
CC SKY Invest ApS

Roskildevej 6, DK-7100 Vejle

Annual Report for 1 January - 31 December 2020

CVR No 36 71 53 08

The Annual Report was
presented and adopted at
the Annual General
Meeting of the Company on
2 /3 2021

Jens Jørgen Hahn-Petersen
Chairman of the General
Meeting



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Management's Statement

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Annual Report of CC SKY Invest ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements and the Consolidated Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2020 of the Company and the Group and of the results of the Company and Group operations and of consolidated cash flows for 2020.

In our opinion, Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the Review.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Vejle, 2 March 2021

Executive Board

Peter Ryttergaard
Executive Officer

Board of Directors

Jens Jørgen Hahn-Petersen
Chairman

Rasmus Philip Buhl Lokvig

Peter Ryttergaard

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholders of CC SKY Invest ApS

Opinion

In our opinion, the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and the Parent Company at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the Group's and the Parent Company's operations and of consolidated cash flows for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements of CC SKY Invest ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies, for both the Group and the Parent Company, as well as consolidated statement of cash flows ("the Financial Statements").

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

We refer to note 1 to the Financial Statements which describes the uncertainty related to the measurement of goodwill. Our opinion has not been modified in respect of this matter.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financials Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Con-

Independent Auditor's Report

olidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Group or the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's and the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncer-

Independent Auditor's Report

tainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Trekantområdet, 2 March 2021

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR No 33 77 12 31

Lars Almskou Ohmeyer

state authorized public accountant

mne24817

Company Information

The Company

CC SKY Invest ApS
Roskildevej 6
DK-7100 Vejle

CVR No: 36 71 53 08
Financial period: 1 January - 31 December
Municipality of reg. office: Vejle

Board of Directors

Jens Jørgen Hahn-Petersen, Chairman
Rasmus Philip Buhl Lokvig
Peter Ryttergaard

Executive Board

Peter Ryttergaard

Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers
Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Herredsvej 32
DK-7100 Vejle

Financial Highlights

Seen over a five-year period, the development of the Group is described by the following financial highlights:

	Group				
	2020 TDKK	2019 TDKK	2018 TDKK	2017 TDKK	2016 TDKK
Key figures					
Profit/loss					
Operating profit/loss	-9,374	-9,530	-2,815	-2,021	14,069
Profit/loss before financial income and expenses	-8,970	-9,531	-2,857	-2,021	14,069
Net financials	1,134	-2,626	-1,100	-9,789	-5,090
Net profit/loss for the year	-7,918	-12,116	-5,125	-13,263	4,379
Balance sheet					
Balance sheet total	182,780	195,426	215,041	239,514	261,283
Equity	73,602	82,330	130,077	134,802	95,532
Cash flows					
Cash flows from:					
- operating activities	10,888	4,178	6,525	11,429	-13,302
- investing activities	-57	-128	110	433	1,843
including investment in property, plant and equipment	-67	-128	-49	0	-467
- financing activities	-12,155	-6,010	-9,257	-9,619	6,281
Change in cash and cash equivalents for the year	-1,324	-1,960	-2,622	2,243	-5,178
Number of employees	23	22	22	25	22
Ratios					
Return on assets	-4.9%	-4.9%	-1.3%	-0.8%	5.4%
Solvency ratio	40.3%	42.1%	60.5%	56.3%	36.6%
Return on equity	-10.2%	-11.4%	-3.9%	-11.5%	4.7%

The ratios have been prepared in accordance with the recommendations and guidelines issued by the Danish Society of Financial Analysts.

Management's Review

The Annual Report of CC SKY Invest ApS for 2020 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class C. The provisions governing reporting class C are applied pursuant to the amended Danish Financial Statements Act.

Key activities

The main activity of CC Sky Invest ApS (the "Company") is to own shares in SkyBrands Holding A/S, which invests in and owns shares in companies and subsidiaries in the SkyBrands Group, which comprises SkyBrands A/S (headquartered in Denmark) and SkyBrands GmbH (headquartered in Germany) (collectively referred to as the "Group").

The main business of the Group relates to commercial activities in branded home and apparel textile products. The Group designs, produces (through sub-suppliers) and sells branded home and apparel textile products, where brands are licensed from brand-owners such as Disney or Universal.

Development in the year and expectations for next year

The income statement of the Group for 2020 shows a loss of TDKK 7,918, and at 31 December 2020 the balance sheet of the Group shows equity of TDKK 73,602.

The Group result for 2020, when adjusting for non-recurring and extraordinary costs, is considered satisfactory.

For next year, the Group expects an increase in activities and earnings based on a strong order backlog when entering 2021.

The continued outbreak of COVID-19 is not expected to have a significant direct impact on the results of the Group.

Uncertainty relating to recognition and measurement

At 31 December 2020, the carrying amount of goodwill amounts to DKK 147.3 million. While the results realised in 2020, when viewed in isolation and not adjusting for non-recurring and extraordinary costs, could raise questions as to whether this value of goodwill is supported, it is Management's expectation that results will continue to improve in 2021 and onwards. The expected improvement, which inherently is subject to uncertainty, is based on a continuation of the positive performance improvement in 2020 when adjusting for non-recurring and extraordinary costs and is underpinned by a strong order backlog for 2021. On this basis, it is Management's assessment that the carrying amount of goodwill as of 31 December 2020 can be maintained.

Management's Review

Special risks - market and financial

The Board of Directors of the Company and the Management of the Group continuously monitor both internal and external business risks. Below are the risks that has been assessed as being particularly important:

Market risks

The Group operates within the segments of home and apparel textiles. Generally, textile products within these segments have historically shown some resistance to business cycles, whereas individual brands can experience significant changes in consumer demand within seasons and from year to year. To mitigate these risks, the Group distributes products to customers (retailers and distributors) across Europe, thereby spreading the customer portfolio on several geographies and customer types. In addition, the Company operates with a portfolio of different brands.

Currency risks

SkyBrands has sales operations across Europe, procurement across Europe and Asia, and reports and pays royalties to brand-owners quarterly. SkyBrands purchases mainly in USD and reports and pays royalties in USD and EUR, while sales is typically in DKK, USD or EUR. This exposes the Group to the risk of currency fluctuations. During 2020, the Group has been more exposed to this than usual, due to the extraordinary fluctuations in USD. The Group operates under a defined financial policy, which includes a policy on currency, to manage any currency-related risks. This is primarily done through the use of financial instruments to cover all expected turnover, procurement and royalty cash flows the coming 12 months at any given point in time. The Group does not speculate in currency fluctuations.

Competition

The business principles are at any time compliant with the current competition laws within the areas where the Group operates.

Corruption

Employees in the Group can neither give nor receive bribery of any sort or non-approved payments neither on behalf of themselves nor on behalf of the Group. Any participation in corruption will result in disciplinary actions.

Subsequent events

No events materially affecting the assessment of the Annual Report have occurred after the balance sheet date.

Income Statement 1 January - 31 December

	Note	Group		Parent	
		2020	2019	2020	2019
		TDKK	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK
Gross profit/loss		15,981	14,073	-36	-20
Staff expenses	2	-14,548	-13,183	0	0
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment		-10,403	-10,420	0	0
Other operating expenses		0	-1	0	0
Profit/loss before financial income and expenses		-8,970	-9,531	-36	-20
Income from investments in subsidiaries		0	0	-11,491	-11,617
Financial income	3	4,939	84	4,064	37
Financial expenses		-3,805	-2,710	-3	-11
Profit/loss before tax		-7,836	-12,157	-7,466	-11,611
Tax on profit/loss for the year	4	-82	41	-4	-3
Net profit/loss for the year		-7,918	-12,116	-7,470	-11,614

Balance Sheet 31 December

Assets

	Note	Group		Parent	
		2020 TDKK	2019 TDKK	2020 TDKK	2019 TDKK
Goodwill		147,289	157,513	0	0
Intangible assets	5	147,289	157,513	0	0
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		326	438	0	0
Property, plant and equipment	6	326	438	0	0
Investments in subsidiaries	7	0	0	68,531	76,792
Deposits	8	412	409	0	0
Fixed asset investments		412	409	68,531	76,792
Fixed assets		148,027	158,360	68,531	76,792
Inventories	9	13,645	10,975	0	0
Trade receivables		17,862	16,639	0	0
Receivables from group enterprises		0	0	3,299	3,424
Other receivables		1,780	5,456	0	0
Corporation tax		276	1,141	0	0
Prepayments	10	69	410	0	0
Receivables		19,987	23,646	3,299	3,424
Cash at bank and in hand		1,121	2,445	789	646
Currents assets		34,753	37,066	4,088	4,070
Assets		182,780	195,426	72,619	80,862

Balance Sheet 31 December

Liabilities and equity

	Note	Group		Parent	
		2020 TDKK	2019 TDKK	2020 TDKK	2019 TDKK
Share capital		1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
Reserve for net revaluation under the equity method		0	0	15,705	23,966
Retained earnings		67,766	76,011	52,061	52,045
Equity attributable to shareholders of the Parent Company		68,766	77,011	68,766	77,011
Minority interests		4,836	5,319	0	0
Equity	11	73,602	82,330	68,766	77,011
Provision for deferred tax	13	78	314	0	0
Other provisions	14	27,656	31,660	0	0
Provisions		27,734	31,974	0	0
Credit institutions		31,500	27,000	0	0
Payables to group enterprises		3,825	3,825	3,825	3,825
Other payables		675	254	0	0
Long-term debt	15	36,000	31,079	3,825	3,825
Credit institutions	15	24,137	40,792	0	2
Prepayments received from customers		71	9	0	0
Trade payables		17,337	7,009	19	19
Payables to group enterprises relating to corporation tax		0	0	4	3
Other payables	15	3,899	2,233	5	2
Short-term debt		45,444	50,043	28	26
Debt		81,444	81,122	3,853	3,851
Liabilities and equity		182,780	195,426	72,619	80,862

Balance Sheet 31 December

Liabilities and equity

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Statement of Changes in Equity

Group

	Share capital	Reserve for net revaluation under the equity method	Retained earnings	Equity excl. minority interests	Minority interests	Total
	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK
Equity at 1 January	1,000	0	76,009	77,009	5,319	82,328
Exchange adjustments	0	0	6	6	0	6
Fair value adjustment of hedging instruments, beginning of year	0	0	-34	-34	-1	-35
Fair value adjustment of hedging instruments, end of year	0	0	-965	-965	-43	-1,008
Tax on adjustment of hedging instruments for the year	0	0	220	220	9	229
Net profit/loss for the year	0	0	-7,470	-7,470	-448	-7,918
Equity at 31 December	1,000	0	67,766	68,766	4,836	73,602

Parent

	Share capital	Reserve for net revaluation under the equity method	Retained earnings	Equity excl. minority interests	Minority interests	Total
	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK
Equity at 1 January	1,000	23,965	52,044	77,009	0	77,009
Exchange adjustments	0	6	0	6	0	6
Fair value adjustment of hedging instruments, beginning of year	0	-34	0	-34	0	-34
Fair value adjustment of hedging instruments, end of year	0	-965	0	-965	0	-965
Tax on adjustment of hedging instruments for the year	0	220	0	220	0	220
Net profit/loss for the year	0	-7,487	17	-7,470	0	-7,470
Equity at 31 December	1,000	15,705	52,061	68,766	0	68,766

Cash Flow Statement 1 January - 31 December

	Note	Group	
		2020 TDKK	2019 TDKK
Net profit/loss for the year		-7,918	-12,116
Adjustments	16	9,375	13,006
Change in working capital	17	7,296	6,103
Cash flows from operating activities before financial income and expenses		8,753	6,993
Financial income		4,939	84
Financial expenses		-3,811	-2,710
Cash flows from ordinary activities		9,881	4,367
Corporation tax paid		1,007	-189
Cash flows from operating activities		10,888	4,178
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		-67	-128
Sale of property, plant and equipment		10	0
Cash flows from investing activities		-57	-128
Change in loans from credit institutions		-12,155	-6,010
Repayment of payables to group enterprises		0	3,825
Purchase of treasury shares		0	-3,825
Cash flows from financing activities		-12,155	-6,010
Change in cash and cash equivalents		-1,324	-1,960
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January		2,445	4,405
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December		1,121	2,445
Cash and cash equivalents are specified as follows:			
Cash at bank and in hand		1,121	2,445
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December		1,121	2,445

Notes to the Financial Statements

1 Uncertainty relating to recognition and measurement

At 31 December 2020, the carrying amount of goodwill amounts to DKK 147.3 million. While the results realised in 2020, when viewed in isolation and not adjusting for non-recurring and extraordinary costs, could raise questions as to whether this value of goodwill is supported, it is Management's expectation that results will continue to improve in 2021 and onwards. The expected improvement, which inherently is subject to uncertainty, is based on a continuation of the positive performance improvement in 2020 when adjusting for non-recurring and extraordinary costs and is underpinned by a strong order backlog for 2021. On this basis, it is Management's assessment that the carrying amount of goodwill as of 31 December 2020 can be maintained.

	Group		Parent	
	2020 TDKK	2019 TDKK	2020 TDKK	2019 TDKK
2 Staff expenses				
Wages and salaries	14,094	12,513	0	0
Pensions	217	354	0	0
Other social security expenses	102	111	0	0
Other staff expenses	135	205	0	0
	14,548	13,183	0	0
Including remuneration to the Executive Board and Board of Directors				
	2,327	1,459	0	0
Average number of employees	23	22	0	0

Remuneration to the Executive Board 2019 DKK 1.084k and Board of Directors 2019 DKK 375k.

3 Financial income

Interest received from group enterprises	0	0	59	37
Other financial income	4,005	0	4,005	0
Exchange adjustments	934	84	0	0
	4,939	84	4,064	37

Notes to the Financial Statements

	Group		Parent	
	2020 TDKK	2019 TDKK	2020 TDKK	2019 TDKK
4 Tax on profit/loss for the year				
Current tax for the year	101	28	-216	-36
Deferred tax for the year	-236	-108	0	0
Adjustment of tax concerning previous years	-3	0	0	0
	-138	-80	-216	-36
which breaks down as follows:				
Tax on profit/loss for the year	82	-41	4	3
Tax on changes in equity	-220	-39	-220	-39
	-138	-80	-216	-36

5 Intangible assets

Group

	Goodwill TDKK
Cost at 1 January	204,373
Cost at 31 December	204,373
Impairment losses and amortisation at 1 January	46,860
Amortisation for the year	10,224
Impairment losses and amortisation at 31 December	57,084
Carrying amount at 31 December	147,289

Goodwill obtained in connection with strategic acquisitions and mergers with a strong market position and sustainable, long-term earnings potential is amortized over 20 years, as the value of existing customer relations, long-term customer contracts, employee competencies, know-how, industry knowledge, reputation in the market for home textiles etc., is expected to contribute positively to the Company's future earnings potential for a period of at least 20 years.

Notes to the Financial Statements

6 Property, plant and equipment

Group

	Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment TDKK
Cost at 1 January	2,497
Additions for the year	67
Disposals for the year	-46
Cost at 31 December	<u>2,518</u>
Impairment losses and depreciation at 1 January	2,059
Depreciation for the year	179
Impairment and depreciation of sold assets for the year	-46
Impairment losses and depreciation at 31 December	<u>2,192</u>
Carrying amount at 31 December	<u>326</u>

7 Investments in subsidiaries

	Parent	
	2020 TDKK	2019 TDKK
Cost at 1 January	<u>52,826</u>	<u>52,826</u>
Cost at 31 December	<u>52,826</u>	<u>52,826</u>
Value adjustments at 1 January	23,965	22,795
Exchange adjustment	6	0
Net profit/loss for the year	-7,487	-11,617
Fair value adjustment of hedging instruments for the year	-779	-139
Other equity movements, net	<u>0</u>	<u>12,927</u>
Value adjustments at 31 December	<u>15,705</u>	<u>23,966</u>
Carrying amount at 31 December	<u>68,531</u>	<u>76,792</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements

7 Investments in subsidiaries (continued)

Investments in subsidiaries are specified as follows:

Name	Place of registered office	Share capital	Votes and ownership
Skybrands Holding A/S	Vejle	DKK 1,005k	95.71%

8 Other fixed asset investments

	Group
	Deposits
	TDKK
Cost at 1 January	409
Additions for the year	3
Cost at 31 December	412
Carrying amount at 31 December	412

9 Inventories

	Group		Parent	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK
Finished goods and goods for resale	13,113	10,414	0	0
Prepayments for goods	532	561	0	0
	13,645	10,975	0	0

10 Prepayments

Prepayments consist of prepaid expenses concerning rent, insurance premiums, subscriptions and interest.

Notes to the Financial Statements

11 Equity

The share capital is broken down as follow:

	<u>Number</u>	<u>Nominal value</u> TDKK
A-shares	1,000,000	1,000,000
B-shares	100	100
C-shares	100	100
		<u>1,000,200</u>

12 Distribution of profit

	<u>Group</u>		<u>Parent</u>	
	<u>2020</u> TDKK	<u>2019</u> TDKK	<u>2020</u> TDKK	<u>2019</u> TDKK
Reserve for net revaluation under the equity method	0	0	-7,487	-11,617
Minority interests' share of net profit/loss of subsidiaries	-448	-502	0	0
Retained earnings	-7,470	-11,614	17	3
	<u>-7,918</u>	<u>-12,116</u>	<u>-7,470</u>	<u>-11,614</u>

13 Provision for deferred tax

Provision for deferred tax at 1 January	314	422	0	0
Amounts recognised in the income statement for the year	-236	-108	0	0
Provision for deferred tax at 31 December	<u>78</u>	<u>314</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements

	Group		Parent	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK

14 Other provisions

Former shareholders are entitled to 31.25% of all future economic benefits from the subsidiary SkyBrands Holding A/S, which can be as dividends, liquidation proceeds or proceeds from an exit.

Both the timing and amount are currently unknown and the estimate are therefore associated with a high degree of uncertainty.

Other provisions	27,656	31,660	0	0
	27,656	31,660	0	0

15 Long-term debt

Payments due within 1 year are recognised in short-term debt. Other debt is recognised in long-term debt.

The debt falls due for payment as specified below:

	Group		Parent	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK
Credit institutions				
After 5 years	13,500	9,000	0	0
Between 1 and 5 years	18,000	18,000	0	0
Long-term part	31,500	27,000	0	0
Other short-term debt to credit institutions	24,137	40,792	0	2
	55,637	67,792	0	2

Notes to the Financial Statements

15 Long-term debt (continued)

	Group		Parent	
	2020 TDKK	2019 TDKK	2020 TDKK	2019 TDKK
Payables to group enterprises				
Between 1 and 5 years	3,825	3,825	3,825	3,825
Long-term part	3,825	3,825	3,825	3,825
Within 1 year	0	0	0	0
	3,825	3,825	3,825	3,825
Other payables				
Between 1 and 5 years	675	254	0	0
Long-term part	675	254	0	0
Other short-term payables	3,899	2,233	5	2
	4,574	2,487	5	2

16 Cash flow statement - adjustments

	Group	
	2020 TDKK	2019 TDKK
Financial income	-4,939	-84
Financial expenses	3,805	2,710
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses, including losses and gains on sales	10,427	10,421
Tax on profit/loss for the year	82	-41
	9,375	13,006

Notes to the Financial Statements

	Group	
	2020	2019
	TDKK	TDKK
17 Cash flow statement - change in working capital		
Change in inventories	-2,669	-501
Change in receivables	2,793	8,029
Change in other provisions	-4,004	0
Change in trade payables, etc	12,219	-1,239
Fair value adjustments of hedging instruments	-1,043	-186
	7,296	6,103

	Group		Parent	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK
18 Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations				

Charges and security

The following assets have been placed as security with bankers:

Company charge of DKK 10,000k on unsecured claims, inventories, machinery and equipment, etc of a total carrying amount of	12,365	6,215	0	0
Company charge of DKK 39,900k on unsecured claims of a total carrying amount of	8,967	12,484	0	0

Contingent liabilities

The Group has assumed other contractual obligations with a minimum payment of DKK 3,661k up to June 2022.

A lease has been concluded regarding lease of the premises on Roskildevej 6, DK-7100 Vejle. The lease is interminable up to 29 May 2023. The rent obligation at 31 December 2020 is calculated at DKK 1,327k.

The Group is part of the national joint taxation with CC Sky Invest ApS as the management company and is liable for any tax liability under the joint taxation.

The Group has concluded forward exchange contracts for currency hedging of future purchased goods of USD 4,007k. Fair value of forward exchange contracts is at the balance sheet date DKK -1,008k.

Notes to the Financial Statements

18 Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations (continued)

SkyBrands Holding A/S has provided guarantees against its subsidiary SkyBrands A/S and SkyBrands GmbH's debt to credit institutions. At 31 December 2020, the debt of the subsidiaries to credit institutions amounts to DKK 24,137k.

DKK 1 million of the share capital of SkyBrands A/S has been provided as security for all accounts with the Company's bank.

DKK 0,4 million of the share capital of SkyBrands Holding A/S has been provided as security for all accounts with the Company's bank.

19 Related parties

Basis

Controlling interest

CataCap I K/S, Hellerup

Principal shareholder

Transactions

The Company has chosen only to disclose transactions which have not been made on an arm's length basis in accordance with section 98(c)(7) of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

No such transactions have occurred during the year.

Notes to the Financial Statements

20 Accounting Policies

The Annual Report of CC SKY Invest ApS for 2020 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to medium-sized enterprises of reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Consolidated and Parent Company Financial Statements for 2020 are presented in TDKK.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Recognition and measurement take into account predictable losses and risks occurring before the presentation of the Annual Report which confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date.

Basis of consolidation

The Consolidated Financial Statements comprise the Parent Company, CC SKY Invest ApS, and subsidiaries in which the Parent Company directly or indirectly holds more than 50% of the votes or in which the Parent Company, through share ownership or otherwise, exercises control. Enterprises in which the Group holds between 20% and 50% of the votes and exercises significant influence but not control are classified as associates.

On consolidation, items of a uniform nature are combined. Elimination is made of intercompany income and expenses, shareholdings, dividends and accounts as well as of realised and unrealised profits and losses on transactions between the consolidated enterprises.

Notes to the Financial Statements

20 Accounting Policies (continued)

The Parent Company's investments in the consolidated subsidiaries are set off against the Parent Company's share of the net asset value of subsidiaries stated at the time of consolidation.

Minority interests

Minority interests form part of the Group's total equity. Upon distribution of net profit, net profit is broken down on the share attributable to minority interests and the share attributable to the shareholders of the Parent Company. Minority interests are recognised on the basis of a remeasurement of acquired assets and liabilities to fair value at the time of acquisition of subsidiaries.

Business acquisitions carried through before 1 July 2018

Minority interests are recognised at the carrying amounts of the acquired assets and liabilities at the time of acquisition of subsidiaries.

Business acquisitions carried through on or after 1 July 2018

Minority interests are initially measured at their proportionate share of the fair value of the acquired entity's identifiable net assets. In this way, only goodwill related to the Parent Company's share of the entity acquired is recognised.

On subsequent changes to minority interests where the Group retains control of the subsidiary, the consideration is recognised directly in equity.

Translation policies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Exchange differences arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Hedge accounting

Changes in the fair values of financial instruments that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges of a recognised asset or a recognised liability are recognised in the income statement as are any changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or the hedged liability related to the hedged risk.

Changes in the fair values of derivative financial instruments that are designated and qualify as hedges of expected future transactions are recognised in retained earnings under equity as regards the effective portion of the hedge. The ineffective portion is recognised in the income statement. If the hedged trans-

Notes to the Financial Statements

20 Accounting Policies (continued)

action results in an asset or a liability, the amount deferred in equity is transferred from equity and recognised in the cost of the asset or the liability, respectively. If the hedged transaction results in an income or an expense, the amount deferred in equity is transferred from equity to the income statement in the period in which the hedged transaction is recognised. The amount is recognised in the same item as the hedged transaction.

Changes in the fair values of financial instruments that are designated and qualify as hedges of net investments in independent foreign subsidiaries or associates are recognised directly in equity as regards the effective portion of the hedge, whereas the ineffective portion is recognised in the income statement.

Income Statement

Revenue

Services are recognised at the rate of completion of the service to which the contract relates by using the percentage-of-completion method, which means that revenue equals the selling price of the service completed for the year. This method is applied when total revenues and expenses in respect of the service and the stage of completion at the balance sheet date can be measured reliably, and it is probable that the economic benefits, including payments, will flow to the Group. The stage of completion is determined on the basis of the ratio between the expenses incurred and the total expected expenses of the service.

Revenue is measured at the consideration received and is recognised exclusive of VAT and net of discounts relating to sales.

Expenses for raw materials and consumables

Expenses for raw materials and consumables comprise the raw materials and consumables consumed to achieve revenue for the year.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise indirect production costs and expenses for premises, sales and distribution as well as office expenses, etc.

Gross profit/loss

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross profit/loss is calculated as a summary of revenue, other operating income, expenses for raw materials and consumables and other external expenses.

Staff expenses

Staff expenses comprise wages and salaries as well as payroll expenses.

Notes to the Financial Statements

20 Accounting Policies (continued)

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses comprise amortisation, depreciation and impairment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

Other operating income and expenses

Other operating income and other operating expenses comprise items of a secondary nature to the main activities of the Group, including gains and losses on the sale of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

Income from investments in subsidiaries

The item “Income from investments in subsidiaries” in the income statement includes the proportionate share of the profit for the year.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with wholly owned Danish and foreign subsidiaries. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to Danish enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.

Balance Sheet

Intangible assets

Goodwill acquired is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation. Goodwill is amortised on a straight-line basis over its useful life, which is assessed at 20 years.

Notes to the Financial Statements

20 Accounting Policies (continued)

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and less any accumulated impairment losses.

Cost comprises the cost of acquisition and expenses directly related to the acquisition up until the time when the asset is ready for use.

Depreciation based on cost reduced by any residual value is calculated on a straight-line basis over the expected useful lives of the assets, which are:

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	3-7	years
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Depreciation period and residual value are reassessed annually.

Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amounts of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment are reviewed on an annual basis to determine whether there is any indication of impairment other than that expressed by amortisation and depreciation.

If so, the asset is written down to its lower recoverable amount.

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are recognised and measured under the equity method.

The item "Investments in subsidiaries" in the balance sheet include the proportionate ownership share of the net asset value of the enterprises calculated on the basis of the fair values of identifiable net assets at the time of acquisition with deduction or addition of unrealised intercompany profits or losses and with addition of the remaining value of any increases in value and goodwill calculated at the time of acquisition of the enterprises.

The total net revaluation of investments in subsidiaries is transferred upon distribution of profit to "Reserve for net revaluation under the equity method" under equity. The reserve is reduced by dividend distributed to the Parent Company and adjusted for other equity movements in the subsidiaries.

Subsidiaries with a negative net asset value are recognised at DKK 0. Any legal or constructive obligation of the Parent Company to cover the negative balance of the enterprise is recognised in provisions.

Notes to the Financial Statements

20 Accounting Policies (continued)

Other fixed asset investments

Other fixed asset investments consist of deposits.

Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost under the FIFO method and net realisable value.

The net realisable value of inventories is calculated at the amount expected to be generated by sale of the inventories in the process of normal operations with deduction of selling expenses. The net realisable value is determined allowing for marketability, obsolescence and development in expected selling price.

The cost of goods for resale, raw materials and consumables equals landed cost.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises the cost of raw materials, consumables and direct labour with addition of indirect production costs. Indirect production costs comprise the cost of indirect materials and labour as well as maintenance and depreciation of the machinery, factory buildings and equipment used in the manufacturing process as well as costs of factory administration and management.

Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts. Provisions for bad debts are determined on the basis of an individual assessment of each receivable, and in respect of trade receivables, a general provision is also made based on the Company's experience from previous years.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise prepaid expenses concerning rent, insurance premiums, subscriptions and interest.

Equity

Dividend

Dividend distribution proposed by Management for the year is disclosed as a separate equity item.

Treasury shares

Purchase and sales prices for treasury shares are recognised directly in retained earnings under equity. A reduction of capital by cancellation of treasury shares reduces the share capital by an amount equal to the nominal value of the shares and increases retained earnings. Dividend on treasury shares is recognised directly in equity under retained earnings.

Notes to the Financial Statements

20 Accounting Policies (continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

Financial debts

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

Cash Flow Statement

The cash flow statement shows the Group's cash flows for the year broken down by operating, investing and financing activities, changes for the year in cash and cash equivalents as well as the Group's cash and cash equivalents at the beginning and end of the year.

Cash flows from operating activities

Cash flows from operating activities are calculated as the net profit/loss for the year adjusted for changes in working capital and non-cash operating items such as depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses, and provisions. Working capital comprises current assets less short-term debt excluding items included in cash and cash equivalents.

Cash flows from investing activities

Cash flows from investing activities comprise cash flows from acquisitions and disposals of intangible assets, property, plant and equipment as well as fixed asset investments.

Cash flows from financing activities

Cash flows from financing activities comprise cash flows from the raising and repayment of long-term debt as well as payments to and from shareholders.

Notes to the Financial Statements

20 Accounting Policies (continued)

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise "Cash at bank and in hand".

The cash flow statement cannot be immediately derived from the published financial records.

Financial Highlights

Explanation of financial ratios

Return on assets	$\frac{\text{Profit before financials} \times 100}{\text{Total assets}}$
Solvency ratio	$\frac{\text{Equity at year end} \times 100}{\text{Total assets at year end}}$
Return on equity	$\frac{\text{Net profit for the year} \times 100}{\text{Average equity}}$