

# **Flexray Medical ApS**

Lindholmsvej 10, 9400 Nørresundby

Company reg. no. 36 89 05 09

**Annual report** 

1 July 2016 - 30 June 2017

The annual report have been submitted and approved by the general meeting on the 25 September 2017.

Mads Vittrup
Chairman of the meeting





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Notes to users of the English version of this document:

<sup>•</sup> To ensure the greatest possible applicability of this document, British English terminology has been used.

<sup>•</sup> Please note that decimal points remain unchanged from the Danish version of the document. This means that for instance DKK 146.940 is the same as the English amount of DKK 146,940, and that 23,5 % is the same as the English 23.5 %.



## Management's report

The executive board has today presented the annual report of Flexray Medical ApS for the financial year 1 July 2016 to 30 June 2017.

The annual report has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We consider the accounting policies used appropriate, and in our opinion the annual accounts provide a true and fair view of the company's assets and liabilities and its financial position as on 30 June 2017 and of the company's results of its activities in the financial year 1 July 2016 to 30 June 2017.

The executive board considers the requirements of omission of audit of the annual accounts for 2017 as met.

We are of the opinion that the management's review includes a fair description of the issues dealt with.

The annual report is recommended for approval by the general meeting.

Nørresundby, 29 August 2017

#### **Executive board**

Mads Vittrup CEO & Partner Hassan El-Azzazi Director of Sales & Partner



## Auditor's report on compilation of the annual accounts

#### To the shareholders of Flexray Medical ApS

We have compiled the annual accounts of Flexray Medical ApS for the period 1 July 2016 to 30 June 2017 based on the bookkeeping of the company and on further information you have provided.

The annual accounts comprise the accounting policies used, profit and loss account, balance sheet and notes

We performed this engagement in accordance with ISRS 4410, Compilation Engagements.

We have applied our professional expertise to assist you in the preparation and presentation of the annual accounts in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. We have complied with relevant requirements of the Danish Act on Approved Auditors and Audit Firms and with ethical requirements of the Danish Institute of State Authorised Public Accountants, including principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care.

The annual accounts and the accuracy and completeness of the information used to compile them are your responsibility.

Since a compilation engagement is not an assurance engagement, we are not required to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information you provided to us to compile the annual accounts. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or a review conclusion on whether the annual accounts are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Aalborg, 29 August 2017

#### Redmark

State Authorised Public Accountants Company reg. no. 29 44 27 89

Jens Nørgaard
State Authorised Public Accountant



# **Company data**

**The company** Flexray Medical ApS

Lindholmsvej 10 9400 Nørresundby

Company reg. no. 36 89 05 09 Established: 5 May 2015 Domicile: Aalborg

Financial year: 1 July - 30 June

**Executive board** Mads Vittrup, CEO & Partner

Hassan El-Azzazi, Director of Sales & Partner

**Auditors** Redmark

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Hasseris Bymidte 6

9000 Aalborg

Bankers Danske Bank



# Management's review

# The principal activities of the company

The principal activities are sales of pre-owned and refurbished medical equipment, and related activities.

## **Development in activities and financial matters**

The management consider the results satisfactory.



The annual report for Flexray Medical ApS is presented in accordance with those regulations of the Danish Financial Statements Act concerning companies identified as class B enterprises.

The accounting policies used are unchanged compared to last year, and the annual accounts are presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

#### Recognition and measurement in general

Income is recognised in the profit and loss account concurrently with its realisation, including the recognition of value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. Likewise, all costs, these including depreciation, amortisation, writedown, provisions, and reversals which are due to changes in estimated amounts previously recognised in the profit and loss account are recognised in the profit and loss account.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when the company is liable to achieve future, financial benefits and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the company is liable to lose future, financial benefits and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

At the first recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Later, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

At recognition and measurement, such predictable losses and risks are taken into consideration, which may appear before the annual report is presented, and which concerns matters existing on the balance sheet date.

#### Translation of foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currency are translated by using the exchange rate prevailing at the date of the transaction. Differences in the rate of exchange arising between the rate at the date of transaction and the rate at the date of payment are recognised in the profit and loss account as an item under net financials.

Debtors, creditors, and other monetary items in foreign currency are translated by using the closing rate. The difference between the closing rate and the rate at the time of the occurrence or the recognition in the latest annual accounts of the amount owed or the liability is recognised in the profit and loss account under financial income and expenses.

Fixed assets and other non-monetary assets acquired in foreign currency and which are not considered to be investment assets purchased in foreign currencies are measured at the exchange rate on the transaction date.



In case the foreign group enterprises and associated enterprises meet the criteria for being independent units, the profit and loss accounts are translated by using an average exchange rate for the period in question, and the balance sheet items are translated by using the closing rate. Differences arising in connection with the translation of the equity of foreign group enterprises at the beginning of the year to the closing rate are recognised directly in the equity. The same goes for differences arising in connection with translation of the profit and loss accounts from average exchange rate to the closing rate.

At recognition of foreign group enterprises which are integrated units, the monetary items are translated by using the closing rate. Non monetary items are translated by using the exchange rate prevailing at the time of acquisition or at the time of the following depreciation or writedown of the asset. The items of the profit and loss account are translated by using the exchange rate prevailing at the date of the transaction. However, items in the profit and loss account deriving from non monetary items are translated by using historical prices.

Currency adjustment of balances with group enterprises abroad that are considered part of the total investment in group enterprises are recognised directly in the equity. Likewise, foreign exchange gains and losses on loans and derived financial instruments for currency hedging independent group enterprises abroad are recognised in the equity.

# The profit and loss account

#### **Gross profit**

The gross profit comprises the net turnover, changes in inventories of finished goods and work in progress, work performed for own purposes and capitalised, other operating income, and external costs.

The net turnover is recognised in the profit and loss account if delivery and risk transfer to the buyer have taken place before the end of the year, and if the income can be determined reliably and is expected to be received. The net turnover is recognised exclusive of VAT and taxes and with the deduction of any discounts granted in connection with the sale.

Costs of sales includes costs for the purchase of trade goods, discounts, and changes in inventories.

Other external costs comprise costs for distribution, sales, advertisement, administration, and premises.

#### **Staff costs**

Staff costs include salaries and wages including holiday allowances, pensions and other costs for social security etc. for staff members. Staff costs are less public reimbursements.

#### **Net financials**

Net financials include interest income, interest expenses, and realised and unrealised capital gainss. Net financials are recognised in the profit and loss account with the amounts concerning the financial year.



#### Tax of the results for the year

The tax for the year comprises the current tax for the year and the changes in deferred tax, and it is recognised in the profit and loss account with the share referring to the results for the year and directly in the equity with the share referring to entries directly on the equity.

#### The balance sheet

#### **Inventories**

Inventories are measured at cost on basis of the FIFO method. In case the net realisable value of the inventories is lower than the cost, writedown takes place to this lower value.

The cost for trade goods comprises the acquisition cost with the addition of the delivery costs.

The net realisable value for inventories is recognised as the market price with deduction of completion costs and selling costs. The net realisable value is determined taking into consideration the negotiability, obsolescence, and development of the expected market price.

#### **Debtors**

Debtors are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to face value. In order to meet expected losses, writedown takes place at the net realisable value.

#### Accrued income and deferred expenses

Accrued income and deferred expenses recognised under assets comprise incurred costs concerning the next financial year.

#### **Available funds**

Available funds comprise cash at bank and in hand.

#### Corporate tax and deferred tax

Current tax receivable and tax liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet at the amount calculated on the basis of the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on previous years' taxable income and prepaid taxes. Tax receivable and tax liabilities are set off to the extent that legal right of set-off exists and if the items are expected to be settled net or simultaneously.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of all temporary differences in assets and liabilities with a balance sheet focus.

Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rules and tax rates applying under the legislation on the balance sheet date and prevailing when the deferred tax is expected to be released as current tax.



#### Liabilities

Mortgage debt and bank debt are for instance measured at amortised cost. As to cash loans, this corresponds to the outstanding debt of the loan. For bond loans, the amortised cost corresponds to an outstanding debt calculated as the underlying cash value at the date of borrowing adjusted by amortisation of the market value adjustment on the date of the borrowing carried out over the repayment period.

Other liabilities are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.



# **Profit and loss account**

Amounts concerning 2017: DKK.

Amounts concerning 2016: DKK in thousands.

Note	<u>2</u>	1/7 2016 - 30/6 2017	5/5 2015 - 30/6 2016
	Gross profit	2.373.252	2.337
1	Staff costs	-1.288.892	-1.013
	Operating profit	1.084.360	1.324
	Other financial income	8.101	23
	Other financial costs	-32.743	-34
	Results before tax	1.059.718	1.313
	Tax on ordinary results	-254.946	-306
	Results for the year	804.772	1.007
	Proposed distribution of the results:		
	Allocated to results brought forward	804.772	1.007
	Distribution in total	804.772	1.007



# **Balance sheet 30 June**

Amounts concerning 2017: DKK.

Amounts concerning 2016: DKK in thousands.

#### Assets

Note	<u>e</u>	2017	2016
	Current assets		
	Manufactured goods and trade goods	0	48
	Prepayments for goods	335.000	0
	Inventories in total	335.000	48
	Trade debtors	492.212	452
	Other debtors	462.098	372
2	Amounts owed by owners and management	9.266	11
	Accrued income and deferred expenses	80.833	20
	Debtors in total	1.044.409	855
	Available funds	1.811.097	1.006
	Current assets in total	3.190.506	1.909
	Assets in total	3.190.506	1.909



# **Balance sheet 30 June**

Amounts concerning 2017: DKK.

Amounts concerning 2016: DKK in thousands.

# **Equity and liabilities**

<u>Note</u>	2017	2016
Equity		
Contributed capital	54.000	54
Results brought forward	1.811.809	1.007
Equity in total	1.865.809	1.061
Provisions		
Provisions for deferred tax	12.242	0
Provisions in total	12.242	0
Liabilities		
Bank debts	118.842	35
Trade creditors	906.785	485
Corporate tax	242.704	306
Other debts	44.124	22
Short-term liabilities in total	1.312.455	848
Liabilities in total	1.312.455	848
Equity and liabilities in total	3.190.506	1.909

# 3 Mortgage and securities

# 4 Contingencies



# Notes

Amounts concerning 2017: DKK.

Amounts concerning 2016: DKK in thousands.

Amo	unts concerning 2016: DKK in thousands.		
		1/7 2016 - 30/6 2017	5/5 2015 - 30/6 2016
1.	Staff costs		
	Salaries and wages	1.269.129	967
	Pension costs	3.200	0
	Other costs for social security	11.956	10
	Other staff costs	4.607	36
		1.288.892	1.013
	Average number of employees	2	2

## 2. Amounts owed by owners and management

	Amounts repaid during		
		the financial	Debtors in total
	Interest	year	30 June 2017
Category	rate	DKK	DKK
Executive board	10,05	9.266	9.266

# 3. Mortgage and securities

There are no mortgage and securities.

# 4. Contingencies

**Contingent liabilities** 

	DKK in
	tousands
Contingent liabilities in total	312.500