statsautoriseret revisionsfirma Stationspladsen 1 og 3 3000 Helsingør CVR nr. 30 19 52 64

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InPlay ApS
Spotorno Alle 8 st.
2630 Taastrup

CVR no. 36 70 87 51

Annual report 2016

The any native report has been presented and approved on the Company's ordinary general meeting on 19/5 2017

Chairman of general ineeting



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COMPANY DETAILS

Reporting entity

InPlay ApS

Spotorno Alle 8 st. 2630 Taastrup

CVR no.:

36 70 87 51

Date of foundation:

April 10, 2015

Registered office:

Taastrup

Reporting period:

1 January 2016 - 31 December 2016

Board of Directors

Leo Noer, chairman

Stephen Edward Gardner Michael Bernard Hornung

Mark Adrian Locke

Executive Board

Leo Noer, director

Company auditors

Kallermann Revision A/S - statsautoriseret revisionsfirma

Stationspladsen 1 og 3

3000 Helsingør

CVR no.:

30 19 52 64

STATEMENT BY MANAGEMENT ON THE ANNUAL REPORT

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2016 for InPlay ApS.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at 31 December 2016 and of its financial performance for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2016.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Taastrup, 1 My y 2017

Executive board

Leo Noer

Leo N

Board of Directors

chairnan /

Mark Adrian Locke

Stephen Edward Gardner

Michael Bernard Hornung

Milwel Houng

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the shareholders of InPlay ApS

Opinion

We have audited the Financial Statements of InPlay ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2016, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies, for the Company. The Financial Statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at 31 December 2016 and of the result of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2016 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these rules and requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material uncertainty concerning going concern

Without qualifying our opinion, we refer to the annual report note 1 and the Management's review "Outlook", which states that the Company's Management has made sure, that the financing of the operations for the coming year has been guaranteed.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of Financial Statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users of accounting information taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or
error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing
 the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists
 related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a
 going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our
 auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to
 modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's
 report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going
 concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of Management's Review.

Elsinore, 1 May 2017 CVR no. 30 19 52 64

Kalletmann Revision A/S - statsautoriseret revisionsfirma

Peter Kallermann

State Authorized Public Accountant

MANAGEMENT'S REVIEW

Primary activities

The primary activities comprise collecting and reselling sports data.

Uncertainty relating to recognition and measurement

The financial report is not affected by uncertainty in recognition and measurement.

Development in activities and finances

The result for the year shows a loss of 14.762.636 DKK, which is considered to be unsatisfactory. The equity amounts to -23.905.270 DKK at 31 December 2016.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

Outlook

Genius Sports Group Limited has declared to supply sufficient liquidity, so that the Company at least may continue operations the next 12 months, and they will not demand existing receivables settled before the Company's financial situation has been improved.

On basis of this statement of support and the Management's evaluation of the Company's possibilities of future revenue it is the Management's opinion, that the Company may continue its operations, and the annual report is presented according to the going concern principles.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This annual report of InPlay ApS for 2016 has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with additional choice of a few rules from class C enterprises.

The accounting policies applied for these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year. The comparative figures represent the period 10.04.-31.12.2015, a total of 9 months.

Recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, hereunder valuation adjustment concerning financial assets and liabilities. Costs are also recognised in the income statement, hereunder depreciations and amortisations.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Company, and the value of the assets can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liabilities can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the one in effect at the payment date or the rate at the balance sheet date are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Information on omission of consolidated financial statement

Referring to section 110 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no consolidated financal statements have been prepared.

INCOME STATEMENT

Revenue

Revenue deducted other external costs is summarized in the income statement as gross profit according to the rules in the Danish Financial Statements Act, section 32.

Revenue from the sale of services is recognised in the income statement when delivery is made and risk has passed to the buyer. Revenue is recognised net of VAT, duties and sales discounts.

ANNUAL REPORT

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

External expenses

Other external expenses comprise expenses for distribution, sale, marketing, administration, premises, bad debts, operational costs etc.

Staff costs

Staff costs comprise salaries and wages including holiday pay and pensions as well as social security costs, etc for the Company's staff. Received compensations from the authorities have been deducted in staff costs.

Other operating income and expenses

Other operating income and expenses comprise income and expenses of a secondary nature as viewed in relation to the Company's primary activities.

Income and expenses from investments in group enterprises and associates

Income from investments in group enterprises comprises the pro rata share of the individual enterprises' profit/loss after full elimination of internal profits or losses.

Financial income and expenses

These items comprise interest income and expenses, financial costs concerning financial leasing, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation premium or allowance on mortgage debt etc as well as tax surcharge and tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme.

Income tax

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

BALANCE SHEET

Intangible assets

Development costs and costs relating to internally developed rights are recognized in the income statement as costs in the acquisition year.

Basis of deduction, which is cost with deduction of depreciations, is spread on a straight-line basis using the estimated useful lives of the assets, but maximum 10 years.

Property, plant and equipment

Fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment and leasehold improvements are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life.

Cost comprises the acquisition price and costs directly attributable to the acquisition until the time when it is ready to be put into operation.

Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment, 5 years Leasehold improvements, 5 years

ANNUAL REPORT

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

For leasehold improvements and assets subject to finance leases, the depreciation period cannot exceed the contract period.

Equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Assets with a cost price under the tax limit concerning accelerated depreciation of small assets are recognised as costs in the income statement in the acquisition year.

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries and associates are recognised and measured under the equity method. This means that investments are measured at the pro rata share of the enterprises' equity plus or less unamortised positive, or negative, goodwill and plus or less unrealised intra-group profits or losses.

The Company's share of the enterprises' profits or losses after elimination of unrealised intra-group profits and losses and less or plus amortisation of group goodwill.

Upon distribution of profit or loss, net revaluation of investments in subsidiaries and associates is transferred to reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method under equity.

Investments in group enterprises are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years.

Dividends

Proposed dividend for the finacial year is measured under the equity. Proposed dividend is measured as an obligation at the time of adoption on the General Meeting. Dividend paid during the year is shown under the equity.

Provisions

Other provisions comprise anticipated costs of nonrecourse guarantee commitments, returns, decided and published restructurings etc.

Other provisions are recognised and measured as the best estimate of the expenses required to settle the liabilities at the balance sheet date. Provisions that are estimated to mature more than one year after the balance sheet date are measured at their discounted value.

Tax payables and deferred tax

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly on equity by the portion attributable to entries directly on equity. The portion of the tax taken to the income statement, which relates to extraordinary profit/loss for the year, is allocated to this entry whereas the remaining portion is taken to the year's profit/loss from ordinary activities.

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value of assets is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

ANNUAL REPORT

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Deferred tax is measured on basis of the tax rules and tax rates which are valid when deferred tax is expected to be current tax. Changes in deferred tax as a consequence of changes in tax rates are recognised in the income statement. The current tax rate is 22 per cent.

Liabilities other than provisions

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to nominal value.

INCOME STATEMENT FOR 2016

		2016	2015
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Gross loss		-11.460.371	-8.203.522
Staff costs	2	-5.106.663	-3.179.581
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses	2	-835.886	
AND ADDRESS AND AD			-485.889
Loss from ordinary operating activities		-17.402.920	-11.868.992
Income from investments in group enterprises		475.150	415.900
Financial income		5.672	23.527
Financial expenses	3	-1.851.538	-472.069
Loss from ordinary activities before tax	3	-18.773.636	
Loss from ordinary activities before tax		-10.773.030	-11.901.034
Tax	4	4.011.000	2.709.000
LOSS FOR THE YEAR		-14.762.636	-9.192.634
Proposed distribution of results:			
Retained earnings		-14.762.636	-9.192.634
		-14.762.636	-9.192.634

BALANCE OF 31 DECEMBER 2016

	Notes	2016 DKK	2015 DKK
ASSETS			
Development projects in progress		1.614.690	2.087.934
Intangible assets	5	1.614.690	2.087.934
			1
Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment		142.304	183.954
Leasehold improvements		1.111.911	1.387.903
Equipment	6	1.254.215	1.571.857
Investments in group enterprises		910.128	434.978
Deposits, investments and receivables		213.150	213.150
Long-term investments and receivables	7	1.123.278	648.128
FIXED ASSETS		3.992.183	4.307.919
Trade receivables		3.910.936	1.539.409
Receivables dividends from group enterprises		0	549.494
Current deferred tax assets		6.720.000	2.709.000
Other receivables		81.591	14.803
Deferred income assets		208.657	360.434
Receivables		10.921.184	5.173.140
Cash and cash equivalents		1.884.950	6.168.136
CURRENT ASSETS		12.806.134	11.341.276
ASSETS		16.798.317	15.649.195

BALANCE OF 31 DECEMBER 2016

		2016	2015
	Notes	DKK	DKK
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Contributed capital		50.000	50.000
Retained earnings		-23.955.270	-9.192.634
EQUITY		-23.905.270	-9.142.634
		•	
Payables to group enterprises		14.756.902	5.762.601
Payables to associates		19.315.550	14.393.275
Long-term liabilities other than provisions	8	34.072.452	20.155.876
Debt to banks		61.566	108.499
Trade payables		510.162	311.034
Payables to group enterprises		307.971	0
Other payables		4.050.882	2.678.658
Prepayments of work in progress		1.700.554	1.537.762
Short-term liabilities other than provisions		6.631.135	4.635.953
LIABILITIES OTHER THAN PROVISIONS		40 702 507	24 704 020
LIABILITIES OTHER THAIN PROVISIONS		40.703.587	24.791.829
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		16.798.317	15.649.195
Uncertainties relating to going concern	1		
Investments in enterprises	9		
Contingent liabilities	10		
Mortgages and collaterals	11		
Liabilities under leases	12		

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR 2016

	2016 DKK	2015 DKK
Contributed capital:		
Capital, 1 January 2016	50.000	0
Increase	0	50.000
Capital, 31 December 2016	50.000	50.000
Retained earnings:		
Retained earnings, 1 January 2016	-9.192.634	0
Decrease	-14.762.636	-9.192.634
Retained earnings, 31 December 2016	-23.955.270	-9.192.634
Equity, 31 December 2016	-23.905.270	-9.142.634

NOTES

Notes:

1. Uncertainties relating to going concern

Genius Sports Group Limited has declared to supply sufficient liquidity, so that the Company at least may continue operations the next 12 months, and they will not demand existing receivables settled before the Company's financial situation has been improved.

On basis of this statement of support and the Management's evaluation of the Company's possibilities of future revenue it is the Management's opinion, that the Company may continue its operations, and the annual report is presented according to the going concern principles.

	2016 DKK	2015 DKK
2. Staff costs		
Wages and salaries	4.286.058	2.716.755
Post-employment benefit expense	554.502	340.695
Social security contributions	30.074	22.160
Other employee expense	236.029	99.971
Employee benefits expense	5.106.663	3.179.581
Average number of employees	7	5
3. Other finance expenses		
Interest expense assigned to group enterprises	643.420	57.345
Interest expense assigned to associates	957.843	302.275
Other interest expenses	3.070	4.043
Exchange rate loss	247.205	108.406
Other finance expenses	1.851.538	472.069
4. Tax		
Adjustments for deferred tax	-4.011.000	-2.709.000
Tax expense on ordinary activities	-4.011.000	-2.709.000
5. Intangible assets		
Development projects in progress:		
Intangible assets, gross, beginning balance	2.366.219	0
Additions to intangible assets	0	2.366.219
Intangible assets, gross, ending balance	2.366.219	2.366.219
Accumulated impairment losses and amortisation of intangible assets	-278.285	0
Amortisation of intangible assets	-473.244	-278.285
Accumulated impairment losses and amortisation of intangible assets	-751.529	-278.285
Intangible assets, ending balance	1.614.690	2.087.934

6. Property, plant and equipment

NOTES

NOTES		
	2016	2015
	DKK	DKK
Equipment:		
Cost, 1 January 2016	208.250	0
Additions	0	208.250
Cost, 31 December 2016	208.250	208.250
Accumulated revaluations, beginning balance	-24.296	0
Revaluations of property, plant and equipment of the year	-41.650	-24.296
Accumulated revaluations, ending balance	-65.946	-24.296
Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment, 31 December 2016	142.304	183.954
Leasehold improvements:		
Property, plant and equipment, gross, beginning balance	1.571.211	0
Additions to property, plant and equipment	45.000	1.571.211
Property, plant and equipment, gross, ending balance	1.616.211	1.571.211
A communicated annualment case to a circuit as last a communicate annualment case and communicate annualment case and ca		
Accumulated revaluations, beginning balance	-183.308	0
Revaluations of property, plant and equipment of the year	-320.992	-183.308
Accumulated revaluations, ending balance	-504.300	-183.308
Property, plant and equipment, ending balance	1.111.911	1.387.903
7. Investments		
Investments in group enterprises:		
Investments, gross, beginning balance	19.078	0
Additions to investments		19.078
Investments, gross, ending balance	0 19.078	
investments, gross, ending balance	19.078	19.078
Accumulated revaluations of investments, beginning balance	415.900	0
Profit (loss) related to investments (revaluation)	475.150	415.900
Accumulated revaluations of investments, ending balance	891.050	415.900
Long-term investments and receivables, ending period	910.128	434.978
9 Long town linkilities		
8. Long-term liabilities		21
Long-term liabilities group enterprises due after five years and more	14.756.902	0
Long-term liabilities due after five years and more	14.756.902	0
9. Investments in enterprises		
Subsidiary 1:		
Related entity name: Inplay EOOD		
Registered office: Bulgaria		
Equity interest in subsidiary company	100 00%	100.009/
Equity	100,00%	100,00%
Profit (loss)	910.128	434.978
11011t (1033)	475.150	415.900

NOTES

10. Contingent liabilities

The Group's Danish companies are jointly and several liable for tax of the Group's jointly tax income.

11. Mortgages and collaterals

There are no mortgages or collaterals.

12. Liabilities under leases

The company has entered into rental agreements and lease contracts with an average annual lease payment of 60 DKK'000.

The lease contracts have a residual term of 19 months with a total residual lease payment of 95 DKK'000.

The Company has entered into lease commitments at the balance sheet date with a total of 9,9 mio.DKK in non-cancellable period ending 31 September 2021.