

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Annual Report of CMNRE VBG80 HoldCo ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2016.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2016 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2016.

In our opinion, Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the Review.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 12 May 2017

#### **Executive Board**

Morten Sennecker Schultz CEO

### **Board of Directors**

Torsten Bjerregaard Juha Salokoski Mika Matikainen Chairman

Morten Sennecker Schultz



### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Shareholder of CMNRE VBG80 HoldCo ApS

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2016 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2016 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of CMNRE VBG80 HoldCo ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2016, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("the Financial Statements").

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financials Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.



### **Independent Auditor's Report**

### Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.



### **Independent Auditor's Report**

- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Hellerup, 12 May 2017 **PricewaterhouseCoopers** Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab *CVR No 33 77 12 31* 

Jesper Wiinholt State Authorised Public Accountant Maj-Britt Nørskov Nannestad State Authorised Public Accountant



# **Company Information**

The Company CMNRE VBG80 HoldCo ApS

c/o Keystone Investment Management A/S

Havnegade 39

DK-1058 Copenhagen K

CVR No: 36 89 22 93

Financial period: 1 January - 31 December

Incorporated: 11 May 2015

Financial year: 2nd financial year Municipality of reg. office: Copenhagen

**Board of Directors** Torsten Bjerregaard, Chairman

Juha Salokoski Mika Matikainen

Morten Sennecker Schultz

**Executive Board** Morten Sennecker Schultz, CEO

**Auditors** PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Strandvejen 44 DK-2900 Hellerup



# **Management's Review**

Financial Statements of CMNRE VBG80 HoldCo ApS for 2016 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected rules applying to reporting class C.

The Annual Report has been prepared under the same accounting policies as last year.

### **Main activity**

The purpose of the Company is to invest in subsidiaries, which acquire and run real estate properties.

### Development in the year

The income statement of the Company for 2016 shows a loss of DKK 5,655,564, and at 31 December 2016 the balance sheet of the Company shows equity of DKK 29,231,616.

### **Subsequent events**

No events materially affecting the assessment of the Annual Report have occurred after the balance sheet date.



# **Income Statement 1 January - 31 December**

Income from investments in subsidiaries Other external expenses	Note 1	2016 12 months DKK -5.593.205 -79.947	2015 8 months DKK 3.207.910 -1.370
Profit/loss before financial income and expenses		-5.673.152	3.206.540
Other financial income Other financial expenses Profit/loss before tax	2	1.917.162 -1.917.162 -5.673.152	1.088.391 -1.107.566 <b>3.187.365</b>
Tax on profit/loss for the year  Net profit/loss for the year	4	17.588 - <b>5.655.564</b>	3.652 3.191.017
Distribution of profit  Proposed distribution of profit			
Reserve for net revaluation under the equity method Retained earnings		-2.240.480 -3.415.084 -5.655.564	3.207.910 -16.893 <b>3.191.017</b>



# **Balance Sheet 31 December**

# Assets

	Note	2016	2015
		DKK	DKK
Investments in subsidiaries	5	29.210.868	35.771.503
Receivables from group enterprises		23.571.657	23.571.657
Fixed asset investments		52.782.525	59.343.160
Fixed assets		52.782.525	59.343.160
Receivables from group enterprises		3.005.553	1.088.391
Deferred tax asset		0	2.309
Corporation tax		19.897	1.343
Receivables		3.025.450	1.092.043
Cash at bank and in hand		65.236	98.630
Currents assets		3.090.686	1.190.673
Assets		55.873.211	60.533.833



# **Balance Sheet 31 December**

# Liabilities and equity

	Note	2016	2015
		DKK	DKK
Share capital		51.000	51.000
Reserve for net revaluation under the equity method		0	3.207.910
Retained earnings		29.180.616	32.595.700
Equity	6	29.231.616	35.854.610
Payables to group enterprises		26.330.496	24.432.506
Payables to associates		265.889	246.717
Long-term debt	7	26.596.385	24.679.223
Other payables		45.210	0
Short-term debt		45.210	0
Debt		26.641.595	24.679.223
Liabilities and equity		55.873.211	60.533.833
Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations	8		



# **Statement of Changes in Equity**

Reserve for net revaluation under the equity Retained Share capital method earnings Total DKK DKK DKK DKK Equity at 1 January 51.000 3.207.910 32.595.700 35.854.610 Fair value adjustment of hedging instruments, end of year 0 -967.430 -967.430 0 Net profit/loss for the year 0 -2.240.480 -5.655.564 -3.415.084 29.180.616 **Equity at 31 December** 51.000 0 29.231.616



# **Notes to the Financial Statements**

		2016 12 months	2015 8 months
1	Income from investments in subsidiaries	DKK	DKK
	Share of profits of subsidiaries	-5.593.205	3.207.910
		-5.593.205	3.207.910
2	Other financial income		
	Interest received from group enterprises	1.917.162	1.088.391
		1.917.162	1.088.391
3	Other financial expenses		
	Interest paid to group enterprises	1.917.162	1.107.566
		1.917.162	1.107.566
4	Tax on profit/loss for the year		
	Current tax for the year	-19.897	-1.343
	Deferred tax for the year	2.309	-2.309
		-17.588	-3.652



# **Notes to the Financial Statements**

		2016	2015
Investments in subsidiaries		DKK	DKK
Cost at 1 January		32.563.593	0
Additions for the year		0	32.563.593
Cost at 31 December		32.563.593	32.563.593
Value adjustments at 1 January		3.207.910	0
Net profit/loss for the year		-5.593.205	3.207.910
Fair value adjustment of hedging instrument	s for the year	-967.430	0
Value adjustments at 31 December		-3.352.725	3.207.910
Carrying amount at 31 December		29.210.868	35.771.503
Investments in subsidiaries are specified as	follows:		
	Place of registered		Votes and
Name	office	Share capital	ownership
CMNRE VBG80 PropCo ApS	Copenhagen	51.000	100%

# 6 Equity

The share capital is broken down as follow:

	Number	Nominal value
		DKK
A-shares	45.900	45.900
B-shares	5.100	5.100
		51.000



### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

### 7 Long-term debt

Payments due within 1 year are recognised in short-term debt. Other debt is recognised in long-term debt.

The debt falls due for payment as specified below:

	2016	2015
Payables to group enterprises	DKK	DKK
After 5 years	0	24.432.506
Between 1 and 5 years	26.330.496	0
Long-term part	26.330.496	24.432.506
Within 1 year	0	0
	26.330.496	24.432.506
Payables to associates		
After 5 years	0	246.717
Between 1 and 5 years	265.889	0
Long-term part	265.889	246.717
Within 1 year	0	0
	265.889	246.717

### 8 Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

### **Contingent liabilities**

The group companies are jointly and severally liable for tax on the jointly taxed income of the Group. Moreover, the group companies are jointly and severally liable for Danish withholding taxes by way of dividend tax, tax on royalty payments and tax on unearned income. Any subsequent adjustments of corporation taxes and withholding taxes may increase the Company's liability.

The Company has provided recurse guarantees for the subsidiary's bank loans. The subsidiary's bank loans amounts to kDKK 103,972.



### **Notes, Accounting Policies**

# **Basis of Preparation**

The Annual Report of CMNRE VBG80 HoldCo ApS for 2016 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected rules applying to reporting class C.

The order of the items of the income statement differs from the format prescribed by the Danish Financial Statements Act as the order has been adjusted to the nature of the Company's activities.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

Financial Statements for 2016 are presented in DKK.

### **Recognition and measurement**

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

### **Translation policies**

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Exchange differences arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

### **Income Statement**

### Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise sales and distribution as well as office expenses, etc.



### **Notes, Accounting Policies**

#### Income from investments in subsidiaries

The item "Income from investments in subsidiaries" in the income statement includes the proportionate share of the profit for the year.

### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with Danish group companies. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to Danish enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.

### **Balance Sheet**

#### Investments in subsidiaries and associates

Investments in subsidiaries and associates are recognised and measured under the equity method.

The items "Investments in subsidiaries" in the balance sheet include the proportionate ownership share of the net asset value of the enterprises calculated on the basis of the fair values of identifiable net assets at the time of acquisition with deduction or addition of unrealised intercompany profits or losses and with addition of any remaining value of positive differences (goodwill) and deduction of any remaining value of negative differences (negative goodwill).

The total net revaluation of investments in subsidiaries and associates is transferred upon distribution of profit to "Reserve for net revaluation under the equity method" under equity. The reserve is reduced by dividend distributed to the Parent Company and adjusted for other equity movements in subsidiaries and associates.

#### **Receivables**

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.



### **Notes, Accounting Policies**

#### Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carry-forwards, are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement.

#### Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

#### Financial debts

Financial debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

