SkyBrands Holding A/S

Roskildevej 6, DK-7100 Vejle

Annual Report for 1 January - 31 December 2018

CVR No 36 71 53 24

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company on 27/2 2019

Jens Jørgen Hahn-Petersen Chairman of the General Meeting



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Management's Statement

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Annual Report of SkyBrands Holding A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2018.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements and the Consolidated Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2018 of the Company and the Group and of the results of the Company and Group operations and of consolidated cash flows for 2018.

In our opinion, Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the Review.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Vejle, 27 February 2019

Executive Board

Jens Jørgen Hahn-Petersen

Board of Directors

Peter Ryttergaard Chairman Rasmus Philip Buhl Lokvig

Lasse Hadberg Lynge

Vilhelm Eigil Hahn-Petersen



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholders of SkyBrands Holding A/S

Opinion

In our opinion, the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and the Parent Company at 31 December 2018 and of the results of the Group's and the Parent Company's operations and of consolidated cash flows for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2018 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements of SkyBrands Holding A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2018, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies, for both the Group and the Parent Company, as well as consolidated statement of cash flows ("the Financial Statements").

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financials Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.



Independent Auditor's Report

Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Group or the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
 material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's and the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the



Independent Auditor's Report

audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Trekantområdet, 27 February 2019 **PricewaterhouseCoopers** Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab *CVR No 33 77 12 31*

Lars Almskou Ohmeyer state authorized public accountant mne24817 John Lindholm Bode state authorized public accountant mne32840



Company Information

The Company SkyBrands Holding A/S

Roskildevej 6 DK-7100 Vejle

CVR No: 36 71 53 24

Financial period: 1 January - 31 December

Municipality of reg. office: Vejle

Board of Directors Peter Ryttergaard, Chairman

Rasmus Philip Buhl Lokvig

Lasse Hadberg Lynge

Vilhelm Eigil Hahn-Petersen

Executive Board Jens Jørgen Hahn-Petersen

Auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Herredsvej 32 DK-7100 Vejle



Financial Highlights

Seen over a four-year period, the development of the Group is described by the following financial highlights:

	Group			
	2018	2017	2016	2015
	(12 months)	(12 months)	(12 months)	(8,5 months)
	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK
Key figures				
Profit/loss				
EBITDA	7,742	8,539	24,140	7,068
Operating profit/loss	-2,795	-2,009	14,085	903
Profit/loss before financial income and expenses	-2,837	-2,009	14,085	935
Net financials	-1,097	-9,788	-5,080	939
Net profit/loss for the year	-5,107	-13,245	4,400	550
Group profit/loss (pro forma)*				
Group Gross Profit	28,254	32,141	45,420	40,433
Group EBITDA	8,526	9,789	20,678	19,958
Group EBITDA before special items**	11,437	10,874	23,114	26,602
Balance sheet				
Balance sheet total	216,380	239,323	261,435	244,519
Equity	129,862	134,569	95,280	90,592
Cash flows				
Cash flows from:				
- operating activities	6,527	11,431	0	-14,864
- investing activities	110	433	0	-209,017
including investment in property, plant and equipment	-49	0	-467	-1,108
- financing activities	-9,257	-9,619	0	234,122
Change in cash and cash equivalents for the year	-2,620	2,245	0	10,241
Number of employees	22	25	22	16
Ratios				
Return on assets	-1.3%	-0.8%	5.4%	0.4%
Solvency ratio	60.0%	56.2%	36.4%	37.0%
Return on equity	-3.9%	-11.5%	4.7%	1.2%



Financial Highlights

- * Group profit/loss figures are adjusted for minorities in SkyBrands GmbH and DreamTex. Dreamtex is recognized in the figures until october 2017.
- ** Group EBITDA before special items is adjusted for one-off (non-recurring) items of exceptional or extraordinary nature

The ratios have been prepared in accordance with the recommendations and guidelines issued by the Danish Society of Financial Analysts. For definitions, see under accounting policies.

The comparative figures for the year 2015 comprise 8,5 months, and, consequently, they are not directly comparable the year after as they cover 12 months.



The Annual Report of SkyBrands Holding A/S ("SkyBrands" or the "Company") for the year of 2018 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class C. The provisions governing reporting class C are applied pursuant to the amended Danish Financial Statements Act.

The private equity fund CataCap K/S I indirectly owns 59% of the shares in the Company as a result of the acquisition in the fiscal year of 2015. CataCap is a member of DCVA. The Company has therefore chosen to follow the DCVA guidelines released in 2008, including the subsequent modifications, which can be found at DVCA's website http://www.dvca.dk. These guidelines recommend an extended coverage of several factors in the annual report, including corporate governance, financial risks, employee relations and strategy. As a private equity portfolio company, SkyBrands Holding must either follow the guidelines or explain why the recommendations, in whole or in part, are not followed.

Main activities

The main activity of the Company is to invest in, and own shares in companies and subsidiaries in the SkyBrands Group, which comprises SkyBrands A/S (headquartered in Denmark) and SkyBrands GmbH (headquartered in Germany) (collectively referred to as the "Group" or "SkyBrands").

The main business of the Group relates to commercial activities in branded home and apparel textile products. The Group designs, produces (through sub-suppliers) and sells branded home and apparel textile products, where brands are licensed from brand-owners such as Disney or Universal.

Development in the year

The income statement of the Group for 2018 shows a loss of TDKK 5,107, and at 31 December 2018 the balance sheet of the Group shows equity of TDKK 129,862.

The Group result for 2018 is not satisfactory and can among other factors be attributed to increased competition and price pressure in the market. Further contributing to the result is the continued investment in the distribution footprint outside the Nordics.

Special risks - market and financial

The Board of Directors of the Company and the Management of the Group continuously monitor both internal and external business risks. Below are the risks that has been assessed as being particularly important:



Market risks

The Group operates within the segments of home and apparel textiles. Generally, textile products within these segments have historically shown some resistance to business cycles, whereas individual brands can experience significant changes in consumer demand within seasons and from year to year. To mitigate these risks, the Group distributes products to customers (retailers and distributors) across Europe, thereby spreading the customer portfolio on several geographies and customer types. In addition, the Company operates with a portfolio of different brands.

Currency risk

SkyBrands has sales operations across Europe, procurement across Europe and Asia, and reports and pays royalties to brand-owners quarterly. SkyBrands purchases mainly in USD and reports and pays royalties in USD and EUR, while sales is typically in DKK, USD or EUR. This exposes the Group to the risk of currency fluctuations. During 2018, the Group has been more exposed to this than usual, due to the extraordinary fluctuations in USD. The Group operates under a defined financial policy, which includes a policy on currency, to manage any currency-related risks. This is primarily effectuated through the use of financial instruments to cover all expected turnover, procurement and royalty cash flows the coming 12 months at any given point in time. The Group does not speculate in currency fluctuations.

Environment

SkyBrands has high standards for environmental protection, and ensures this through close collaboration with suppliers. All suppliers to the Group must meet the quality standards of Okotex 100 (www.okotex.com), the Group is certified GOTS, and adhere to other requirements and requests the customers might have. The Group conducts a high frequency of tests through recognized agencies such as SGS (www.sgs.com) to ensure the quality of the products live up to the high standards of the Group's customers. The Group also conducts quality audits and visits to suppliers' manufacturing sites to ensure that all quality and environmental standards are adhered to.

Corporate social responsibility

Focus on CSR is a cornerstone in the way SkyBrands operates and we have developed specific CSR policies under our Code of Conduct to comply with it. The Group is a member of the Business Social Compliance Initiative and we require all our suppliers to be members as well, so our customers can trust that the products we deliver live up to the highest ethical and social responsibility standards.

Human rights

SkyBrands does not tolerate discrimination of any sort based on race, gender or religion. Child and forced labour as well as social dumping is not allowed, and the Group requires all suppliers to follow these policies.



Employees of the Group have the right to freely organize in trade unions and to strike in accordance with the laws of the countries where the Group operates.

Competition

The business principles are at any time compliant with the current competition laws within the areas where the Group operates.

Corruption

Employees in the Group can neither give nor receive bribery of any sort or non-approved payments neither on behalf of themselves nor on behalf of the Group. Any participation in corruption will result in disciplinary actions.

Duties of the Board of Directors

The Group strives to adhere to the principles of corporate governance, e.g. by securing an ongoing dialogue with its owners and other stakeholders, reporting results on a quarterly basis and securing an on-going strategic development process in order to create value for its stakeholders.

The Board of Directors ensure that the Executive Management complies with the objectives, strategies and procedures outlines by the Board. Information from the management of the various companies within the Group is provided systematically at meetings and through written and oral on-going reporting. This reporting includes market development, the license portfolio development, the company's development and the financial position and outlook.

The Board of Directors meets according to a set schedule at least five times a year in addition to an annual strategy meeting, where the Group's vision, goals and strategy is determined.



Board Composition

Chairman Peter Ryttergaard is a member of the board of the Skybrands Holding A/S. Peter Ryttergaard was elected as a member of the board by CataCap in 2018. Peter Ryttergaard also serves as CEO or member of the board of:

- Investeringsselskabet af 27/12 1985 ApS
- Ryttergaard Invest A/S
- TP Aerospace A/S, TPA Holding I A/S, TPA Green ManCo ApS
- CataCap Management A/S, CataCap General Partners I ApS, CataCap OP ApS, CataCap DM II ApS, CataCap DM ApS, CC II Management Invest 2017 GP ApS
- HB Care Holding ApS and HB Care A/S
- Kjærulf Pedersen A/S
- CASA ManCo ApS and Casa A/S
- Buldus Ejendomme ApS
- CC Explorer Invest ApS, CC Track Invest ApS, CC Tool Invest ApS, CC Oscar Invest ApS, CC Oscar Holding I A/S, CC Sky Invest ApS, CC Green Wall Invest ApS, CC Lingo Invest ApS, CC Orange Invest ApS
- G.S.V. Holding ApS and G.S.V. Materieludlejning A/S
- Mobylife Holding ApS, Mobylife DK A/S and Mobylife DM ApS
- LW ManCo ApS
- Rekom MaCo ApS

Board member Vilhelm Hahn-Petersen, non-independent board member, Partner in CataCap. Mr. Hahn-Petersen was elected as a member of the board by CataCap in 2018.

Mr. Hahn-Petersen is currently also a partner at CataCap Management A/S, and serves as board member or CEO of:

- Mobylife Holding A/S, Mobylife DM ApS, Mobylife DK A/S, Mobylife AB, and Mobylife Oy
- G.S.V. Holding A/S and G.S.V. Materieludlejning A/S
- Lyngsoe Systems Holding A/S and Lyngsoe Systems A/S
- Skybrands Holding A/S
- CC Oscar Holding I A/S, CASA ManCo ApS and CASA A/S
- TPA Holding I A/S, TPA Holding II A/S, TP Aerospace Holding A/S and TPA Green ManCo ApS
- CataCap Management A/S, CataCap General Partners I ApS, CataCap DM ApS, CataCap OP ApS, CataCap DM II ApS, CC II Management Invest 2017 GP ApS
- LW ManCo ApS

CC Explorer Invest ApS, CC Tool Invest ApS, CC Oscar Invest ApS, CC Orange Invest ApS, CC Track Invest ApS, CC Lingo Invest ApS, CC Green Wall Invest ApS and CC Sky Invest ApS

- MyCo ApS and Airhelp Inc.
- Rekom Group A/S and Rekom ManCo ApS
- CC Fly Holding I ApS and CC Fly Holding II A/S
- Dime af 5. december 2018 A/S



Board member Rasmus Philip Buhl Lokvig, non-independent board member, Partner in CataCap. Rasmus Philip Buhl Lokvig was elected as a member of the board by CataCap in 2018.

Mr. Rasmus Philip Buhl Lokvig is currently also a partner at CataCap Management A/S., and serves as board member or CEO of:

- Lyngsoe Systems Holding A/S and Lyngsoe Systems A/S
- Skybrands Holding A/S and Skybrands A/S
- CataCap Management A/S, CataCap General Partners I ApS, CataCap General Partners II ApS, CC II Management Invest 2017 GP ApS
- LW ManCo ApS, Languagewire Holding ApS and Languagewire A/S
- Rekom Group A/S and Rekom ManCo ApS
- CC Fly Holding I ApS and CC Fly Holding II A/S
- CC SKY Invest ApS, CC Fly Invest ApS
- MNGT4 RL ApS

Lasse Hadberg Lynge is a member of the board of Skybrands Holding A/S. Lasse Hadberg Lynge was elected as a member of the board by CataCap in 2018. Lasse Hadberg Lynge also serves as CEO, or member of the board of:

- LHLH ApS

Jan Kølbek is a member of the board and shareholder of Skybrands Holding A/S. Ultimo 2018, Jan Kølbek owns 31,3% of the share of the Skybrands Holding A/S. Jan Kølbek was elected as a member of the board by Kølbek Holding ApS in 2018. Jan Kølbek also serves as CEO or member of the board of:

- Kølbek Holding ApS
- Hessnæs Ejendomme ApS
- HK Holding ApS
- Han Kjøbenhavn Wholesale ApS
- Skyestate ApS

Subsequent events

No events materially affecting the assessment of the Annual Report have occurred after the balance sheet date.



Income Statement 1 January - 31 December

		Grou	р	Pare	nt
	Note	2018	2017	2018	2017
		TDKK	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK
Gross profit/loss		21,900	23,248	-39	-6
Staff expenses Depreciation, amortisation and impairment of intangible assets and	1	-14,157	-14,709	0	0
property, plant and equipment		-10,538	-10,548	0	0
Other operating expenses		-42	0	0	0
Profit before financial income and					
expenses		-2,837	-2,009	-39	-6
Income from investments in					
subsidiaries		0	0	-4,235	-6,217
Income from investments in					
associates		0	2,106	0	0
Financial income	2	1,165	5	0	0
Financial expenses	3	-2,262	-11,899	-1,518	-5,739
Profit before tax		-3,934	-11,797	-5,792	-11,962
Tax on profit/loss for the year	4	-1,173	-1,448	343	-539
Net profit/loss for the year		-5,107	-13,245	-5,449	-12,501



Balance Sheet 31 December

Assets

		Group		Parer	nt
	Note	2018	2017	2018	2017
		TDKK	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK
Goodwill	_	167,737	177,960	0	0
Intangible assets	5 _	167,737	177,960	0	0
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and					
equipment	_	507	978	0	0
Property, plant and equipment	6	507	978	0	0
Investments in subsidiaries	7	0	0	183,517	187,349
Deposits	8	406	400	0	0
Fixed asset investments	-	406	400	183,517	187,349
Fixed assets	-	168,650	179,338	183,517	187,349
Inventories	9 _	10,474	15,375	0	0
Trade receivables		27,786	28,494	0	0
Receivables from group enterprises	;	1,551	1,015	1,551	1,015
Other receivables		2,419	7,379	72	72
Corporation tax		973	536	343	536
Prepayments	10	329	368	0	0
Receivables	-	33,058	37,792	1,966	1,623
Cash at bank and in hand	-	4,198	6,818	0	0
Currents assets	-	47,730	59,985	1,966	1,623
Assets	_	216,380	239,323	185,483	188,972



Balance Sheet 31 December

Liabilities and equity

		Group	p	Parer	nt
	Note	2018	2017	2018	2017
		TDKK	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK
Share capital		1,005	1,005	1,005	1,005
Retained earnings	<u>-</u>	128,416	133,464	128,416	133,464
Equity attributable to sharehold	ers				
of the Parent Company		129,421	134,469	129,421	134,469
Minority interests	_	441	100	0	0
Equity	-	129,862	134,569	129,421	134,469
Provision for deferred tax	12	422	272	0	0
Provisions	-	422	272	0	0
Credit institutions		18,000	36,000	18,000	36,000
Long-term debt	13	18,000	36,000	18,000	36,000
Credit institutions	13	55,800	47,057	18,000	18,004
Prepayments received from					
customers		0	148	0	0
Trade payables		8,613	17,509	0	0
Payables to group enterprises		1,578	64	20,054	494
Corporation tax		0	1,381	0	0
Other payables	-	2,105	2,323	8	5
Short-term debt	-	68,096	68,482	38,062	18,503
Debt	-	86,096	104,482	56,062	54,503
Liabilities and equity	_	216,380	239,323	185,483	188,972
Distribution of profit	11				
Contingent assets, liabilities and					
other financial obligations	17				
Related parties	18				





Statement of Changes in Equity

Group

Стоир	Share capital TDKK	Retained earnings	Equity excl. minority interests TDKK	Minority interests TDKK	Total TDKK
Equity at 1 January	1,005	133,464	134,469	100	134,569
Exchange adjustments	0	1	1	0	1
Fair value adjustment of hedging instruments,					
beginning of year	0	290	290	0	290
Fair value adjustment of hedging instruments,					
end of year	0	222	222	0	222
Tax on adjustment of hedging instruments for					
the year	0	-113	-113	0	-113
Net profit/loss for the year	0	-5,448	-5,448	341	-5,107
Equity at 31 December	1,005	128,416	129,421	441	129,862
Parent					
Equity at 1 January	1,005	133,464	134,469	0	134,469
Exchange adjustments	0	2	2	0	2
Fair value adjustment of hedging instruments,					
beginning of year	0	290	290	0	290
Fair value adjustment of hedging instruments,					
end of year	0	222	222	0	222
Tax on adjustment of hedging instruments for					
the year	0	-113	-113	0	-113
Net profit/loss for the year	0	-5,449	-5,449	0	-5,449
Equity at 31 December	1,005	128,416	129,421	0	129,421



Cash Flow Statement 1 January - 31 December

		Group		
	Note	2018	2017	
		TDKK	TDKK	
Net profit/loss for the year		-5,107	-13,245	
Adjustments	15	12,851	22,299	
Change in working capital	16	2,835	11,267	
Cash flows from operating activities before financial income and				
expenses		10,579	20,321	
Financial income		1,165	5	
Financial expenses	_	-2,265	-7,661	
Cash flows from ordinary activities		9,479	12,665	
Corporation tax paid	_	-2,952	-1,234	
Cash flows from operating activities	_	6,527	11,431	
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		-49	0	
Fixed asset investments made etc		-6	-2	
Sale of property, plant and equipment		165	0	
Dividends received from associates	_	0	435	
Cash flows from investing activities	_	110	433	
Repayment of loans from credit institutions		-18,000	-18,000	
Raising of loans from credit institutions	_	8,743	8,381	
Cash flows from financing activities	_	-9,257	-9,619	
Change in cash and cash equivalents		-2,620	2,245	
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January	_	6,818	4,573	
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December	_	4,198	6,818	
Cash and cash equivalents are specified as follows:				
Cash at bank and in hand	_	4,198	6,818	
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December	_	4,198	6,818	



		Grou	р	Parent	
		2018	2017	2018	2017
1	Staff expenses	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK
	Wages and salaries	13,325	13,733	0	0
	Pensions	353	327	0	0
	Other social security expenses	104	101	0	0
	Other staff expenses	375	548	0	0
		14,157	14,709	0	0
	Including remuneration to the				
	Executive Board and Board of Direc-				
	tors of:				
	Executive Board	1,370	2,951	0	0
	Supervisory Board	327	250	0	0
		1,697	3,201	0	0
	Average number of employees	22	25	<u> </u>	0
2	Financial income				
	Other financial income	0	3	0	0
	Exchange adjustments	1,165	2	0	0
		1,165	5	0	0
3	Financial expenses				
	Impairment losses on financial assets	0	4,238	0	0
	Interest paid to group enterprises	0	0	140	555
	Other financial expenses	2,262	7,661	1,378	5,184
		2,262	11,899	1,518	5,739



		Grou	p	Parer	it
		2018	2017	2018	2017
4 Tax	on profit/loss for the year	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK
Curr	ent tax for the year	1,136	750	-230	-59
Defe	rred tax for the year	150	1,175	0	1,075
	<u>.</u>	1,286	1,925	-230	1,016
whic	h breaks down as follows:				
Tax	on profit/loss for the year	1,173	1,448	-343	539
Tax	on changes in equity	113	477	113	477
	_	1,286	1,925	-230	1,016

5 Intangible assets

Group	
·	Goodwill
	TDKK
Cost at 1 January	204,373
Cost at 31 December	204,373
Impairment losses and amortisation at 1 January	26,412
Amortisation for the year	10,224
Impairment losses and amortisation at 31 December	36,636
Carrying amount at 31 December	167,737

Goodwill obtained in connection with strategic acquisitions and mergers with a strong market position and sustainable, long-term earnings potential is amortized over 20 years, as the value of existing customer relations, long-term customer contracts, employee competencies, know-how, industry knowledge, reputation in the market for home textiles etc., is expected to contribute positively to the Company's future earnings potential for a period of at least 20 years.



6 Property, plant and equipment

Group	Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment
Cost at 1 January	2,768
Additions for the year	49
Disposals for the year	-398
Cost at 31 December	2,419
Impairment losses and depreciation at 1 January	1,789
Depreciation for the year	315
Reversal of impairment and depreciation of sold assets	192
Impairment losses and depreciation at 31 December	1,912
Carrying amount at 31 December	507



		Parent		
		2018	2017	
Investments in subsidiaries		TDKK	TDKK	
Cost at 1 January		229,765	229,765	
Cost at 31 December		229,765	229,765	
Value adjustments at 1 January		-42,415	10,703	
Net effect of correction of material misstatements		0	-2,252	
Exchange adjustment		2	(
Net profit/loss for the year		5,989	4,006	
Dividend to the Parent Company		0	-42,000	
Fair value adjustment of hedging instruments for the year		400	C	
Other equity movements, net		0	-2,649	
Amortisation of goodwill		-10,224	-10,224	
Value adjustments at 31 December		-46,248	-42,416	
Carrying amount at 31 December		183,517	187,349	
Remaining positive difference included in the above carryi	ng amount at 31			
December		167,737	177,960	
Investments in subsidiaries are specified as follows:				
Name	Place of registered office	Share capital	Votes and ownership	
SkyBrands A/S	Vejle	DKK 1,000k	100%	

8 Other fixed asset investments

	Group
	Deposits
	TDKK
Cost at 1 January	400
Additions for the year	6
Cost at 31 December	406
Carrying amount at 31 December	406



		Grou	р	Parei	nt
		2018	2017	2018	2017
9	Inventories	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK
	Finished goods and goods for resale	10,282	14,096	0	0
	Prepayments for goods	192	1,279	0	0
		10,474	15,375	0	0

10 Prepayments

Prepayments consist of prepaid expenses concerning rent, insurance premiums, subscriptions and interest.

11 Distribution of profit

Reserve for net revaluation under the				
equity method	0	-3,972	0	-8,451
Minority interests' share of net profit of				
subsidiaries	341	-744	0	0
Retained earnings	-5,448	-8,529	-5,449	-4,050
	-5,107	-13,245	-5,449	-12,501
12 Provision for deferred tax				
Provision for deferred tax at 1 January Amounts recognised in the income	272	578	0	-1,075
statement for the year	150	1,175	0	1,075
Amounts recognised in equity for the year	0	-1,481	0	0
Provision for deferred tax at 31				
December	422	272	0	0



13 Long-term debt

Payments due within 1 year are recognised in short-term debt. Other debt is recognised in long-term debt.

The debt falls due for payment as specified below:

	Group		Parent	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Credit institutions	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK
Between 1 and 5 years	18,000	36,000	18,000	36,000
Long-term part	18,000	36,000	18,000	36,000
Other short-term debt to credit				
institutions	55,800	47,057	18,000	18,004
	73,800	83,057	36,000	54,004

14 Deferred income

Deferred income consists of payments received in respect of income in subsequent years.



		Group	
		2018	2017
15	Cash flow statement - adjustments	TDKK	TDKK
	Financial income	-1,165	-5
	Financial expenses	2,262	11,899
	Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses, including losses and	_,	,
	gains on sales	10,581	10,549
	Income from investments in associates	0	-2,106
	Tax on profit/loss for the year	1,173	1,448
	Other adjustments	0	514
		12,851	22,299
16	Cash flow statement - change in working capital		
	Change in inventories	4,901	-1,067
	Change in receivables	5,170	8,855
	Change in trade payables, etc	-7,748	5,646
	Fair value adjustments of hedging instruments	512	-2,167
		2,835	11,267

17 Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

Contingent liabilities

The Company has assumed other contractual obligations with a minimum payment of DKK 2,474k up to December 2021.

A lease has been concluded regarding lease of the premises on Roskildevej 6, DK-7100 Vejle. The lease is interminable up to 29 May 2023. The rent obligation at 31 December 2018 is calculated at DKK 1,849k.

The Company is part of the national joint taxation with CC Sky Invest ApS as the management company and is liable for any tax liability under the joint taxation.

The Company has concluded forward exchange contracts for currency hedging of future purchased goods in USD. Fair value of forward exchange contracts is at the balance sheet date USD 3,075k.



17 Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations (continued)

SkyBrands Holding A/S has provided guarantees against its subsidiary SkyBrands A/S and SkyBrands GmbH's debt to credit institutions. At 31 December 2018, the debt of the subsidiaries to credit institutions amounts to DKK 37,800k.

DKK 1 million of the share capital of SkyBrands A/S has been provided as security for all accounts with the Company's bank.

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	Basis
Controlling interest	
CC Sky Invest ApS, Vejle	Principal shareholder
Transactions	
The Company has chosen only to disclose transactions wh accordance with section 98(c)(7) of the Danish Financial St	-
No such transactions have occured during the year.	
Consolidated Financial Statements	
The Company is included in the Group Annual Report of the	e Parent Company
Name	Place of registered office
CC Sky Invest ApS	Vejle



19 Accounting Policies

The Annual Report of SkyBrands Holding A/S for 2018 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to medium-sized enterprises of reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Consolidated and Parent Company Financial Statements for 2018 are presented in TDKK.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Recognition and measurement take into account predictable losses and risks occurring before the presentation of the Annual Report which confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date.

Basis of consolidation

The Consolidated Financial Statements comprise the Parent Company, SkyBrands Holding A/S, and subsidiaries in which the Parent Company directly or indirectly holds more than 50% of the votes or in which the Parent Company, through share ownership or otherwise, exercises control. Enterprises in which the Group holds between 20% and 50% of the votes and exercises significant influence but not control are classified as associates.

On consolidation, items of a uniform nature are combined. Elimination is made of intercompany income and expenses, shareholdings, dividends and accounts as well as of realised and unrealised profits and losses on transactions between the consolidated enterprises.

The Parent Company's investments in the consolidated subsidiaries are set off against the Parent Compa-



19 Accounting Policies (continued)

ny's share of the net asset value of subsidiaries stated at the time of consolidation.

Business combinations

Minority interests

Minority interests form part of the Group's total equity. Upon distribution of net profit, net profit is broken down on the share attributable to minority interests and the share attributable to the share-holders of the Parent Company. Minority interests are recognised on the basis of a remeasurement of acquired assets and liabilities to fair value at the time of acquisition of subsidiaries.

On subsequent changes to minority interests where the Group retains control of the subsidiary, the consideration is recognised directly in equity.

Translation policies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Exchange differences arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement. Where foreign exchange transactions are considered hedging of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Hedge accounting

Changes in the fair values of financial instruments that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges of a recognised asset or a recognised liability are recognised in the income statement as are any changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or the hedged liability related to the hedged risk.

Changes in the fair values of derivative financial instruments that are designated and qualify as hedges of expected future transactions are recognised in retained earnings under equity as regards the effective portion of the hedge. The ineffective portion is recognised in the income statement. If the hedged transaction results in an asset or a liability, the amount deferred in equity is transferred from equity and recognised in the cost of the asset or the liability, respectively. If the hedged transaction results in an income or an expense, the amount deferred in equity is transferred from equity to the income statement in the period in which the hedged transaction is recognised. The amount is recognised in the same item as the hedged transaction.

Changes in the fair values of financial instruments that are designated and qualify as hedges of net



19 Accounting Policies (continued)

investments in independent foreign subsidiaries or associates are recognised directly in equity as regards the effective portion of the hedge, whereas the ineffective portion is recognised in the income statement.

Income Statement

Revenue

Services are recognised at the rate of completion of the service to which the contract relates by using the percentage-of-completion method, which means that revenue equals the selling price of the service completed for the year. This method is applied when total revenues and expenses in respect of the service and the stage of completion at the balance sheet date can be measured reliably, and it is probable that the economic benefits, including payments, will flow to the Group. The stage of completion is determined on the basis of the ratio between the expenses incurred and the total expected expenses of the service.

Revenue is measured at the consideration received and is recognised exclusive of VAT and net of discounts relating to sales.

Expenses for raw materials and consumables

Expenses for raw materials and consumables comprise the raw materials and consumables consumed to achieve revenue for the year.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise indirect production costs and expenses for premises, sales and distribution as well as office expenses, etc.

Gross profit/loss

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross profit/loss is calculated as a summary of revenue, expenses for raw materials and consumables and other external expenses.

Staff expenses

Staff expenses comprise wages and salaries as well as payroll expenses other than production wages.

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses comprise amortisation, depreciation and impairment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.



19 Accounting Policies (continued)

Other operating income and expenses

Other operating income and other operating expenses comprise items of a secondary nature to the main activities of the Group, including gains and losses on the sale of property, plant and equipment.

Income from investments in subsidiaries and associates

The items "Income from investments in subsidiaries" and "Income from investments in associates" in the income statement include the proportionate share of the profit for the year.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with wholly owned Danish and foreign subsidiaries. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to Danish enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.

Balance Sheet

Intangible assets

Goodwill acquired is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation. Goodwill is amortised on a straight-line basis over its useful life, which is assessed at 20 years.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and less any accumulated impairment losses.

Cost comprises the cost of acquisition and expenses directly related to the acquisition up until the time when the asset is ready for use.

Depreciation based on cost reduced by any residual value is calculated on a straight-line basis over the expected useful lives of the assets, which are:

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment 3-7 years



19 Accounting Policies (continued)

Depreciation period and residual value are reassessed annually.

Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amounts of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment are reviewed on an annual basis to determine whether there is any indication of impairment other than that expressed by amortisation and depreciation.

If so, the asset is written down to its lower recoverable amount.

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are recognised and measured under the equity method.

The items "Investments in subsidiaries" and "Investments in associates" in the balance sheet include the proportionate ownership share of the net asset value of the enterprises calculated on the basis of the fair values of identifiable net assets at the time of acquisition with deduction or addition of unrealised intercompany profits or losses and with addition of the remaining value of any increases in value and goodwill calculated at the time of acquisition of the enterprises.

The total net revaluation of investments in subsidiaries is transferred upon distribution of profit to "Reserve for net revaluation under the equity method" under equity. The reserve is reduced by dividend distributed to the Parent Company and adjusted for other equity movements in the subsidiaries.

Subsidiaries with a negative net asset value are recognised at DKK o. Any legal or constructive obligation of the Parent Company to cover the negative balance of the enterprise is recognised in provisions.

Other fixed asset investments

Other fixed asset investments consist of Deposits.

Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost under the FIFO method and net realisable value.

The net realisable value of inventories is calculated at the amount expected to be generated by sale of the inventories in the process of normal operations with deduction of selling expenses. The net realisable value is determined allowing for marketability, obsolescence and development in expected selling price.

The cost of goods for resale, raw materials and consumables equals landed cost.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises the cost of raw materials, consumables and direct labour with addition of indirect production costs. Indirect production costs comprise the cost of indi-



19 Accounting Policies (continued)

rect materials and labour as well as maintenance and depreciation of the machinery, factory buildings and equipment used in the manufacturing process as well as costs of factory administration and management.

Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts. Provisions for bad debts are determined on the basis of an individual assessment of each receivable, and in respect of trade receivables, a general provision is also made based on the Company's experience from previous years.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise prepaid expenses concerning rent, insurance premiums, subscriptions and interest.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

Financial debts

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

Deferred income

Deferred income comprises payments received in respect of income in subsequent years.



19 Accounting Policies (continued)

Cash Flow Statement

The cash flow statement shows the Group's cash flows for the year broken down by operating, investing and financing activities, changes for the year in cash and cash equivalents as well as the Group's cash and cash equivalents at the beginning and end of the year.

Cash flows from operating activities

Cash flows from operating activities are calculated as the net profit/loss for the year adjusted for changes in working capital and non-cash operating items such as depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses, and provisions. Working capital comprises current assets less short-term debt excluding items included in cash and cash equivalents.

Cash flows from investing activities

Cash flows from investing activities comprise cash flows from acquisitions and disposals of intangible assets, property, plant and equipment as well as fixed asset investments.

Cash flows from financing activities

Cash flows from financing activities comprise cash flows from the raising and repayment of long-term debt as well as payments to and from shareholders.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise "Cash at bank and in hand".

The cash flow statement cannot be immediately derived from the published financial records.

Financial Highlights

Explanation of financial ratios

Return on assets	Profit before financials x 100
	Total assets
Solvency ratio	Equity at year end x 100 Total assets at year end
Return on equity	Net profit for the year x 100
	Average equity

